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MIT

Create sub figures easily.

TINGER

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SUBPAR provides easy to use sub figures with sensible default numbering and an easy-to-use no-setup API.

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Part I

Manifest

SUBPAR aims to be:

- simple to use
 - importing a function and using it should be all that is needed
 - setup required to make the package work should be avoided
- unsurprising
 - parameters should have sensible names and behave as one would expect
 - deviations from this must be documented and easily accesible to Typst novices
- interoperable
 - ► SUBPAR should be easy to use with other packages by default or provide sufficient configuration to allow this in other ways
- minimal
 - it should only provide features which are specifically used for sub figures

If you think its behvior is surprising, you believe you found a bug or think its defaults or parameters are not sufficient for your use case, please open an issue at GitHub:tingerrr/subpar. Contributions are also welcome!

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Part II

Guide

II.1 Labeling

Currently to refer to a super figure the label must be explicitly passed to super using label: <...>.

II.2 Grid Layout

The default super function provides only the style rules to make sub figures correctly behave with respect to numbering. To arrange them in a specific layout, you can use any other Typst function, a common choice would be grid.

```
#subpar.super(
  grid(
    [#figure([a], caption: [An image]) <figla>],
    [#figure([b], caption: [Another image]) <fig1b>],
    figure([c], caption: [A third unlabeled image]),
    columns: (1fr,) * 3,
  ),
  caption: [A figure composed of three sub figures.],
  label: <fiq1>,
)
We can refer to @fig1, @fig1a and @fig1b.
                                        b
                                                                   \mathbf{c}
             a
                               (b) Another image
       (a) An image
                                                      (c) A third unlabeled image
                Figure 1: A figure composed of three sub figures.
We can refer to, and.
```

Because this quickly gets cumbersome, SUBPAR provides a default grid layout wrapper called grid. It provides good defaults like gutter: 1em and hides options which are undesireable for sub figure layouts like fill and stroke. To label sub figures simply add a label after a figure like below.

II. Guide II.2 Grid Layout

```
#subpar.grid(
  figure([a], caption: [An image]), <fig2a>,
  figure([b], caption: [Another image]), <fig2b>,
  figure([c], caption: [A third unlabeled image]),
  columns: (1fr,) * 3,
  caption: [A figure composed of three sub figures.],
  label: <fig2>,
We can refer to @fig2, @fig2a and @fig2b.
                                                                    \mathbf{c}
                                        b
                                                        (c) A third unlabeled im-
            a
                               (b) Another image
      (a) An image
                                                                   age
                Figure 2: A figure composed of three sub figures.
We can refer to, and.
```

II.3 Numbering

subpar and grid take three different numberings:
numbering The numbering used for the sub figures when displayed or referenced.
numbering-sub The numbering used for the sub figures when displayed.
numbering-sub-ref The numbering used for the sub figures when referenced.

Similarly to a normal figure, these can be functions or string patterns. The numberingsub and numbering-sub-ref patterns will receive both the super figure an sub figure number.

II.4 Supplements

Currently, supplements for super figures propagate down to super figures, this ensures that the supplement in a reference will not confuse a reader, but it will cause reference issues in multilingual documents (see subpar#4).

II Guide II.4 Supplements

When referring the the super figure we see "", when referring to the sub figure of a different kind, we still see the same supplement "".

To turn this behavior off, set propagate-supplement to false, this will also resolve the issues from subpar#4.

Now when referring the the super figure we see still see "", but when referring to the sub figure of a different kind, we the inferred supplement "".

II.5 Appearance

The super and grid functions come with a few arguments to control how super or sub figures are rendered. These work similar to show rules, i.e. they receive the element they apply to and display them.

```
show-sub Apply a show rule to all sub figures.
show-sub-caption Apply a show rule to all sub figures' captions.
```

II Guide II.5 Appearance

```
#subpar.grid(
  figure(lorem(2), caption: [An Image of ...]),
  figure(lorem(2), caption: [Another Image of ...]),
  numbering-sub: "1a",
  show-sub-caption: (num, it) => {
    it.supplement
    [ ]
   num
    [:]
    it.body
 },
  columns: 2,
  caption: [Two Figures],
                Lorem ipsum.
                                              Lorem ipsum.
          Figure 5a: An Image of ... Figure 5b: Another Image of ...
```

Unfortunately, to change how a super figure is shown without changing how a sub figure is shown you must use a regular show rule and reconstruct the normal appearance in the sub figures using show-sub. Subpar provides a default implementation for this: subpar.default.show-figure, it can be passed directly to show-sub.

Figure 5: Two Figures

II Guide II.5 Appearance

Part III

Reference

III.1 Subpar

The package entry point.

```
#grid
                            #super
#grid(
  (kind): image,
  (numbering): "1",
  (numbering-sub): "(a)",
  (numbering-sub-ref): "la",
  (supplement): auto,
  (propagate-supplement): true,
  (outlined-sub): false,
  (label): none,
  (show-sub): auto,
  (show-sub-caption): auto,
  (figure-overrides): figure-overrides,
  (grid-overrides): grid-overrides,
  (grid-styles): auto,
  ..(args)
) → content
 Provides a convenient wrapper around #super which puts sub figures in a grid.
    – Argument –
   (kind): image
                                                                string | function
     The image kind which should be used, this is mainly relevant for introspec-
     tion and defaults to image.
```

```
Argument—
(numbering-sub): "(a)" string | function

This is the numbering used for the sub figures.

Signature: (integer)→ content
```

```
- Argument –
(numbering-sub-ref): "la"
                                                             string | function
 This is the numbering used for references to the sub figures. If this is a
 function, it receives both the super and sub figure numbering respectively.
 Signature: (integer, integer)→ content
- Argument -
(supplement): auto
                                                                content auto
 The super figure's supplement.
- Argument —
(propagate-supplement): true
                                                                       boolean
 Whether the super figure's supplement should propagate down to its sub
 figures.
- Argument -
(outlined-sub): false
                                                                       boolean
 Whether the sub figures should appear in an outline of figures.

Argument —

(label): none
                                                                  label none
 The label to attach to this super figure.
- Argument —
(show-sub): auto
                                                               function | auto
 A show rule override for sub figures. Receives the sub figure.
 Signature: ( content )→ content
 Argument -
(show-sub-caption): auto
                                                               function auto
 A show rule override for sub figure's captions. Receives the realized number-
 ing and caption element. The numbering cna be used directly without any
 further formatting.
 Signature: ( content , content )→ content
 Argument -
(figure-overrides): figure-overrides
                                                                     dictionary
 The names of named arguments to pass through to the figure directly.
```

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```
Argument (grid-overrides): grid-overrides dictionary

The names of named arguments to pass through to the grid directly.
```

```
Argument (grid-styles): auto function auto none
```

A template function which applies grid set rules. By default this applies a gutter of 1m. These will be overriden by explicitly passing grid arguments, but will take precedence over the style chain, disabling them allows using the style chain.

Signature: (content)→ content

```
- Argument - ...(args) any
```

Named arguments to pass to figure and grid verbatim, these are selected using #grid.figure-overrides and #grid.grid-overrides respectively.

```
#super(
    (kind): image,
    (numbering): "1",
    (numbering-sub): "(a)",
    (numbering-sub-ref): "1a",
    (supplement): auto,
    (propagate-supplement): true,
    (outlined-sub): false,
    (label): none,
    (show-sub): auto,
    (show-sub-caption): auto,
    (overrides): figure-overrides,
    ..(args),
    (body)
) → content
```

Creates a figure which may contain other figures, a *super*figure.

This function makes no assumptions about the layout of its sub figures, it simply applies the necessary show and set rules such that all figures within its body get the appropriate numbering.

See #grid for a function which places its sub figures in a grid.

```
Argument (kind): image string | function
```

The image kind which should be used, this is mainly relevant for introspection and defaults to image.

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```
Must be one of:
 • image
 table
 Argument -
(numbering): "1"
                                                              string | function
 This is the numbering used for this super figure.
 Signature: ( integer )→ content
- Argument -
(numbering-sub): "(a)"
                                                             string | function
 This is the numbering used for the sub figures.
 Signature: ( integer )→ content
 Argument -
(numbering-sub-ref): "la"
                                                             string | function
 This is the numbering used for references to the sub figures. If this is a
 function, it receives both the super and sub figure numbering respectively.
 Signature: (integer, integer)→ content
 - Argument -
(supplement): auto
                                                                content auto
 The super figure's supplement.
– Argument –
(propagate-supplement): true
                                                                        boolean
 Whether the super figure's supplement should propagate down to its sub
 figures.
- Argument -
(outlined-sub): false
                                                                        boolean
 Whether the sub figures should appear in an outline of figures.
- Argument -
(label): none
                                                                  label none
 The label to attach to this super figure.
```

```
Argument (show-sub): auto function | auto

A show rule override for sub figures. Receives the sub figure.

Signature: (content)→ content
```

```
— Argument — _______(show-sub-caption): auto _______ function | auto
```

A show rule override for sub figure's captions. Receives the realized numbering and caption element. The numbering cna be used directly without any further formatting.

Signature: (content , content) → content

```
(overrides): figure-overrides dictionary
```

The names of named arguments to pass through to the figure directly.

```
Argument ...(args) any
```

Named arguments to pass to figure verbatim, these are selected using #super.overrides.

The figure body, this may contain other figures which will be numbered appropriately.

```
#figure-overrides dictionary
```

The default overrides to use for figures, these are used to pass arguments through to the elements directly.

```
#grid-overrides dictionary
```

The default overrides to use for figures, these are used to pass arguments through to the elements directly.

```
#sub-figure-counter counter
```

The counter used for sub figures. This is automatically counted within and reset after for each super figure.

III.2 Default

Contains default implementations for show rules to easily reverse show rules in a scope.

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III Reference III.2 Default

#show-figure

小 context

#show-figure[it] → content

The default figure show rule. This can be used to display a figure the same way as typst does by default.

— Argument — (it) Content

The figure to show using the default show rule.

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Part IV

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