Plot sound spectra

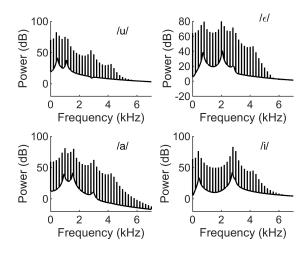
In English, vowels can be thought of as steady-state sounds whose frequency content remains constant over time. In this script, we will generate the synthetic vowel sounds used in the project and plot their spectra to highlight the different formant locations that define vowel sound identity. We will then plot the spectra of a single vowel when modifying orthogonal features such as fundamental frequency and level to illustrate how these change the sound spectra but preserve formant features that convey identity.

```
% Define the formant positions for each vowel
tags = {'/u/','/\epsilon/','/a/','/i/'};
formants = [ 460
                                                 4205;
                                                         % /u/
                        1105
                                    2857
                                                        % /e/
             730
                        2058
                                    2857
                                                 4205;
             936
                        1551
                                    2975
                                                 4263;
                                                        % /a/
             437
                        2761
                                    2975
                                                 4263]; % /i/
% Define the sample rate with which to generate sounds (e.g. 50 kHz)
fs = 50000;
% Sound duration in seconds
duration = 0.25;
% Plot settings
FontName = 'Arial';
FontSize = 8;
```

First we'll compare the spectra of each vowel synthesized with the same level and fundamental frequency.

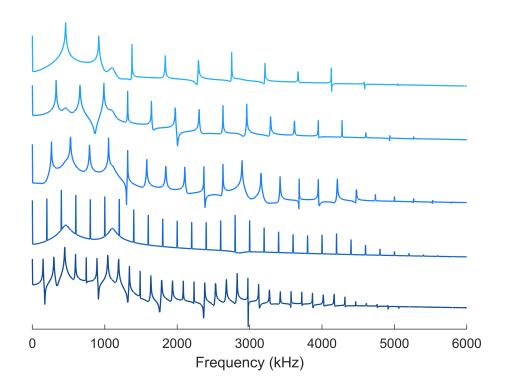
```
% Draw figure
figure( 'color','w',...
        'units','centimeters',...
        'position',[5 5 8.5 6.4])
F0 = 200;
for i = 1 : size(formants, 1) % for each vowel type (/a/, /i/ ...)
    subplot(2,2,i);
    hold on
    vowel = newMakeVowel2009( duration, fs, F0,...
        formants(i,1),...
        formants(i,2),...
        formants(i,3),...
       formants(i,4));
    NFFT = length(vowel);
    Υ
          = fft(vowel,NFFT);
    f
          = fs/2 * linspace(0,1,NFFT/2);
   Yf
          = 2 * abs(Y(1:NFFT/2));
          = 20 * log10(Yf);
    yf
```

```
plot(f, yf, 'color', 'k', 'lineWidth',1)
    text(5e3, 85, tags{i},...
                                 % Text label
            'FontName', FontName,...
            'FontSize', FontSize,...
            'HorizontalAlignment', 'Center')
    set(gca, 'xtick', 0 : 2e3 : 6e3,...
             'xticklabel', {'0','2','4','6'},...
             'FontName', FontName,...
             'FontSize', FontSize)
    xlim([0 7e3])
    yLims = get(gca,'ylim');
   ylim([-20 yLims(2)])
    xlabel('Frequency (kHz)')
    ylabel('Power (dB)')
end
```



Plot the spectra of a vowel that varies in fundamental frequency; the spectra are shown with a vertical offset as appears in Figure 1 in the paper.

```
formants(formant idx,2),...
       formants(formant_idx,3),...
       formants(formant_idx,4));
   NFFT = length(vowel);
   Υ
          = fft(vowel,NFFT);
          = fs/2 * linspace(0,1,NFFT/2);
    f
   Υf
          = 2 * abs(Y(1:NFFT/2));
          = 20 * log10(Yf);
   yf
    color_i = color .* (0.4+(i/n));
    color_i(color_i>1) = 1;
    cIdx(i,:) = color_i;
    plot(f, yf+(i*65), 'color', color_i, 'lineWidth',1, 'tag', num2str(myF0(i)))
end
xlim([0 6e3])
xlabel('Frequency (kHz)')
set(gca,'ycolor','none')
```



Plot the spectra of a vowel that varies in sound level; the spectra are shown with a vertical offset as appears in Figure 1 in the paper.

```
figure
hold on
color = [1 0.2 0.2];
attn = 50 : 7.5 : 80;
n = numel(attn);
F0 = 200; % Constant fundamental frequency
for i = 1 : n
   vowel = newMakeVowel2009( duration, fs, F0,...
      formants(formant_idx,1),...
      formants(formant_idx,2),...
      formants(formant_idx,3),...
      formants(formant_idx,4));
   NFFT = length(vowel);
        = fft(vowel,NFFT);
   f
        = fs/2 * linspace(0,1,NFFT/2);
   Yf
       = 2 * abs(Y(1:NFFT/2));
   yf = 20 * log10(Yf);
        = yf .* (attn(i)/20);
   yf
   color_i = color .* (0.4+(i/n));
   color_i(color_i>1) = 1;
   cIdx(i,:) = color_i;
   plot(f, yf+(i*200), 'color', color_i, 'lineWidth',1, 'tag', num2str(attn(i)))
end
xlim([0 6e3])
xlabel('Frequency (kHz)')
set(gca,'ycolor','none')
```

