

subpar

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MIT

Create sub figures easily.

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<https://github.com/tingerrr/subpar>

SUBPAR provides easy to use sub figures with sensible default numbering and an easy-to-use no-setup API.

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Part I.

Manifest

`SUBPAR` aims to be:

- simple to use
 - importing a function and using it should be all that is needed
 - setup required to make the package work should be avoided
- unsurprising
 - parameters should have sensible names and behave as one would expect
 - deviations from this must be documented and easily accesible to Typst novices
- interoperable
 - `SUBPAR` should be easy to use with other packages by default or provide sufficient configuration to allow this in other ways
- minimal
 - it should only provide features which are specifically used for sub figures

If you think its behavior is surprising, you believe you found a bug or think its defaults or parameters are not sufficient for your use case, please open an issue at [GitHub:tingerrr/subpar](https://github.com/tingerrr/subpar). Contributions are also welcome!

Part II. Guide

II.1. Labeling

Currently to refer to a super figure the label must be explicitly passed to subpar using `label: <...>`.

II.2. Grid Layout

The default subpar function provides only the style rules to make sub figures correctly behave with respect to numbering. To arrange them in a specific layout, you can use any other Typst function, a common choice would be `grid`.

```
#subpar.subpar(  
  grid(  
    [#figure([a], caption: [An image]) <fig1a>],  
    [#figure([b], caption: [Another image]) <fig1b>],  
    figure([c], caption: [A third unlabeled image]),  
    columns: (1fr,) * 3,  
  ),  
  caption: [A figure composed of three sub figures.],  
  label: <fig1>,  
)
```

We can refer to `@fig1`, `@fig1a` and `@fig1b`.

a	b	c
(a) An image	(b) Another image	(c) A third unlabeled image

Figure 1: A figure composed of three sub figures.

We can refer to Figure 1, Figure 1a and Figure 1b.

Because this quickly gets cumbersome, subpar provides a default grid layout wrapper called `subpar-grid`. It provides good defaults like `gutter: 1em` and hides options which are undesirable for sub figure layouts like `fill` and `stroke`. To label sub figures simply add a label after a figure like below.

```
#subpar.grid(
  figure([a], caption: [An image]), <fig2a>,
  figure([b], caption: [Another image]), <fig2b>,
  figure([c], caption: [A third unlabeled image]),
  columns: (1fr,) * 3,
  caption: [A figure composed of three sub figures.],
  label: <fig2>,
)
```

We can refer to @fig2, @fig2a and @fig2b.

a	b	c
(a) An image	(b) Another image	(c) A third unlabeled image

Figure 2: A figure composed of three sub figures.

We can refer to Figure 2, Figure 2a and Figure 2b.

II.3. Numbering

subpar and grid take three different numberings:

numbering The numbering used for the sub figures when displayed or referenced.

numbering-sub The numbering used for the sub figures when displayed.

numbering-sub-ref The numbering used for the sub figures when referenced.

Similarly to a normal figure, these can be functions or string patterns. The numbering-sub and numbering-sub-ref patterns will receive both the super figure and sub figure number.

II.4. Supplements

Currently, supplements for super figures propagate down to sub figures, this ensures that the supplement in a reference will not confuse a reader, but it will cause reference issues in multilingual documents (see [subpar#4](#)).

```
#subpar.grid(
  figure(``typst Hello Typst!``, caption: [Typst Code]), <sup-ex-code1>,
  figure(lorem(10), caption: [Lorem]),
  columns: (1fr, 1fr),
  caption: [A figure containing two super figures.],
  label: <sup-ex-super1>,
)
```

Hello Typst!	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do.
(a) Typst Code	(b) Lorem

Figure 3: A figure containing two super figures.

When referring to the super figure we see “Figure 3”, when referring to the sub figure of a different kind, we still see the same supplement “Figure 3a”.

2.4 Supplements

To turn this behavior off, set `propagate-supplement` to `false`, this will also resolve the issues from [subpar#4](#).

```
#subpar.grid(  
  figure(``typst Hello Typst!``, caption: [Typst Code]), <sup-ex-code2>,  
  figure(lorem(10), caption: [Lorem]),  
  columns: (1fr, 1fr),  
  propagate-supplement: false,  
  caption: [A figure containing two super figures.],  
  label: <sup-ex-super2>,  
)
```

Hello Typst!	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do.
(a) Typst Code	(b) Lorem
Figure 4: A figure containing two super figures.	

Now when referring the the super figure we see still see “Figure 4”, but when refering to the sub figure of a different kind, we the inferred supplement “Listing 4a”.

Part III.

Reference

`#grid()`

`#subpar()`

```
#subpar(  
  <kind>: "image",  
  <numbering>: "1",  
  <numbering-sub>: "(a)",  
  <numbering-sub-ref>: "1a",  
  <supplement>: auto,  
  <propagate-supplement>: true,  
  <caption>: none,  
  <placement>: none,  
  <gap>: 0.65em,  
  <outlined>: true,  
  <outlined-sub>: false,  
  <label>: none,  
  <show-sub>: auto,  
  <show-sub-caption>: auto,  
  <body>
```

) → **content**

Creates a figure which may contain other figures, a *superfigure*. For the meaning of parameters take a look at the regular figure documentation.

See `#grid()` for a function which places its sub figures in a grid.

—Argument—

`<kind>: "image"`

str | function

The image kind which should be used, this is mainly relevant for introspection and defaults to image. This cannot be automatically resolved like for normal figures and must be set.

—Argument—

`<numbering>: "1"`

str | function

This is the numbering used for this super figure.

—Argument—

`<numbering-sub>: "(a)"`

str | function

This is the numbering used for the sub figures.

—Argument—

`<numbering-sub-ref>: "1a"`

str | function

This is the numbering used for *references* to the sub figures. If this is a function, it receives both the super and sub figure numbering respectively.

—Argument—

`<supplement>`: `auto` `content` | `function` | `auto` | `none`

The supplement used for this super figure *and* the sub figures when referenced.

—Argument—

`<propagate-supplement>`: `true` `bool`

Whether the super figure's supplement should propagate down to its sub figures.

—Argument—

`<caption>`: `none` `content`

The caption of this super figure.

—Argument—

`<placement>`: `none` `alignment` | `auto` | `none`

The float placement of this super figure.

—Argument—

`<gap>`: `0.65em` `length`

The gap between this super figure's caption and body.

—Argument—

`<outlined>`: `true` `bool`

Whether this super figure should appear in an outline of figures.

—Argument—

`<outlined-sub>`: `false` `bool`

Whether the sub figures should appear in an outline of figures.

—Argument—

`<label>`: `none` `label` | `none`

The label to attach to this super figure.

—Argument—

`<show-sub>`: `auto` `function` | `auto`

A show rule override for sub figures. Receives the sub figure.

—Argument—

`<show-sub-caption>`: `auto` `function` | `auto`

A show rule override for sub figure's captions. Receives the realized numbering and caption element.

```
#grid(  
  <columns>: auto,  
  <rows>: auto,  
  <gutter>: 1em,
```

```

<column-gutter>: auto,
<row-gutter>: auto,
<align>: bottom,
<inset>: "(:)",
<kind>: "image",
<numbering>: "1",
<numbering-sub>: "(a)",
<numbering-sub-ref>: "1a",
<supplement>: auto,
<propagate-supplement>: true,
<caption>: none,
<placement>: none,
<gap>: 0.65em,
<outlined>: true,
<outlined-sub>: false,
<label>: none,
<show-sub>: auto,
<show-sub-caption>: auto,
..  


```

) → **content**

Provides a convenient wrapper around `#subpar()` which puts sub figures in a grid.

—Argument—

`<columns>: auto` auto | int | relative | fraction | array

Corresponds to the grid's columns parameter.

—Argument—

`<rows>: auto` auto | int | relative | fraction | array

Corresponds to the grid's rows parameter.

—Argument—

`<gutter>: 1em` auto | int | relative | fraction | array

Corresponds to the grid's gutter parameter.

—Argument—

`<column-gutter>: auto` auto | int | relative | fraction | array

Corresponds to the grid's column-gutter parameter.

—Argument—

`<row-gutter>: auto` auto | int | relative | fraction | array

Corresponds to the grid's row-gutter parameter.

—Argument—

`<align>: bottom` auto | array | alignment | function

Corresponds to the grid's align parameter.

—Argument—

`<inset>: "(:)"` `relative` | `array` | `dictionary` | `function`

Corresponds to the grid's inset parameter.

—Argument—

`<kind>: "image"` `str` | `function`

Corresponds to the super figure's kind.

—Argument—

`<numbering>: "1"` `str` | `function`

Corresponds to the super figure's numbering.

—Argument—

`<numbering-sub>: "(a)"` `str` | `function`

Corresponds to the super figure's numbering-sub.

—Argument—

`<numbering-sub-ref>: "1a"` `str` | `function`

Corresponds to the super figure's numbering-sub-ref.

—Argument—

`<supplement>: auto` `content` | `function` | `auto` | `none`

Corresponds to the super figure's supplement.

—Argument—

`<propagate-supplement>: true` `bool`

Corresponds to the super figure's propagate-supplement.

—Argument—

`<caption>: none` `content`

Corresponds to the super figure's caption.

—Argument—

`<placement>: none` `alignment` | `auto` | `none`

Corresponds to the super figure's placement.

—Argument—

`<gap>: 0.65em` `length`

Corresponds to the super figure's gap.

—Argument—

`<outlined>: true` `bool`

Corresponds to the super figure's outlined.

—Argument—

`<outlined-sub>`: `false`

`bool`

Corressponds to the super figure's outlined-sub.

—Argument—

`<label>`: `none`

`label` | `none`

Corressponds to the super figure's label.

—Argument—

`<show-sub>`: `auto`

`function`

Corressponds to the super figure's show-sub.

—Argument—

`<show-sub-caption>`: `auto`

`function`

Corressponds to the super figure's show-sub-caption.

#sub-figure-counter

The counter used for sub figures.

Part IV.

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G

#grid 7

S

#subpar 6