Task 2 Solution Proposal

Sander Eide Dahling

2023-06-18

Task 2 Solution Proposal

First we need to import all relevant packages to the memory of R. I will make use of the Tidyverse in this task, as it is relatively simple. We will specifically use tidyr and dplyr

```
# Loading relevant libraries into memory
library(tidyverse)
```

Before loading in the data, you need to make sure that the working directory of the program is the same as the location of the file. I make sure this is the case by running this code:

```
# Getting the current path of the source file
current_path = dirname(rstudioapi::getActiveDocumentContext()$path)
# Then you are able to set the working directory as this file path
#setwd(current_path)
```

In my example, the working directory will be set to C:/dir/git/nhh-course-help/GUIDES/Data-Science-Academy/R-Training-Tasks/Task2-PremierLeague-23-24/[solution]. This might not look the same to you, especially if you are on a Mac.

With the working directory set up correctly, we can start by loading in the data. The data used for this task is a data set gathered from Kaggle. If you are unable to download the data set from this link, you can find the data in the "data" folder in the Task2 folder.

```
# Loading in the data set

df <- read_csv("../data/FPL_Schedule2324.csv")
head(df)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 39
                                               GW5
                                                       GW6
                               GW3
                                                               GW7
                                                                       GW8
                                                                               GW9
                                                                                       GW10 GW11 GW12
               <chr> <chr
##
## 1 Arsen~ Nott~ Crys~ Fulh~ Man ~ Ever~ Spurs Bour~ Man ~ Chel~ Shef~ Newc~ Burn~
## 2 Aston~ Newc~ Ever~ Burn~ Live~ Crys~ Chel~ Brig~ Wolv~ West~ Luto~ Nott~ Fulh~
## 3 Bourn~ West~ Live~ Spurs Bren~ Chel~ Brig~ Arse~ Ever~ Wolv~ Burn~ Man ~ Newc~
## 4 Brent~ Spurs Fulh~ Crys~ Bour~ Newc~ Ever~ Nott~ Man ~ Burn~ Chel~ West~ Live~
## 5 Brigh~ Luto~ Wolv~ West~ Newc~ Man ~ Bour~ Asto~ Live~ Man ~ Fulh~ Ever~ Shef~
## 6 Burnl~ Man ~ Luto~ Asto~ Spurs Nott~ Man ~ Newc~ Chel~ Bren~ Bour~ Crys~ Arse~
## # ... with 26 more variables: GW13 <chr>, GW14 <chr>, GW15 <chr>, GW16 <chr>,
## #
         GW17 <chr>, GW18 <chr>, GW19 <chr>, GW20 <chr>, GW21 <chr>, GW22 <chr>,
         GW23 <chr>, GW24 <chr>, GW25 <chr>, GW26 <chr>, GW27 <chr>, GW28 <chr>,
## #
         GW29 <chr>, GW30 <chr>, GW31 <chr>, GW32 <chr>, GW33 <chr>, GW34 <chr>,
## #
         GW35 <chr>, GW36 <chr>, GW37 <chr>, GW38 <chr>
```

Here we can see that the data is in the wide format. According to Objective 1, we must make the format "longer".

```
# Use the tidyr function "pivot_longer" and specify which columns to convert to long format
df_long <- df %>%
 pivot_longer(cols = "GW1":"GW38")
# Completed Objective 1
head(df_long)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
    Team
            name value
            <chr> <chr>
    <chr>>
## 1 Arsenal GW1 Nott'm Forest
## 2 Arsenal GW2 Crystal Palace
## 3 Arsenal GW3 Fulham
## 4 Arsenal GW4 Man Utd
## 5 Arsenal GW5
                 Everton
## 6 Arsenal GW6
                  Spurs
# Changing the names of the columns to make them more readable
df_renamed <- df_long %>%
 rename(team = Team,
         game_week = name,
        opponent = value)
# Completed Objective 2
df renamed
## # A tibble: 760 x 3
##
     team
             game_week opponent
##
      <chr>
             <chr>
                    <chr>
## 1 Arsenal GW1
                      Nott'm Forest
## 2 Arsenal GW2
                     Crystal Palace
## 3 Arsenal GW3
                      Fulham
## 4 Arsenal GW4
                      Man Utd
## 5 Arsenal GW5
                       Everton
                       Spurs
## 6 Arsenal GW6
## 7 Arsenal GW7
                       Bournemouth
## 8 Arsenal GW8
                       Man City
## 9 Arsenal GW9
                       Chelsea
## 10 Arsenal GW10
                       Sheff Utd
## # ... with 750 more rows
# Using the filter function to only choose a specific set of observations
df_last_day <- df_renamed %>%
 filter(game_week == "GW38",
         team %in% c("Arsenal", "Liverpool", "Man City"))
# Completed Objective 3
df_last_day
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
            game_week opponent
##
    team
```

##

<chr>

<chr>

<chr>

1 Arsenal GW38 Everton ## 2 Liverpool GW38 Wolves ## 3 Man City GW38 West Ham