

Pinyin → Phonetics

1 尔 Ni¹ hǎo ma
You good. ?

Tones / \ ^ V ~
two tones slang.

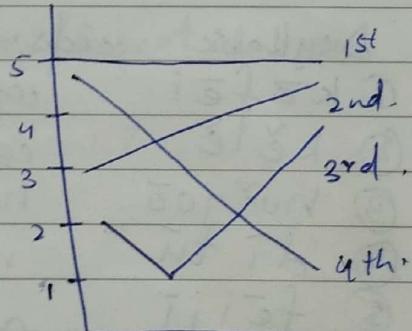
Pinyin - Phonetic Sounds.

Initials + Final Symbols. (tones)

N	V	Tone	Initial Symbols
I.S	F.S	^{I.S}	b (ب) p (پ) m (م) f (ف) d (د) t (ت) n (ن) l (ل) g (گ) k (ک) h (ح) r (ر) j (ج) q (ق) x (ش) w (و)
ni	hao	!	
hello.			

Final Symbols
a i e o u ü
ba bi be یووی
ta si si یووی

1st 2nd 3rd 4th.
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
5-5 3-5 2-1-4 5-1
or or
4-4 2-4 3-2-5 4-1



CHAPTER. 1 : New Words:

- 1) ni → you (pronoun). mono syllabic
- 2) hǎo → good, fine (adj). di syllabic
tri syllabic

2. 3. nín (polite (you)).
4. nǐmen (plural (you))
wǒ (I) all.
5. duìbuqǐ (to be sorry)
6. méi guānxi (that's OK / it doesn't matter).

pg no. book 32 pdf 46 counting
pdf pg. 4.

w(əŋ) y(ʌ̃)
uŋ ei / ie.

14-03-23

kā fēi → coffee

Tones.

- ① - straight tone
- ② / rising tone.
- ③ √ fall and rise tone
- ④ \ falling tone

1. Word pronounce according to phonetic symbols.
2. Pronunciation according to tone.
3. According to emotions.

Disyllabic words.

- ① kāfēi coffee
- ② kělè cola
- ③ huǎguō hotpot
- ④ dìtú map
- ⑤ fēijiā aeroplane
- ⑥ máobiā pencil
- ⑦ zìjī machine

fish - y ū

Mono Syllabic words

- ① yī cloth
- ② wū s
- ③ wū tithu
- ④ bēi ear.
- ⑤ māo pen
- ⑥ dǎo cat
- ⑦ huā island.
- ⑧ jī flower
- ⑨ qī chicken/cock
- ⑩ 7
- ⑪ xié shoes
- ⑫ xuě snow

Chapter #2

- 1) xiè xie : to thank
- 2) bú kèqì : you're welcome / don't mention it.
- 3) zài jiàn : good bye. (zaichian).
- 4) shàng kè : class begins [shàng: above], [kè: class]
- 5) xià kè : class off/end [xià: down]
- 6) xiànzài xiūxi : take a break now [xiànzài: now, xiūxi: break]
- 7) kàn hēi bǎn : look at the black board [kàn: look, hēi: black, bǎn: board]
- 8) Gēn wǒ dú : Read after me [wǒ: I, dù: read].
Ken wo thu: 跟我读

Initial Symbols

zh ch sh (j) &

(j) z c s.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 1) Sān: 3 | 6) cài: food | 11) rén: people | pdf pg: 29
book 9, 10. |
| 2) Shān: mountains | 7) shǒu: hand | 12) chuán: boat | pronounce mono |
| 3) zhōng: clock | 8) xióng: bear | 13) chuáng: bed | di syllabic words |
| 4) yāng: sheep | 9) yún: clouds | 14) chí: to eat | for H.W.) |
| 5) líng: 0 | 10) xīng: stars | 15) rěn: hot. | |

bed 21-03-2023

- Dǎkāi shū: Open your book; shū: book, kāi: open
- Qǐng dà shēng dù: Read alone!
- Zài dù yí biàn: Read once again/Repeat.
- Yìqǐ dù: Read together
- Yǒu wèntí ma? Any questions?

Chapter #3

New Words

- 1) jiào: to call, to be called (verb)
- 2) shénmá: what (pronoun)
- 3) míngzì: name (noun)
- 4) wǒ: I, me. (pronoun). Lǐ yu
- 5) shì: to be / is / am / are (verb)
- 6) lǎoshī: teacher (noun)
- 7) ma: part, use at the end of a question.
- 8) xuéshēng: student (noun)

1) rén: human, person (noun).

Proper nouns.

bā jī sī tān
Pakistan

2) zhōngguó, China

[zhōngguó]

3) Měiguó the United States of America

Nǐ jiào shéme míngzì? Please:
You to call what name. (What is your name?)
[shéme shì Nǐ míngzì] X

Wǒ jiào Lǐ Yuē. Please.
I/me to call name (My name is Li Yue)
[Wǒ míngzì shì —] X

Nǐ shì lǎoshi ma?
You are teacher? (Are you teacher?)

Wǒ bù shì lǎoshi.
I no am teacher. (I am not teacher.)

Wǒ shì lǎoshi.
I am teacher. (I am teacher).

Wǒ shì xuésheng.
I am student.

Are you driver?

Nǐ shì sìjī ma?
You are driver?

Nǐ shì [Zhōngguó rén] ma? => Are you Chinese?
Chinese.

Wǒ bù shí zhōngguó rén, wǒ shì Měiguó rén.
I am not Chinese, I am American.

Roleplay the dialogues.

① Nǐ jiào shénme míngzì?

Wǒ jiào Saad Nisaar Butt.

② Nǐ shì zhōngguó rén ma?

Wǒ bù zhōngguó rén, wǒ shí bā jī shí tān rén.

③ Nǐ shì Měiguó rén ma?

Wǒ bù shì Měiguó rén, wǒ shí bā jī sī tān rén.

④ Nǐ shì lǎoshī ma?

Wǒ bù shì lǎoshī, wǒ shì xuésheng.

⑤ Nǐ shì xuésheng ma?

Wǒ shì xuésheng.

New words:

1) tā: she/he (character) (pronoun)

2) Shéi: who, whom (pronoun)

3) de: part (Used after an attribute) (measure words)

4) Hángyǔ: Chinese language (noun).

5) nǎ: which (pronoun)

6) guó: country, nation (noun)

7) ne: part (used at the end of question) ?

8) tā: he/him (pronoun) {open character 他}

9) tóngxué: classmate (noun)

10) péngyou: friend (noun).

Ni + de

you &

Ni ^{de} Shu
Your book

wǒ + de

I → me

wǒ + de

she/he

his/her



- Tā shì shéi? She/he is/are who Who is he/she?
- Tā shì wǒ de lǎoshī, tā jiào Falaiz.
- Nǐ shì nǎ guó rén? You are which country person continuity of a question
- Wǒ shì Měiguó rén. Nǐ né? I am American
- Wǒ shì Zhōngguó rén. I am Chinese.

Chapter 04-3.

28-03-2023

- Tā shì shéi? who is he?
- Tā shì wǒ de tóngxué. He is my classmate.
- Tā né? Tā shì nǐ^{de} tóngxué ma? What about you? he/she is your classmate?
- Tā bù shì wǒ de tóngxué, tā shì wǒ pèngyou.

Is he your teacher?

Tā shì nǐ^{de} lǎoshi ma?

He is not my teacher, he is my student.

Tā bù shì wǒ de lǎoshi, Tā shì wǒ de xuéxiong

Ch - 5

New Words

- 1) jiā: family (noun). /家/
 - 2) yǒu: to have, there be (verb).
 - 3) kǒu a measure word for members of family etc.
- measure words are not translated

- 4) nǚ'ér: daughter (noun).
5) jǐ: how many
6) suì: year (of age).
7) le: use at the end of or in the middle of a sentence to indicate a change or a new circumstance. (partikel)
8) jīnniān: this year (noun). *Chinesisch*

Initial Symbols.

2 C S (..) San → three.
~~arts~~

- a) **duō**: indicating degree or extent. adjective
شُوْعاً *maximum*

b) **dà**: old (of age), adjective.

Chapter 5-1 (Text).

Nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén?
You family have how many persons
How many persons in your family?

Wö jiā yǒu sān kǒu rén.
I family have 3 persons.

Chap S-2

Nǐ de nǚér jǐ suì le?
your daughter how many years

How old is your daughter?

Tā jīnnián sì suì le.

Tā jinnián shì sui.
She this year 4 years (of age)

She is 4 years old.

Chap 5-3

Lǐ lǎoshī duō dà le? maximum
teacher/professor degree old dà → big / old.
How old is Li teacher?

Tā jinniān wǔshí suī le. this year 50 years shi → 10.

She is 50 years old.

Tā de nǚér ne?

What about her daughter?

Tā de nǚér jinniān èrshí suī. daughter this year 20 years
Her daughter is 20 years old.

How old is Professor Lee?

dà shù lǎoshi Lee. ~~is~~

Li lǎoshī duō dà le.

Tā jinnian wǔshí suī le
50

Tā de nǚér ne

Tā de nǚér jinniān èrshí suī le. 20

Assignment on Page no. 46(pdf) book (32).

suo moto

CH-6.

New Words:

hǎo: good.

- 1) hui : can, to be able to. mod
 2) shuō : to speak, to say. verb
 3) māma: mother noun.
 4) cài : dish, cuisine noun.
 5) hěn : very, quite adjective
 6) mǎoci: delicious, tasty adjective.
 7) zuò : to make, to produce, verb
 to cook, to do.
 8) xiě : to write verb.
 9) Hánzì : Chinese character noun
 10) zì : character, word noun
 11) Zémmé : how (indicating pronoun
 nature, condition or manner etc).
 12) dú : read verb.

A) Nǐ huì shuō Hányǔ ma?

You can speak Chinese language?

B) Wǒ huì shuō Hányǔ.

I can speak Chinese language.

→ Nǐ ^{de} māma huì shuō Hányǔ ma?

Your mother can speak Chinese language?

Can your mother speak Chinese language.

→ Tā bù huì shuō.

She not can speak.

She cannot speak.

Ch.06 - 2

A: Zhōngguó cài hǎo.^{good dish} chī ma?
Chinese dish eat?

Chinese dish delicious.

B: zhōngguó cài hěn hǎochí.
Chinese dish very delicious.

A: Nǐ huì zuò zhōngguó cài ma?
You can ^{to cook} make Chinese dish?
Can you make Chinese dish.

B: Wǒ bù huì zuò.
I no, can cook
I cannot make.

Ch 06 - 3

In the library.

A: Nǐ huì xiě Hánzì ma? Je → measure word.
You can write Chinese character?
Can you write Chinese character?

B: Wǒ huì xiě.
I can write.

A: zhège zì zéme xiě?

this character how write?

How to write this character?

B: Dùibuqǐ, zhège zì wǒ nǐ dí, bù huì xiě.
Sorry, this character I can read, cannot write

CHAPTER 07 (INALS)

09-05-2023

New Words.

IRC.

- 1) qǐng : (polite) please : verb.
- 2) wèn : to ask, to inquire verb.
- 3) jīntiān : to day : noun
- 4) hào : (for date of month) number noun
- 5) yuè : month : noun
- 6) xīngqī : week : noun
- 7) zuótiān : yesterday : noun
- 8) míngtiān : tomorrow : noun
- 9) qù : to go : verb
- 10) xuéxiào : school : noun
- 11) kàn : to look at, : verb.
- 12) shū : book. : noun.

yue/month

xīngqī /week.

de

kou

1. yī + yue — Jan

xīngqī + yī — Mon

ge

2. èr + yue — Feb.

xīngqī + èr — Tue.

3.

4.

5. wǔ (+yue) — May.

wú ge yue → after 5 months

xīngqī + líu → Sat.

xīngqī + gǔ → Sun.

11. Shíyi + yue → Nov

→ tian. } Sunday.

12. Shíer + yue → Dec

Qǐngwèn ⇒ Excuse me.

In a Bank 07-1.

A) Qǐngwèn, jīntiān, jī hào?

Excuse me today what date

B) Jīntiān, jī yuè jǐ hào xīngqī jī?

Jīntiān, wú yuè, jiù hào, xīngqī èr.

B) Jīntiān jiǔ yuè yī hào?

Today September 1

A) Jīntiān xīngqī jī?

Today what week day?

B) Xīngqī sān.

Wednesday

Look at the calendar. 07-2

A: Zuótiān shì jǐ yuè jǐ hào?
Yesterday was what month what date?

B: Zuótiān shì bā yuè sānshíyī hào, xīngqī èr.
Yesterday was August 31st Tuesday.

A: Míngtiān ne?
What about tomorrow?

B: Míngtiān shì yuè èr hào, xīngqī sì.
Tomorrow is September 2nd Thursday.

07-3.

A: Míngtiān xīngqī liù, nǐ qù xuéxiào ma?
Tomorrow Saturday you goto school ?

B: Wǒ qù xuéxiào.
I goto school.

A: Yes, I'll goto school.

A: Nǐ qù xuéxiào zuò shénme?
You goto school to do what?
What are you going to do in school?.

B: Wǒ qù xuéxiào kàn shū.
I goto school to look at book
I'll goto school to read book

Tomorrow is Wednesday; what will you cook?

Míngtiān shì xīngqī gān, nǐ zuò shénme?
I will make Chinese food.

Wǒ zuò zhōngguó cài

book pg. no. 51.

CHAPTER 08.

New Words.

- 1) xiǎng : to want, would like : noun
- 2) hē : to drink. (khe). : verb.
- 3) chá : tea : noun
- 4) chī : to eat (chē)
- 5) mǐfàn : cooked rice : noun
- 6) xiàwǔ : afternoon ئەتھۇم : noun.
- 7) shāngdiàn: shop, store ئەتكەن : noun.
- 8) mǎi : to buy, to purchase : noun.
- 9) gè : a general measure word: n.
- 10) bēizi : cup, glass (سچىزى) : noun.
- 11) zhè : this (ئىزى) : pronoun.
- 12) duōshao : how many, how much : pronoun. (ئىشىم).
- 13) qián : money : noun
- 14) kuài : a unit of money, : n (كۈەت)
- Same as "yuan".
- 15) nà : that : pronoun.

In a restaurant 08-1

A: Nǐ xiǎng hē shénme?

You would like to drink what? / what would you like to drink

B: Wǒ xiǎng hē chá.

I would like to drink tea

A: Nǐ xiǎng chī shénme?

You would like to eat what? / what would you like to eat?

B: Wǒ xiǎng chī mǐ fàn.

I want to eat rice. egg fried rice.
jídàn mǐfàn

In the living room 08-2.

A: Xiàwǔ nǐ xiǎng zuò shénme?

Afternoon you would like to do what

What would you like to do in afternoon?

B: Xiàwǔ wǒ xiǎng qù shāngdiàn.

afternoon I would like to go shop.

I would like to go shopping in afternoon

A: Nǐ xiǎng mǎi shénme?

You would like to buy what?

What would you like to buy?

B: Wǒ xiǎng mǎi yí ge bēizi.

I would like to buy one cup.

I would like to buy four cups.

Wǒ xiǎng mǎi sì ge bēizi.

16-05-23

Chapter #08

mingtiān xiàwǔ nǐ xiǎng zuò shénme?
tomorrow afternoon you want like to do what?

what would you like to do this afternoon?

tomorrow

nǐ xiǎng mǎi shénme?

You want to buy what?

I want to buy one cup

wǒ xiǎng mǎi yí ge bēizi.

what you want to make this afternoon.

xiàwǔ nǐ xiǎng zuò shénme?

I would like to go for shopping tomorrow.

xiàwǔ wǒ xiǎng mǎi yí ge

mingtiān wǒ xiǎng qù shàngdiàn.

I would like to buy coffee this afternoon

xiàwǔ wǒ xiǎng mǎi yí ge kāfēi

8

Text - 03

Ni hao! zhege beizi duoshao qian?

Hello! This cup how much money? (price).

34 Yuan
sanshisi kua(yuan).

Nage beizi duoshao qian?

that cup how much money? (price).

24 yuan.
ershisi Yuan.

How much for this coffee?

duoshao zhege kafei?

zhege kafei duoshao qian?

How much for that book?

duo shao Na - shu?

Naben shu duoshao qian?

book pg: 59, pdf: 79

Role play the dialogue (Translate) Homework

Chapter # 09.

1) xiǎn small

xiǎn

2) māo cat

3) zài to be in/on/at

4) nàr there

nàr where.

5) gǒu dog

6) yǐzi chair

7) xiàmiàn (xià) under/below

8) zài at/in/on (prep).

9) nàr where

10) gōngzuò to work, job. (kunkzawa)

11) érzi son.

12) yīyuàn hospital.

13) yīshēng Doctor

14) bàba father.

Chap-09 Text-01.

xiao mao zai nǎr?
small cat at where?
Where is kitten?

xiao gou zai nǎr?
small dog at where
where is puppy?

xiao gou zai yízì xiàmiān.
Small dog at chair under.
Puppy is under the chair.

where is blue pen?
blue bì zai nǎr?

Text 09-2.

ni zai nǎr gōngzuò? wǒ zài xuéxiào gōngzuò.
You at where to work? I at school work.
where do you work? I'm working at school

ni de èrzi zai nǎr gōngzuò?
Your son at where to work.
where does your son work?

My son works at hospital, he is a doctor.
Wǒ de èrzi zai nǎr yīyuàn gōngzuò, tā
shì yīshēng.

You wanti ma? Do you have any questions?
mei you I have not

Text 09-3.

ni de baba zai jiā ma? Bù zài jiā.
You father at family not at home

Is your father at home?

* Bu is used for present

ta zai nǎr ne?

He at where

Where is he?

He is at hospital.

Ta zai yīyuàn.

ne → interrogative particle
which is used at end
of locality

zai ... ne?

Book pg 67, pdf pg 87 (Hw)

Assignment (to be submitted in the last class),

① Counting (1 to 99).

② Chapter 1 - 15 (make conversation with all words)
atleast 30 dialogues. (20)
with tone marking.
15 marks. group of 2.

23-05-23

Chapter # 10.

1) zhuzōzi	desk, table	书桌
2) shàng	up, above	上
3) diànnǎo	computer	电脑
4) hé	and	和
5) běn	measure word for books.	本
6) lì	inside, inner, interior	里
7) qián miàn	front	前面
8) hòu miàn	back	后面
9) zhè	Here	这
10) méi yǒu (méi):	there is not / have not	没有
11) néng	can, may	能 {nunk.}
12) zuò	to sit, to be seated.	坐

↑ up — shàng front : qian
↓ lì — inside. back : hou.
↓ xià — down

shù zài zhè
book at here
nai where
nai there
zhai here.

neng! — mei
hui! — can

zhuozi shang you shenme?

table + up have what?

What is above/on the table?

What are there on the table?

shenme shi na zai zhuozi? → Not correct way.

Book, computer and pen are above the table.

Interrogative word should be at start. not

zhuozi shang ^{you} na shi yi ge diannao, yi ge bi he yi ben shu

What would you do tomorrow afternoon?

shenme, ni zuo mingtian xiawu?

mingtian xiawu ni zuo shenme?

Where is the cup?

nan, beiizi?

Beiizi zai nan? (cup at where?).

Cup is inside the table.

Beiizi zai li zhuozi

zhuozi li zai beiizi

Beiizi zai zhuozi li.

Qianmian nage ren jiao shenme mingzi?

front that person call what name?

What is the name of person in front of you?

Ans: Ta jiao Abdul Rahim.

Houmian nage ren ne? ta jiao shenme mingzi?

back that person he called what name?

Word of locality + zai + thing existing / person.

zher you ren ma?
Here have person?

Is this seat taken?

Mei you.
there is not / have not

Wo neng zuo zher ma?
I can/may sit here?
Ans: Please sit.
qing zuo.

CHAPTER # 11 (Related to Time),

- 1) xiànzài : now
- 2) diǎn : o'clock
- 3) fēn : minutes
- 4) zhōng wǔ : noon 午
- 5) chī fàn : to eat a meal. 午餐

5: 00	wu diān.
2: 00	er diān
10: 15	shi diān
8: 55	shi wu fen
3: 05	ba diān
	wushiwo fen
	san diān
	wu fen (zhong)

Text - 01

xianzai ji diān?
Now now o'clock?

What time is it now?

Ans: xianzai shi diān er shiwo fen.
Ten/twenty 10 25

zhongwu ji diān chi fan?
noon now o'clock to eat a meal?

shier diān chi fan.

12 o'clock to eat a meal?

New Words

- 6) shí hou n. time, moment so/sost
 7) huí v. to come/go back, to return
 8) wǒmen pron. we, us.
 9) diànyǐng n. film, movie. Tibyan

shénme shíhou → When.
 what time/moment

qù = go.

Wǒ huí jiā. Ni qù shàngdiàn.
 I come back (at) home. You go to shop.

10) zhù v. to live, to stay zū?

11) qián n. before, earlier than.

12) Beijing (Peijink).

Bàba shénme shíhou huí jiā? He is my friend.
 Father what time/moment to (at) home? Ta (shi) wode pen you
 not necessary.

xìawǔ wǔ diǎn
 evening 5 o'clock
 afternoon.

You are cooking food
 Ni zúo cài

wǒmen shénme shíhou qù kàn diànyǐng?
 we when to go to watch movie?
 When will we go to watch movie?

Liu diǎn Sanshi fen.

6 : 30

When will you go for shopping?
 shénme shíhou ni qù shàngdiàn?
 Ni shénme shíhou qù shàngdiàn?

Wǒ xīngqī yī qù Běijīng.

I monday to go.

I'll goto Beijing on Monday.

Nǐ xiāng zài Běijīng zhù jǐ tiān?

you would like at to live

How many days you would like to stay at Beijing.

Zhù sān tiān.

Stay for 3 days

Xīngqī wǔ qián néng huí jiā ma?

Friday before can/may return home

Can you come back home before Friday?

Néng.

I can / May be (conversation continues)

Book pg: 85 pdf: 99. (Role-play the dialogues). taemou Th.

① Xiànzài jǐ diǎn?

Now How many o'clock?

What time is it?

② Tāmen jǐ diǎn chí fàn?

③ Bāba shénme shíhou húi jiā?

④ Tāmen shénme shíhou qù kàn diànyǐng?

⑤ Tā qù nǎ? Shénme shíhou néng huí jiā?

Where he went? When will he come back home?

Chapter 12.

TREVOR JAMES

Text 01.

- 1) tiāngì n. weather.

2) zìnmeyàng pron (indicating nature, condition / manner)
5)

3) tài adv. too, excessively
tài le \Rightarrow tooo, extremely

4) rè adj. hot

5) lěng adj. cold. (dunk)

tai ^{cold} _{hot} le tai hao le \Rightarrow too good

6) xià yǔ to rain fall (yǔ \Rightarrow rain)
2) xià v. to fall.

7) xiǎojiě n. miss young lady.

8) lái v. to come

On the road

Zuodtian Beijing de tianqi zemexiang?

yesterday. whether how

Tai re le.

Too hot

- Ni hao → dicy.
Hello.
 - Ni hao ma? → 3 monos
you good?
Are you good?

Mingtian ne? Mingtian tianqi zemeyang?

Tomorrow what? Tomorrow whether how?

Mingtian trays; hen hao, but leaky, but re.
Tomorrow weather very good, not cold nor hot
very pleasant.

Pattern \Rightarrow Time | Subject | Interrogative

Beijing's weather | How

x tri re le \Rightarrow Ans

Mingtian can spit.
" " tónglì Zāimiyang
" " " hen hao

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- 9) shēntǐ : body (shantí)
- 10) ài : to love, to like
- 11) xiè : some, few
- 12) shuǐguǒ : fruits (shuwigouwa)
- 13) shuǐ : water.

⇒ Conversation with doctor. Sick room. Text:02

Nǐ shēntǐ zěnmeyàng ?
You body how ?

How are you?

Wǒ shēntǐ bu tāi hǎo, tiānqì tāi ^{le} _{context} hěn le? bu
I body chi fan not too good weather too not not
love to eat a meal

Nǐ duo chī xiè shuǐguǒ, duo he shuǐ.
You max to eat some fruits max drink water.

Xie xie nǐ, yìshèng!
Thank go doctor!

⇒ Text-01. In the Gym.

Jintian huì xià yǔ ma?
today can rain fall ?

Will it be rain today?

Jintian bù huì xià yǔ.
today no can rain fall.

Wàng xiāojie jìntiān huì lái ma?
miss today can come ?

Bù huì lái, tiānqì tāi ^{long} _{ve} le.
No can come weather too hot cold.

Book pg: 93, pdf pg: 114 (Home work must be done)

CHAPTER No. 13

1. wéi : Hello, Hey (way)
2. yě : also, too (~)
3. xué xí (verb) : to study, to learn (جیلی)
4. shàng wǔ morning
5. shuì jiào to sleep (نومیدا)
6. dianshi : television (ریموت کنٹرول)
7. xǐ huan : to like, to be fond of (اللہو عزیز)
8. gěi (prep) : to (someone) (کے)
9. dǎ diànhuà ^{phone} to make a phone call
- 10) ba : part. modal particle used at the
end of suggestion, for
suggestion or command or
request
zai --- ne what about
for -ve sentence => bu zai ---

Text 01: Shang → up + wǔ → morning.
zhong → center + wo → noon
xia → down + wo → afternoon

- xiang : to like / would like to
- ai : to like / to love
- xihuan : to like / to be fond of

Text 01

Wèi nǐ [zai] zuo shenme [ne?]
Hello you to do what ?

Hello, what are you doing?

wǒ [zai] kàn shù [ne].
I read book

I am reading a book.

Dàwéi yě [zai] kàn shù [ne?]
David too to read book.

Is David also reading a book?

ta mei kan shu, ta [zai] xue zuo zhenguo
He/she no reading a book. He/she to make Chinese dish.
[zai] no.

He/she is not reading a book, he/she is leaving to make Chinese food.

Text 02 : In a coffeehouse

zuojian Shang wo ni [zai] zuo shenme ne?
yesterday morning you todo what.

What was you doing yesterday morning?

wo [zai] shui jiao ne? ne?

I sleeping what about you?

I was sleeping, what about you?

wo [zai] jia kan shu ne. Ni xi huan kan dian shi ma?
I was home reading book you like to watch TV?

I reading a book at home. Would you like to watch TV?

wo bu xi huan kan dian shi, wo xi huan kan dian ying
I no like to watch TV, I like to watch movie

I don't like to watch TV. I like to watch movie

Text 03- In the school office.

0 3 3 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

ling san san er yi er san si wu liu qi

zhe si li laoshi de dian hua ma?
This is Prof. Li phone number?

Is this Prof. Li's phone number?

Bu shi ta de dian hua . . .

not is (isn't) his phone number

NO! his phone number

is . . .

Hao, wo xianzai gei ta da dianhua.

Good, I now (to be) make a phone call (make)

Good, I should make a phone call now?

ta [zai] gongzuo [ne]. ni xiawu da (drank) ba.
He/she working you afternoon
he is working . call him afternoon .

Pg no. 101 book , pdf pg no. 122 read it.

CHAPTER No.14.

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[le] 3

end of a sentence (indicates completion of an action)
[zai --- ne] continuous .

New words .

1. dōngxi : thing , stuff قیزی n.
2. yídiǎnr : a few , a little . (minimum degree) لیکی مینیمومیا نون - مدل
3. píngguǒ : apple پینگوئن اپل n.
4. kàn jiàn : to see کھان جیان
5. xiānsheng : Mr. Sir سید شری
6. kāi : to drive کھاٹ
7. chē : car چرہ
8. huílai : come back خوئی لائی
9. fēnzhōng : minutes قن جھون
10. hòu : after , afterwards خو
11. yīfu : clothes ای فو
12. piào kàng : beautiful چیباویلی 13. a : particle
13. shǎo : little , few لیکی used at the end
14. bùshǎo : quite a few , many . of a sentence as a sign of confirmation or
these
15. zhèxiē : both , all ڈفنس
16. dōu :

whether

Text - 01

Answer.

wo qu shangman mai
dangxi le indicating past,

zuojian shangwu ni qu na le?

yesterday morning you to go where (occurrence) ?

Where did you go yesterday morning?

Ni mai shenme le?

you buy what (completion)?

What did you buy?

Ans Wo mai le yi diao pingguo.

I bought some apples.

Ni kanjian Yasir xiansheng le ma?

you to see Yasir Ms. occurrence

Did you see Ms. Yasir?

Kanjian le. ta qu xue kai che le.

Saw. He go learn to drive car (occurrence).

Ta shenme shihou neng hui lai?

he/she, what moment, may/can come back?

when

When he'll come back?

sishi fen zhong hou hui lai

40 minutes after come back.

He'll come back after 40 minutes

Text

Wang Fang de yi fu tai piatiang le!

Name is ~~the~~ clothes ~~too~~ beautiful (occurrence))

Wang Fang's clothes are so beautiful.

She, ta mai le bushao yi fu.

confirmation Yes She bought quite few clothes.

Ni mai shenme le?

You buy what?

what did you bought?

Wo mei mai, zhexie dou shi wang fang de dangxi.

I have buy these all are

