

WCF Tips and Tricks

[a selection] from the field

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thinktecture and Christian Weyer

- Support & consulting for Windows and .NET software developers and architects
 - Developer coaching and mentoring
 - Architecture consulting and prototyping
 - Architecture and code reviews
 - Application optimization, troubleshooting, debugging
- Focus on distributed applications, service orientation, workflows, cloud computing, interoperability, security, end-to-end solutions
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For starters: **Super-duper TIP**

- WCF is not just Web Services !
- WCF is not always about SOA !
- WCF does not stand for
 - Web Services Consumption Foundation
 - Windows Cool-SOA Foundation
- It is the
Windows **Communication Foundation** !



Agenda – Dealing with...

- Consuming
- Hosting
- Bindings
- Quotas & throttles
- Metadata/WSDL
- Performance & throughput
- Large data
- Tracing

Problems →

Solutions/Tips →

Samples

Not covered, some...

- Contract modelling
- REST
- Security
- Asynchronous processing
- Fault handling
- Deep extensibility
- WF integration
- NATs & firewalls
- ... *and surely more ...*

Consuming – Problems

- Do I always need to create a proxy class from WSDL/MEX?
- How can I make consuming services more robust?
- Is there a way to improve performance when calling services?
- How can I call in-process 'services' and WCF services in the same way?

Consuming – Solutions I

- For non-interop no need to use *svcutil.exe* or 'Add Service Reference'
 - shared contracts approach works good in WCF-to-WCF scenarios
 - **ChannelFactory<T>** and **DuplexChannelFactory<T>** are powerful means
 - use custom interface extending service contract & **IClientChannel**
- Avoid **using** statement when dealing with proxies (**CommunicationObject**-derived objects)
 - can still throw at end of using block, e.g. for network errors
 - explicit exception handling; can be dealt with e.g. in extension method



Consuming – Solutions II

- Try to cache proxy or **ChannelFactory** in high-throughput applications
 - creating them can mean significant overhead
 - ASP.NET client applications should not create **ChannelFactory** on each page call
- Abstract away channel/proxy creation details with **Activator.CreateInstance** & **ChannelFactory<T>**
 - Service Agent pattern
 - for local and remote services
 - no WCF-isms available, like sessions etc.
 - WCF 4.0 will offer in-process, intra-AppDomain channel

Consuming – Samples

```
interface IMyContractChannel : IMyContract,  
    System.ServiceModel.IClientChannel {}
```

Client side

```
ChannelFactory<IMyContractChannel> cf =  
    new ChannelFactory<IMyContractChannel>(binding, address);  
IMyContractChannel client = cf.CreateChannel();
```

```
client.DoIt(...);  
client.Close();
```

Client side

```
try  
{  
    ...    client.Close();  
}  
catch (CommunicationException e)  
{  
    ...    client.Abort();  
}  
catch (TimeoutException e)  
{  
    ...    client.Abort();  
}  
catch (Exception e)  
{  
    ...    client.Abort();  
    throw;  
}
```

Client side

```
IMyContractChannel channel =  
    ChannelFactoryManager<IMyContractChannel>  
        .GetChannel("BasicHttpBinding");
```

Client side



Hosting - Problems

- Which host to use?
IIS/WAS or a self-host?
- How do I inject logic in IIS/WAS hosting?

Hosting – Solutions

- Use IIS/WAS for robust, highly scalable services
 - beware of the process & AppDomain lifecycle features
 - when using non-HTTP (TCP, Named Pipes, MSMQ) with WAS hosting AppDomain recycling still comes into your way
- Use self-hosting in Windows Service to have full control and light-weight hosting environment
- Custom **ServiceHost** & **ServiceHostFactory** implementations to provide custom initialization code
 - hook up factory in `.svc` file for IIS/WAS



Hosting – Samples

```
class MyServiceHost : System.ServiceModel.ServiceHost
{
    public MyServiceHost(Type serviceType,
        params Uri[] baseAddresses)
        : base(serviceType, baseAddresses)
    {
        ...
    }

    protected override void ApplyConfiguration()
    {
        ...
    }
}
```

Custom ServiceHost

```
class MyServiceHostFactory :
    System.ServiceModel.Activation.ServiceHostFactory
{
    protected override ServiceHost CreateServiceHost(
        Type serviceType, Uri[] baseAddresses)
    {
        return new MyServiceHost(serviceType, baseAddresses);
    }
}
```

Custom ServiceHostFactory

```
<%@ ServiceHost Language="C#" Debug="true"
    Service="MediaService"
    Factory="MyServiceHostFactory" %>
```

.svc file



Bindings - Problems

- My WCF service is slow, what is happening?
- I want to use HTTP but not necessarily angle brackets (aka ,XML')
- How can I choose from the best communication options?

Bindings – Solutions I

- Beware of using the wrong bindings
 - e.g. Visual Studio WCF wizards use **WsHttpBinding** (heavy with message security & session-based)
 - only use features you really need
- Think about the real need for session-bound channels/bindings
 - sessions change the game of fault and error handling
 - use sessions when you need session semantics in your service
- But: sessions *can* give performance improvements
 - e.g. security token hand-shake happens only once with *SecureConversation*

Bindings – Solutions II

- Custom bindings will save your day
 - e.g. binary over HTTP often a good trade-off for WCF-to-WCF communication scenarios
 - build custom binding in config or code
- Create user-defined binding for easier re-usage
 - bake common custom binding setups into re-usable code and config implementations
- Use a custom encoder for providing encoding-level tweaks & optimizations
 - e.g. enhanced text encoder in SDK or FastInfoSet encoder from 3rd party

Bindings - Samples

```
<extensions>
  <bindingExtensions>
    <add name="netHttpBinding"
        type="NetHttpBindingCollectionElement,
            Thinktecture.ServiceModel, Version=..." />
  </bindingExtensions>
</extensions>
<bindings>
  <netHttpBinding>
    <binding name="unsecureNetHttp" securityMode="None" />
  </netHttpBinding>

  <customBinding>
    <binding name="binaryHttp">
      <binaryMessageEncoding />
      <httpTransport />
    </binding>
  </customBinding>
</bindings>
```

app/web.config

```
public class NetHttpBinding :
    System.ServiceModel.Channels.Binding,
    ISecurityCapabilities
{
    HttpTransportBindingElement httpTransport;
    HttpsTransportBindingElement httpsTransport;
    BinaryMessageEncodingBindingElement binaryEncoding;
    NetHttpSecurityMode securityMode;

    ...
}
```

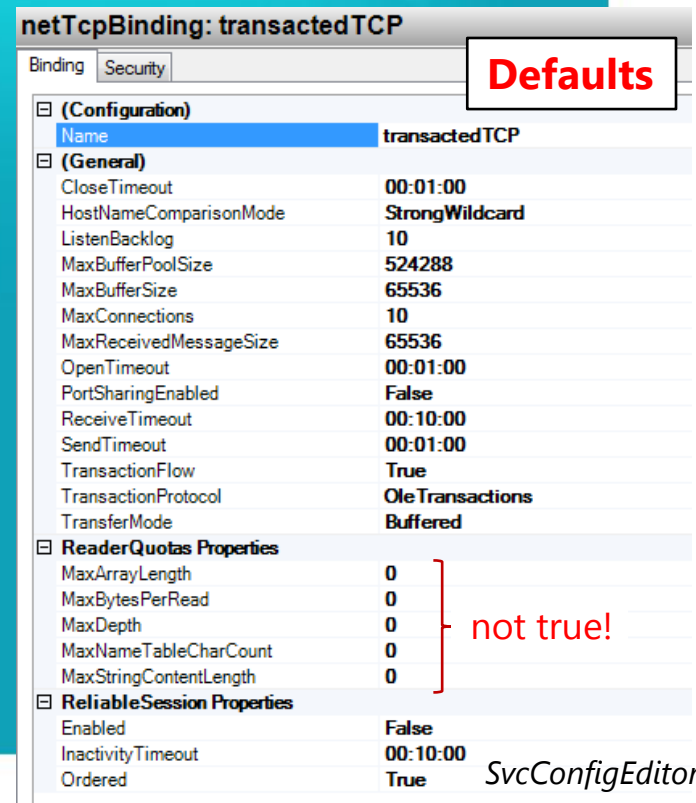
User-defined binding

Quotas & Throttles - Problems

- Beyond *Hello World*, all my services and consumers fail with strange exceptions
- My services do not perform the way they are supposed to
- How can I teach WCF to be less 'conservative' in Intranet environments?

Quotas & Throttles - Solutions

- Bindings
 - adjust buffers, connection limits, timeouts
- Behaviors
 - configure throttling service behavior
- Serializers
- check maximum items in object graph value
- Custom **ChannelFactory** and **ServiceHost** can automate all this
 - e.g. through profiles



Quotas & Throttles - Samples

```
<bindings>
  <webHttpBinding>
    <binding name="rawStreamingWeb" transferMode="StreamedResponse">
      <readerQuotas maxArrayLength="999999999"/>
    </binding>
  </webHttpBinding>

  <customBinding>
    <binding name="httpStreaming" sendTimeout="Infinite">
      <binaryMessageEncoding />
      <httpTransport transferMode="Streamed" />
    </binding>
  </customBinding>
</bindings>
```

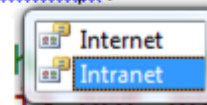
app/web.config

```
<behaviors>
  <serviceBehaviors>
    <behavior name="MyServiceBehavior">
      <serviceThrottling
        maxConcurrentCalls="1500"
        maxConcurrentInstances="1500"
        maxConcurrentSessions="1500" />
    </behavior>
  </serviceBehaviors>
</behaviors>
```

app/web.config

```
ChannelFactory<IGlobalTestService> cf =
  new ChannelFactory<IGlobalTestService>(
    "IGlobalTestService_BasicHttpBinding", Profile.);
```

Consuming code



WSDL & Metadata - Problems

- Some non-WCF consumers cannot understand the WSDL WCF produces
- My WSDL contains the wrong host name
- I cannot use multiple IIS web site bindings with my WCF services

WSDL & Metadata – Solutions I

- Use custom extension to flatten WSDL into one file
 - need to use same namespace values for **ServiceContract**, **ServiceBehavior**, **BindingNamespace**
 - eliminates **wsdl:import** and **xsd:import**
- Register host headers in IIS to reflect names into WSDL
 - for HTTP and HTTPS
- Specify different URIs for listening and exposing in WSDL

<endpoint

```
address="https://www.tt.com/TheUriIWantInWSDL"  
listenUri="http://localhost/  
TheActualUriServiceListensToOnThisBox" ...>
```

- Consider exposing a static WSDL which documents your published interface version

WSDL & Metadata – Solutions II

- Multiple IIS site bindings result in multiple base addresses
 - WCF only supports a single base address in this scenario
 - fix yourself in .NET 3.0 with custom **ServiceHostFactory**
- .NET 3.5 supports **<baseAddressPrefixFilters>**
 - pass-through filter which provides a mechanism to pick the appropriate IIS bindings

WSDL & Metadata - Samples

```
<%@ ServiceHost Language= "C#" Service="ProductCatalog"
    Factory="Thinktecture.ServiceModel.Activation.FlatWsdServiceHostFactory"
%>
```

.svc file

app/web config

```
<serviceHostingEnvironment>
  <baseAddressPrefixFilters>
    <add prefix="http://thinktecture.de/" />
    <add prefix="http://thinktecture.com/" />
  </baseAddressPrefixFilters>
</serviceHostingEnvironment>
```

applicationHost.config (IIS7)

```
<bindings>
  <binding protocol="http"
    bindingInformation="*:80:www.thinktecture.com" />
  <binding protocol="https"
    bindingInformation="*:443:www.thinktecture.com" />
</bindings>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
- <wsdl:definitions name="ProductCatalog" targetNamespace="http://www.thinktecture.com/samples"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
  xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:wsam="http://www.w3.org/2006/02/wsam"
  xmlns:tns="http://www.thinktecture.com/samples/services/productcatalog"
  xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing" xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/txs"
  xmlns:wsap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/policy" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:msc="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ws/2005/12/wsdl/contract" xmlns:wsaw="http://www.w3.org/2006/02/wsaw"
  xmlns:soap12="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap12/" xmlns:wsa10="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
  xmlns:wsx="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/mex">
- <wsdl:types>
  - <xs:schema attributeFormDefault="qualified" elementFormDefault="qualified"
    targetNamespace="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2003/10/Serialization/" xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:tns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2003/10/Serialization/">
    <xs:element name="anyType" nillable="true" type="xs:anyType" />
    <xs:element name="anyURI" nillable="true" type="xs:anyURI" />
    <xs:element name="base64Binary" nillable="true" type="xs:base64Binary" />
    <xs:element name="boolean" nillable="true" type="xs:boolean" />
    <xs:element name="byte" nillable="true" type="xs:byte" />
    <xs:element name="dateTime" nillable="true" type="xs:dateTime" />
    <xs:element name="decimal" nillable="true" type="xs:decimal" />
    <xs:element name="double" nillable="true" type="xs:double" />
    <xs:element name="float" nillable="true" type="xs:float" />
    <xs:element name="int" nillable="true" type="xs:int" />
    <xs:element name="long" nillable="true" type="xs:long" />
    <xs:element name="QName" nillable="true" type="xs:QName" />
    <xs:element name="short" nillable="true" type="xs:short" />
    <xs:element name="string" nillable="true" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:element name="unsignedByte" nillable="true" type="xs:unsignedByte" />
    <xs:element name="unsignedInt" nillable="true" type="xs:unsignedInt" />
    <xs:element name="unsignedLong" nillable="true" type="xs:unsignedLong" />
    <xs:element name="unsignedShort" nillable="true" type="xs:unsignedShort" />
    <xs:element name="char" nillable="true" type="tns:char" />
  - <xs:simpleType name="char">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:int" />
  </xs:simpleType>
```



Large Data - Problems

- My service eats a lot of memory and chokes the CPU when sending/receiving large data
- Bigger messages are making my communication really slow
- I have arbitrary, non-structured data to transfer

Large Data – Solutions I

- WCF supports MTOM for encoding binary data
 - MTOM especially useful for interop
- Chunking channels available as SDK & community samples
 - enables sending chunks of data instead of one single piece
 - transparently works with different transports as a binding element

Large Data – Solutions II

- Consider using streaming for transferring arbitrary data
 - requires certain contract shape
 - **Stream**
 - **Message**
 - **Stream** as single body in **MessageContract**
 - works over any transport besides MSMQ
 - works with transport and mixed-mode security
 - still watch out for quotas
 - powerful with web programming model

Large Data - Samples

```
[ServiceContract]
public interface IVideoPlayer
{
    [OperationContract]
    [WebGet(UriTemplate = "videos/{videoID}")]
    [WebContentType(MimeType = "video/x-ms-wmv")]
    Stream Play(string videoID);
}
```

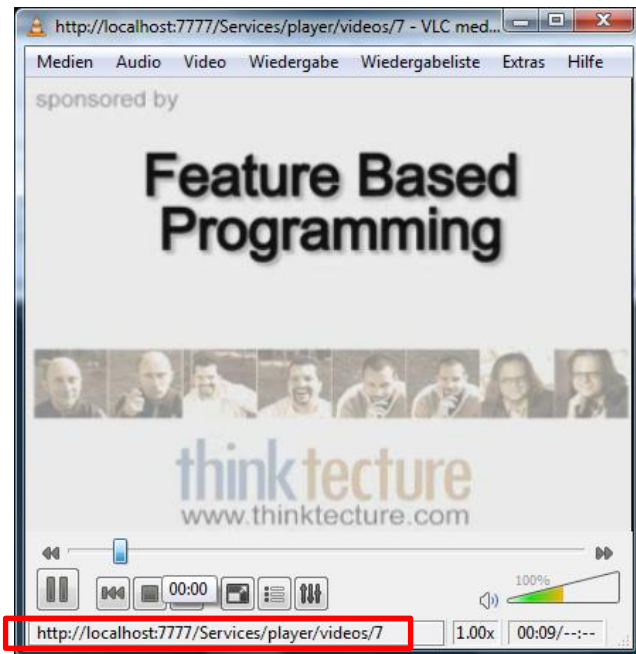
Service contract

Host

```
WebServiceHost webHost = new WebServiceHost(
    typeof(VideoPlayerService));

WebHttpBinding binding = new WebHttpBinding();
binding.TransferMode = TransferMode.Streamed;

webHost.AddServiceEndpoint(
    typeof(IVideoPlayer),
    binding,
    "http://localhost:7777/Services/player");
```



Client

Performance/Throughput - Problems

- Somehow my entire WCF-based application is ,slow'
- Hosting my WCF service in IIS seems not to perform well under high load
- I cannot seem to get a high throughput when clients talk to my service via HTTP
- All that data is being transferred again and again, it makes my system slow

Performance/Throughput – Solutions

- Configuring throttling can heal a lot (look there!)
- .NET 3.5 SP1 provides asynchronous HTTP module & handler for hosting WCF in IIS for better behavior
- Client-side HTTP communication is limited to 2 concurrent connections to a server
 - configurable through **System.Net**
- Cache, cache, cache!
 - try to use caching intensively (but wisely) to save unnecessary round-trips

Performance/Throughput - Samples

```
<system.net>
  <connectionManagement>
    <add address="*" maxconnection="20"/>
  </connectionManagement>
</system.net>
```

app/web.config

```
public List<Episode> ListEpisodes()
{
    IDataCache cache = DataCacheFactory.CreateInstance();
    List<Episode> episodes =
        cache.Get<List<Episode>>(CacheConstants.AllEpisodes);

    if (episodes == null)
    {
        var episodeList = mediaLogic.ListAllEpisodes();
        episodes = EpisodeDataMapper.MapAllEpisodes(episodeList);

        cache.Add(CacheConstants.AllEpisodes, episodes);
    }

    return episodes;
}
```

E.g. service facade

```
public interface IDataCache
{
    void Add(string key, object cacheItem);
    TCacheItem Get<TCacheItem>(string key);
    void Remove(string key);
}
```

Caching lib

Performance/Throughput – Cache Solution

- Cache should be abstracted from actual cache product/implementation
- Generic interface with different implementations
 - local, in-proc cache
 - distributed cache
- ASP.NET's web cache can also be used outside of ASP.NET
- Distributed caches necessary for farm and scale-out scenarios
 - Memcached
 - SharedCache
 - Velocity'

```
...  
<configSections>  
  <section name="caching"  
    type="Thinktecture.Caching.Configuration.  
      CacheConfiguration, CachingConfiguration" />  
</configSections>  
  
<!-- dataCache="DataCache, WebDataCache" -->  
<!-- dataCache="DataCache, SharedCacheDataCache" -->  
<caching  
  enabled="true"  
  dataCache="DataCache, SharedCacheDataCache"  
  defaultAbsoluteExpiration="2">  
  <expirations>  
    <operationExpiration  
      operation="ListEpisodes"  
      expiration="10"/>  
    </operationExpiration>  
  </expirations>  
</caching>  
...
```

Special Case: **Tracing**

- Use it! It can save your... 😊
- If things go wrong and you have no clue why: trace!
- But do not overuse it when in production
 - wrong usage can mean severe overhead
- Configured via config file
 - can be manipulated via code, but only through WMI
- Did I already say tracing can save your ...?

Tracing - Sample

```
<system.diagnostics>
  <sources>
    <source name="System.ServiceModel" switchValue="Warning"
      propagateActivity="true">
      <listeners>
        <add type="System.Diagnostics.DefaultTraceListener"
          name="Default" />
        <add name="ServiceModelTraceListener" />
      </listeners>
    </source>
  </sources>

  <sharedListeners>
    <add initializeData="MyService_Trace.svclog"
      type="System.Diagnostics.XmlWriterTraceListener, ..."
      name="ServiceModelTraceListener"
      traceOutputOptions="Timestamp" />
  </sharedListeners>

  <trace autoflush="true" />
</system.diagnostics>
```

app/web.config

PS script

```
$ms = get-wmiobject -class "AppDomainInfo"
      -namespace "root\servicemodel" -computename "." |
      where {$_.Name -eq "MyWCFHost.exe"}
$ms.TraceLevel = "Warning, ActivityTracing"
$ms.Put()
```

```
<system.serviceModel>
  <diagnostics wmiProviderEnabled="true"/>
  ...

```

app/web.config

Resources

- Avoiding problems with the using statement
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa355056.aspx>
- Custom encoders
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms751486.aspx>
 - <http://blogs.msdn.com/drnick/archive/2006/05/16/598420.aspx>
- Tracing
 - <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms732023.aspx>
 - <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa751795.aspx>
 - <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms733025.aspx>
 - <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa751917.aspx>

Resources

- Setting up IIS SSL host headers
 - <http://www.microsoft.com/technet/prodtechnol/WindowsServer2003/Library/IIS/596b9108-b1a7-494d-885d-f8941b07554c.mspx>
 - <http://blogs.iis.net/thomad/archive/2008/01/25/ssl-certificates-on-sites-with-host-headers.aspx>
- baseAddressPrefixFilter
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb924492.aspx>
- Chunking channel
 - <http://code.msdn.microsoft.com/WCFResources/Release/ProjectReleases.aspx?ReleaseId=1546>



Resources

- Asynchronous WCF HTTP Module/Handler for IIS7 for Better Server Scalability
 - <http://blogs.msdn.com/wenlong/archive/2008/08/13/orcas-sp1-improvement-asynchronous-wcf-http-module-handler-for-iis7-for-better-server-scalability.aspx>
- WCF bindings & more
 - <http://www.noemax.com>

Resources

- We have code solutions for some WCF problems, for free of course
 - Thinktecture.ServiceModel
- → Email Christian Weyer
 - christian.weyer@thinktecture.com
- Weblog Christian Weyer
 - <http://blogs.thinktecture.com/cweyer>
- thinktecture
 - <http://www.thinktecture.com>

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