1. The number of values of 'p' for which the equation

$$(p^2 - 5p + 6)x^2 - (p^2 - 3p + 2)x + 2p - p^2 = 0$$

has more than two roots.

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 5
- (d) 6
- 2. Let $\alpha \neq \beta$ and $\alpha^2 + 3 = 5\alpha$ while $\beta^2 = 5\beta 3$. The quadratic equation whose roots are $\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$ and $\frac{\beta}{\alpha}$ is:
 - (a) $3x^2 + 19x 3 = 0$
 - (b) $3x^2 31x + 3 = 0$
 - (c) $6x^2 19x + 3 = 0$
 - (d) None of these
- 3. Find all values of 'p' for which the inequality $(2p-1)x^2 2px + (p-3) < 0$ is satisfied for all real values of x.
 - (a) $p < \frac{1}{2}$
 - (b) $p < \frac{7 \sqrt{37}}{2}$
 - (c) $p \in \left(\frac{7-\sqrt{37}}{2}, \frac{7+\sqrt{37}}{2}\right)$
 - (d) $p > \frac{1}{2}$
- 4. Consider the equations $x^2-2bx+(c-1)=0$ and $4x^2+cs+(b-1)=0$, $b,c\in R$ then :
 - (a) Both equations have real roots
 - (b) At least one equation has real roots
 - (c) Both equations have imaginary roots
 - (d) Atleast one equation has imaginary root
- 5. Find the value of

$$\binom{n}{0}\binom{2n}{n} - \binom{n}{1}\binom{2n-1}{n} + \binom{n}{2}\binom{2n-2}{n} + \dots + (-1)^n \binom{n}{n}\binom{n}{n}:$$

- (a) 0
- (b) -1

- (c) 2^{2n}
- (d) None of these
- 6. In quadrilateral ABCD if

$$\sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{C+D}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{C-D}{2}\right)=2,$$

then find the value of

$$\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{B}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{C}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{D}{2}\right)$$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{8}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{16}$
- 7. Find the total number of integral values of n so that

$$sinx(sinx + cosx) = n$$

has at least one solution.

- (a) 8
- (b) 2
- (c) 1
- (d) 4
- 8. Number of natural numbers which are less than 3×10^4 and can be formed with the digits 2, 3, 4 only is equal to:
 - (a) $\frac{3^5+2\times 3^4-3}{2}$
 - (b) $\frac{3^6-2\times 3^4+3}{2}$
 - (c) $\frac{3^5-2\times 3^4+3}{2}$
 - (d) $\frac{3^6+2\times 3^4-3}{2}$
- 9. A person throws four standard six sided distinguishable dice. Number of ways in which he can throw if:

the product of the four number shown on the upper faces is 144 is:

- (a) 24
- (b) 36
- (c) 42

- (d) 48
- 10. The total number of combinations 6 at a time which can be formed from 6 alike white, 6 alike blue,
 - 6 alike green and 6 alike red balls is:
 - (a) 90
 - (b) 84
 - (c) 78
 - (d) None of these

Boa Prova!