Assignment #3

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```
trees = read.csv('http://dmcglinn.github.io/quant_methods/data/treedata_subset.csv')
head(trees)
##
           plotID spcode
                                species cover elev
                                                         tci streamdist
## 1 ATBN-01-0403 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri 1 1660 5.701460
                                                                  490.9
## 2 ATBN-01-0532 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri
                                           8 1712 3.823586
                                                                  454.0
## 3 ATBN-01-0533 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri
                                          3 1722 3.893762
                                                                  453.4
## 4 ATBN-01-0536 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri 3 1754 3.145527
## 5 FRID-01-0003 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri 5 1570 11.850000
                                                                  492.5
                                                                    0.0
## 6 PITT-01-0045 ABIEFRA Abies fraseri 2 1504 4.373741
                                                                  237.1
   disturb
                beers
## 1 CORPLOG 0.2244286
## 2 VIRGIN 0.8340878
## 3 LT-SEL 1.3332586
## 4 SETTLE 1.4712484
## 5 LT-SEL 0.4961189
## 6 VIRGIN 1.6558421
acer = subset(trees, subset= species == 'Acer rubrum',
              select = c('cover', 'tci', 'elev', 'beers', 'streamdist',
                         'disturb'))
abies = subset(trees, subset= species == 'Abies fraseri', select = c('cover', 'tci', 'elev', 'beers', '
mod_gen = lm(cover ~ . , data = acer)
mod_spe = lm(cover ~ . , data = abies)
library(car)
Anova(mod_gen, type=3)
## Anova Table (Type III tests)
## Response: cover
                Sum Sq Df F value
                        1 193.5096 < 2.2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 765.43
## tci
                12.58
                             3.1805 0.074947 .
                        1
## elev
                40.44 1 10.2233 0.001448 **
## beers
                35.61 1 9.0034 0.002789 **
## streamdist
                29.09 1
                             7.3531 0.006856 **
                  9.45
                         3
                             0.7962 0.496166
## disturb
## Residuals 2828.21 715
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Anova(mod_spe, type=3)

```
## Anova Table (Type III tests)
##
## Response: cover
             Sum Sq Df F value
                                Pr(>F)
## (Intercept) 59.401 1 23.1710 2.652e-05 ***
## tci
             5.667 1 2.2105
                                0.1458
            61.618 1 24.0358 2.022e-05 ***
## elev
             0.014 1 0.0056
## beers
                                0.9406
## streamdist 1.636 1 0.6382
                                0.4296
## disturb 10.089 3 1.3118
                                0.2855
## Residuals 92.289 36
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
summary(mod_gen)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cover ~ ., data = acer)
## Residuals:
     Min
              1Q Median
                            30
                                   Max
## -4.7073 -1.2446 0.3409 1.3575 5.2732
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 6.3502303 0.4564973 13.911 < 2e-16 ***
## tci
              -0.0627613 0.0351922 -1.783 0.07495 .
## elev
               ## beers
               ## streamdist
            0.0012895 0.0004756
                                   2.712 0.00686 **
## disturbLT-SEL 0.0829610 0.2166747 0.383 0.70192
## disturbSETTLE -0.1044556 0.2804213 -0.372 0.70963
## disturbVIRGIN 0.3088364 0.2518161 1.226 0.22044
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.989 on 715 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04493,
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.03558
## F-statistic: 4.805 on 7 and 715 DF, p-value: 2.669e-05
summary(mod_spe)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cover ~ ., data = abies)
## Residuals:
              1Q Median
##
      Min
                            3Q
                                   Max
## -3.4630 -0.6472 0.0788 1.0872 3.8017
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
```

```
## (Intercept)
               -20.561173
                           4.271449 -4.814 2.65e-05 ***
## tci
                 0.287641
                           0.193467
                                      1.487
                                              0.1458
                            0.002523
## elev
                 0.012370
                                     4.903 2.02e-05 ***
                 0.037551
                            0.500269
                                     0.075
                                              0.9406
## beers
## streamdist
                -0.001266
                            0.001585 -0.799
                                              0.4296
## disturbLT-SEL 2.188367
                            2.097905
                                     1.043
                                             0.3038
## disturbSETTLE
                1.527604
                                     0.652
                                             0.5183
                            2.341471
## disturbVIRGIN
                                     1.743 0.0899 .
                3.025596
                            1.735921
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.601 on 36 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5824, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5011
## F-statistic: 7.171 on 7 and 36 DF, p-value: 2.215e-05
```

For each predictor variable, the Anova and summary p values are the same, although the Anova gives up to six decimal points and the summary value gives up to five.

Model comments: The exploratory model for mod_gen (Acer rubrum) doesn't seem to explain cover very well. Although three variables (elev, beers, streamdist) were flagged as significant according to the p value, there is an adjusted R-squared value of only 0.04. Therefore, the model does not fit the data that well, although p-values are low.

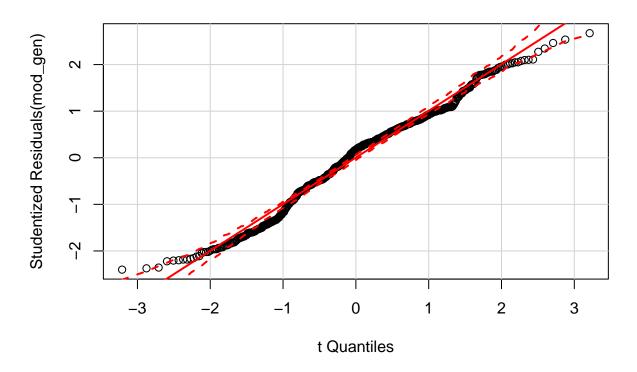
For mod_spe (Abies fraseri), cover is explained a little better by one significant variable (elev) with p values less than 0.0001. Also, the adjusted R-squared for mod_spe is 0.5, which isn't great, but it's better than mod_gen.

Variance can be explained for Abies fraseri better than for Acer rubrum, due to a maxium Anova F value of 24 for Abies fraseri compared to maximum Anova F value of 10 for Acer rubrum.

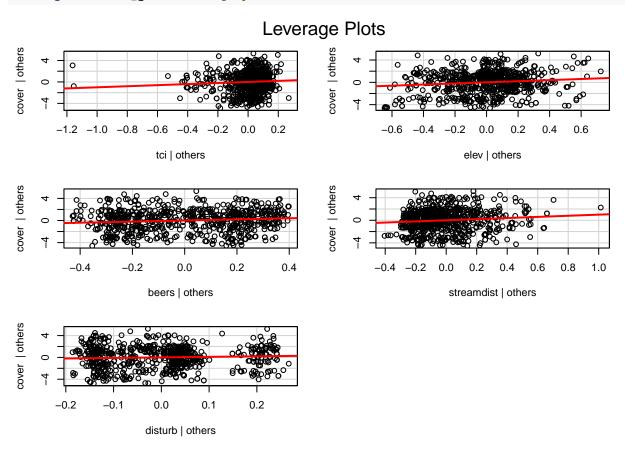
Diagnostic plots...(help taken from http://www.statmethods.net/stats/rdiagnostics.html for diagnostic ideas)

```
qqPlot(mod_gen, main="QQ Plot") #qq plot for studentized resid
```

QQ Plot



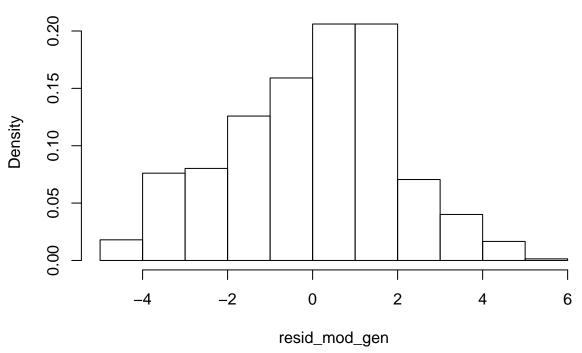
leveragePlots(mod_gen)# leverage plots



#The QQ plot shows that the variance for mod_gen is homogenous on either side of the mean. However on leverage plot "cover vs. tci" there are two outliers that pull distribution down on the left.

```
resid_mod_gen = residuals(mod_gen)
hist(resid_mod_gen, freq=FALSE, main = "Distribution of Residuals")
```

Distribution of Residuals



#This piece of code did not go through due to "variable lengths differ", however, plots were generated when code was executed...

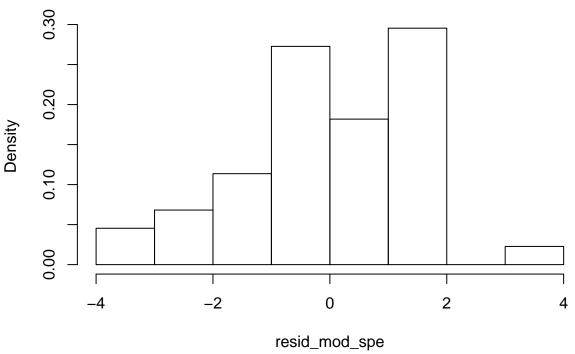
 $qqPlot(mod_spe, main = "QQ Plot") #qq plot for studentized resid$

leveragePlots(mod_spe) #leverage plots

This histogram shows that the residual errors for mod_gen are normally distributed for the most part, although there is a little bit of right skewing.

```
resid_mod_spe = residuals(mod_spe)
hist(resid_mod_spe, freq=FALSE, main = "Distribution of Residuals")
```

Distribution of Residuals



#This histogram shows that the data for Abies fraseri might not be normally distributed, violating an OLS assumption.

GLM Poisson models

```
acer = subset(trees, subset= species == 'Acer rubrum',
              select = c('cover', 'tci', 'elev', 'beers', 'streamdist',
                         'disturb'))
abies = subset(trees, subset= species == 'Abies fraseri', select = c('cover', 'tci', 'elev', 'beers', '
glm_gen = glm(cover ~ . , data = acer, family = 'poisson')
glm_spe = glm(cover ~ . , data = abies, family = 'poisson')
library(car)
Anova(glm_gen, type=3)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III tests)
##
## Response: cover
##
              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## tci
                2.5877 1
                            0.107699
## elev
                7.7744 1
                            0.005299 **
## beers
                6.9611 1
                            0.008330 **
                5.4866 1
                            0.019163 *
## streamdist
## disturb
                1.9033 3
                            0.592714
## ---
```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
Anova(glm_spe, type=3)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III tests)
##
## Response: cover
             LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
              1.1830 1 0.2767545
## tci
## elev
             11.3450 1 0.0007565 ***
              0.0155 1 0.9008297
## beers
## streamdist 0.3059 1 0.5802166
              3.3953 3 0.3346007
## disturb
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
summary(glm_gen)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = cover ~ ., family = "poisson", data = acer)
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -2.4282 -0.5903
                     0.1391
                             0.5786
                                      2.1038
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 1.873e+00 1.023e-01 18.315 < 2e-16 ***
## tci
               -1.297e-02 8.159e-03 -1.589 0.11202
## elev
                -1.961e-04 7.047e-05 -2.783 0.00538 **
## beers
               -6.391e-02 2.423e-02 -2.638 0.00834 **
## streamdist
                 2.428e-04 1.030e-04
                                      2.357 0.01843 *
## disturbLT-SEL 1.840e-02 4.880e-02
                                      0.377 0.70619
## disturbSETTLE -1.739e-02 6.253e-02 -0.278 0.78099
## disturbVIRGIN 6.311e-02 5.638e-02 1.119 0.26293
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
      Null deviance: 649.34 on 722 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 623.38 on 715 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 3101.8
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
summary(glm_spe)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = cover ~ ., family = "poisson", data = abies)
##
```

```
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
           10
                      Median
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.47931 -0.35524
                     0.08027
                              0.36453
                                       1.69535
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -4.1157009 1.5505526 -2.654 0.00795 **
                                   1.085 0.27785
                0.0568868 0.0524222
## tci
                                   3.224 0.00126 **
## elev
                0.0023508 0.0007292
               ## beers
## streamdist
              -0.0002186 0.0003969 -0.551 0.58176
## disturbLT-SEL 1.2440008 1.0827736
                                   1.149 0.25060
                                   0.897 0.36996
## disturbSETTLE 1.0440232 1.1644892
## disturbVIRGIN 1.4002993 1.0171140 1.377 0.16859
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 41.274 on 43 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 16.126 on 36 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 189.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Pseudo R2

[1] 0.60931

```
pseudo_r2 = function(glm_gen) {
    1 - glm_gen$deviance / glm_gen$null.deviance
}
pseudo_r2(glm_gen)

## [1] 0.03997917

pseudo_r2 = function(glm_spe) {
    1-glm_spe$deviance/glm_spe$null.deviance
}
pseudo_r2(glm_spe)
```

The pseudo r2 value for the generalist model was only 0.04, which is a pretty bad fit for the data. However, the psuedo r2 for the specialist model was 0.61, which is much better.

Compare residual sums of squares

```
anova(mod_gen, glm_gen)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Model 1: cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
## Model 2: cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
## Res.Df
              RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 715 2828.21
## 2
       715 623.38 0
                        2204.8
anova(mod_spe, glm_spe)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
## Model 2: cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 36 92.289
## 2
     36 16.126 0
                     76.164
```

In both the generalist and specialist models, the glm Poisson distribution resulted in a much lower residual sum of squares. For the Acer rubrum species, the RSS was over four times greater in the ols model, and in the Abies fraseri species, the RSS was over twice as high in ols.

Summary of results: For the generalist species Acer rubrum, none of the explanitory variables seem to have a strong effect on cover. However, for the specialist species Abies fraseri, elevation could have a slight correlation to tree cover.

function step()

```
step(mod_gen)
```

```
## Start: AIC=1002.17
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
##
             Df Sum of Sq RSS
            3 9.449 2837.7 998.58
## - disturb
## <none>
                          2828.2 1002.17
## - tci 1 12.581 2840.8 1003.37
## - streamdist 1 29.085 2857.3 1007.56
## - beers 1 35.613 2863.8 1009.21
## - elev
             1 40.439 2868.7 1010.43
##
## Step: AIC=998.58
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist
##
##
              Df Sum of Sq RSS
## <none>
                          2837.7 998.58
## - tci
                 14.370 2852.0 1000.23
             1
## - streamdist 1 31.491 2869.2 1004.56
## - beers 1 35.515 2873.2 1005.57
             1 45.778 2883.4 1008.15
## - elev
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist, data = acer)
## Coefficients:
               tci
## (Intercept)
                                elev
                                         beers streamdist
## 6.3218898 -0.0668631 -0.0008868 -0.3204370 0.0013256
step(mod_spe)
## Start: AIC=48.59
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
##
              Df Sum of Sq
                           RSS
            1 0.014 92.304 46.599
## - beers
## - disturb
             3 10.089 102.379 47.157
## - streamdist 1 1.636 93.926 47.366
## <none>
                           92.289 48.593
## - tci 1 5.667 97.956 49.215
## - elev
             1 61.618 153.908 69.095
##
## Step: AIC=46.6
## cover ~ tci + elev + streamdist + disturb
             Df Sum of Sq
                            RSS AIC
## - streamdist 1 1.665 93.969 45.386
## - disturb 3 10.679 102.983 45.417
## <none>
                          92.304 46.599
## - tci 1 6.745 99.049 47.703
## - elev 1 64.662 156.966 67.961
##
```

Step: AIC=45.39

```
## cover ~ tci + elev + disturb
##
##
          Df Sum of Sq
                        RSS AIC
## - disturb 3 12.021 105.990 44.683
## <none>
                       93.969 45.386
## - tci 1 6.807 100.776 46.463
## - elev
          1 78.687 172.656 70.153
##
## Step: AIC=44.68
## cover ~ tci + elev
    Df Sum of Sq RSS
##
                            AIC
## <none> 105.99 44.683
## - tci 1 9.239 115.23 46.360
## - elev 1 114.046 220.04 74.822
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cover ~ tci + elev, data = abies)
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)
                 tci
                               elev
                0.30454
## -18.78984
                           0.01262
step(glm_gen)
## Start: AIC=3101.77
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
##
            Df Deviance
                          AIC
## - disturb 3 625.28 3097.7
## <none>
                623.38 3101.8
          1 625.97 3102.4
## - tci
## - streamdist 1 628.87 3105.2
## - beers 1 630.34 3106.7
## - elev
             1 631.16 3107.5
##
## Step: AIC=3097.67
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist
##
##
            Df Deviance AIC
                625.28 3097.7
## <none>
         1 628.24 3098.6
## - tci
## - streamdist 1 631.22 3101.6
## - beers 1 632.24 3102.6
## - elev
             1 634.11 3104.5
## Call: glm(formula = cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist, family = "poisson",
##
   data = acer)
##
## Coefficients:
                   tci elev beers streamdist
## (Intercept)
```

```
1.8700348 -0.0138226 -0.0001719 -0.0626543 0.0002500
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 722 Total (i.e. Null); 718 Residual
## Null Deviance: 649.3
## Residual Deviance: 625.3 AIC: 3098
step(glm_spe)
## Start: AIC=189.3
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist + disturb
##
             Df Deviance AIC
##
            3 19.521 186.70
## - disturb
## - beers
             1 16.141 187.32
## - streamdist 1 16.431 187.61
## - tci 1 17.308 188.49
## <none>
                  16.125 189.30
## - elev 1 27.471 198.65
##
## Step: AIC=186.7
## cover ~ tci + elev + beers + streamdist
##
##
              Df Deviance
                         AIC
             1 19.533 184.71
## - beers
## - streamdist 1 20.014 185.19
## - tci 1 21.459 186.64
                  19.521 186.70
## <none>
## - elev
             1 35.334 200.51
##
## Step: AIC=184.71
## cover ~ tci + elev + streamdist
##
##
            Df Deviance
## - streamdist 1 20.055 183.23
## <none>
                  19.533 184.71
## - tci
             1 21.731 184.91
## - elev
             1 37.364 200.54
##
## Step: AIC=183.23
## cover ~ tci + elev
##
        Df Deviance AIC
## <none>
            20.055 183.23
## - tci 1 22.180 183.36
## - elev 1 41.120 202.30
## Call: glm(formula = cover ~ tci + elev, family = "poisson", data = abies)
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)
                   tci
                                elev
   -3.137624 0.065410 0.002469
##
```

##

```
## Degrees of Freedom: 43 Total (i.e. Null); 41 Residual
```

Null Deviance: 41.27

Residual Deviance: 20.06 AIC: 183.2

According to AIC values, of which I think lower is better, step() has chosen only tci and elev to be model predictors with the lowest AIC for the Abies fraseri (mod_spe and glm_spe) models.