

OOPS in Nodejs



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Data Types

- NULL
- Undefined
- Boolean
- Numbers

```
    String
        var id1 = Symbol("id");
        var id2 = Symbol("id");
        console.log(id1 === id2);
    Objects
        var my0bject = {
            a: 1,
                 b: "hi",
                  c: function random(){},
                 d: {}
```



Property Flags

- writable
- enumerable
- configurable



Special Objects

Functions

> function baseObject(){}

		writable enumerable
Name	baseObject	
Length	0	
Prototype		

Arrays

0	Paytm
Length	1



Object

- Creation
 - new Object()
 - Object.create(<other object>)
 - Object.assign(User, <other1>, <other2>) [ES-6]
- Property
 - Object.getOwnPropertyDescriptors(<obj>)
 - Object.getPrototypeOf(<obj>)

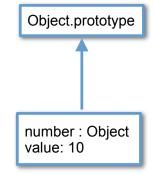


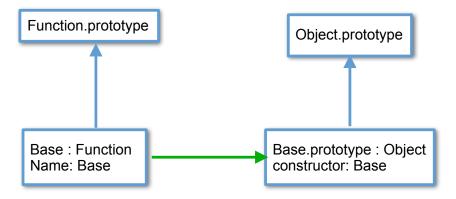
Object Prototype

- [[prototype]]
 - _proto__
- prototype

> function Base(){}

```
> var number = 10;
> number.toString()
'10'
```







OOPS concept

- Class
- Objects
- Encapsulation
- Abstraction
- Inheritance
- Polymorphism
- Exception Handling



Class Definition

```
// Classical way
function Base(properties){
    this.properties = properties;
}

Base.prototype = {
    constructor: Base,
    getName: function getName(){
        return this.properties.name;
    }
};

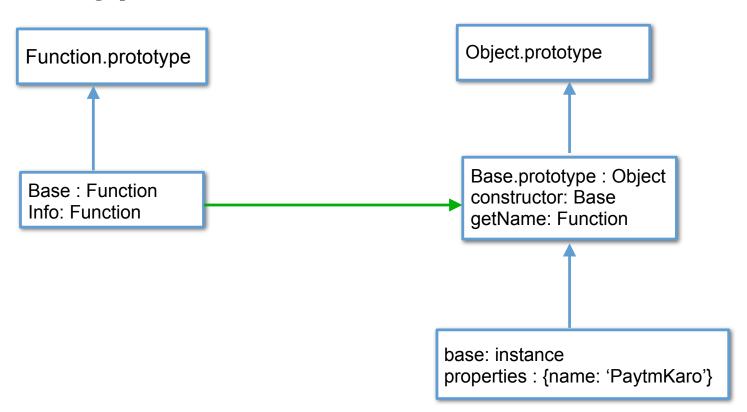
Base.Info = function(){
    return "This is base Object";
};
```

```
// ES6
class Base {
    constructor(properties) {
        this.properties = properties;
    }
    getName(){
        return this.properties.name;
    }
    static Info(){
        return "This is ES-6 Base Object";
    }
}
```

```
// Usage :-
var base = new Base({name: "Paytm Karo!"});
console.log('Movie Name ' + base.getName());
```



Prototype Chain





Inheritance

```
var util = require("util");
function Base(properties){
    this.properties = properties;
}

Base.prototype = {
    constructor: Base,
    getName: function getName(){
        return this.properties.name;
    },
    getType: function getType(){
        return this.properties.type;
    }
};

function Movie(properties){
    properties.type = "Movie";
    Base.call(this, properties);
}
util.inherits(movieObject, baseObject);
```

```
class Base{
    constructor(properties) {
        this.properties = properties;
    }

    getName() {
        return this.properties.name;
    }

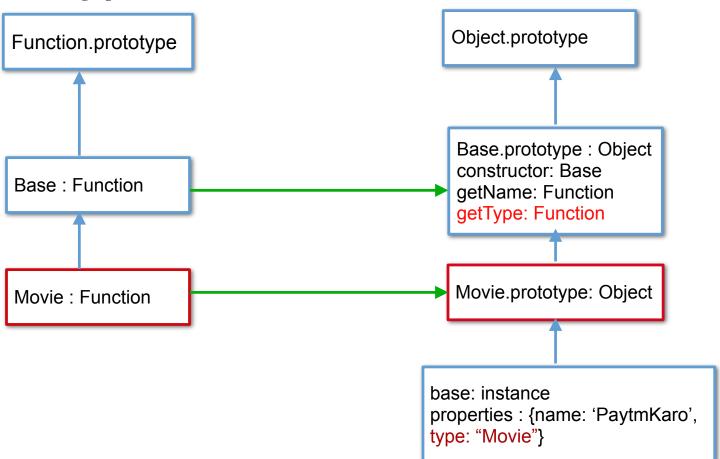
    getType() {
        return this.properties.type;
    }
}

class Movie extends Base {
    constructor(properties) {
        properties.type = "Movie";
        super(properties);
    }
}
```

```
var movie = new Movie({"name": "Paytm Karo!"});
console.log("Object Type is = ",movie.getType());
```



Prototype Chain





Multiple Inheritance

- Possible?
- Mixins



Polymorphism

- Compile time No
- Run Time
 - Method over-riding



Run Time (method overriding)

```
Movie.prototype.getName = function getName(){
    return "Movie: " +
Movie.super_.prototype.getName.apply(this);
};

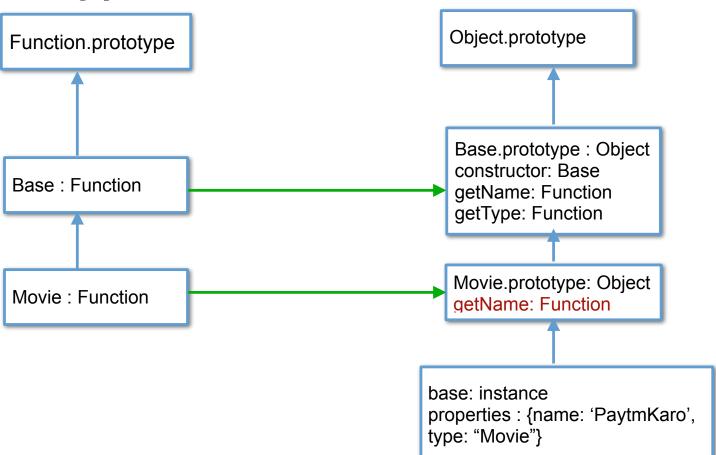
var movie = new Movie({"name": "Paytm
Karo!"});
console.log("Object Type is =
",movie.getType());
console.log("Movie Name = ", movie.getName());
```

```
class Movie extends Base{
    constructor(properties){
        properties.type = "Movie"
        super(properties);
    }

    getName(){
        return "Movie: " + super.getName();
    }
}
```



Prototype Chain





Question-1

```
class Movie{
    constructor(properties){
        var Id = 1;
        this.properties = properties;
    }

    getName(){
        return this.properties.name;
    }
}

var movie = new Movie({name: "Paytm Karo!"});
    console.log(movie.properties);
    console.log(movie.Id);
```



Access Identifier



Private Variable

- Environment of constructor
- Naming convention (prefix variable with _)
- WeakMaps [ES-6]
- Symbols [ES-6]



```
// Constructor Environment
                                        // Naming Convention
                                        class Base{
class Movie{
    constructor(i){
                                            constructor(i){
         var Id = i;
                                                this._Id = i;
         this.getId = function(){
                                            getId(){
             return Id;
         };
                                                return this._Id;
                                       // Symbol
// WeakMap
const _Id = new WeakMap();
                                       const _Id = Symbol("id");
class Movie{
                                       class Movie{
    constructor(i){
                                           constructor(i){
        var Id = i;
                                                this[\_Id] = i;
        _Id.set(this, Id);
                                            getId(){
    getId(){
                                                return this [_Id]
        return _Id.get(this);
    }
                                       }
```



Question-2

```
class Base{
    constructor(properties){
        this.properties = properties;
    };
    getName(){
        return this properties name;
    qetType(cb){
                                                        var properties = {};
        return this properties type;
                                                        properties.name = "Paytm Karo";
                                                        properties.type = "Movie";
    getNameType1(cb){
        return this.getName()+"-"+this.getType();
                                                        var base = new Base(properties);
                                                        console.log(base.getName());
    getNameType2(cb){
                                                        console.log(base.getNameType1());
        var getName = this.getName;
                                                        console.log(base.getNameType2());
        var getType = this.getType;
        return getName()+"-"+getType();
    }
};
```



this

- It is unbound
- it is always the object before dot



Context-Bind

```
class Base{
    constructor(properties){
        this.properties = properties;
    };
    getName(){
        return this properties name;
    getType(cb){
        return this properties type;
    getNameType1(cb){
        return this.getName()+"-"+this.getType();
    getNameType2(cb){
        var getName = this.getName.bind(this);
        var getType = this.getType.bind(this);
                                                        var properties = {};
        return getName()+"-"+getType();
                                                        properties.name = "Paytm Karo";
                                                        properties type = "Movie";
};
                                                        var base = new Base(properties);
                                                        console.log(base.getName());
                                                        console.log(base.getNameType1());
                                                        console.log(base.getNameType2());
```



Exception Handling

- throw new "<message>"
- Extend Error class



Patterns - Singleton

```
var _singleton = null;
class MovieValidator {
    constructor (configs) {
        if(!_singleton) {
            this.configs = configs;
            _singleton = this
        }
        else
            return _singleton;
    }

    validateMovie(movie) { ... }
}
module.exports = MovieValidator;
```

```
var movieValidator1 = new MovieValidator({});
var movieValidator2 = new MovieValidator({});
console.log(movieValidator1 === movieValidator2)
```



Object/Connection Pool

```
class ConnectionPool{
    constructor(size){
        this.connections = []
        for(var i=0;i < size; i++){
            this.connections.push(new Connection())
   // return null if this connections is empty
   // return connection instance and remove it from this.connections
    acquire(){ ... }
   // Add ConnectionInstance into this.connections
    release(ConnectionInstance){ ... }
class Connection {
   constructor(){ ... }
                                                  // initialize 10 object
   // action to perform on connection
                                                  var connections = ConnectionPool(10);
   action() { ... }
                                                  var connection = connections.acquire();
```



New in ES-6

- const
- arrow functions
- default parameter values
- string interpolation
- class definition
- class inheritance
 - can extend built-in Objects like Array
- Object.assign



Exercise

- Problem Statement:- Write a utility which supports following things
 - Parsing CSV file
 - Adding fields
 - Generating XML





```
/**
* @param file :- file to read
* @param config :- config required to
parse csv file
* @param cb :- cb function which will
be called after parsing or in case of
error
*/
function readCSV(file, config, cb){
/**
* @param jObject
                     :- iObiect
* @param field_path :- path at which
value will be added
 * @param value
                     :- value
function addField(jObject, field_path,
value){
/**
 * Convert json object into xml
 * @param jObject
function toXML(j0bject){
```

```
* @param config
 * @constructor
function CSV(config){
    this.config = config;
CSV.prototype = {
    constructor: CSV,
    /**
     * @param file
    * @param cb
     */
    readCSV: function readCSV(file, cb){},
    /**
     * @param field path
     * @param value
     */
    addField: function addField(field_path,
value){},
    toXML: function toXML(){}
};
```



Take-Away

- When to create classes?
 - Logical separation of objects
 - Require multiple instances of an object
 - Common functionality
 - Need to maintain internal state at object level
 - Private scope



References

- http://javascript.info
- http://exploringjs.com/es6/ch_classes.html
- http://es6-features.org



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Thank you!

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