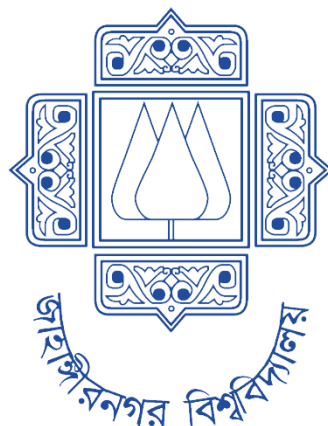


# Institute of Information Technology (IIT) Jahangirnagar University



## Lab Report: 05

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Roll No: 2023

Lab Date: 08/08/2023

Submission Date: 18/08/2023

## Lab Report # Day 05

### Example 1:

Apply logistic regression techniques to predict CHD based on the provided features in the attached Dataset. (Given framingham.csv)

#### Import Libraries & Read CSV File:

##### Code:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import math
%matplotlib inline

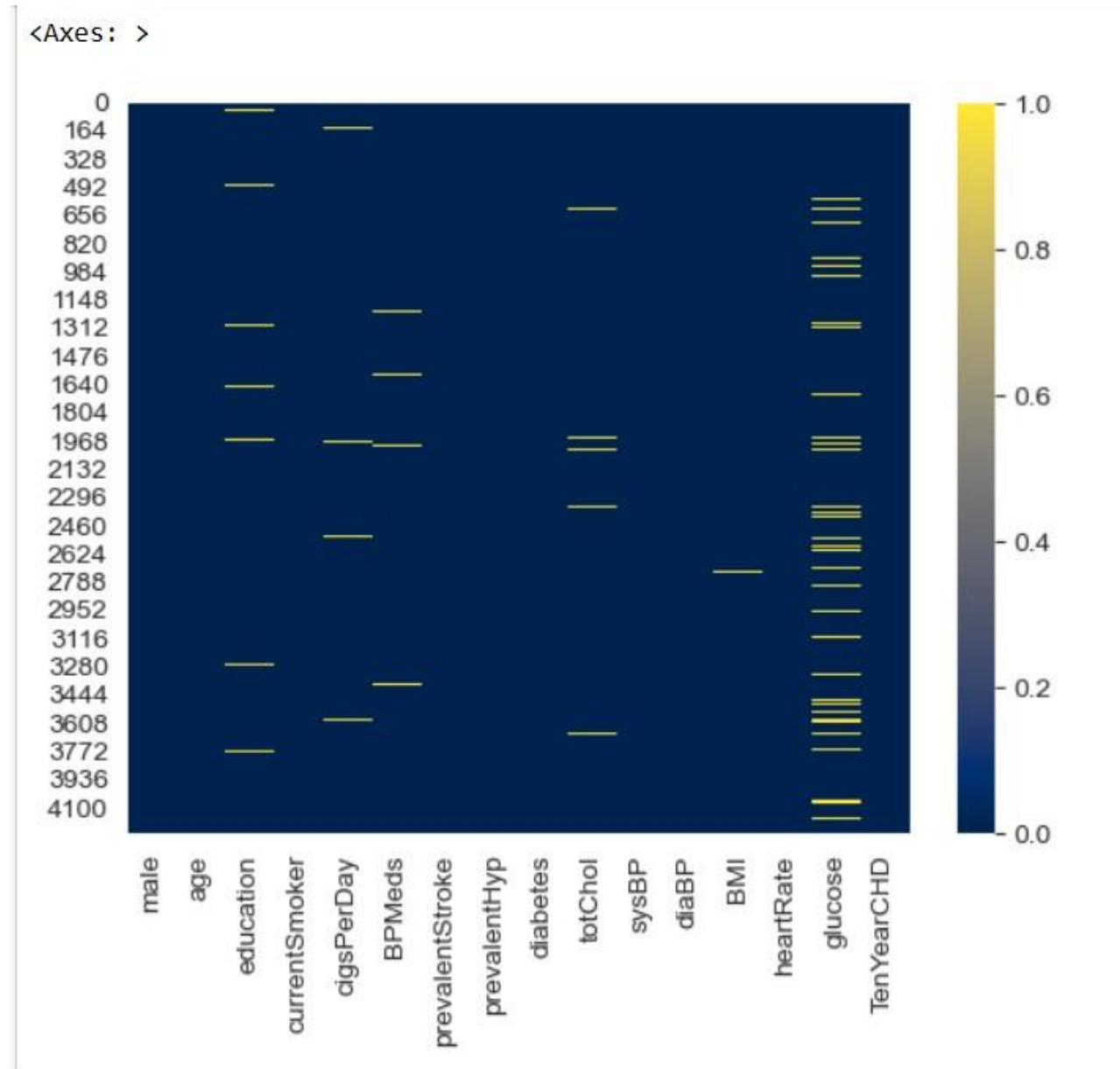
data=pd.read_csv("framingham.csv")
data.head()
```

##### Output:

	male	age	education	currentSmoker	cigsPerDay	BPMeds	prevalentStroke	prevalentHyp	diabetes	totChol	sysBP	diaBP	BMI	heartRate	glucose	TenYr
0	1	39	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	195.0	106.0	70.0	26.97	80.0	77.0	
1	0	46	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	250.0	121.0	81.0	28.73	95.0	76.0	
2	1	48	1.0	1	20.0	0.0	0	0	0	245.0	127.5	80.0	25.34	75.0	70.0	
3	0	61	3.0	1	30.0	0.0	0	1	0	225.0	150.0	95.0	28.58	65.0	103.0	
4	0	46	3.0	1	23.0	0.0	0	0	0	285.0	130.0	84.0	23.10	85.0	85.0	

**Code:**

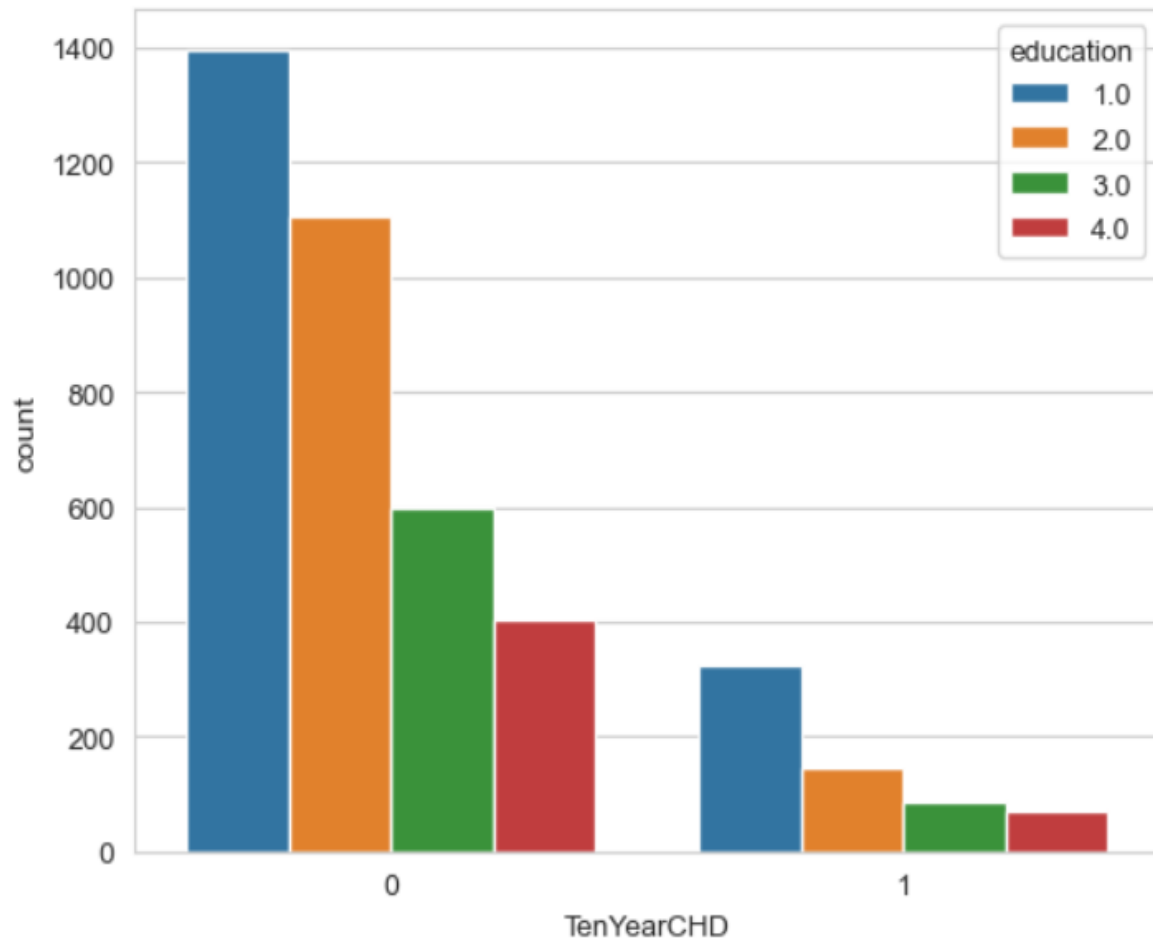
```
sns.heatmap(data.isnull(),cmap='cividis')
```

**Output:**

```
sns.countplot(x='TenYearCHD',hue='education',data=data)
```

**Output:**

<Axes: xlabel='TenYearCHD', ylabel='count'>

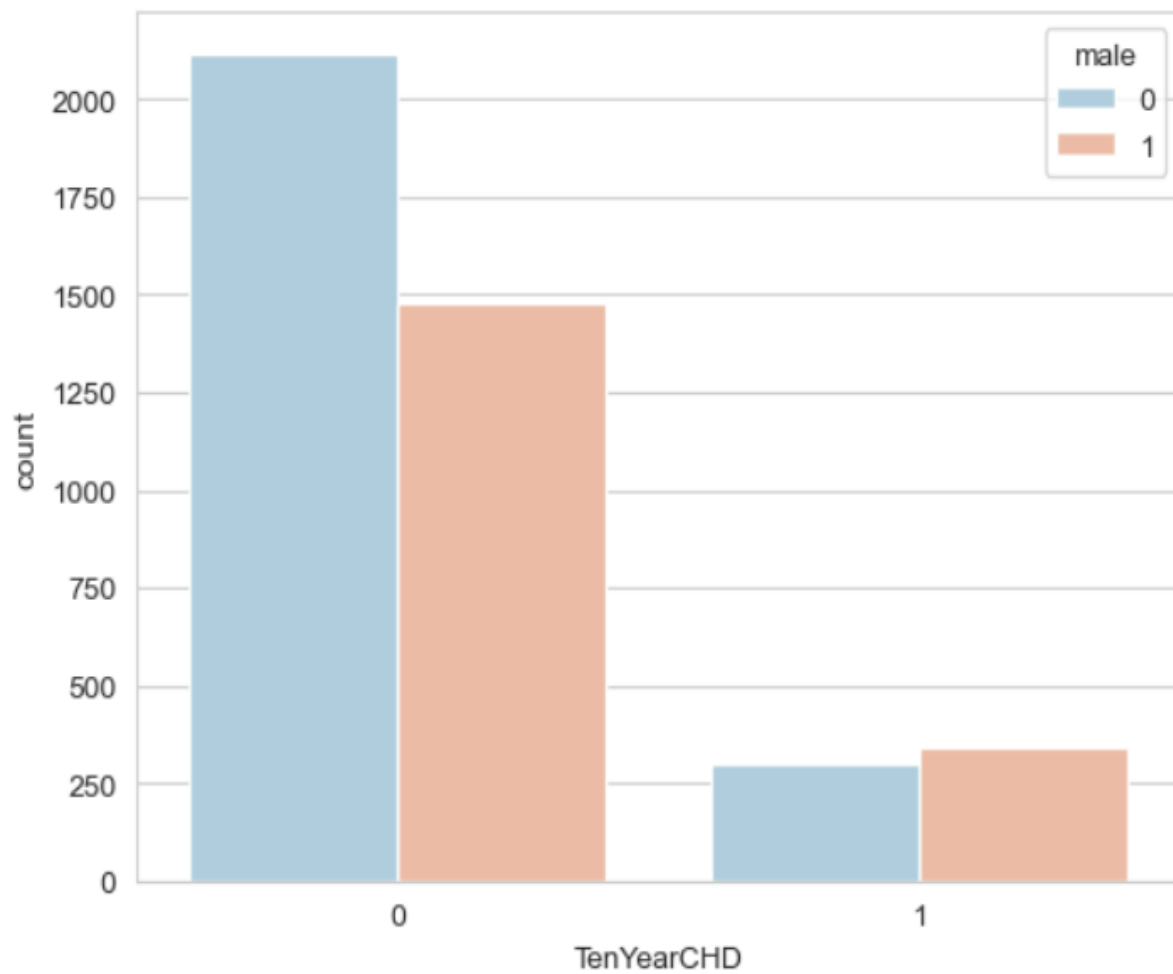


**Code:**

```
sns.countplot(x='TenYearCHD',hue='male',data=data,palette='RdBu_r')
```

**Output:**

```
<Axes: xlabel='TenYearCHD', ylabel='count'>
```

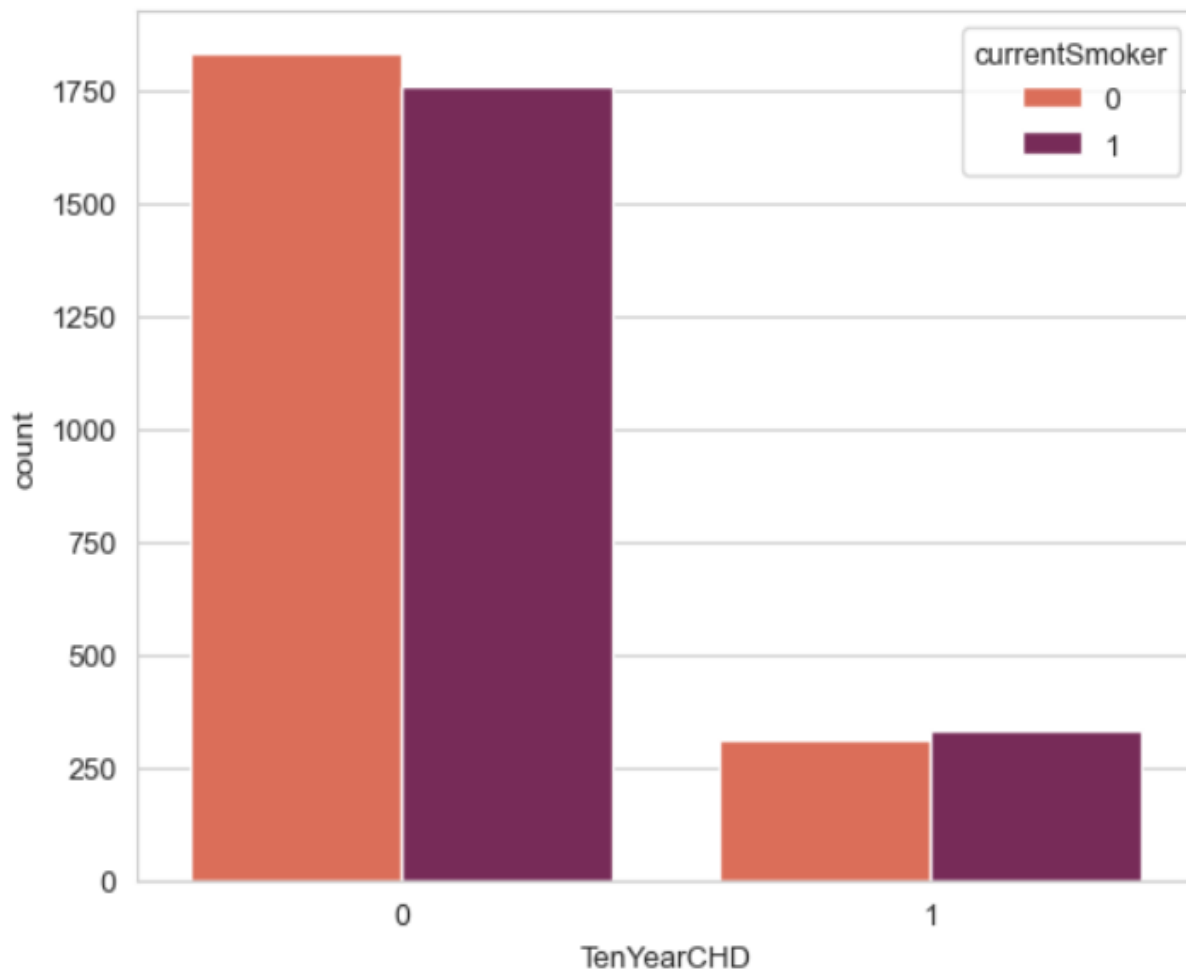


**Code:**

```
sns.countplot(x='TenYearCHD',hue='currentSmoker',data=data,palette='rocket_r')
```

**Output:**

<Axes: xlabel='TenYearCHD', ylabel='count'>

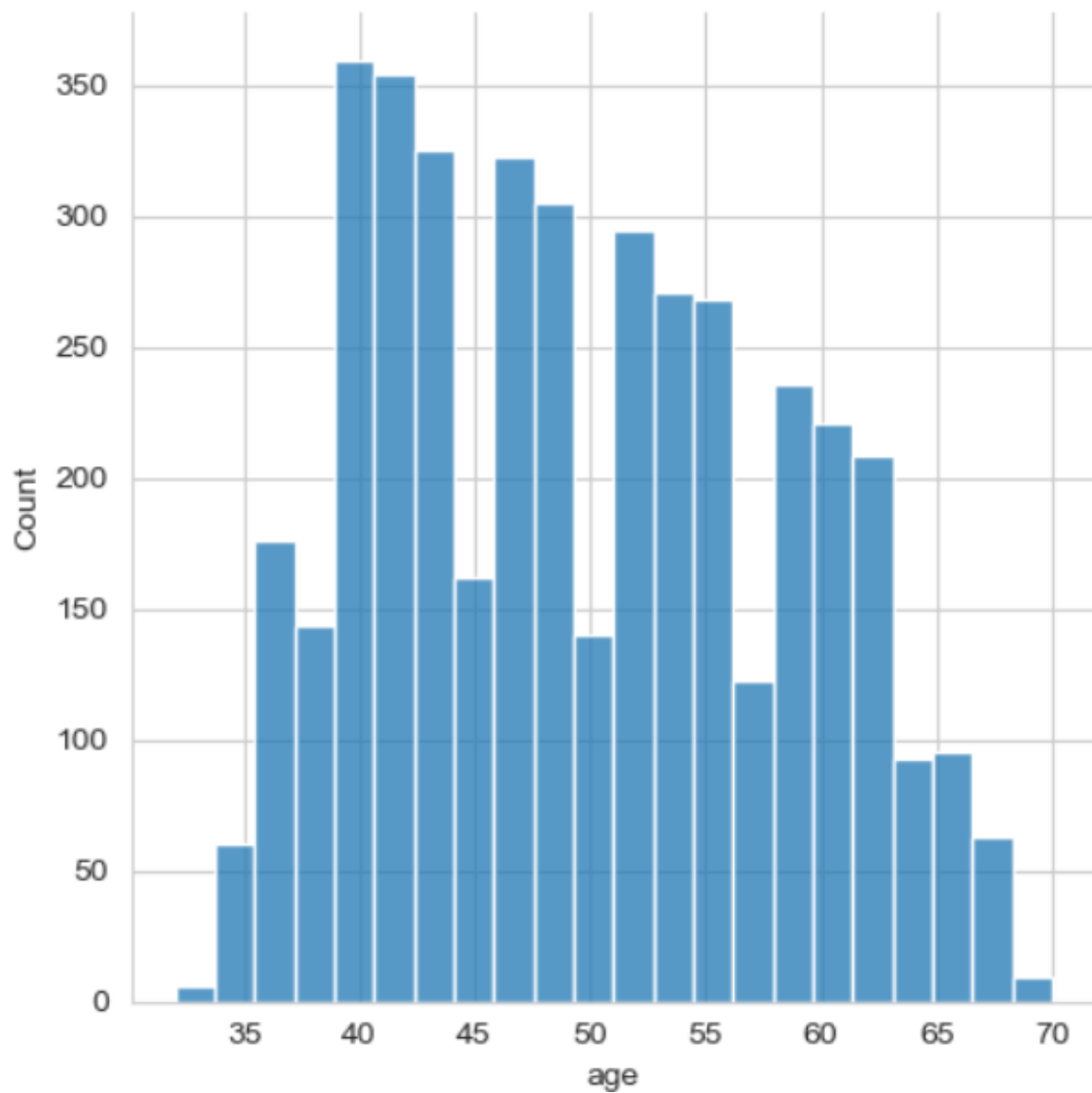


**Code:**

```
sns.displot(data['age'])
```

**Output:**

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1e50a08aad0>
```



**Code:****#Function**

```
def fill_with_Data(cols):  
    coloum=cols.keys()[0]  
    female=cols[0]  
    male=cols[1]  
  
    if pd.isnull(female):  
        if male==1:  
            return math.ceil(data[data['male']==1][coloum].mean())  
        elif male==0:  
            return math.ceil(data[data['male']==0][coloum].mean())  
  
    else:  
        return female
```

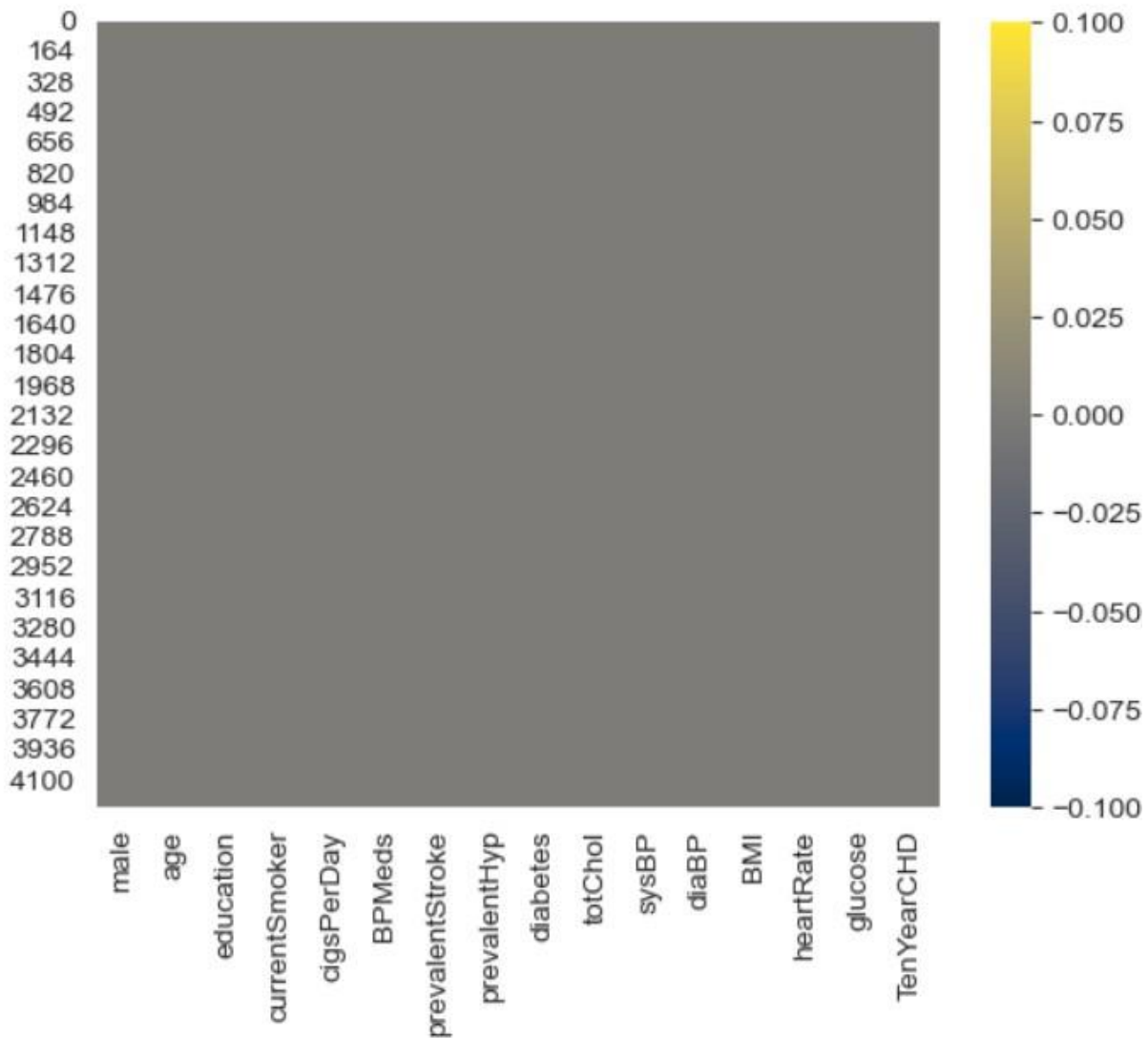
**#Clean Null Values**

```
data['education'] = data[['education','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['cigsPerDay']=data[['cigsPerDay','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['BPMeds']=data[['BPMeds','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['totChol']=data[['totChol','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['BMI']=data[['BMI','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['heartRate']=data[['heartRate','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
data['glucose']=data[['glucose','male']].apply(fill_with_Data,axis=1)  
  
sns.heatmap(data.isnull(),cmap='cividis')
```



## Output:

<Axes: >



## Building a Logistic Regression Model:

### Code:

```
# Train Test Split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(data.drop('TenYearCHD',axis=1),
data['TenYearCHD'], test_size=0.3, random_state=101)
```

**#Training**

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
lrmodel=LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs',max_iter=1000)
lrmodel.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

**Output:**

```
▼ LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000)
```

**Code:**

```
#Predicting
predictions=lrmodel.predict(x_test)
predictions
```

**Output:**

```
array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

**Evaluation:****Code:**

```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
```

**Output:**

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.87	0.99	0.92	1097
1	0.44	0.06	0.11	175
accuracy			0.86	1272
macro avg	0.65	0.53	0.52	1272
weighted avg	0.81	0.86	0.81	1272