Homework

The Goldbach Conjecture

The <u>Goldbach's Conjecture</u> states that any positive even integer greater than two can be written as a sum of two primes. Given a positive even n not exceeding 10000, output two prime numbers such that their sum equals n. Write a function that checks whether its argument is prime.

| 4 | 22 |
|-----|--------|
| 992 | 73 919 |
| 16 | 3 13 |
| 20 | 3 17 |

Palindrome numbers

Input 2 positive numbers a and b. It's guaranteed that a <= b. Print all the numbers from interval [a, b], that are the same from both sides. Those numbers are called palindromes. Maybe you should reverse the number, e. g. reverse 105 and get 501.

| 8 25 | 8 9 11 22 |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 100 120 | 101 111 |
| 100 150 | 101 111 121 131 141 |
| 13000 13500 | 13031 13131 13231 13331 13431 |

Suffix Sums

You're given a sequence of real numbers A. Print a sequence B so that, i-th element of the sequence B is equal to the sum of all elements in sequence A starting from i-th.

| Вход | Выход |
|-----------|------------------------|
| 1.5 2.5 3 | 7.0 5.5 3.0 |
| 12345 | 15.0 14.0 12.0 9.0 5.0 |

Cyclic shift

A cyclic shift of a sequence to the right is a sequence that is built by shifting the last element of an initial sequence to the beginning. Given numbers N and k and a sequence of whole numbers of length N, output the result of consecutive shifting to the right k times.

| 5 2 1 2 3 4 5 | 45123 |
|--------------------|-------------|
| 6 1 7 1 7 2 6 1 | 171726 |
| 5 5 9 100 6 0 1 | 9 100 6 0 1 |
| 3 1000 9 1 2 | 291 |

Tree

Input the base width of the tree(number of '*' in the bottom) and draw tree with symbols *. You're guaranteed that the number is odd. You have to decide how many spaces and '*' to print in first line, and print them, then how many spaces and '*' to print in the second line and so on.

| 5 | * |
|---|------|
| | *** |
| | **** |
| | |

| 9 | * |
|---|-------|
| | *** |
| | **** |
| | ***** |
| | ***** |
| | |