

## Hamming Distance 汉明距离

The Hamming distance between two integers is the number of positions at which the corresponding bits are different.

Given two integers  $x$  and  $y$ , calculate the Hamming distance.

Note:

$0 \leq x, y < 231$ .

Example:

Input:  $x = 1, y = 4$

Output: 2

Explanation:

1	(0 0 0 1)
4	(0 1 0 0)
	↑  ↑

The above arrows point to positions where the corresponding bits are different.

解法一:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int hammingDistance(int x, int y) {
        int res = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; ++i) {
            if ((x & (1 << i)) ^ (y & (1 << i))) {
                ++res;
            }
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```

解法二:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int hammingDistance(int x, int y) {
        int res = 0, exc = x ^ y;
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; ++i) {
            res += (exc >> i) & 1;
        }
    }
};
```

```

    }
    return res;
}
};

```

解法三:

```

class Solution {
public:
    int hammingDistance(int x, int y) {
        int res = 0, exc = x ^ y;
        while (exc) {
            ++res;
            exc &= (exc - 1);
        }
        return res;
    }
};

```

解法四:

```

class Solution {
public:
    int hammingDistance(int x, int y) {
        if ((x ^ y) == 0) return 0;
        return (x ^ y) % 2 + hammingDistance(x / 2, y / 2);
    }
};

```