Practice Exam Scientific Programming 2

Name:	

- This is a digital exam. The exam consists of 4 assignments in which you have to write a short python program.
- You will be making this exam in the online editor that is linked on the course website.
- Use one file for all solutions called sp1_exam_practice.py. This file is already opened in the online exam editor.
- This is a open-book exam, meaning you can use the course website as a recource. Keep in mind that:
 - you're not allowed to use any other webpage,
 - you're not allowed to use any existing code you've written before this exam,
 - and you cannot get any help with programming during the exam.
- You're only evaluated based on the *correctness* of your solutions, code design is not important. So, **you don't** have to worry about comments or style guides.
- You're not allowed to use numpy, csv or any other external Python module.
- When you're done, go to the teacher with your student card or ID to mark your work as done before leaving the exam venue.

1 After is

Write a Python function called after_is(text) that takes a text string as input and returns keeps track which word directly follows the word 'is' or 'was'. The function returns a dictionary where the keys are the words that directly occur after 'is' or 'was' and the values count how often they occur in that position..

The function should consider words case-insensitively and should ignore common punctuation marks such as commas, periods, parentheses, exclamation marks, and question marks. You can use the following tokenize() function to convert the text to a list of words:

```
def tokenize(text):
    return [word.strip(" ,\n.);(!?)'").lower() for word in text.split(' ')]

Example usage:

    text = """It was a place where up is down, and down is up; where nothing is quite what it seems. Why is a raven like a writing desk?
    """
    print(after_is(text))

Expected output:
    {'a': 2, 'down': 1, 'up': 1}
```

2 Translations

Imagine we have two python dictionaries for translations. For instance an English-French and a French-Spanish dictionary. Write a function combine_dicts(dict1, dict2), that combines them to create an English-Spanish dictionary.

Example usage:

3 Ingrid Bergman

The file films.csv contains data of over a 1000 films from before the 2000s. In this exercise, you will use films.csv to answer a question about the data. The contents of the file look as follows:

```
Year;Length;Title;Subject;Actor;Actress;Director;Popularity;Awards

1990;111.0;Tie Me Up! Tie Me Down!;Comedy;Banderas, Antonio;Abril, Victoria;Almodvar, Pedro;68.0;No

1991;113.0;High Heels;Comedy;Bos, Miguel;Abril, Victoria;Almodvar, Pedro;68.0;No

1983;104.0;Dead Zone, The;Horror;Walken, Christopher;Adams, Brooke;Cronenberg, David;79.0;No

...

1987;103.0;Heat;Mystery;Reynolds, Burt;Young, Karen;Jameson, Jerry;69.0;No

1947;87.0;Night Is My Future;Drama;Malmsten, Birger;Zetterling, Mai;Bergman, Ingmar;17.0;No

1990;92.0;Witches, The;Science Fiction;Fisher, Jasen;Zetterling, Mai;Roeg, Nicolas;18.0;No
```

The films have no particular order, and for each film the file contains the following information:

- 1. Year: the year in which the film was released
- 2. Length: the duration of the film in minutes
- 3. Title: the title of the film
- 4. Subject: the genre of the film
- 5. Actor: the name of the main actor in the movie
- 6. Actress: the name of the main actress in the movie
- 7. Director: the name of the director of the movie
- 8. Popularity: the popularity of the movie on a scale from 0 to 100
- 9. Awards: whether the movie has gotten an award (Yes/No)

The columns with names always only contain one name.

Write a function most_frequent_actress(filename) that finds the actress that has the most appearances in this data file. Have the function also return a list of all the movies the actress appears in. Using pandas for this assignment is optional.

Example usage:

```
actress, movies = most_frequent_actress('films.csv')
print(actress)
print(movies)
```

Expected output:

```
Bergman, Ingrid
['Count of Old Town, The', 'Autumn Sonata', 'Gaslight', 'Indiscreet', 'Walpurgis Night',
'Joan of Arc', 'A Woman Called Golda', 'A Walk in the Spring Rain', 'Under Capricorn',
'Notorious', 'June Night', 'Goodbye Again', 'Anastasia', "Bells of St. Mary's, The",
'Intermezzo', "A Woman's Face", 'Swedenhielms', 'Only One Night', 'Dollar', 'Elena & Her Men',
'Europa Fifty-One', 'Voyage in Italy', 'Fear', 'Stromboli', 'Cactus Flower']
```