

11/7/23

$$\sigma_{e, \min}^2 = 0.977$$

$$Z^* \approx 10\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} 95\% \text{ CI} &= 10 \pm Z_{95\%} \sigma_{e, \min} \\ &= 10 \pm 1.96 \sqrt{0.977} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{dyne/cm} = \text{mN/m}$$

$$1 \text{ dyne} = 10^{-5} \text{ N}$$

$$1 \text{ cm} = 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

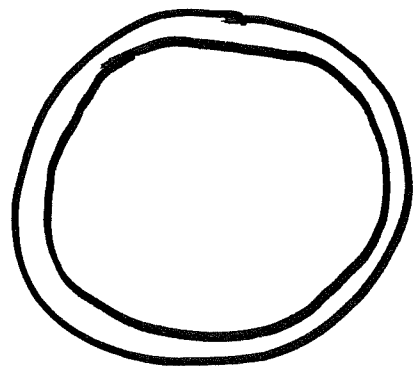
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Example:

$$r_1 = 1 \text{ cm} \rightarrow r_2 = 2 \text{ cm}$$

$$W = ?$$

$$\gamma = 25 \text{ dynes/cm}$$



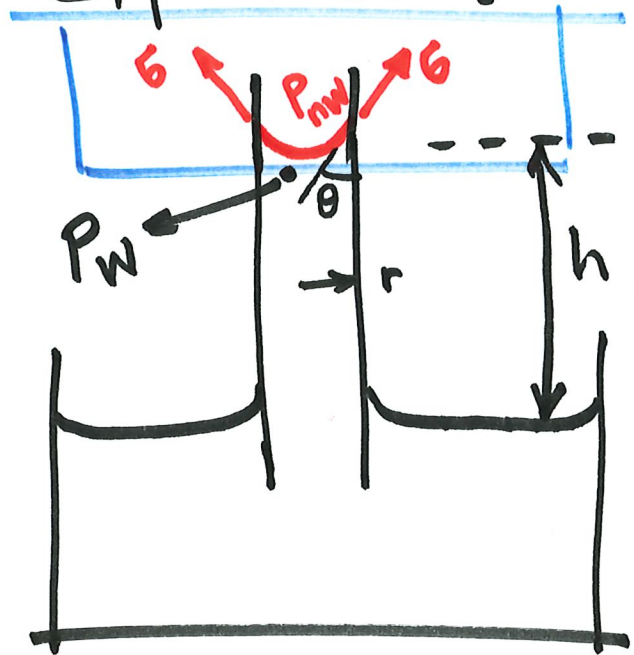
Soap bubble

$$|W| = \gamma \Delta A$$

$$|W| = 2 \left[ 4\pi (r_2^2 - r_1^2) \right] (25) = 1884.96$$

(dynes.cm)  
(ergs) (2)

# \* Capillary Rise Experiment :



$$\text{Capillary Force} = 5(2\pi r) \cos \theta \uparrow$$

$$\text{Gravitational Force} = \pi r^2 h (\rho_w - \rho_{nw}) g \downarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 25 \pi r \cos \theta = \pi r^2 h (\rho_w - \rho_{nw}) g$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{5 = \frac{r h (\rho_w - \rho_{nw}) g}{2 \cos \theta}}$$

$$\underline{P_c = P_{nw} - P_w}$$

Force due to pressure diff =

$$(P_{nw} - P_w) \pi r^2$$



$$2 \pi r B \cos \theta = \underbrace{(P_{nw} - P_w)}_{P_c} \pi r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{P_c = \frac{2B \cos \theta}{r}}$$

if  $\rho_{nw} \ll \rho_w$ ,  $\theta \approx 0 \rightarrow \cos \theta \approx 1$

$$k^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma}{\rho_w g}} = \sqrt{\frac{r h}{2}}$$

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Example: Water @  $25^\circ\text{C}$

$$\sigma = 72 \text{ dynes/cm}$$

$$\rho_w = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

$$g = 981 \text{ cm/s}^2$$

$$k^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{72}{1 \times 981}} = 0.27 \text{ cm} = 2.71 \text{ mm}$$

Example :

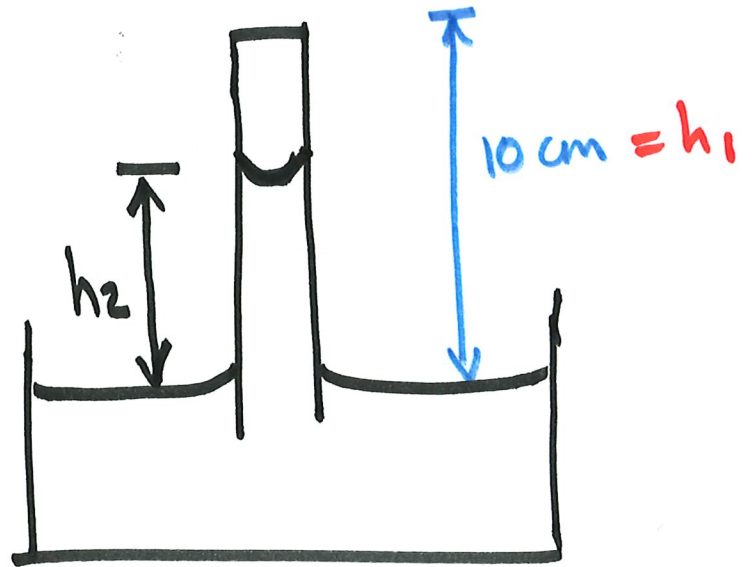
$$\theta \approx 0$$

$$L = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$d = 0.1 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma = 72 \text{ dynes/cm}$$

$$h_2 = ?$$



$$P_{g1} V_{g1} = P_{g2} V_{g2}$$

$$P_{g2} = P_{g1} \frac{V_{g1}}{V_{g2}} \rightarrow \frac{\pi r^2 h_1}{\pi r^2 (h_1 - h_2)}$$

$\downarrow$   
 $P_{atm}$

$$\Rightarrow P_{g2} = P_{atm} \frac{\pi r^2 h_1}{\pi r^2 (h_1 - h_2)}$$

$$P_{g2} = P_{atm} \frac{h_1}{h_1 - h_2}$$

$\leftarrow 10$

$$P_c = P_{g2} - P_w$$

$$= P_{g2} - (P_{atm} + \rho_w g h_2)$$

Pay attention  
to this!

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} P_c = P_{atm} \frac{10}{10 - h_2} - P_{atm} + \rho_w g h_2 \\ P_c = \frac{25 \cos \theta}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_2 = ?$$

$$P_c = \frac{2(72) \cos \theta}{0.05 / 10} = 28800 \text{ dynes/cm}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{h_2 = 0.28 \text{ cm}}$$

# Appendix

$$P_c = P_{atm} \frac{10}{10 - h_2} + \rho_w g h_2 - P_{atm}$$

$$10 P_c - P_c h_2 = \cancel{10 P_{atm}} + 10 \rho_w g h_2$$

$$- \rho_w g h_2^2 - \cancel{10 P_{atm}} + h_2 P_{atm}$$

$$10 P_c + h_2 (-P_c - 10 \rho_w g - P_{atm}) + \rho_w g h_2^2 = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$= -288000 - 9810 - 1.0133 \times 10^6$$

$$= -1051910$$

$$0 = 288000 - 1051910 h_2 + 981 h_2^2$$

$$h_2 = 1072$$

$$h_2 = 0.27$$