## Distributed Computing

**COMP 3010** 

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# Python for people who have programmed before

Syntax, usage, debugging

## I mean, what else?



## Octothorpe!

#!/usr/bin/python

aka shebang

### Blocks

```
if not aThing and 10 > x:
    # ends when we stop the indent
    print("In it")
    print('also single quotes work')
print('done the if')
```

### if/elif/else

```
if (x < 9):
    print("this one")

elif (x < 42):
    print("other one")

else:
    print("The last one")</pre>
```

#### Data structures

No arrays, everything is a list, has functions

```
list1 = []
list2 = [1, 2, "pants"]
list1.append(42)
print(list1)
print(list2)
```

#### Tables for free

Totally nuts key/value pair table (hash)

```
dict1 = {}
dict1['key'] = "whatever"
dict2 = {"key matter": 42, "other": "mixed data"}
```

## Loops

while is what you expect

```
something = 0
while something > 10:
    # oh yeah... ++ doesn't work
something += 1
```

#### for is a mess

for is an iterator

```
aList = [1,2,3,100,1000]
for anItem in aList:
    print(anItem)
```

Works for dicts, sets, and a lot of other things.

### for-like

To recreate C/Java for...

```
for i in range(20):
    print(i)
```

## file-like objects

Sockets, files, and other devices that are read/write are file-like objects

We get read, write, and sometimes seek.

## Open a text file

```
# uses relative paths to where python was invoked
aFile = open('best_file.txt', 'r')
theText = aFile.read()
```

## line-by-line

#### With some string format

```
# uses relative paths to where python was invoked
aFile = open('best_file.txt', 'r')
lineNumber = 0
for line in aFile:
  print("line %d: %s".format(lineNumber, line))
  lineNumber += 1
```

## Standard in is a file-like object

```
import sys
# with closes resources for us at the end of the block
# sys.stdin is a file-like object
with sys.stdin as inStream:
    # wait for a line
    line = inStream.readline()
print(line)
```

#### Functions

```
def aFunctionName(parameters, goHere):
    print("first one " + parameter)
    print("second one " + goHere)
    return 1

theRetValue = aFunctionName("in", "order")
```

## Objects

```
class GreatClass:
    def __init__(self): # the constructor
        name = "Samwise"
        age = 31

def addAge(self, amount):
        self.age += amount
```

### pdb

```
import pdb; pdb.set_trace()
```

You drop into a gdb-like session.

