The ifpdf package

Heiko Oberdiek <oberdiek@uni-freiburg.de>

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Abstract

This package looks for pdfTEX in pdf mode and implements and sets the switch \ifpdf. The detection is based on \pdfoutput and the package will not change this value. It works with plain or LATEX formats.

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1 Documentation

1.1 Introduction

It is commonly known that Hàn Thê Thành's pdfTEX generates PDF output directly and many people uses pdfTEX for this purpose. However the DVI output was never thrown away. In contrary, he new features for typesetting that works in both PDF and DVI mode.

In the meantime many TEX distributions replace the traditional TEX binary with pdfTEX. Then, for example, called as latex pdfTEX works in DVI mode with the LATEX format preloaded, called as pdflatex pdfTEX starts in PDF mode.

Often packages or users want to know, whether the current document is typset by pdfTEX in PDF mode, because the different modes have different capabilities (color setting, graphics inclusion, ...). For this purpose pdfTEX's \pdfoutput can be asked.

As regulary reader of TEX newsgroups and mailing lists I could observe many problems with this task. Common errors are:

- pdfTEX has two modes. Using pdfTEX does not mean that the user always want to have PDF mode. For example, the PostScript support is better in DVI mode in conjunction with a PostScript aware DVI driver (e.g. dvips). Also the additional typesetting features are mode independent and also available in DVI mode.
- LATEX's \@ifundefined inherited the side effect from \csname. Unknown commands are defined with the meaning of \relax. If it is checked, whether \pdfoutput is defined, then this should not be forgotten.
- Having \pdfoutput does not automatically mean PDF mode. Also the value of \pdfoutput must be asked.
- \pdfoutput must not be destroyed in some way. Later code and packages are fooled then and will perhaps make wrong decisions. For example they may drop support for PDF mode, because they do not know that pdfTEX is running at all.

Robin Fairbairns provides an entry for this topic in his excellent FAQ (http://www.tex.ac.uk/faq): Am I using PDFTeX?

1.2 Usage

The package ifpdf can be used with both plain-TFX and LATFX:

```
plain-T_EX: \input ifpdf.sty 
 E^T_EX \ 2_E: \usepackage{ifpdf}
```

\ifpdf

The package provides the switch \ifpdf:

```
\ifpdf
    ... do things, if pdfTEX is running in pdf mode ...
\else
    ... other TEX or pdfTEX in dvi mode ...
\fi
```

Users of the package ifthen can use the switch as boolean:

```
\boolean{pdf}
```

The package can also be used to set global document class options:

```
\RequirePackage{ifpdf}
\ifpdf
  \documentclass[pdftex,...]{...}
\else
  \documentclass[...]{...}
\fi
```

1.3 Specification

The package have the following properties:

- It asks the setting of \pdfoutput for detecting pdfTFX in PDF mode.
- It never changes \pdfoutput.
- If \pdfoutput is undefined or has the meaning \relax, but the engine provides the primitive \pdfoutput, then \pdfoutput is enabled or restored if possible (only LuaTeX, version 0.36.0 or higher).
- It can be used with many formats including plain-TFX and LATFX.

The mode detection implements the following algorithm:

```
\label{eq:continuous_continuous_continuous} \begin{split} &\text{ifpdf} := \texttt{\footnote{iffalse} \% pdfT_EX is not running} \\ &\text{else} \\ &\text{if \hat{pdfoutput}} \le 0 \\ &\text{\hot{\footnote{ifpdf}} := \hot{\footnote{iffalse} \% pdfT_EX in DVI mode}} \\ &\text{else} \\ &\text{\hot{\footnote{ifpdf}} := \hot{\footnote{iffalse} \% pdfT_EX in PDF mode}} \\ &\text{fi} \end{split}
```

The function undefined checks both cases, undefined command and \relax.

2 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
```

2.1 Reload check and package identification

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with LATEX.

```
2 \begingroup
3 \catcode44 12 % ,
    \catcode45 12 % -
    \catcode46 12 % .
5
   \catcode58 12 % :
6
   \catcode64 11 % @
7
   \catcode123 1 % {
8
   \catcode125 2 % }
9
   \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@ifpdf.sty\endcsname
10
   \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
11
12
13
      \def\empty{}%
14
      \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
        % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
15
16
        \catcode35 6 % #
17
        \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
18
19
          \def\x#1#2{%}
            \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
20
```

```
\else
22
           23
24
25
         \x{ifpdf}{The package is already loaded}%
26
         \aftergroup\endinput
27
       \fi
28
     \fi
29 \endgroup
Package identification:
30 \begingroup
     \catcode35 6 % #
31
     \catcode40 12 % (
32
     \catcode41 12 % )
33
     \catcode44 12 % ,
34
    \catcode45 12 % -
35
    \catcode46 12 % .
36
37
     \catcode47 12 % /
    \catcode58 12 % :
38
    \catcode64 11 % @
39
    \catcode91 12 % [
40
41
    \catcode93 12 % ]
42
    \catcode123 1 % {
     \catcode125 2 % }
43
     \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
44
       \def\x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup}
45
         \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
46
         \xdef#1{#4}%
47
48
       }%
49
     \else
50
       \def \x#1#2[#3] {\endgroup}
51
         #2[{#3}]%
         \ifx#1\@undefined
52
           \xdef#1{#3}%
53
         \fi
54
         \int x#1\relax
55
           \xdef#1{#3}%
56
         \fi
57
       }%
58
    \fi
59
60 \expandafter\x\csname ver@ifpdf.sty\endcsname
61 \ProvidesPackage{ifpdf}%
     [2009/04/10 v2.0 Provides the ifpdf switch (HO)]
2.2
      Catcodes
63 \begingroup
    \catcode123 1 % {
65
     \catcode125 2 % }
66
     \def\x{\endgroup
       \expandafter\edef\csname ifpdf@AtEnd\endcsname{%
67
         \catcode35 \the\catcode35\relax
68
         \catcode64 \the\catcode64\relax
69
         \catcode123 \the\catcode123\relax
70
71
         \catcode125 \the\catcode125\relax
       }%
72
    }%
73
74 \x
75 \catcode35 6 % #
76 \catcode64 11 % @
```

77 \catcode123 1 % { 78 \catcode125 2 % }

79 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%

```
\edef\ifpdf@AtEnd{%
80
      \ifpdf@AtEnd
81
      \catcode#1 \the\catcode#1\relax
82
83
    \catcode#1 #2\relax
84
85 }
86 \TMP@EnsureCode{10}{12}% ^^J
87 \TMP@EnsureCode{39}{12}% '
88 \TMP@EnsureCode{40}{12}% (
89 \TMP@EnsureCode{41}{12}% )
90 \TMP@EnsureCode{44}{12}\% ,
91 \TMP@EnsureCode{45}{12}% -
92 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}% .
93 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}% /
94 \TMP@EnsureCode{58}{12}% :
95 \TMP@EnsureCode{60}{12}% <
96 \TMP@EnsureCode\{61\}\{12\}\% =
97 \TMP@EnsureCode{94}{7}%
98 \TMP@EnsureCode{96}{12}% '
```

2.3 Check for previously defined \ifpdf

```
99 \begingroup
     \expandafter\ifx\csname ifpdf\endcsname\relax
100
     \else
101
        \edef\i/{\expandafter\string\csname ifpdf\endcsname}%
102
        \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageError\endcsname\relax
103
104
          \def\x#1#2{%}
            \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)
105
106
            \expandafter\errhelp\expandafter{\z}%
107
            \errmessage{Package ifpdf Error: #1}%
108
109
          \left( \frac{\gamma^{-1}}{x} \right)
          \newlinechar=10 %
110
        \else
111
          \def\x#1#2{%
112
            \PackageError{ifpdf}{#1}{#2}%
113
114
          \def\y{\MessageBreak}%
115
116
        \x{Name clash, \i/ is already defined}{%
117
          Incompatible versions of \i/ can cause problems,\y
118
          therefore package loading is aborted.%
119
       ጉ%
120
        \endgroup
121
        \ifpdf@AtEnd
122
123
        \expandafter\endinput
     \fi
124
125 \endgroup
```

2.4 \pdfoutput and LuaTeX

It might happen, that LuaTeX is running, but \pdfoutput does not exist. In version 0.40 only \directlua is available at startup time. The enabling Lua function was already added in version 0.36. Thus we can ignore older versions, here \pdfoutput is available at startup time.

```
126 \begingroup
127 \expandafter\ifx\csname pdfoutput\endcsname\relax
128 \else
129 \def\skip#1\relax\endgroup{\csname fi\endcsname\endgroup}%
130 \skip
131 \fi
132 \expandafter\ifx\csname directlua\endcsname\relax
```

```
\def\skip#1\endgroup{\csname fi\endcsname\endgroup}%
133
134
135
     \expandafter\ifx\csname RequirePackage\endcsname\relax
136
       \input ifluatex.sty\relax
137
138
     \else
139
       \RequirePackage{ifluatex}[2009/04/10]%
140
     \fi
     \ifluatex
141
       \ifnum\luatexversion<36 %
142
```

Unhappily LuaTeX's \primitive (derived from pdfTeX's \pdfprimitive) cannot be used:

\protected\gdef\pdfoutput{\primitive\pdfoutput}

Setting a value works, but getting fails, because TEX does no longer see it as number. It is unexpandable and breaks numerical contexts.

```
143  \else
144  \directlua{tex.enableprimitives('ifpdf', {'pdfoutput'})}%
145  \global\let\pdfoutput\ifpdfpdfoutput
146  \fi
147  \fi
148  \relax
149 \endgroup
```

2.5 \ifpdf

\ifpdf Create and set the switch. \newif initializes the switch with \iffalse.

```
150 \neq 150
```

Test \pdfoutput. Is it defined and different from \relax? Someone could have used LATEX internal \@ifundefined, or something else involving. Notice, \csname is executed inside a group for the test to cancel the side effect of \csname.

```
151 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
152 \expandafter\ifx\csname pdfoutput\endcsname\relax
153 \else
154 \ifnum\pdfoutput<1 %
\pdfoutput=0 or negative, so not generating pdf.
155 \else
156 \pdftrue
157 \fi
158 \fi</pre>
```

2.6 Test for fool attempts

```
159 \begingroup
     \expandafter\ifx\csname pdfoutput\endcsname\relax
160
161
     \else
        \escapechar=-1 %
162
       \edef\m{\meaning\pdfoutput}%
163
164
       \left\{ \right\}
165
          \string p\string d\string f%
          \string o\string u\string t\string p\string u\string t%
166
167
       }%
       \int x^m p
168
169
          \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageWarningNoLine\endcsname\relax
170
            \def\PackageWarningNoLine#1#2{%
171
              \immediate\write16{%
172
                Package '#1' Warning: #2.%
173
174
              }%
```

2.7 Protocol entry

```
Log comment:
```

```
183 \begingroup
     \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
       \def\x#1#2{%}
185
          \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
186
       }%
187
     \else
188
       \let\x\PackageInfo
189
       \expandafter\let\csname on@line\endcsname\empty
190
191
     \x{ifpdf}{pdfTeX in pdf mode \ifpdf\else not \fi detected}%
192
193 \endgroup
194 \verb|\ifpdf@AtEnd|
195 (/package)
```

3 Test

3.1 Catcode checks for loading

```
196 (*test1)
197 \catcode'\{=1 %
198 \catcode'\}=2 %
199 \catcode'\#=6 %
200 \catcode'\@=11 %
201 \expandafter\ifx\csname count@\endcsname\relax
202 \countdef\count@=255 %
203 \fi
204 \expandafter\ifx\csname Qgobble\endcsname\relax
206 \fi
\long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}%
208
209 \fi
210 \expandafter\ifx\csname loop\endcsname\relax
    \expandafter\@firstofone
211
213
    \expandafter\@gobble
214 \fi
215 {%
    \def\loop#1\repeat{%
216
      \def\body{#1}%
217
      \iterate
218
    }%
219
    \def\iterate{%
220
221
      \body
222
        \let\next\iterate
223
224
        \let\next\relax
      \fi
225
226
      \next
```

```
}%
227
     \let\repeat=\fi
228
229 }%
230 \def\RestoreCatcodes{}
231 \count@=0 %
232 \loop
233
     \edef\RestoreCatcodes{%
234
       \RestoreCatcodes
       \catcode\the\count@=\the\catcode\count@\relax
235
     }%
236
237 \ifnum\count@<255 %
     \advance\count@ 1 %
238
239 \repeat
240
241 \def\RangeCatcodeInvalid#1#2{%
242
     \count@=#1\relax
243
     \loop
       \catcode\count@=15 %
244
     \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
245
246
       \advance\count@ 1 %
247
     \repeat
248 }
249 \expandafter\ifx\csname LoadCommand\endcsname\relax
     \def\LoadCommand{\input ifpdf.sty\relax}%
250
251 \fi
252 \def\Test{%
     \RangeCatcodeInvalid{0}{47}%
253
254
     \RangeCatcodeInvalid{58}{64}%
255
     \RangeCatcodeInvalid{91}{96}%
256
     \RangeCatcodeInvalid{123}{255}%
     \catcode'\@=12 %
257
     \catcode'\\=0 %
258
     \catcode'\{=1 %
259
     \catcode'\}=2 %
260
     \catcode'\#=6 %
^{261}
262
     \catcode'\[=12 %
263
     \catcode'\]=12 %
     \catcode'\%=14 %
264
265
     \catcode'\ =10 %
     \catcode13=5 %
266
     \LoadCommand
267
     \RestoreCatcodes
268
269 }
270 \Test
271 \csname @@end\endcsname
272 \end
273 \langle / \text{test1} \rangle
```

4 Installation

4.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/ifpdf.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/ifpdf.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

¹ftp://ftp.ctan.org/tex-archive/

```
CTAN: install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip
```

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TEX Files" (CTAN:tds/tds.pdf). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

4.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

Script installation. Check the directory TDS:scripts/oberdiek/ for scripts that need further installation steps. Package attachfile2 comes with the Perl script pdfatfi.pl that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as pdfatfi. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

4.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain-T_FX:

```
tex ifpdf.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{ifpdf.sty} & \to \text{tex/generic/oberdiek/ifpdf.sty} \\ \text{ifpdf.pdf} & \to \text{doc/latex/oberdiek/ifpdf.pdf} \\ \text{test/ifpdf-test1.tex} & \to \text{doc/latex/oberdiek/test/ifpdf-test1.tex} \\ \text{ifpdf.dtx} & \to \text{source/latex/oberdiek/ifpdf.dtx} \end{array}
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

4.4 Refresh file name databases

If your T_EX distribution (te T_EX , mik T_EX , ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, te T_FX users run texhash or mktexlsr.

4.5 Some details for the interested

Attached source. The PDF documentation on CTAN also includes the .dtx source file. It can be extracted by AcrobatReader 6 or higher. Another option is pdftk, e.g. unpack the file into the current directory:

```
pdftk ifpdf.pdf unpack_files output .
```

Unpacking with IATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format: plain-TEX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{ifpdf.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIATEX:

```
pdflatex ifpdf.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist ifpdf.idx
pdflatex ifpdf.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist ifpdf.idx
pdflatex ifpdf.dtx
```

5 History

[2001/06/14 v1.0]

• First public version.

[2001/07/14 v1.1]

• Documentation addition: global options

[2001/09/26 v1.2]

- Documentation typo corrected.
- Version number corrected.
- Line number in log entry removed.

[2005/07/22 v1.3]

- Some source code comments from Robin Fairbairns added.
- Bug fix for negative values of \pdfoutput (Oleg Katsitadze)
- LPPL 1.3
- Installation section with locations added.

[2006/02/20 v1.4]

- DTX framework.
- More robust check in case of undefined \pdfoutput.
- Extended documentation.

[2007/09/09 v1.5]

• Catcode settings added.

[2007/12/12 v1.6]

• Minor update.

[2008/12/12 v1.7]

- Fix in documentation for \boolean (found by S. Venkataraman).
- Code is not changed.

[2009/04/10 v2.0]

- Support for LuaTeX 0.40 added.
- \bullet Checks, whether **\pdfoutput** was changed.

6 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols \# 199, 261 \% 264 \@ 200, 257 \@firstofone 208, 211 \@gobble 205, 213 \@undefined 52 \[262 \\ 178, 258	\endcsname 10, 18, 44, 60, 67, 100, 102, 103, 127, 129, 132, 133, 136, 152, 160, 170, 184, 190, 201, 204, 207, 210, 249, 271 \endinput
\{ 197, 259	I
\} 198, 260 \] 263	\i 102, 117, 118 \ifluatex 141
\□	\ifnum
Α	\ifx . 11, 14, 18, 44, 52, 55, 100, 103,
\advance	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
В	\input 137, 250
\body 217, 221	\iterate 218, 220, 222
${f C}$	${f L}$
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32,	\LoadCommand 250, 267
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41,	\LoadCommand
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75,	\LoadCommand 250, 267
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199,	\LoadCommand
$ \begin{array}{c} \texttt{\catcode} \ \ 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, \\ 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, \\ 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, \\ 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, \\ 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, \\ 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \end{array} $	\LoadCommand
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \count@ 202, 231,	\LoadCommand 250, 267 \loop 216, 232, 243 \luatexversion 142 M \m 163, 168 \meaning 163
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \count@	\LoadCommand
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \count@	\LoadCommand
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \count@	\LoadCommand
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\LoadCommand
\catcode 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \count@	\LoadCommand
$ \begin{array}{c} \texttt{\catcode} \ \ 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, \\ 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, \\ 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, \\ 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, \\ 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, \\ 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, \\ \texttt{\count@} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	\LoadCommand
$ \begin{array}{c} \texttt{\catcode} \ \ 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 31, 32, \\ 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, \\ 42, 43, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, \\ 76, 77, 78, 82, 84, 197, 198, 199, \\ 200, 235, 244, 257, 258, 259, \\ 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266 \\ \texttt{\count@} \ \ \ldots \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	\LoadCommand
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