## 3. ABC Investments [15 pts]

Option 5 with \$22.5 million invested Option 6 with \$17.5 million invested

ABC Inc. is considering several investment options. Each option has a minimum investment required as well as a maximum investment allowed. These restrictions, along with the expected return are summarized in the following table (figures are in millions of dollars):

Option	Minimum investment	Maximum investment	Expected return (%)
1	3	27	13
2	2	12	9
3	9	35	17
4	5	15	10
5	12	46	22
6	4	18	12

Because of the high-risk nature of Option 5, company policy requires that the total amount invested in Option 5 be no more that the combined amount invested in Options 2, 4 and 6. In addition, if an investment is made in Option 3, it is required that at least a minimum investment be made in Option 6. ABC has \$80 million to invest and obviously wants to maximize its total expected return on investment. Which options should ABC invest in, and how much should be invested?

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In [1]: # data
                     min_investments = [3, 2, 9, 5, 12, 4]
                     \max \text{ investments} = [27, 12, 35, 15, 46, 18]
                     expected returns = [13, 9, 17, 10, 22, 12]*0.01 + 1
                     max_investment = 80
In [8]: using JuMP, Cbc, Gurobi, Mosek, GLPK
                     m = Model(solver = MosekSolver())
                     @variable(m, x[1:6] >= 0)
                     @variable(m, z[1:6], Bin)
                      @constraint(m, sum(x[1:6]) <= max_investment)</pre>
                      @constraint(m, x[1] >= min_investments[1]z[1])
                      @constraint(m, x[1] \le max_investments[1]z[1])
                      @constraint(m, x[2] >= min_investments[2]z[2])
                      @constraint(m, x[2] \Leftarrow max_investments[2]z[2])
                      Qconstraint(m, x[3] >= min investments[3]z[3])
                      @constraint(m, x[3] \le max investments[3]z[3])
                      @constraint(m, x[4] >= min_investments[4]z[4])
                      @constraint(m, x[4] \le max_investments[4]z[4])
                      Qconstraint(m, x[5] >= min investments[5]z[5])
                      @constraint(m, x[5] \le max investments[5]z[5])
                      @constraint(m, x[5] \le (x[2] + x[4] + x[6]))
                      Qconstraint(m, x[6] >= min_investments[6]z[6])
                      @constraint(m, x[6] \le max_investments[6]z[6])
                      @constraint(m, z[3] \le z[6])
                      \texttt{@expression}(\texttt{m, total\_returns, expected\_returns}[1] *x[1] + \texttt{expected\_returns}[2] *x[2] + \texttt{expected\_returns}[3] *x[3] + \texttt{expected\_returns}[3] *x[3
                      @objective(m, Max, total returns)
                      solve(m)
Out[8]: :Optimal
In [9]: println("ABC should invest as follows:")
                                         println("Option ", i, " with \", getvalue(x[i]), " million invested")
                      println()
                     println("This brings the total investment to \$", sum(getvalue(x[1:6])), " million, with an expected return of \$", getobj
                     ABC should invest as follows:
                     Option 1 with $0.0 million invested
                     Option 2 with $0.0 million invested
                     Option 3 with $35.0 million invested
                     Option 4 with $5.0 million invested
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This brings the total investment to \$80.0 million, with an expected return of \$93.5 million