pdfcomment.sty $v1.4c^*$ A user-friendly interface to PDF annotations †

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Abstract

For a long time pdflatex has offered the command $\protect\pr$

$$\mbox{LAT}_{\mbox{\it E}} X \ \rightarrow \ \mbox{dvips} \ \rightarrow \ \mbox{ps2pdf, LAT}_{\mbox{\it E}} X \ \rightarrow \ \mbox{dvipdfmx}^1 \ \mbox{and} \ \mbox{XeLAT}_{\mbox{\it E}} X. \label{eq:LAT}$$

Unfortunately, support of PDF annotations by PDF viewers is sparse to nonexistent. The reference viewer for the development of this package is

If you can't see this annotation you are definitely using the wrong PDF viewer!

Required packages for using pdfcomment.sty

hyperref (v6.76a [2007/04/09]), zref (v1.8 [2007/04/22]), xkeyval, ifpdf, ifthen, calc, marginnote and the packages loaded by them.

 $^{{}^*}pdf comment.sty @pdf comment.josef-kleber.de\\$

[†]http://pdfcomment.josef-kleber.de

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¹only with style option dvipdfmx

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• Alexander Grahn for contributing a patch for other drivers

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L^{A}T_{F}X \rightarrow dvips \rightarrow ps2pdf, L^{A}T_{F}X \rightarrow dvipdfmx and XeL^{A}T_{F}X.
```

- **Gabriel Cardona** for pointing out problems with older versions of hyperref (v6.76a [2007/04/09])
- **Ulrike Fischer** for answering my stupid questions on d.c.t.t. for making possible the avatar and style system and much more.
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- Herbert Voß also for answering my stupid questions on d.c.t.t.

²see section 4

1 Options

1.1 Global options

1.1.1 final

The option final will set the package to final mode. The PDF annotations will not be typeset and will not influence line breaking.

1.1.2 draft

The option draft (default) will set the package to draft mode. Therefore, the PDF annotations will be typeset.

1.1.3 dvipdfmx

If you want to use the driver dvipdfmx for creating your documents, you have to use the option dvipdfmx. The other drivers are recognized automatically.

1.2 Local options

The following options are useable as options for the commands presented in sections 2.1 and 3.1, as well as style options. As style options they have global effect, whereas they have only local effect when used in commands. Furthermore global options are not overwritten.

1.2.1 subject

You can use the option subject for defining the subject of the PDF popup annotations.

1.2.2 author

You can use the option author for defining the author of the PDF popup annotations.

1.2.3 opacity

You can use the option opacity for defining the opacity of PDF annotations with values between 0 (transparent) and 1 (not transparent, default). If you want to print PDF popup annotations with transparency you will have to use the option open = true.

1.2.4 color

You can use the option color for defining the color of PDF annotations in the form $\{0.34\ 0.56\ 0.12\}$ (RGB). If you are using the additional package xcolor you can use predefined color names, as well as the available optional color names. Furthermore you can use the command \definecolor to define your



own named colors. Please take a look at the attached example example.tex. It shows the different possibilities of defining colors.

By definition the PDF specification allows four different color spaces with different numbers of color values:

#	color space
0	transparent
1	grey scale
3	RGB
4	CMYK

1.2.5 icolor

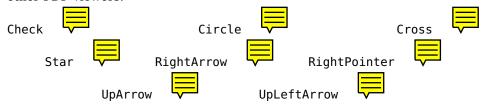
You can use the option icolor for defining the so called 'inner color', which is used by some PDF annotations, like arrowheads or the inner area of PDF circle annotation. For the rest, the provisions of the option color shall apply.

1.2.6 icon

You can use the option icon for defining the graphic used for the PDF text annotations. The following icons are defined as mandatory by the PDF reference:



Furthermore the following icons are also supported by Adobe Reader and some other PDF viewers:



1.2.7 open

You can use the option open for defining the opening status of the PDF popup annotations. Possible values are true or false (default).

If you want to print the PDF popup annotations (with transparency) you will have to use the option open = true.

1.2.8 hspace

You can use the option hspace for defining the horizontal space after the PDF text annotations, otherwise the PDF text annotations will overlay the text.

1.2.9 type

You can use the option type for defining the type of PDF annotation, if a comment command supports more than one PDF annotations:

comment command	possible types
\pdffreetextcomment	freetext, callout, typewriter
\pdflinecomment	line, polyline, polygon

1.2.10 font

You can use the option font for defining the font of PDF freetext annotations, like all fonts installed in the system, which don't contain a space in their name. Although Adobe Reader shows these fonts as embedded, they are not embedded in reality, but the PDF file just contains a reference³ to the font (default: Helvetica)! Therefore you should use this option quite carefully. In the case of document exchange between several authors you should just use fonts, which e available on all computer systems, like the so called 'standard 14 fonts'.

1.2.11 fontsize

You can use the option fontsize for defining the fontsize of PDF freetext annotations.

1.2.12 fontcolor

You can use the option fontcolor for defining the font color in PDF freetext annotations, which must be a RGB color.

1.2.13 line

You can use the option line for defining the coordinates of lines in certain PDF annotations, e.g. in the form $\{x_1 \ y_1 \ x_2 \ y_2\}$. The origin is in the bottom left page corner. The given numbers will be interpreted as Postscript points (IATEX unit: bp (big points)), as usual in PDF documents.

type of line	# points
line	n=2
polyline, polygon	n > 2
callout line	n = 3

In general, the points must be given from line begin to line end. For callout lines the points must be given from line end to line begin. Please note the example file example.tex!

To avoid the method 'trail and error' you can load the PDF file with the Ghostscript viewer, which is capable of showing the cursor position in it's status line.

 $^{^3\}mbox{Adobe}$ Acrobat offers the possibility to embed the fonts in the PS \rightarrow PDF conversion

1.2.14 linewidth

You can use the option linewidth for defining the line width of PDF annoations.

1.2.15 linebegin

You can use the option linebegin for defining the arrow type at the begin. The example file example.pdf shows all possible types of arrows.

1.2.16 lineend

You can use the option lineend for defining the arrow type at the line end.

1.2.17 linesep

You can use the option linesep for defining the horizontal space between text and line in the command \pdfsidelinecomment.

1.2.18 borderstyle

You can use the option borderstyle for defining the line style. Possible values are: solid (default) and dashed

1.2.19 dashstyle

You can use the option dashstyle for defining the dash style, e.g. {5 3} (5 points line, 3 points space).

1.2.20 bse

You can use the option bse for defining the 'border style effect'. Possible values are: none (default) and cloudy

1.2.21 bsei

You can use the option bsei for defining the 'border style effect intensity' (size of cloud elements). The PDF reference suggests values between 1 and 2.

1.2.22 caption

You can use the option caption for defining the caption type of lines. Possible values are: none, inline (default), top

The options inline and top shows the comment 'inline' and on top of the line. While using none the comment will be shown in a PDF popup annotation.

1.2.23 captionhoffset

You can use the option captionhoffset for defining a horizontal offset, that is a horizontal shift of the line caption.

1.2.24 captionvoffset

You can use the option captionvoffset for definig a vertical offset of the line caption.

1.2.25 voffset

You can use the option voffset for defining a vertical offset of the PDF annotations, that is a vertical shift for the given length.

1.2.26 hoffset

You can use the option hoffset for defining a horizontal offset of the PDF annotations.

1.2.27 width

You can use the option width for defining the width of PDF annotations, e.g. the width of FreeText annotations. PDF text annatations have a width of 0pt by definition.

1.2.28 height

You can use the option height for definig the height of PDF annotations. PDF text annatations have a height of \baselineskip by definition.

1.2.29 markup

You can use the option markup for defining the type of the PDF text markup annotation. Possible values are: Highlight, Underline, Squiggly und StrikeOut.

1.2.30 avatar

With the option avatar you can load the option lists, that were predefined with the command \defineavatar to avoid annoying typing.

1.2.31 style

With the option style you can also load predefined option lists for spliting personal and stylistic options, e.g. avatar=Josef, style=MyComment.

2 Environments

2.1 Comment environments

2.1.1 \pdfsidelinecomment

 $\label{eq:comment} $$ [\langle options \rangle] {\langle comment \rangle}$$

\end{pdfsidelinecomment} Ca

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, color, icolor, opacity, linewidth, linebegin, lineend, linesep, borderstyle, dashstyle, caption, captionhoffset, captionvoffset

With the environment pdfsidelinecomment you can comment complete parts of a page in the form of two lines in the margins.

Limitations:

- The PDF sideline annotation must not be longer than one page, otherwise the recognition of the page break will fail.
- While using dvi files in the meantime you have to use a L^AT_EX distribution, which is using pdf(e)latex as engine in a version ≥ v1.40.0⁴!
- While using XeIATEX you have to make sure that page dimensions are written to the xdvi file, e.g. with the option pagesize of the KoMa-Script classes, or as option of the package typearea.sty respectively.

3 Commands

3.1 Comment commands

You can use the following commands for commenting your documents.

3.1.1 \pdfcomment

 $\verb| \pdfcomment| \\ [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle comment \rangle\}$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, icon, color, opacity, open, hspace, voffset, hoffset

\pdfcomment will typeset an annotation into the text at the current position.

3.1.2 \pdfmargincomment

 $\verb| \pdfmargincomment| \\ [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle comment \rangle\}$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, icon, color, opacity, open, hspace, voffset, hoffset



\pdfmargincomment will typeset an annotation into the margin. Please note the positioning of the annotation in this example. This documentation was written with the LAT_EX class ltxdoc. Therefore the annotation is typeset into the left margin.

3.1.3 \pdfmarkupcomment

 $\label{eq:comment} $$ \left\{ \left\langle \operatorname{markup text} \right\rangle \right\} \left\{ \left\langle \operatorname{comment} \right\rangle \right\} $$$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, color, opacity, markup

\pdfmarkupcomment will typeset so called PDF text markup annotations over the text specified in the argument $\{\langle markup\ text \rangle\}$. Possible types for the option markup are: Highlight, Underline, Squiggly and StrikeOut

 $^{^4}$ older versions are not capable of providing x/y coordinates of the current position in dvi mode.

Limitations:

- As the name PDF text markup annotation might lead to suggest, this form of comment is suitable for text only.
- The specified text with the argument $\{\langle markup\ text \rangle\}$ must not be longer than one paragraph.
- The PDF text markup annotation must not be longer than one page, otherwise the recognition of the page break will fail.
- While using dvi files in the meantime you have to use a LATEX distribution, which is using pdf(e)latex as engine in a version ≥ v1.40.0⁵!
- While using XeIATEX you have to make sure that page dimensions are written to the xdvi file, e.g. with the option pagesize of the KoMa-Script classes, or as option of the package typearea.sty respectively.

3.1.4 \pdffreetextcomment

 $\verb| \pdffreetextcomment| \\ [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle comment \rangle\}$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, color, font, fontsize, fontcolor, opacity, line, linewidth, lineend, borderstyle, dashstyle, bse, bsei, type, height, width, voffset, hoffset

\pdffreetextcomment (type=freetext) will typeset a comment in form of a freely positioned box on the wished spot of the page. By using the option type = callout the box will have an additional so called callout line, to bind the box to a certain element of the page. With the option type = typewriter you can write a comment everywhere on the page with a virtual 'typewriter'. These PDF freetext annotation do have no frame and a transparent background for 'overwriting' arbitrary parts of the page. Please note the example file example.pdf!

3.1.5 \pdfsquarecomment

 $\label{eq:pdfsquarecomment} $$ [\langle options \rangle] {\langle comment \rangle}$$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, color, icolor, opacity, linewidth, borderstyle, dashstyle, bse, bsei, height, width, voffset, hoffset

This is a FreeText an

\pdfsquarecomment will typeset a rectangular box at the wished spot of a page (see: example.pdf).

3.1.6 \pdfcirclecomment

 $\verb| \pdfcirclecomment| \\ [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle comment \rangle\}$

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, color, icolor, opacity, linewidth, borderstyle, dashstyle, bse, bsei, height, width, voffset, hoffset

\pdfsquarecomment will typeset a comment in form of a circle or ellipse at the wished spot of the page (see: example.pdf).

⁵older versions are not capable of providing x/y coordinates of the current position in dvi mode.

3.1.7 \pdflinecomment

\pdfsidelinecomment
[⟨options⟩]{⟨comment⟩}

Possible options: avatar, style, subject, author, type, color, icolor, opacity, caption, captionhoffset, captionvoffset, linewidth, linebegin, lineend, line, borderstyle, dashstyle

\pdflinecomment will typeset a comment in form of a line, polyline or polygon at the wished spot of the page (see: example.pdf).

3.2 Misc. commands

3.2.1 \pdfcommentsetup

\pdfcommentsetup{\langle options \rangle \}

With the command \pdfcommentsetup you can reset the global options at any time.

3.2.2 \defineavatar

 $\defineavatar{\langle name \rangle} {\langle options \rangle}$

With the command \defineavatar you can create named predefined option lists, which can be later used in the comment commands with the option avatar. With this option, it's easy for several authors of the same document to switch between different avatars, that is their graphical representation.

3.2.3 \definestyle

 $\verb|\definestyle|{\langle name \rangle}|{\langle options \rangle}|$

With the command \definestyle you can split up lists in personal and stylistic option lists (see example.tex). This option list can be loaded with the option style.

4 Printing comments and popups

Basically, Adobe Reader is able to print PDF annotations. Therefore, you have to choose 'Document and Markups' in the field 'Comments and Forms' of the print dialog. Additionally, you have to configure the menu 'Edit \rightarrow Preferences \rightarrow Commenting'. Unfortunately, this option does not exist in many versions of Adobe Reader. If it does not exist, the only possibility is to edit the configuration files itself.

Windows: the registry needs to be changed (on your own risk!)

Start the registry editor (regedit.exe) and open the following key, e.g. for Adobe Reader 9.0:

HKEY_CURRENT_USER/Software/Adobe/Acrobat Reader/9.0/Annots/cPrefs

The key for other version will be similar, except version number and some letters in lower- or uppercase!

Open or create (with closed Adobe Reader) the key bprintCommentPopups and change the value to 1 (dword).

Linux: open the configuration file:

~/.adobe/Acrobat/8.0/Preferences/reader_prefs
with a text editor and change the entry
/printCommentPopups[/b false] to /printCommentPopups[/b true]

Please note that only opened popups will be printed!

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