COMS/SE 319: Software Construction and User Interface Spring 2019

LAB Activity 5 – Setting up Web Server & MySQL on VM

Contents

- Login/ssh to 319 server
- Start http service
- Host an HTML file to server (using terminal and FileZilla)

Task 1: Web Server Setup

Connecting to 319 Server

- We will connect to the server using ssh (Secure Shell is a cryptographic network protocol for operating network services)
- Use the command in terminal (mac and linux). If you are using Windows use GIT Bash terminal
- Command: ssh netid@cs319-###.misc.iastate.edu
- E.g., ssh abc@cs319-###.misc.iastate.edu
- password will be the net-id password

Note: you can find your VM No. (###) inside the provided Spring19_319 Students-VMs List

Apache http server

• Start the http service by following command

\$ sudo service httpd start

• You can check that the service is running by:

\$ sudo service httpd status

• If you want you can stop the service by:

\$ sudo service httpd stop

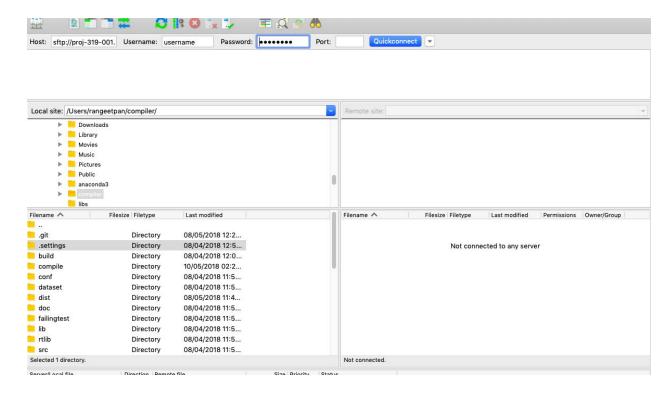
- The configuration file for the http server is httpd conf. All the configurations like port number, Document Root and Access Controls will be in this file.
- Apache Httpd Config directory: /etc/httpd/conf

Create a Webpage

• Create a demo webpage and save it as index.html

Transfer Webpage

- You can use Filezilla, FTP/SFTP file transfer GUI tool to copy your webpage to the server.
- Host: sftp://server-address
- Username: Net ID
- Password: Net ID-password
- Port is not needed
- Drag and drop the index.html from your local machine to the "/var/www/html" directory of the server (You can copy "/var/www/html" and paste it in Remote site path).



Navigate to the Address

• Type the address (http://server-address) in browser and navigate to the webpage.



Opening Apache port

- If the above method does not work, you might need to open the server port. Use the following two commands for opening the port.
- Port 80 is open to be accessible from web browser. You can do that by:
 - \$ sudo firewall-cmd --add-port 80/tcp --permanent
- You need to reload the setting by using:
 - \$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload

Setting up MySQL on VM

Contents

- How to create SSH into your VM?
- How to initiate SQLinstance?
- How to create new database?
- How to create new users for any host?
- How to grant permissions for an user?
- How to log into the sql instance using the new user.

SSH into your VM

- The host name for your VM is provided. you can find your VM No. (###) inside the provided list
- Open terminal.
- Command ssh netid@cs319-###.misc.iastate.edu
- Eg. ssh netid@cs319-001.misc.iastate.edu
- And enter your NetId Password.

```
🔸 🥚 🌕 🏠 rangeetpan — rangeet@proj-319-001:~ — ssh rangeet@proj-319-001.misc.ias...
Last login: Fri Oct 5 13:49:40 on ttys000
|rangeets-air:~ rangeetpan$ ssh rangeet@proj-319-001.misc.iastate.edu
[rangeet@proj-319-001.misc.iastate.edu's password:
Last login: Thu Oct 11 15:08:08 2018 from rangeets-air.student.iastate.edu
  These systems are designed to automatically update and restart on Monday
  mornings between 1:00 am and 6:00 am.
A few useful commands:
  isu_enable_gui
                    - Switches the VM to start and run in GUI mode.
  isu_disable_gui - Switches the VM to start and run in CLI mode (default).
  isu_mount_risa
                   - Mounts the Research IT Software Archive (https://researchi
t.las.iastate.edu/available-software).
  isu_mount_myfiles - Mounts my.files.iastate.edu for copying data in and out of
 the system.
     (Note: The isu_mount_* commands are not persistent. Whenever the VM is rebo
oted, the command must be run again.)
     (Note: For modules to work please first run isu_mount_risa)
[rangeet@proj-319-001 ~]$
```

Accessing MySQL on VMs

(If Apache server is running, stop it using "\$ sudo service httpd stop" command before accessing Mysql server.)

MySQl is already installed on the VMs.

- Just create an instance of Database.
- Also create tables if you want. (It's a better practice to create table using the server script) e.g. Use Hibernate or PHP to create tables.
- Commands **mysql –uroot –p**
- Password is: **Abundant space 421 points!**
- Note: This is the password for your VMs DB for COMS 319 Fall2018.

Accessing MySQL on VMs

```
🛑 🔵 👚 rangeetpan — rangeet@proj-319-001:~ — ssh rangeet@proj-319-001.misc.ias...
     (Note: For modules to work please first run isu_mount_risa)
[[rangeet@proj-319-001 ~]$ mysql -uroot -p
Enter password:
ERROR 1045 (28000): Access denied for user 'root'@'localhost' (using password: Y
[[rangeet@proj-319-001 ~]$ mysql -uroot -p
Enter password:
ERROR 1045 (28000): Access denied for user 'root'@'localhost' (using password: Y
[[rangeet@proj-319-001 ~]$ mysql -uroot -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 32
Server version: 8.0.12 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mvsal>
```

Useful DB Commands

- **Show Databases**; (This will show the list of DBs available and granted for that user. Note: There will be already some default DBs created by Mysql. Please create new one for your project.)
- Create DATABASE Db-name; (This will create a database with the given name.)
- Use db-name; (This will switch the database to the given Db-name. And you can start accessing the Tables under that db-name database.)

Create Database:

- A database can be thought of as a collection of related tables.
- One can create many databases in the SQL instance.
- Create a Database using the command **CREATE DATABASE your-dbname**;
- e.g. CREATE DATABASE MyProject;

```
🔸 🕒 👚 rangeetpan — rangeet@proj-319-001:~ — ssh rangeet@proj-319-001.misc.ias...
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> CREATE DATABASE TEST
-> ;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.24 sec)
mysql> show Databases
 -> ;
Database
I TEST
information_schema
 mysql
 performance_schema
 SVS
test
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql>
```

Create user for your DataBase

You can createONE USER per team for your group project.

- The Passwords must have "a-z,A-z,0-9" and some special characters.
- e.g. Password: Group 1projectuser.
- Command: CREATE USER team1'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'Yourpasswordhere ';
- Use '%' to connect from any host. (RECOMMENDED).
- e.g. CREATE USER 'team1'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'group 1projectuser';
- Note :You should inform your other members of the group "the user credentials to access your DB while doing the group project.

Create user for your DataBase:

Grant Permissions to the user

Make sure you Give all the permissions that you need.

- GRANT SELECT,INSERT,UPDATE,DELETE,CREATE,DROP ON MyProject.* TO 'team1'@'%';
- Please Refer to "https://dev.mysql.com/doc/mysql-securityexcerpt/5.7/en/adding-users.html" on setting the Grants.

```
[mysql> GRANT SELECT,INSERT,UPDATE,DELETE,CREATE,DROP ON myProject.* TO 'team1'@'%' ;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.20 sec)
mysql>
```

Now Access Mysql using the new User from any host.

Login to MySQl instance using the new user.

- Use "show databases;" To see the list of databases.
- You can only see the databases linked to this user.
- "use DB-Name;" allows you to select your database.
- You can use terminal/Command Prompt to test your queries by following these steps.
- You can also use MySql workBench to test your queries

```
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 28
Server version: 8.0.12 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> show databases;
 Database
 | information_schema |
 myProject
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> use myProject;
Database changed
mysql>
```

To Access your Mysql instance using MySQL Workbench

For encryption purpose, please alter the User that you created.

- Login into MYSql on your VM using the root user. (Please refer to page 4 "Accessing MySQL on VM")
- ALTER USER 'your_user'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password BY 'your_password';
- e.g. ALTER USER 'team1'@'%' IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password BY 'Helloworld1_';

```
[mysql> ALTER USER 'team1'@'%' IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password BY 'Hellowor]
ld1_';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.53 sec)
mysql>
```

References

- https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/creating-database.html
- https://dev.mysql.com/doc/mysql-security-excerpt/5.7/en/addingusers.html

Tutorial Courtesy:

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