

# Peak Engines

## Contents

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| <b>Module peak_engines</b>                   | <b>1</b> |
| Sub-modules                                  | 1        |
| Classes                                      | 1        |
| Class RidgeRegressionModel                   | 1        |
| Parameters                                   | 1        |
| Examples                                     | 2        |
| Instance variables                           | 2        |
| Methods                                      | 2        |
| Class WarpedLinearRegressionModel            | 3        |
| Parameters                                   | 3        |
| Examples                                     | 3        |
| Instance variables                           | 3        |
| Methods                                      | 3        |
| Class Warper                                 | 4        |
| Methods                                      | 4        |
| <b>Module peak_engines.peak_engines_impl</b> | <b>4</b> |
| Functions                                    | 4        |
| Function RidgeRegressionModel                | 4        |
| Function WarpedLinearRegressionModel         | 5        |

## Module peak\_engines

### Sub-modules

- [peak\\_engines.peak\\_engines\\_impl](#)

### Classes

#### Class RidgeRegressionModel

```
class RidgeRegressionModel(init0=None, fit_intercept=True, normalize=True,
    score='loocv', grouping_mode='all', num_groups=0, grouper=None, tolerance=0.0001)
```

Implements regularized regression with regularizers fit so as to maximize the performance on the specified cross-validation metric.

#### Parameters

**init0 : object, default=None** Functor that can be used to change the starting parameters of the optimizer.

**fit\_intercept : bool, default=True** Whether to center the target values and feature matrix columns.

**normalize : bool, default=True** Whether to rescale the target vector and feature matrix columns.

**score : {'loocv', 'gcv'}, default='loocv'** Cross-validation metric to use with fitting regularization parameters:

- 'loocv' will fit regularization parameters so as to maximize the leave-one-out cross-validation
- 'gcv' will fit regularization parameters so as to maximize the generalized cross-validation

**grouping\_mode** : {'all', 'none'}, **default**='all' How to regularization parameters:

- 'all' will use a single regularization parameter for all regressors.
- 'none' will use a separate regularization parameter for each regressor.

**num\_groups** : **int**, **default**=0 If greater than zero, partition regressors and assign regressors of similar magnitude to the same regularizer.

**grouper** : **object**, **default**=None Customize how regularization parameters are grouped.

**tolerance** : **float**, **default**=0.0001 The tolerance for the optimizer to use when deciding to stop the objective. With a lower value, the optimizer will be more stringent when deciding whether to stop searching.

### Examples

```
>>> from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
>>> from peak_engines import RidgeRegressionModel
>>> X, y = load_boston(return_X_y=True)
>>> model = RidgeRegressionModel().fit(X, y)
           # Default to Leave-one-out CV with a single regularizer
>>> model = RidgeRegressionModel(grouping_mode='none').fit(X, y)
           # Use separate regularizers for each regressor
>>> model = RidgeRegressionModel(num_groups=2).fit(X, y)
           # Use two regularizes and assign regressors of similar magnitude to the same
           # regularizer
>>> model = RidgeRegressionModel(grouper=lambda X, y: [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0])
           # Use two regularizers: one for the first three variables; and one for the rest
```

### Instance variables

#### Variable `coef_`

Return the regression coefficients.

#### Variable `regularization`

Return the fitted regularization paramters.

#### Variable `score`

#### Variable `within_tolerance`

Return True if the optimizer found parameters within the provided tolerance.

### Methods

#### Method `fit`

```
def fit(self, X, y)
```

Fit the ridge regression model.

#### Method `get_params`

```
def get_params(self, deep=True)
```

Get parameters for this estimator.

#### Method `predict`

```
def predict(self, X_test)
```

Predict target values.

### Method `set_params`

```
def set_params(self, **parameters)
```

Set parameters for this estimator.

### Class `WarpedLinearRegressionModel`

```
class WarpedLinearRegressionModel(init0=None, fit_intercept=True, normalize=True,
    num_steps=1, tolerance=0.0001)
```

Warped linear regression model fit so as to maximize likelihood.

### Parameters

**init0 : object, default=None** Functor that can be used to change the starting parameters of the optimizer.

**fit\_intercept : bool, default=True** Whether to center the target values and feature matrix columns.

**normalize : bool, default=True** Whether to rescale the target vector and feature matrix columns.

**num\_steps : int, default=1** The number of components to use in the warping function. More components allows for the model to fit more complex warping functions but increases the chance of overfitting.

**tolerance : float, default=0.0001** The tolerance for the optimizer to use when deciding to stop the objective. With a lower value, the optimizer will be more stringent when deciding whether to stop searching.

### Examples

#### Instance variables

##### Variable `noise_stddev`

Return the fitted noise standard deviation.

##### Variable `noise_variance`

Return the fitted noise variance.

##### Variable `regressors`

Return the regressors of the latent linear regression model.

##### Variable `warper`

Return the warper associated with the model.

##### Variable `within_tolerance`

Return True if the optimizer found parameters within the provided tolerance.

### Methods

#### Method `fit`

```
def fit(self, X, y)
```

Fit the warped linear regression model.

#### Method `get_params`

```
def get_params(self, deep=True)
```

Get parameters for this estimator.

**Method predict**

```
def predict(self, X_test)
```

Predict target values.

**Method predict\_latent\_with\_stddev**

```
def predict_latent_with_stddev(self, X_test)
```

Predict latent values along with the standard deviation of the error distribution.

**Method predict\_logpdf**

```
def predict_logpdf(self, X_test)
```

Predict target values with a functor that returns the log-likelihood of given target values under the model's error distribution.

**Method set\_params**

```
def set_params(self, **parameters)
```

Set parameters for this estimator.

**Class Warper**

```
class Warper(impl)
```

Warping functor for a dataset's target space.

**Methods****Method compute\_latent**

```
def compute_latent(self, y)
```

Compute the warped latent values for a given target vector.

**Method compute\_latent\_with\_derivative**

```
def compute_latent_with_derivative(self, y)
```

Compute the warped latent values and derivatives for a given target vector.

**Method invert**

```
def invert(self, z)
```

Invert the warping transformation.

**Module peak\_engines.peak\_engines\_impl**

Machine Learning Toolkit

**Functions****Function RidgeRegressionModel**

```
def RidgeRegressionModel(...)
```

Constructs a ridge regression model

**Function** WarpedLinearRegressionModel

```
def WarpedLinearRegressionModel(...)
```

Constructs a warped linear regression model

---

Generated by *pdoc* 0.8.1 (<https://pdoc3.github.io>).