Equivalent norms. Jupa 11. 11 ~ 11. 11 if I contia c12 c2 >0. > Vw ∈ V. (sp.inquotion) C, 11 -11 - 11 - 11 - 11 Equir. morms on V= {w | w ∈ H'(0,L), w(0) = w(L) = 0} are flowing a low C/ ||w|/ 6 |w/ 4 6 c/ |w// Lumma: (Poincaré - Friedrichs ing.) | w | L2 (0, L) - The key issue.  $\int w_{1} = w(x) - w(0)$ (w(x))2 = (3 25x)  $= \left( \int_{0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot \omega_{,x} \right)^{2} = \left( \left( 1, \omega_{,x} \right)_{L_{2}(0,x)} \right)^{2}$ 

Pf. of equiv. 
$$\|\cdot\|_{1} \sim \|\cdot\|_{1} \sim$$

Error "orthog." = Gal. orthog. the method. B(my, m) = L(my) Amy E Dy dual math + ; B(w, u) = L(w) B(w, u) - B(w, u) = 0 B (my my = 0 B (wh, e) = 0 e I who y VwhEV T" B (.,.)

outh property: Gal, SUPG, GLS, MS, 51.

Stability of the method. Coercivity:  $\exists$  a norm  $\|\cdot\|$   $\ni$ B... (wh, wh) > c | ||wh || K for all our meth's. but Gal is unusual in that we can B (w, w) > C2 11/w 11/ Gee. Pf. Gal B(w,w) = S (-w,x a w + w,x x w,x)dx  $= -\frac{\alpha}{2} \left[ \left( \omega^2 \right)_{1x} + \alpha \left[ \left( \omega_{1x} \right) \right]^2 \right]$ = x 1 5 L (w, x) dx  $= \frac{\alpha}{L^2} \left( \left| w \right|_1^2 \right)$ mo good in the > = ( 1 | w | ) to morn equivalence limit case X > 0 > (2/2) |w| Good but, not (mm)

Inspiration of stab. in the simil (52.

 $a u_{3x} = f.$   $(a \cdot u_{3x})(a \cdot u_{3x}) = (a \cdot u_{3x}) f$   $\int (a u_{3x})^2 = \int (a u_{3x} f)$ 

 $\|au_{1/2}\|_{L_{2}(0,L)}^{2} = (au_{1/2} \gamma f)_{L_{2}(0,L)}$  $\|au_{1/2}\|_{L_{2}(0,L)}^{2} = (au_{1/2} \gamma f)_{L_{2}(0,L)}$ 

11 au, x 11 = 11 +11.

mueti-d: || a - # \un | \le || f||

stub along the

