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1. mapping( base: List[string], target: List[string] ) -> List[str]:
2.     -----
3.     // assuming len(base) == n, len(target) == m
4.     // there are ((n choose 2) * (m choose 2) * 2) pairs
5.     possible_pairs = get_all_possible_pairs(base, target)
6.
7.     // here we going to store the entities that already mapped.
8.     // the value in index i in both lists will be the map between them.
9.     // it is clear that both must be in the same length.
10.    base_already_map, target_already_map = [], []
11.
12.    while len(base_already_map) < min(len(base), len(target)):
13.        // updating the possible pairs according to the entities that already mapped
14.        // the idea is to not break the entities that already mapped.
15.        update_possible_pairs(possible_pairs, base_already_map, target_already_map)
16.
17.        // we want the pair with the best score.
18.        // the meaning of pair is for example: earth→electrons AND sun→nucleus.
19.        res = get_best_pair_mapping(possible_pairs)
20.
21.        if res["score"] > 0:
22.            // updating the already mapped lists.
23.            // res["base"][0] → res["target"][0], res["base"][1] → res["target"][1]
24.            update_list(base_already_map, res["base"])
25.            update_list(target_already_map, res["target"])
26.        else:
27.            // no map found at all.
28.            break
29.    -----
30.    return [f"{b} → {t}" for b, t in zip(base_already_map, target_already_map)]

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31. get_best_pair( pairs: List[List[Tuple[string]]] ) -> List[Tuple[string]]:
32.    mapping = []
33.    -----
34.    for pair in pairs:
35.        // pair is something like: [(earth, sun), (electrons, nucleus)]
36.        base_edge, target_edge = pair
37.        mapping.append(pair, get_score(base_edge, target_edge))
38.    -----
39.    return sorted(mapping, key=lambda x: [1], reverse=True)[0]

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