

OCTOPUS

User manual





sdn-userdesk@seadatanet.org-www.seadatanet.org

OCTOPUS user Manual

Long title

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Short description

Octopus is a multi-formats splitter & converter tool. It replaces the following software: med2medSDN, Change_vocab_V1toV2, MedSDN2CFPoint, OdvSDN2CFPoint, offering a unique and ergonomic tool.

It also allows:

- to split a multistation file into monostation ones
- to extract 1 to n stations from a multistation file and export them into another multistation file or several monostation ones.
- to check the compliancy of MedAtlas, ODV format and netCDF-CFPoint

Author	Working group
S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	
Dissemination	Copyright terms
Public	

History

Version	Authors	Date	Comments
1.0	S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	07/01/2016	Creation
1.1	S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	19/12/2016	Add installation instructions. Change export types names from "mono" to "split" and from "multi" to "keep" 5.2. Specifications for MGD: 81 and 98 are different formats. They cannot be converted from the same input directory.
1.2	S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	27/01/2017	Add warning on MGD formats: MGD81 and MGD98 are distinct formats (§5.1). Add warning on output path in case of directories: do not write the last separator (§0)
1.3	S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	21/07/2017	 Add information on BODC vocabularies checks (§4.2) Output file type choice: modification of the label in the graphical interface (no



			modification for batch mode) (§5.3 and §5.4) • Additionnal information about log files (§5.6)	
1.4	S. Brégent, M. Fichaut	20/02/2019	 Add procedure to launch octopus behind a proxy (§3.1,§ 3.2) Add a procedure to launch in batch mode, on a server without a graphical interface (§6) add option for check only in batch mode (§6) Modify Octopus requirements and installation 	

Table of contents

1.	Introduction	4
2.	Requirements	4
3.	Installation	4
	3.1. Launch on windows	4
	3.2. Launch on Linux	5
4.	Get started	5
	4.1. Settings	5
	4.1.1. Menu Edit/settings	5
	4.1.2. Menu Edit/Coupling table	6
	4.2. Features	7
5.	Use of OCTOPUS in interactive mode	8
	5.1. Open input file or directory	8
	5.2. Check input file(s)	8
	5.3. Split to mono station files	9
	5.4. Select the output file or directory	9
	5.5. Select the LOCAL CDI ID(s) for ODV file(s)	9
	5.6. OCTOPUS log file	10
6	Use of OCTOPUS in batch mode	11



1. Introduction

Octopus is a multi-formats checker, converter and splitter tool. It replaces the following software: med2medSDN, Change_vocab_V1toV2, MedSDN2CFPoint, OdvSDN2CFPoint, offering a unique and ergonomic tool.

- OCTOPUS checks the compliance of a file to the SeaDataNet ODV, netCDF and MedAtlas standard formats.
- OCTOPUS converts files in a given SeaDataNet format to another SeaDataNet format (e.g.: ODV to netCDF, netCDF to ODV, MedAtlas to NetCDF, MedAtlas to ODV)
- OCTOPUS has also additional functions such as:
 - o Split a multi-station SeaDataNet file into mono-station SeaDataNet files
 - Extract station(s) from SeaDataNet files
 - Convert MGD v81 and v98 to SeaDataNet ODV files

Octopus can be used in interactive mode or in batch mode.

2. Requirements

Octopus is written in Java.

Octopus is available in 2 versions:

- a "classic" version, without Java. It requires java 1.8.0_131 or greater (but lower than 1.9) already installed in the system .
- a "standalone" version, with Java 1.8.0_201 bundled into it (located in the `octopus/jre` directory).

This version doesn't require Java. Octopus is available for multiple platforms: Windows, windows 64, Linux, Linux 64.

Languages: French, English

3. Installation

Download the Octopus software from SeaDataNet web site, under Standards & Software:

http://www.seadatanet.org/Standards-Software

Simply choose the version according to your system (Linux/Windows, 32 / 64 bits), and your Java configuration ("classic", "standalone").

Copy the zip file on your computer and unzip it.

The change log is available in octopus menu help> about

3.1. Launch on windows

To launch Octopus, click on octopus.exe in the octopus directory.

If your internet connection has a proxy server, please use the following procedure:

1. In the octopus installation directory (containing the octopus.jar file): create a file named octopus.bat



2. in this file, write the following line:

[directory\]java -D http.proxyHost=xx.xx.xx.xx -D http.proxyPort=yy -jar octopus.jar

where

- `xx.xx.xx.xx` = your proxy IP address
- 'yy' = your proxy port
- `[directory\]` is the optional `java.exe` location, depending on your Java installation.

For example, in the "standalone" version, the directory is `.\jre\bin\`. If ou already have Java installed, no directory is needed.

3. launch Octopus using this octopus.bat file (double click) instead of the octopus.exe file.

3.2. Launch on Linux

To launch Octopus, click on octopus.sh in the octopus directory, or launch it from a terminal:

cd octopus

./octopus.sh

If your internet connection has a proxy server, please use the following procedure:

- 1. In the octopus installation directory (containing the octopus.jar file): create a file named octopus_proxy.sh
- 2. in this file, write the following line:

[directory/]java –D http.proxyHost=xx.xx.xx.xx –D http.proxyPort=yy -jar octopus.jar

where

- `xx.xx.xx.xx` = your proxy IP address
- `yy` = your proxy port
- `[directory/]` is the optional `java` binary location, depending on your Java installation.

For example, in the "standalone" version, the directory is `.\jre\bin\`. If ou already have Java installed, no directory is needed.

3. launch Octopus using this octopus_proxy.sh file (double click)

4. Get started

4.1. Settings

4.1.1. Menu Edit/settings

This item is used to configure OCTOPUS for your own utilization.

You can:

Choose your language.



- Choose your default input and output directories. The browse button will automatically open these directories.
- Choose your EDMO code (used to convert MGD files and non SDN MedAtlas file to SDN files).
- Ask Octopus to fill the local coupling table, by checking "Use coupling table" and choosing the coupling prefix (path prefix that will NOT be written in the coupling files path).
- Update external lists (EDMO codes and BODC NERC Vocabularies).

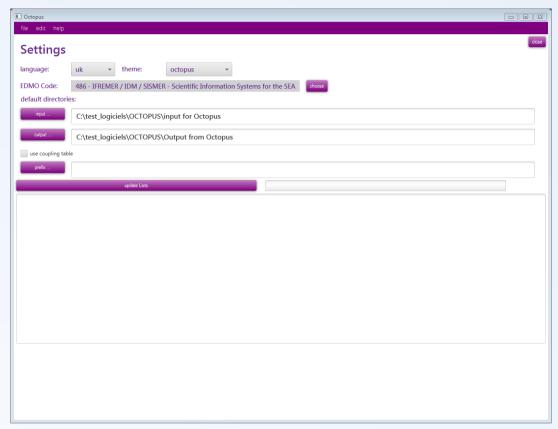


Figure 1 – OCTOPUS settings windows

4.1.2. Menu Edit/Coupling table

The "Coupling Table" menu of OCTOPUS allows basic management of the content of the coupling table used by the SeaDataNet download manager to retrieve the LOCAL_CDI_IDs requested by a user downloading.

4.1.2.1. Export

This export function generates a coupling file that will be used by SeaDataNet Download Manager for retrieving stations in the files.

The coupling file used by SeaDataNet download manager is unique and called "coupling.txt". This file must not contain duplicates (the coupling file ID is LOCAl_CDI_ID + format) It's up to OCTOPUS user to create only one file called "coupling.txt" for SeaDataNet purpose by using the coupling table facilities.

The format of this coupling file is the following:

LOCAL_CDI_ID;Modus;Format;File_name

The export function will replace the previous coupling file if the name of the export file is the same.



4.1.2.2. Delete all

The delete all button is used to empty the coupling table. All records will be deleted. The table should be first exported if the user wants to keep the information in a flat file.

4.2. Features

Available conversions/splits are listed in Table 1

Table 1 - Possible conversions using OCTOPUS

input→ output ↓	Med non SDN	Med SDN	ODV	netCDF- CFPoint	MGDv81	MGDv98
MedSDN	✓	✓	X	X	X	X
ODV	√	✓	√	✓	√	√
netCDF - CFPoint	√	✓	√	✓	X	X

Input can be a file, or a directory containing several files (all files using the same format, no sub-directory).

Automatic format updates:

- For all conversion/split cases, Octopus will automatically add SDN CDI references.
- For conversion/split from MedAtlas (SDN or non SDN) to MedAtlas SDN, existing SDN CSR and SHIP (NVS2CON) references will be added to output file(s).
- For conversion/split from MedAtlas non SDN to MedAtlas SDN, SDN mapping lines will be added to output file(s).
- For all conversion/split cases, Octopus will automatically check the BODC vocabularies terms. Octopus will automatically replace deprecated term, and display an error if term does not exists or is deprecated and has no "ReplacedBy" attribute.



5. Use of OCTOPUS in interactive mode

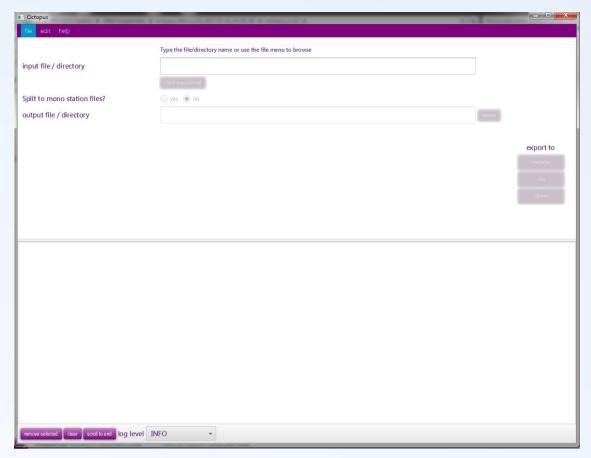


Figure 2 – Main screen of OCTOPUS

5.1. Open input file or directory

This step allows to select the file(s) to be converted/split.

OCTOPUS is able to process one file or one directory containing files at the same format.

WARNING: MGD81 and MGD98 are not the same format. They must be gathered in separated directories.

There are two possible ways to open a file:

- Menu file/open file
- Write or paste the input path in the input file/directory then TAB or ENTER

There are two possible ways to open a directory:

- Menu file/open directory
- Write or paste the input path in the input file/directory then TAB or ENTER

5.2. Check input file(s)

Once the file of directory has been chosen, it is possible to check the format of the file(s) by clicking on the "Check the input format" button. In the case of a directory, all files are supposed to be at the same



format (it is not possible to check a directory containing MedAtlas and ODV files, or netCDF-CFPoint and ODV files, for example).

Only SeaDataNet ODV, MedAtlas and netCDF-CFPoint formats are checked in this version of OCTOPUS software.

5.3. Split to mono station files

This feature is not available for MGD files.

If the user clicks on Yes, the multi station input file will be split to n mono station files.

By default No is selected.

5.4. Select the output file or directory

Use the browse button, or write or paste the output path in the output file/directory.

If input is a file, and output type is multi, you have to input a filename.

Otherwise, set a directory name.

Note on output files names:

Except the case of one input file exported as a multi-stations file, Octopus will generate paths as described below.

		Split to mono station files	
		Yes (interactive mode) = No (interactive mode) =	
Split (batch mode) Keep (batc		Keep (batch mode)	
	File	output/LOCAI_CDI_ID.ext	output
Input type	Directory	output/inputFileName/ LOCAl_CDI_ID.ext	output/inputFileName.ext

where: - directories are in red, files are in green.

- Output is the path set in the output file/directory field
- inputFileName is the name of one input file in the input directory
- .ext is the extension of the filename: .txt for ODV, .nc for netCDF-CFPOINT and .<free text> for MedAtlas

5.5. Select the LOCAL CDI ID(s) for ODV file(s)

This field is available only for MGD input files or directories. MGD files do not have LOCAL CDI IDs. You have to specify it.

In case of an input file, write the LOCAL CDI ID in the field.

In case of an input directory, you will have to write a mapping file. Use the Browse button to select the mapping file path, or write or paste the output path in the field.

Write a mapping file:

The mapping file is a semi-colon separated file, with two columns: file name and LOCAL CDI ID

Example:

20002001ATE.mgd77;FI29_2002AT



5.6. OCTOPUS log file

While checking and/or converting OCTOPUS logs information, warnings and error in the lower part of the main window and in the log file *octopus.log* located under *[octopus install folder]/logs*.

In the main octopus log window: information are written in black, warnings are written in orange and Errors are written in red.

If the check/conversion is OK, a green message is also written in the window.

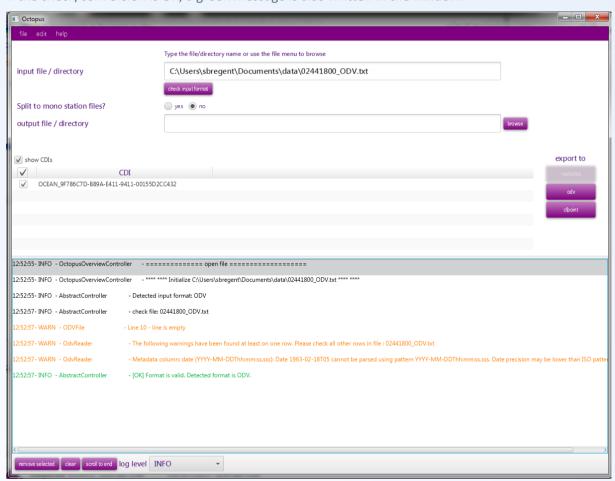


Figure 3 – Log information in OCTOPUS main screen

The max size of the log file is limited to 20 Mb. If the size exceed 20Mb, Octopus will create a zip file octopus-[YYYY-MM-DD]-[number].log.zip with this 20 Mb of information and open a new current octopus.log file.



6. Use of OCTOPUS in batch mode

Open a console and move to the Octopus installation directory (where the octopus.jar is)

Launch command: java -jar octopus.jar <options>

If you need to launch octopus on a server without a graphical interface (no graphical packages installed), use the command below:

java -cp octopus.jar fr.ifremer.octopus.controller.BatchController <options>

Usage:

Check a file or a directory

java -jar octopus.jar [-i <arg>] -check

Convert a file or a directory

java -jar octopus.jar [-c <arg>] [-f <arg>] [-i <arg>] [-l <arg>] [-o <arg>] [-t <arg>]

Argument	O/M	Comment
-check	Optional	check a file or a directory (no conversion)
-c <arg></arg>	Optional	list of LOCAL_CDI_IDs, eg <fi35aab, fi35aac="">, all CDIs are exported if this argument is omitted</fi35aab,>
-f <arg></arg>	Mandatory	output format: <medatlas>, <odv> or <cfpoint></cfpoint></odv></medatlas>
-i <arg></arg>	Mandatory	input path:
-l <arg></arg>	Mandatory if input is MGD	LOCAl_CDI_ID value if input is a file, mapping file if input is a directory (see §5.5)
-o <arg></arg>	Mandatory	output path (file or directory):
-t <arg></arg>	Mandatory except if input is MGD	output type: <split> or <keep></keep></split>

WARNING:

If the output path is a directory, **DO NOT WRITE** a slash or backslash at the end of the path:

- **-o** "/home/out/exportCFDirectory" is correct
- -o "/home/out/exportCFDirectory/" is incorrect

Examples:

- Export all stations from input MedAtlas files directory to mono-stations CFPoint files java -jar octopus.jar -i "/home/input/profileDir"-o "/home/out/exportCFDirectory"-f cfpoint -t split
 - Export CDI1 and CDI2 stations from input MedAtlas file to multi-stations ODV file
- java -jar octopus.jar -i "/home/input/profile.med"-o "/home/out/exportODV1and2.txt"-f odv -t keep
 -c CDI1,CDI2
 - Export MGD file to multi-stations ODV file using XXX as local CDI ID

java -jar octopus.jar -i "/home/input/mgd81.mgd77"-o "/home/out/exportODV1and2.txt"-f odv -l XXX



While checking and/or converting OCTOPUS logs information in the log file *octopus.log* located under [octopus_install_folder]/logs.

The max size of the log file is limited to 20 Mb. If the size exceed 20Mb, Octopus will create a zip file octopus-[YYYY-MM-DD]-[number].log.zip file with this 20 Mb of information and open a new octopus.log current log file.

