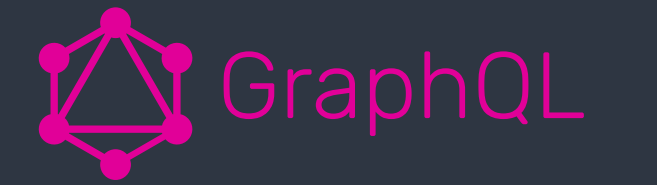


Introduction to GraphQL

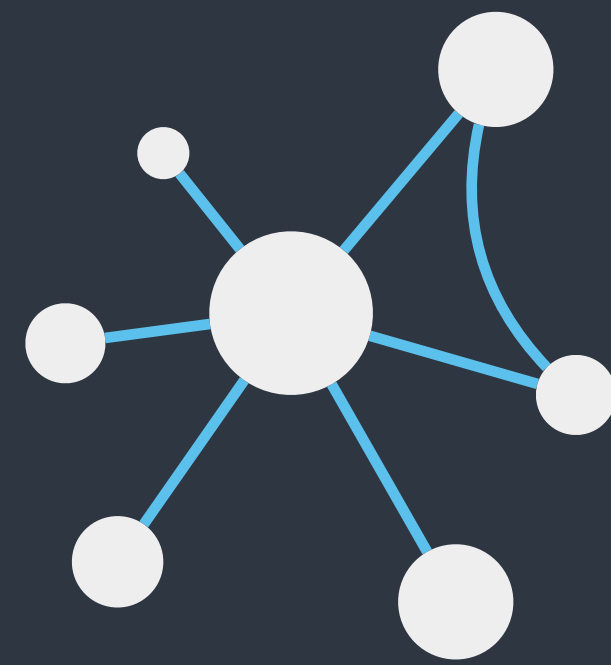
By Jorigis Šnaras and Tom Hastjarjanto



What is GraphQL?



What is GraphQL?



+



Graphs

Queries



What is GraphQL?

A means to

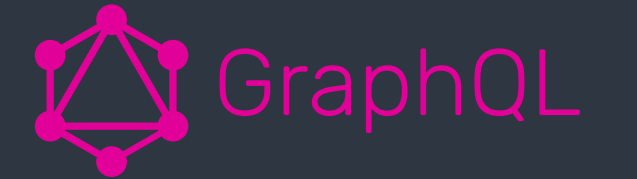
define data as

make tailored

Graphs

Queries





What is GraphQL?

“[...] a **query language** for your API, [...] using a **type system** you define for your data.”

– *graphql.org*



What is GraphQL?

Define your data

```
type Project {  
  name: String  
  tagline: String  
  contributors: [User]  
}
```

(a type)



What is GraphQL?

Ask for what you want

```
{  
  project(name: "GraphQL") {  
    tagline  
  }  
}
```

(a query)

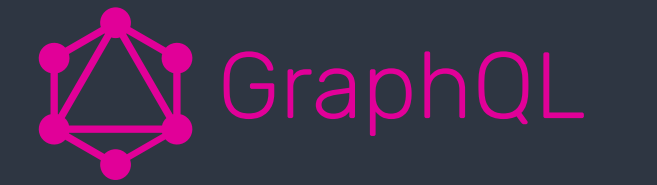


What is GraphQL?

Get predictable results

```
{  
  "project": {  
    "tagline": "A query language for APIs"  
  }  
}
```

(result JSON)

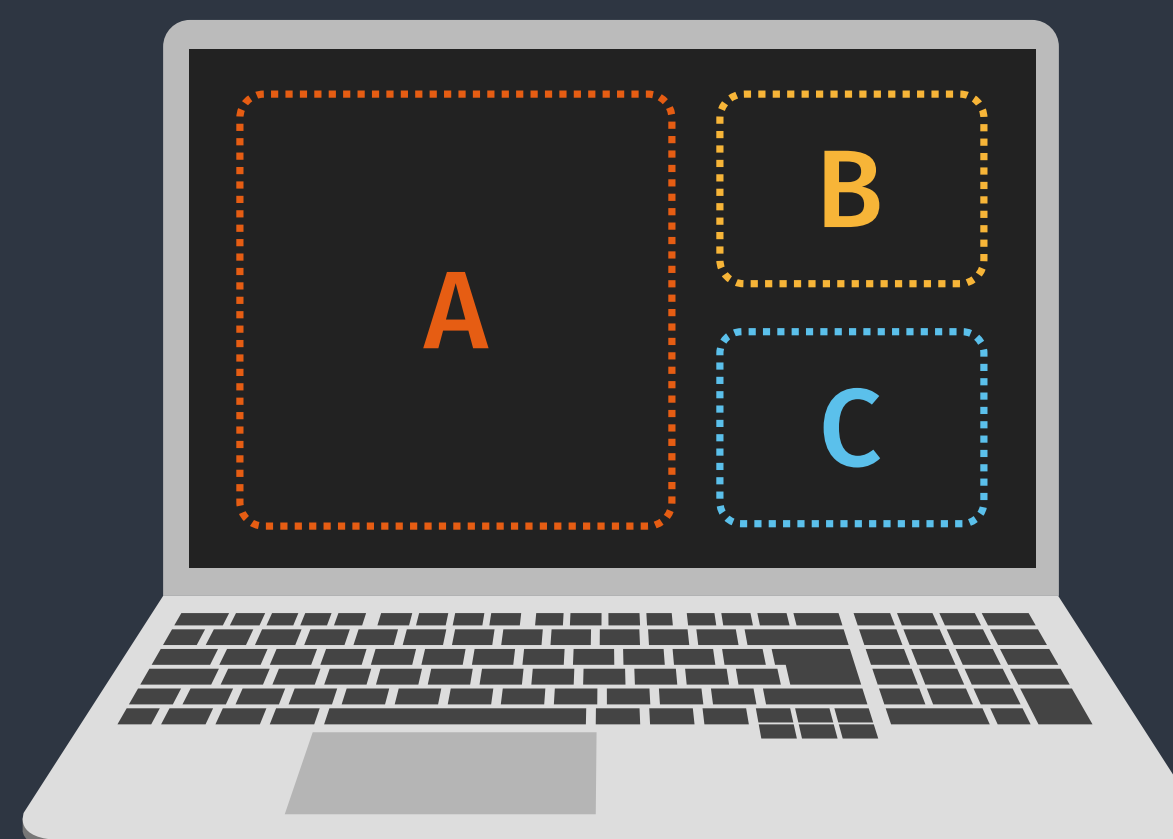
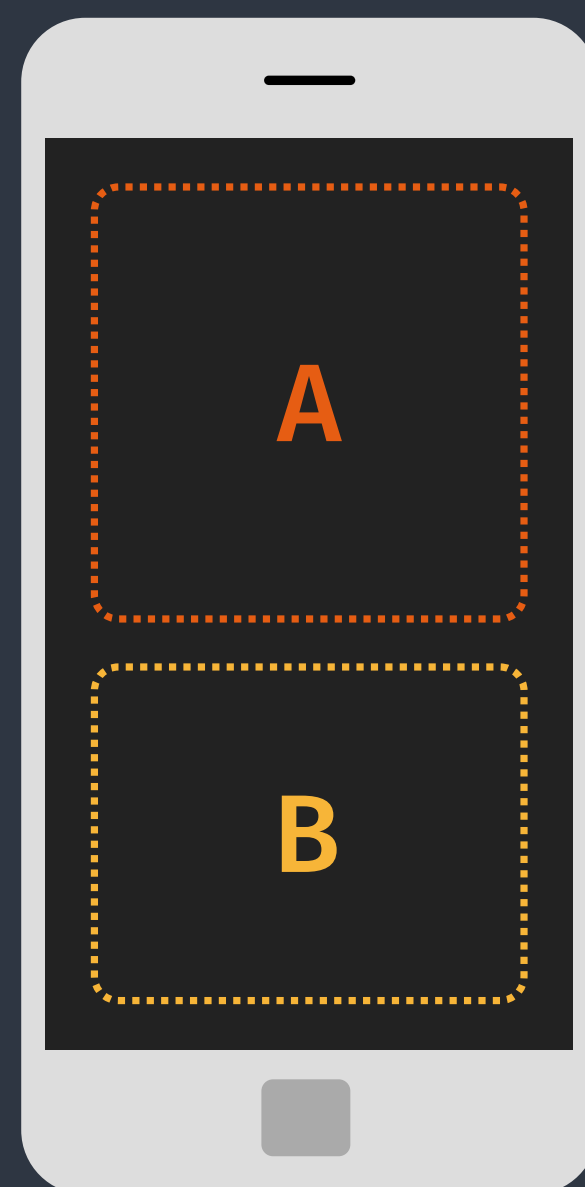


Use Cases for GraphQL



Use Cases for GraphQL

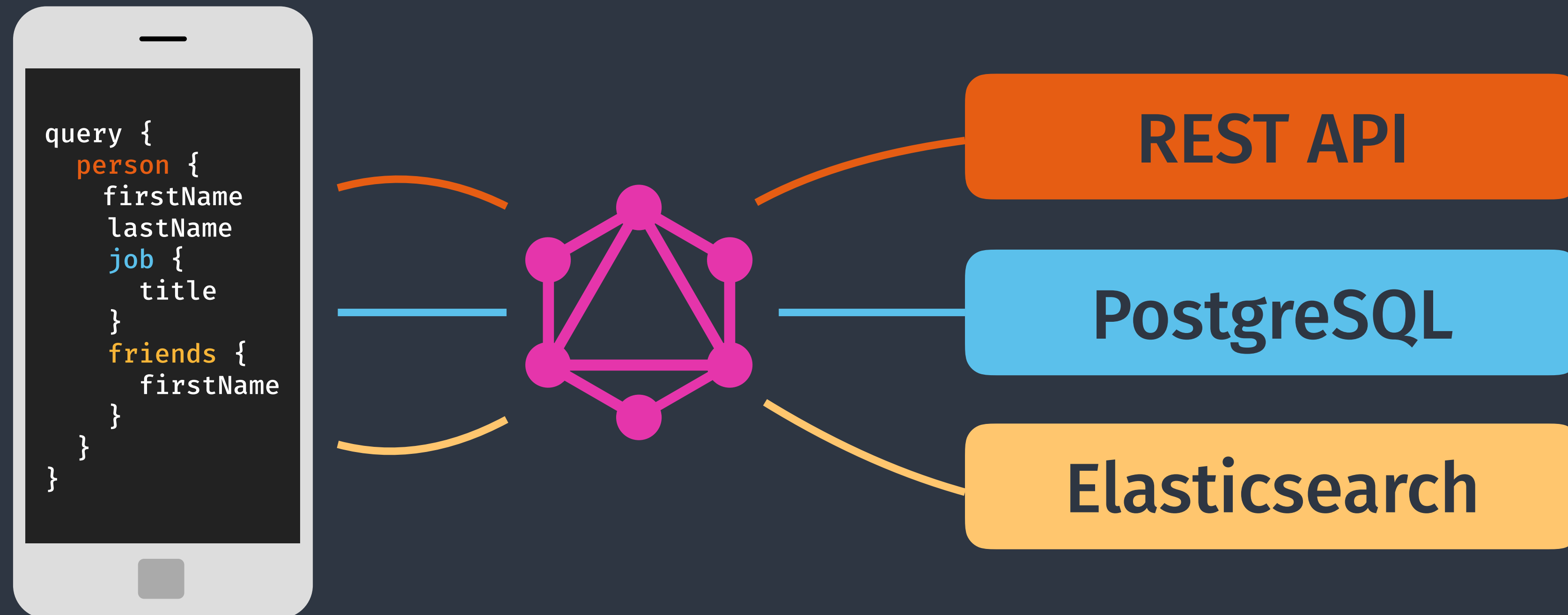
Multiple clients





Use Cases for GraphQL

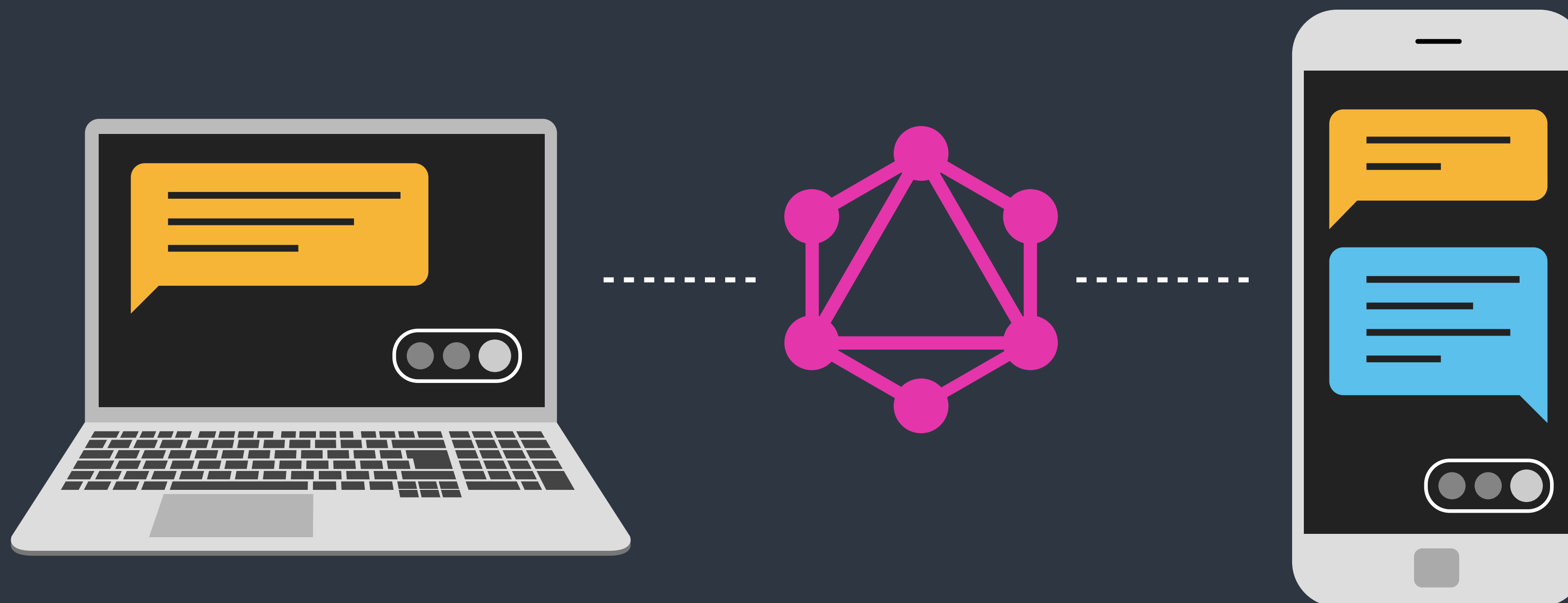
Aggregation of APIs





Use Cases for GraphQL

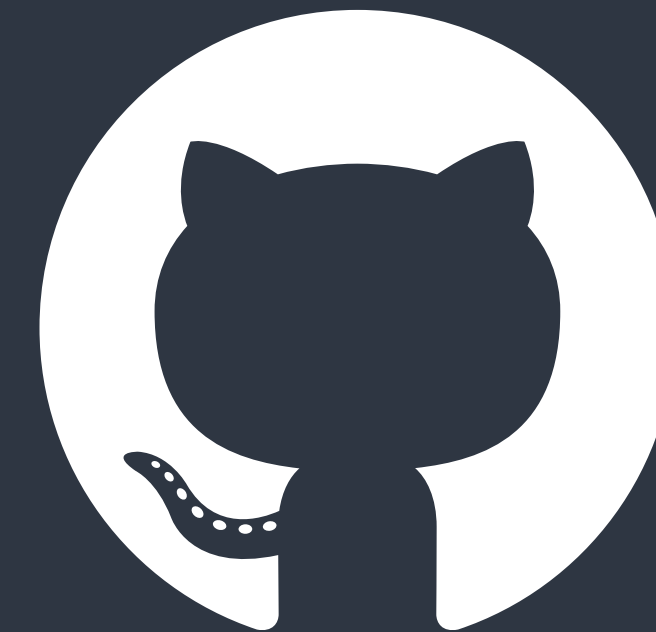
Real-time APIs

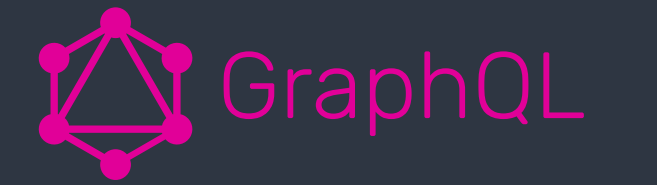




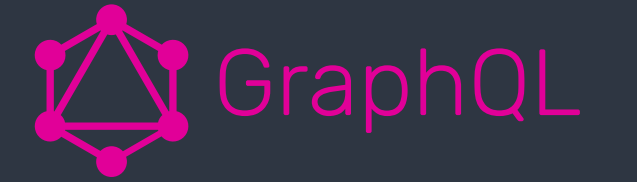
Use Cases for GraphQL

Public APIs





Benefits of GraphQL



Benefits of GraphQL

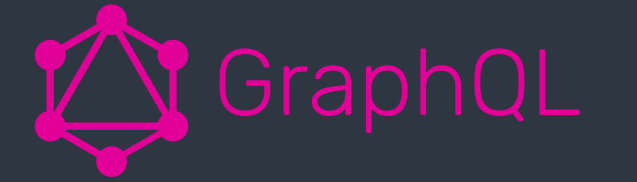
Optimized frontend development

One backend for many frontends

Focus on what should be displayed

Same protocol for everything

Superb out-of-the-box tooling and libraries



Benefits of GraphQL

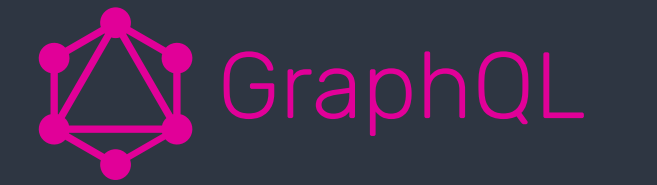
Reduced workload for API teams

No need to make custom endpoints

Less focus on specific use cases

The schema is the documentation

One clean API between backends and frontends

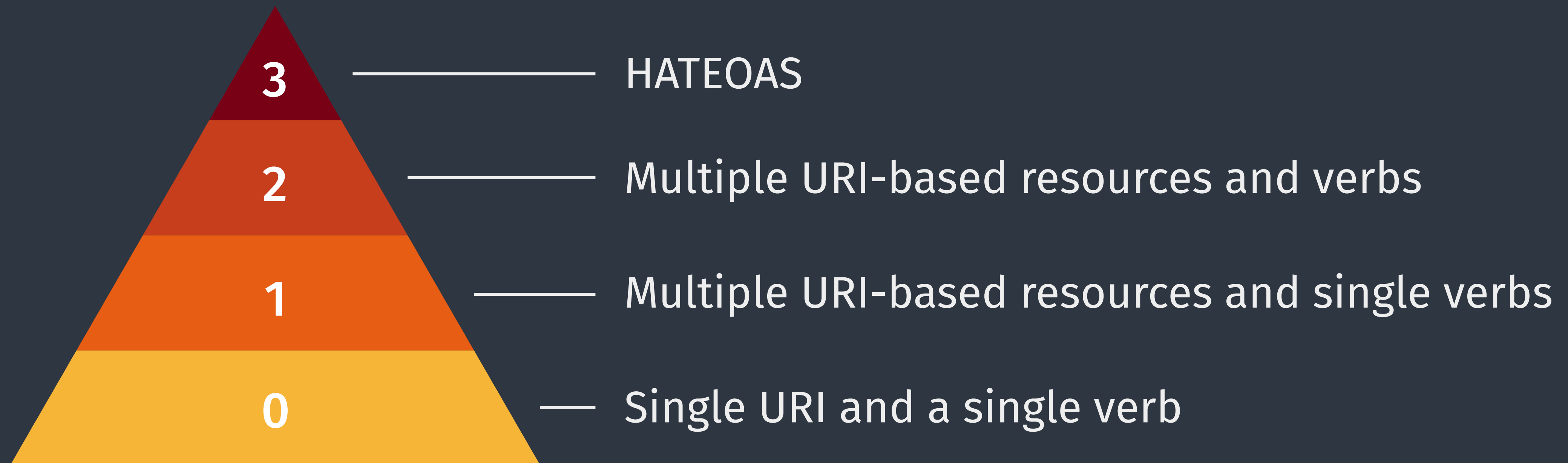


GraphQL vs REST



GraphQL vs REST

Proper REST is hard



Richardson Maturity Model



GraphQL vs REST

Proper REST is complex

```
{
  "departmentId": 10,
  "departmentName": "Administration",
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "10/employees",
      "rel": "employees",
      "type": "GET"
    }
  ]
}
```



GraphQL vs REST

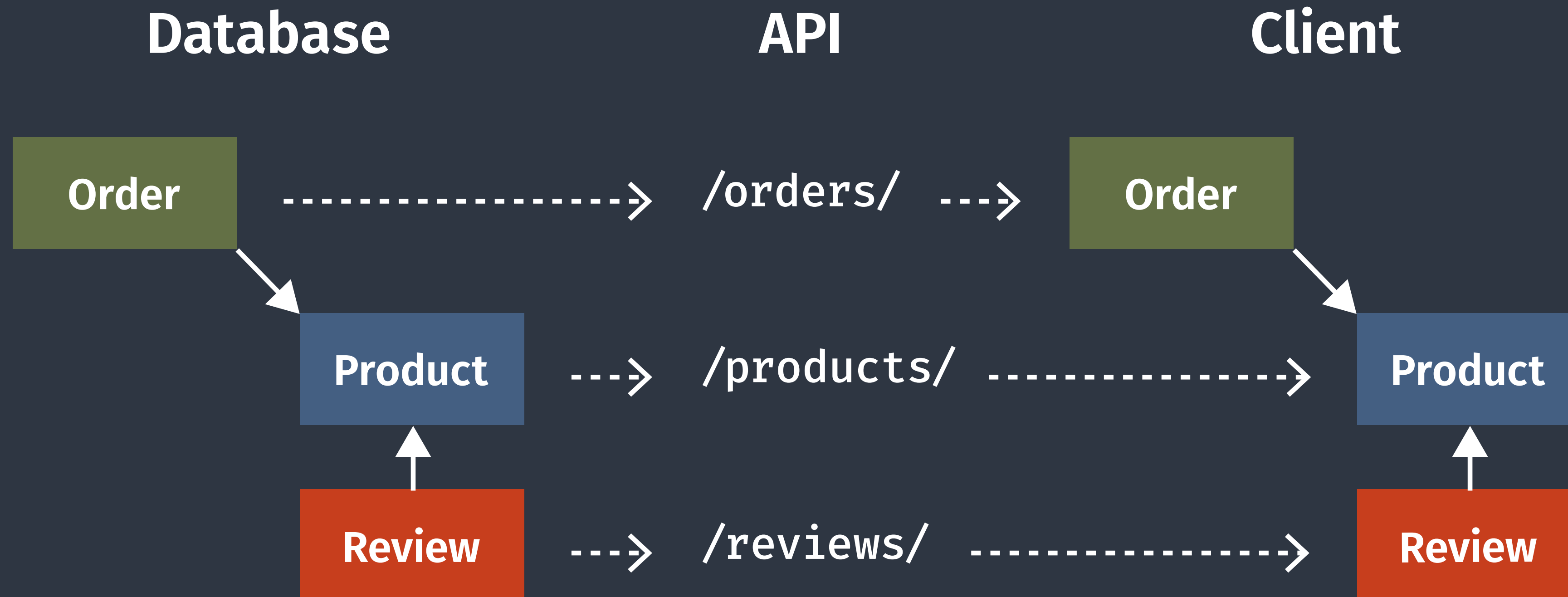
Proper REST is complex

```
<appointment>
  <slot id="1234" doctor="mjones" start="1400" end="1450" />
  <patient id="jsmith" />
  <link rel="/linkrels/appointment/cancel"
    uri="/slots/1234/appointment" />
  <link rel="/linkrels/appointment/addTest"
    uri="/slots/1234/appointment/tests" />
  <link rel="self"
    uri="/slots/1234/appointment" />
  <link rel="/linkrels/appointment/changeTime"
    uri="/doctors/mjones/slots?date=20100104&status=open" />
  <link rel="/linkrels/appointment/updateContactInfo"
    uri="/patients/jsmith/contactInfo" />
  <link rel="/linkrels/help"
    uri="/help/appointment" />
</appointment>
```



GraphQL vs REST

Proper REST is complex





GraphQL vs REST

Proper REST is complex

Use case: deactivate a resource

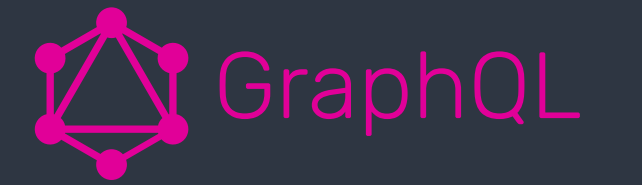
Property?

Operation?

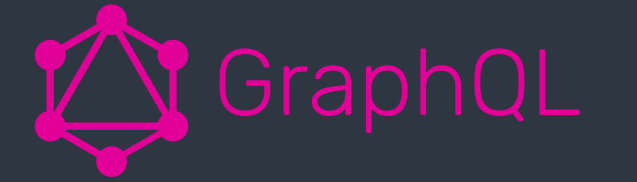
POST? PUT? PATCH?



GraphQL vs REST



Is GraphQL easier?



GraphQL vs REST

Is GraphQL easier?

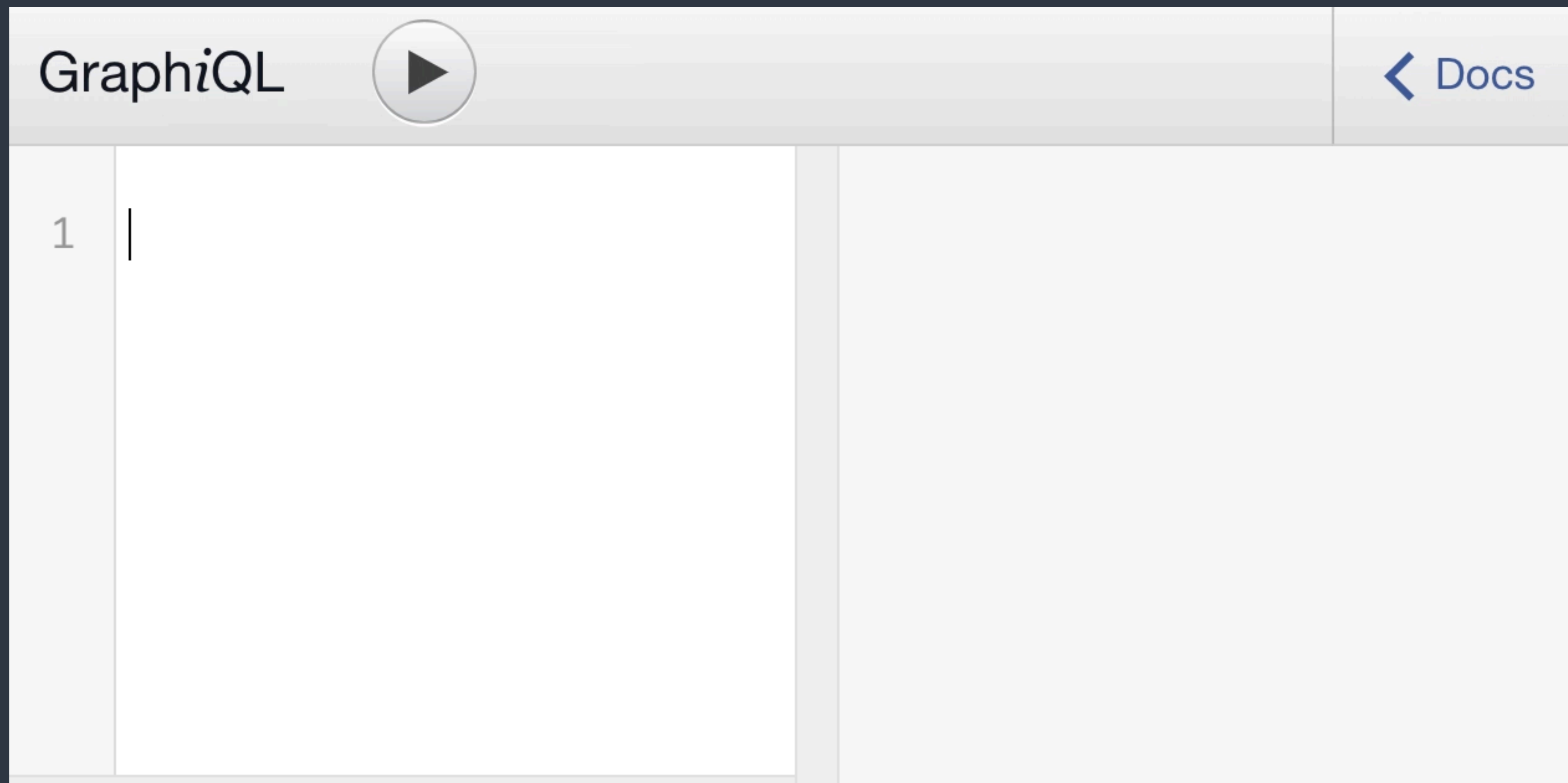
HTTP as “dumb” protocol

/graphql



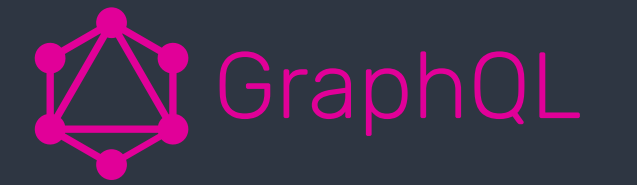
GraphQL vs REST

Is GraphQL easier?





GraphQL vs REST



Caveats of GraphQL



GraphQL vs REST

Caveats of GraphQL

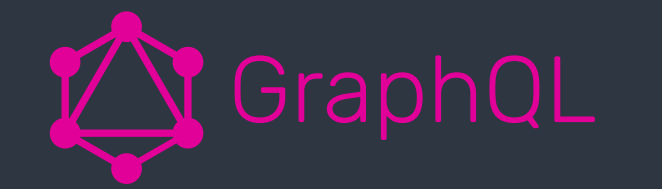
Ecosystem is young, moves fast

Less experience in the wild

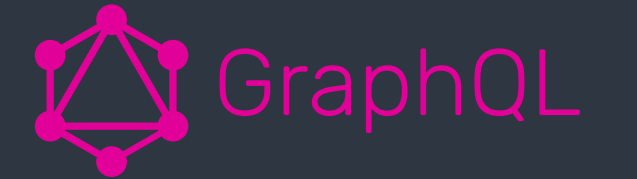
No drop-in replacement for REST

Uses HTTP differently

Caching, routing, load balancing



TL;DR



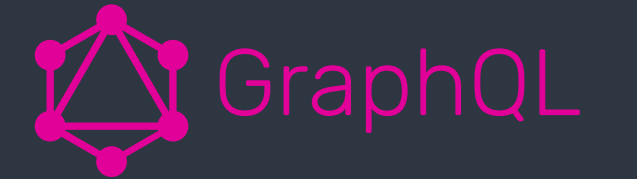
TL;DR

GraphQL is

defined in a spec

a query (and schema definition) language

a client-server communication pattern



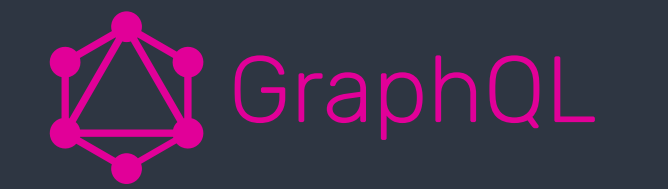
TL;DR

GraphQL is used for

serving multiple clients from one backend

API aggregation

exposing public APIs



Thank you!