

Table A12 – continued...

Rudolph (2019)	UK	Referendum (Brexit)	2016	Electoral district-level turnout linked to weather stations. OLS regression including controls for a few district-level aggregated SES and vote share of UKIP.	-0.59** percentage points per centimeter.
Garcia-Rodriguez & Redmond (2020)	Ireland	Parliament (lower house)	1989-2016	Constituency-level turnout linked to weather stations in county. Linear model with fixed effect for year. Rainfall weighted by constituency population. OLS interaction model with fixed effects (clustered standard error by constituency). Range of SES used as controls.	-0.51** percentage points per centimeter.
Lind (2020)	Norway	Municipal	1972-2010	Municipality-level turnout linked to weather stations in municipality. Linear model with aggregated municipality SES controls, spatiotemporal trends, and average September rainfall control. Fixed effects for municipality and year. OLS with fixed effects and clustered standard error by municipality, region, and year.	0.00339*** percentage points per centimeter.
<i>The present study</i>	Denmark	Municipal	2013-2017	Individual-level registry-based validated turnout. Pooled and two-way fixed effects panel design plus some additional controls. OLS with fixed effects and cluster-robust standard errors.	-0.95* percentage points per centimeter.

Notes: All effect sizes are expressed in centimeters. \* $p < 0.1$ ; \*\* $p < 0.05$ ; \*\*\* $p < 0.01$ .