PGE 382 - Numerical Methods in Petroleum and Geosystems Engineering

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a) Case 1

```
In [1]: from math import factorial, pi, sin, ceil
         import numpy as np
         np.set_printoptions(threshold=200, linewidth=200)
         from numpy import exp, linspace, vectorize
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         plt.style.use('paper.mplstyle')
         MAXX = 1
         MAXT = 1.5
         DX = 1 / 20
         DT = 1 / 20
         C1 = 0.05
         C2 = 0.05
         B2 = 0.5
         X = np.arange(0, MAXX + DX, DX)
         T = np.arange(0, MAXT + DT, DT)
         nx = len(X)
         nt = len(T)
         # nx*2 - for U and V(i+nx)
         Uni = np.zeros( (nt, nx) )
         Vni = np.zeros( (nt, nx) )
        Uni[0,1:nx] = 0 # u(x,\theta)=0, x>0
Uni[0,0] = 1 # u(\theta,\theta)=1
Uni[:.0] = 1 # u(\theta,t)=1
         Uni[:,0] = 1
                              \# u(0,t)=1
         Vni[:,-1] = 0 # v(1,t)=0
         Vni[0,:] = 0
                           \# v(x,0)=0
         for n in np.arange( 1, nt ) :
             for i in range (1, nx):
                 Uni[n,i] = 1/DX * Uni[n,i-1]
                 Uni[n,i] += C1 * Vni[n-1,i]
                 Uni[n,i] += 1/DT * Uni[n-1,i]
                 Uni[n,i] /= 1/DX + 1/DT + C1
             for i in range (nx-1, 0, -1):
                 Vni[n,i-1] = (B2/DX - C2 - 1/DT) * Vni[n,i]
                 Vni[n,i-1] += 1/DT * Vni[n-1,i]
                 Vni[n,i-1] += C2 * Uni[n,i]
```

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Vni[n,i-1] *= DX/B2

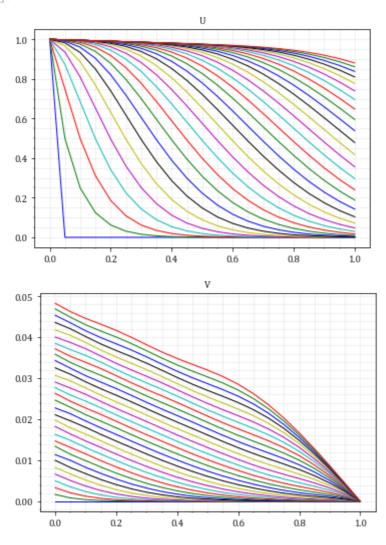
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
evr = 1#int(nt / 20)

plt.plot(X, Uni[::evr,:].transpose())
plt.title("U")
plt.figure()
plt.plot( X, Vni[::evr,:].transpose() )
plt.title("V")

print("# Done")
""
```

Done

Out[1]: '



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b) Case 2

```
In [2]: from math import factorial, pi, sin, ceil
   import numpy as np
   import sys
   np.set_printoptions(threshold=sys.maxsize)

from numpy import exp, linspace, vectorize
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('paper.mplstyle')
MAXX = 1
MAXT = 1.5
DX = 1 / 20
DT = 1 / 20
C1 = 0.05
C2 = 0.05
B2 = 0.5
X = np.arange(0, MAXX + DX, DX)
T = np.arange(0, MAXT + DT, DT)
nx = len(X)
nt = len(T)
# nx*2 - for U and V(i+nx)
Uni = np.zeros((nt, 2*nx))
             0 # u(x,0)=0, x>0
# u(0,0)=1
Uni[0,1:nx] = 0
Uni[0,0] = 1
Uni[:,0] = 1
                   # u(0,t)=1
Uni[:,-1] = 0 # v(1,t)=0
Uni[0,nx:2*nx] = 0
                   \# v(x,0)=0
for n in np.arange( 1, nt ) :
   K = np.zeros((2*nx, 2*nx))
   F = np.zeros(2*nx)
   for i in range( 1, nx ) :
       # U
       K[i, i] = -1/2/DX - C1/2 - 1/DT
        K[i, i-1] = 1/2/DX
       K[i, nx+i] = C1/2
       F[i] = Uni[n-1, i] * (1/2/DX + C1/2 - 1/DT)
       F[i] += Uni[ n-1, i-1 ] * ( -1/2/DX )
       F[i] += Uni[n-1, nx+i] * (-C1/2)
    for i in range( 0, nx-1 ) :
       # V
       K[nx+i, nx+i] = -B2/2/DX - C2/2 - 1/DT
        K[nx+i, nx+i+1] = B2/2/DX
       K[nx+i, i] = C2/2
       F[nx+i] = Uni[n-1, nx+i] * (-1/DT + B2/2/DX + C2/2)
       F[nx+i] += Uni[n-1, nx+i+1] * (-B2/2/DX)
       F[nx+i] += Uni[n-1, i] * (-C2/2)
   # boundary condition: u(0,t)=1
   F[1] += -1/2/DX
   F[nx] += -C2/2
   # Remove i=0 and i=-1
   K=K[1:-1,1:-1]
   F=F[1:-1]
    print(K)
```

```
Un = np.linalg.solve(K,F)
    Uni[n,1:-1] = Un

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
evr = 1 # int(nt / 20)

plt.plot(X, Uni[::evr,0:nx].transpose())
plt.title("U")
plt.figure()
plt.plot( X, Uni[::evr,nx:2*nx].transpose() )
plt.title("V")

print("# Done")
```

Done

Out[2]: ''

