Package 'familial'

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Type Package

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Title Familial Inference

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Description Provides functionality for testing familial hypotheses. Currently supports tests of center via the Huber or trimmed mean families of location parameters. Testing is carried out using the Bayesian bootstrap. One- and two-sample tests are supported, as are directional tests. Methods for visualizing output are provided.
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BugReports https://github.com/ryan-thompson/familial/issues
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R topics documented:
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Description

Performs a Bayesian bootstrap for a statistic defined via a suitable function.

Usage

```
bayes.boot(x, fun, nboot = 1000, cluster = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	a numeric vector to be passed as the first argument to fun
fun	the function to bootstrap; must accept data \boldsymbol{x} and weights \boldsymbol{w} , and return a data frame
nboot	the number of bootstraps to perform
cluster	an optional cluster for running bootstraps in parallel; must be set up using parallel::makeCluster
	any other arguments for fun

Value

An object of class bayes.boot; a data frame with the following columns:

```
boot.id the bootstrap iteration
... any columns returned by fun
```

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
# Bootstrap
boot <- bayes.boot(MASS::galaxies, fun = fit.family, nboot = 100)
head(boot)</pre>
```

center.test 3

center.test Center test

Description

Performs a one-sample or two-sample test for a location family.

Usage

```
center.test(
    x,
    y = NULL,
    family = c("huber", "trimmed"),
    alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"),
    mu = 0,
    paired = FALSE,
    nboot = 1000,
    loss = NULL,
    cluster = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

x	a numeric vector of data
у	an optional numeric vector of data
family	the location family; currently allows 'huber' for Huber family (default) or 'trimmed' for trimmed mean family
alternative	the form of the alternative hypothesis; must be one of 'two.sided' (default), 'greater', or 'less'
mu	the null value of the center for a one-sample test, or the null value of the center of differences for a paired two-sample test, or the null value of the difference in centers for an independent two-sample test; can be an interval
paired	a logical indicating whether to treat x and y as paired
nboot	the number of bootstraps to perform
loss	an optional c×2 matrix of losses incurred from an incorrect decision, where c is the number of candidate choices (typically c=3: H0, H1, or indeterminate)
cluster	an optional cluster for running bootstraps in parallel; must be set up using parallel::makeCluster
	any other arguments

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Details

Uses the Bayesian bootstrap to compute posterior probabilities for the hypotheses $H_0: \mu_{\lambda} = \mu_0$ for some $\lambda \in \Lambda$ and $H_1: \mu_{\lambda} \neq \mu_0$ for all $\lambda \in \Lambda$, where μ_{λ} ($\lambda \in \Lambda$) is a family of centers. The default loss matrix results in a decision whenever the posterior probability for one of the hypotheses is greater than 0.95 and otherwise is indeterminate.

Value

A list with the following components:

expected.loss the expected loss, calculated by post-multiplying loss with prob
decision the optimal decision given the expected loss
loss the loss matrix
prob the posterior probabilities of the null and alternative
boot the bootstrap output from bayes.boot
x the x that was supplied
y the y that was supplied
mu the mu that was supplied

Author(s)

family

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

the family that was supplied

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
# Familial test using Huber family with point null
test <- center.test(MASS::galaxies, mu = 21000, nboot = 100)
print(test)
plot(test)

# Familial test using Huber family with interval null
test <- center.test(MASS::galaxies, mu = c(20500, 21500), nboot = 100)
print(test)

# Familial test in parallel
cl <- parallel::makeCluster(2)
test <- center.test(MASS::galaxies, mu = c(20500, 21500), nboot = 100, cluster = cl)
parallel::stopCluster(cl)
print(test)</pre>
```

fit.family 5

fit.family Fit family

Description

Fits the Huber or trimmed mean location families.

Usage

```
fit.family(
  Х,
 w = rep(1, length(x)),
  family = c("huber", "trimmed"),
  scale.fun = weighted.mad,
  eps = .Machine$double.eps
)
```

Arguments

Х a numeric vector of data a numeric vector of weights family the location family; currently allows 'huber' for Huber family (default) or 'trimmed' for trimmed mean family a function used to estimate the scale of x for the Huber family; ensures that the scale.fun tuning parameter is comparable across variables with different scales a numerical tolerance parameter

Value

eps

An object of class fit.family; a data frame with the following columns:

mu.hat the fitted values lambda the indexing parameter

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

Examples

```
fit <- fit.family(MASS::galaxies)</pre>
plot(fit)
```

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plot.center.test

Plot function for center.test object

Description

Plot the posterior distribution for the family of centers using a functional box plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'center.test' plot(x, band = c(0.5, 0.75, 0.95), ninterp = 25, ...)
```

Arguments

x an object of class center.test

band a vector of band limits for the functional box plot

ninterp the number of interpolation points for the functional box plot; more points lead

to finer resolution of the plot at the expense of additional computation

... any other arguments

Value

A plot of the posterior distribution.

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

```
plot.fit.family
```

Plot function for fit.family object

Description

Plot a fitted family.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fit.family'
plot(x, y = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x an object of class fit.familyy an object of class fit.family
```

... any other arguments

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Value

A plot of the fitted family.

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson < ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

print.center.test

Print function for center.test object

Description

Print objects of class center. test.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'center.test' print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x an object of class center.test

... any other arguments

Value

The argument x.

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

rudirichlet

Uniform Dirichlet distribution

Description

Random number generation for the uniform Dirichlet distribution (having all concentration parameters set to one).

Usage

```
rudirichlet(n, d)
```

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Arguments

n the number of observations d the number of dimensions

Value

A matrix; each row is a random draw and each column is a dimension.

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson <ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

weighted

Weighted statistics

Description

Assorted weighted statistics unavailable in base R

Usage

```
weighted.median(x, w)
weighted.mad(x, w)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector of dataw a numeric vector of weights

Value

A length-one numeric vector.

Author(s)

Ryan Thompson < ryan.thompson@monash.edu>

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