```
import time
import numpy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import scipy.special as sp_spec
import scipy.stats as sp_stats
```

Assignment 1A. Problem 1.4.19 SVI.

Generate data

The cell below generates data for the LDA model. Note, for simplicity, we are using $N_d = N$ for all d.

```
In [ ]: def generate_data(D, N, K, W, eta, alpha):
              # sample K topics
             beta = sp_stats.dirichlet(eta).rvs(size=K) # size K x W
             theta = np.zeros((D, K)) # size D x K
             w = np.zeros((D, N, W))
             z = np.zeros((D, N), dtype=int)
             for d in range(D):
                  # sample document topic distribution
                  theta_d = sp_stats.dirichlet(alpha).rvs(size=1)
                  theta[d] = theta d
                 for n in range(N):
    # sample word to topic assignment
                      z_nd = sp_stats.multinomial(n=1, p=theta[d, :]).rvs(size=1).argmax(axis=1)[0]
                      w_nd = sp_stats.multinomial(n=1, p=beta[z_nd, :]).rvs(1)
                      z[d, n] = z nd
                      w[d, n] = w_nd
             return w, z, theta, beta
         D_sim = 500
         N_sim = 50
         K_sim = 2
         W_{sim} = 5
         eta sim = np.ones(W sim)
        eta_sim[3] = 0.0001 # Expect word 3 to not appear in data
eta_sim[1] = 3. # Expect word 1 to be most common in data
         alpha_sim = np.ones(K_sim) * 1.0
         w0, z0, theta0, beta0 = generate_data(D_sim, N_sim, K_sim, W_sim, eta_sim, alpha_sim)
        w_cat = w0.argmax(axis=-1) # remove one hot encoding unique_z, counts_z = numpy.unique(z0[0, :], return_counts=True)
         unique_w, counts_w = numpy.unique(w_cat[0, :], return_counts=True)
         # Sanity checks for data generation
        print(f"Average z of each document should be close to theta of document. \n Theta of doc 0: {theta0[0]} \n Mean z of doc 0: {counts_z/N_sim} print(f"Beta of topic 0: {beta0[0]}")
         print(f"Beta of topic 1: {beta0[1]}")
         print(f"Word to topic assignment, z, of document 0: {z0[0, 0:10]}")
         print(f"Observed words, w, of document 0: \{w_cat[0, 0:10]\}")
          print(f"Unique words \ and \ count \ of \ document \ 0: \ \{[f'\{u\}: \ \{c\}' \ for \ u, \ c \ in \ zip(unique\_w, \ counts\_w)]\}") 
       Average z of each document should be close to theta of document.
        Theta of doc 0: [0.56455194 0.43544806]
        Mean z of doc 0: [0.48 0.52]
       Beta of topic 0: [4.05565390e-001 2.29200503e-001 3.01527630e-001 1.05153225e-194
        6.37064775e-002]
       Beta of topic 1: [0.33203594 0.36781354 0.11661419 0.
                                                                           0.18353633]
       Word to topic assignment, z, of document 0: [1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0]
       Observed words, w, of document 0: [4 2 0 1 0 4 4 4 0 2]
       Unique words and count of document 0: ['0: 22', '1: 13', '2: 9', '4: 6']
In [ ]: import torch
         import torch.distributions as t_dist
         def generate_data_torch(D, N, K, W, eta, alpha):
             Torch implementation for generating data using the LDA model. Needed for sampling larger datasets.
             # sample K topics
             beta_dist = t_dist.Dirichlet(torch.from_numpy(eta))
             beta = beta_dist.sample([K]) # size K x W
             # sample document topic distribution
             theta_dist = t_dist.Dirichlet(torch.from_numpy(alpha))
             theta = theta_dist.sample([D])
             # sample word to topic assignment
z dist = t dist.OneHotCategorical(probs=theta)
             z = z_dist.sample([N]).reshape(D, N, K)
             # sample word from selected topics
             beta select = torch.einsum("kw, dnk -> dnw", beta, z)
             w_dist = t_dist.OneHotCategorical(probs=beta_select)
             w = w_dist.sample([1])
```

```
w = w.reshape(D, N, W)
return w.numpy(), z.numpy(), theta.numpy()
```

Helper functions

```
In []: def log_multivariate_beta_function(a, axis=None):
    return np.sum(sp_spec.gammaln(a)) - sp_spec.gammaln(np.sum(a, axis=axis))
```

CAVI Implementation, ELBO and initialization

```
In [ ]: def initialize_q(w, D, N, K, W):
              Random initialization.
             phi_init = np.random.random(size=(D, N, K))
phi_init = phi_init / np.sum(phi_init, axis=-1, keepdims=True)
              gamma_init = np.random.randint(1, 10, size=(D, K))
              lmbda_init = np.random.randint(1, 10, size=(K, W))
              return phi_init, gamma_init, lmbda_init
         def update_q_Z(w, gamma, lmbda):
             D, N, W = w.shape
              K, W = lmbda.shape
              E_log_theta = sp_spec.digamma(gamma) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(gamma, axis=1, keepdims=True)) # size D x K
              E_log_beta = sp_spec.digamma(lmbda) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(lmbda, axis=1, keepdims=True))
              log rho = np.zeros((D, N, K))
              w label = w.argmax(axis=-1)
              for d in range(D):
                  for n in range(N):
                      E_log_beta_wdn = E_log_beta[:, int(w_label[d, n])]
E_log_theta_d = E_log_theta[d]
                       log_rho_n = E_log_theta_d + E_log_beta_wdn
                       log rho[d, n, :] = log rho n
              phi = np.exp(log_rho - sp_spec.logsumexp(log_rho, axis=-1, keepdims=True))
              return phi
         def update q theta(phi, alpha):
             E_Z = phi
              D, N, K = phi.shape
              gamma = np.zeros((D, K))
              for d in range(D):
                  E_Z_d = E_Z[d]
                  gamma[d] = alpha + np.sum(E_Z_d, axis=0) # sum over N
              return gamma
         def update_q_beta(w, phi, eta):
             E_Z = phi
D, N, W = w.shape
              K = phi.shape[-1]
              lmbda = np.zeros((K, W))
              for k in range(K):
                 lmbda[k, :] = eta
for d in range(D):
                      for n in range(N):
                           lmbda[k, :] += E_Z[d,n,k] * w[d,n] # Sum over d and n
              return 1mbda
         def calculate_elbo(w, phi, gamma, lmbda, eta, alpha):
             D, N, K = phi.shape
              W = eta.shape[0]
              E_log_theta = sp_spec.digamma(gamma) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(gamma, axis=1, keepdims=True)) # size D x K
              E_log_beta = sp_spec.digamma(lmbda) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(lmbda, axis=1, keepdims=True)) # size K x W
             E_Z = phi # size D, N, K
log_Beta_alpha = log_multivariate_beta_function(alpha)
              log_Beta_eta = log_multivariate_beta_function(eta)
              log_Beta_gamma = np.array([log_multivariate_beta_function(gamma[d, :]) for d in range(D)])
              dg_gamma = sp_spec.digamma(gamma)
              log\_Beta\_lmbda = np.array([log\_multivariate\_beta\_function(lmbda[k, :]) \ \ for \ k \ \ in \ range(K)])
             dg_lmbda = sp_spec.digamma(lmbda)
              neg_CE_likelihood = np.einsum("dnk, kw, dnw", E_Z, E_log_beta, w)
             neg_CE_z = np.einsum("dnk, dk -> ", E_Z, E_log_theta)

neg_CE_theta = -D * log_Beta_alpha + np.einsum("k, dk ->", alpha - 1, E_log_theta)

neg_CE_beta = -K * log_Beta_eta + np.einsum("w, kw ->", eta - 1, E_log_beta)

H_Z = -np.einsum("dnk, dnk ->", E_Z, np.log(E_Z))
              gamma_0 = np.sum(gamma, axis=1)
              dg_gamma0 = sp_spec.digamma(gamma_0)
              H_theta = np.sum(log_Beta_gamma + (gamma_0 - K) * dg_gamma0 - np.einsum("dk, dk -> d", gamma - 1, dg_gamma))
              lmbda_0 = np.sum(lmbda, axis=1)
             dg_lmbda0 = sp_spec.digamma(lmbda_0)

H_beta = np.sum(log_Beta_lmbda + (lmbda_0 - W) * dg_lmbda0 - np.einsum("kw, kw -> k", lmbda - 1, dg_lmbda))
              return neg_CE_likelihood + neg_CE_Z + neg_CE_theta + neg_CE_beta + H_Z + H_theta + H_beta
         def CAVI_algorithm(w, K, n_iter, eta, alpha):
           D. N. W = w shape
           phi, gamma, lmbda = initialize_q(w, D, N, K, W)
            # Store output per iteration
           elbo = np.zeros(n_iter)
           phi_out = np.zeros((n_iter, D, N, K))
           gamma_out = np.zeros((n_iter, D, K))
```

```
lmbda out = np.zeros((n iter, K, W))
              for i in range(0, n_iter):
               ###### CAVI updates ######
               # q(Z) update
               phi = update_q_Z(w, gamma, lmbda)
                # q(theta) update
                gamma = update_q_theta(phi, alpha)
                 ‡ q(beta) update
               lmbda = update_q_beta(w, phi, eta)
                # ELBO
               elbo[i] = calculate elbo(w, phi, gamma, lmbda, eta, alpha)
               phi_out[i] = phi
               gamma_out[i] = gamma
lmbda_out[i] = lmbda
             return phi_out, gamma_out, lmbda_out, elbo
           n iter0 = 100
          K0 = K_sim
          W0 = W sim
          eta prior0 = np.ones(W0)
           alpha_prior0 = np.ones(K0)
           phi_out0, gamma_out0, lmbda_out0, elbo0 = CAVI_algorithm(w0, K0, n_iter0, eta_prior0, alpha_prior0)
          final_phi0 = phi_out0[-1]
final_gamma0 = gamma_out0[-1]
final_lmbda0 = lmbda_out0[-1]
In [ ]: precision = 3
          print(f"---- Recall label switching - compare E[theta] and true theta and check for label switching ----")
print(f"Final E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI: {np.round(final_gamma0[0] / np.sum(final_gamma0[0], axis=0, keepdims=True), precision)}")
          print(f"True theta of doc 0:
                                                           {np.round(theta0[0], precision)}")
          print(f"---- Recall label switching - e.g. E[beta_0] could be fit to true theta_1. ----")
          print(f"Final E[beta] k=0: {np.round(final_lmbda0[0, :] / np.sum(final_lmbda0[0, :], axis=-1, keepdims=True), precision)}")
print(f"Final E[beta] k=1: {np.round(final_lmbda0[1, :] / np.sum(final_lmbda0[1, :], axis=-1, keepdims=True), precision)}")
          print(f"True beta k=0: {np.round(beta0[0, :], precision)}")
print(f"True beta k=1: {np.round(beta0[1, :], precision)}")
         ---- Recall label switching - compare E[theta] and true theta and check for label switching ----
         Final E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI: [0.49 0.51]
         True theta of doc 0:
            ue theta of doc 0: [0.565 0.435]
--- Recall label switching - e.g. E[beta_0] could be fit to true theta_1. ----
         Final E[beta] k=0: [0.287 0.451 0.016 0. 0.246]
Final E[beta] k=1: [0.452 0.133 0.41 0. 0.005]
                                                         0.064]
         True beta k=0: [0.406 0.229 0.302 0.
         True beta k=1: [0.332 0.368 0.117 0.
                                                           0.1841
```

SVI Implementation

Using the CAVI updates as a template, finish the code below.

```
In [ ]: def update_q_Z_svi(batch, w, gamma, lmbda):
             TODO: rewrite to SVI update
            D, N, W = w.shape
K, W = lmbda.shape
             S = batch.shape[0]
             E_log_theta = sp_spec.digamma(
                 gamma) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(gamma, axis=1, keepdims=True)) # size D x K
             E_log_beta = sp_spec.digamma(
                 lmbda) - sp_spec.digamma(np.sum(lmbda, axis=1, keepdims=True))  # size K x W
             log_rho = np.zeros((S, N, K))
w label = w.argmax(axis=-1)
             for i, d in enumerate(batch):
                 for n in range(N):
                      E_log_beta_wdn = E_log_beta[:, int(w_label[d, n])]
                     E_log_theta_d = E_log_theta[d]
log_rho_n = E_log_theta_d + E_log_beta_wdn
                      log_rho[i, n, :] = log_rho_n
             phi = np.exp(log_rho - sp_spec.logsumexp(log_rho, axis=-1, keepdims=True))
             return phi
         def update_q_theta_svi(batch, phi, alpha):
             TODO: rewrite to SVI update
             E_Z_batch = phi[batch, :, :]
             D, N, K = phi.shape
             S = batch.shape[0]
             gamma = np.zeros((S, K))
             for i, d in enumerate(batch):
                 E_Z_d = E_Z_batch[i]
                 gamma[i] = alpha + np.sum(E_Z_d, axis=0) # sum over N
             return gamma
```

```
def update_q_beta_svi(batch, w, phi, eta):
         TODO: rewrite to SVI update
        E Z = phi[batch, :, :]
        D, N, W = w.shape
         K = phi.shape[-1]
         S = batch.shape[0]
         lmbda = np.zeros((K, W))
         for k in range(K):
                lmbda[k, :] = eta
                  for i, d in enumerate(batch):
                           for n in range(N):
                                   lmbda[k, :] += E_Z[i, n, k] * w[d, n] # Sum over d and n
         return 1mbda
def SVI_algorithm(w, K, S, n_iter, eta, alpha):
         Add SVI Specific code here.
        D, N, W = w.shape
        phi, gamma, lmbda = initialize_q(w, D, N, K, W)
         # Store output per iteration
        elbo = np.zeros(n iter)
         phi_out = np.zeros((n_iter, D, N, K))
         gamma_out = np.zeros((n_iter, D, K))
         lmbda_out = np.zeros((n_iter, K, W))
         delay = int(n_iter/10)
        if delay < 1:
              delay = 1
         forgetting_rate = 0.6
         def rho(t): return (t + delay)**(-forgetting_rate)
         for i in range(0, n_iter):
                   # Sample batch and set step size, rho.
                  batch = np.random.randint(0, D, size=S)
                  rho_t = rho(i)
                 gamma[batch, :] = 1.0
                 bool = True
                 ###### SVI updates ######
                 while bool:
                           phi_batch_prev = phi[batch, :, :]
                           gamma_batch_prev = gamma[batch, :]
phi[batch, :, :] = update_q_Z_svi(batch, w, gamma, lmbda)
                            gamma[batch, :] = update_q_theta_svi(batch, phi, alpha)
                            \textbf{if} \ (np.sum(np.abs(phi\_batch\_prev - phi[batch, :, :])) < 0.1*S \ \textbf{and} \ np.sum(np.abs(gamma\_batch\_prev - gamma[batch, :])) < 0.1*S) \ \\ \textbf{if} \ (np.sum(np.abs(phi\_batch\_prev - gamma[batch, :])) < 0.1*S) \ \\ \textbf{if} \ (np.sum(np.abs(phi\_batch\_prev - gamma[batch, :])) < 0.1*S) \ \\ \textbf{if} \ (np.sum(np.abs(phi\_batch\_prev - gamma[batch\_prev - gamma[bat
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          or count > 20:
                                   bool = False
                           count += 1
                 lmbda_batch = update_q_beta_svi(batch, w, phi, eta)
                 lmbda = (1 - rho_t) * lmbda_batch + rho_t / \
S * np.sum(lmbda_batch, axis=0)
                  # ELBO
                  elbo[i] = calculate_elbo(w, phi, gamma, lmbda, eta, alpha)
                  # outputs
                 phi_out[i] = phi
                 gamma_out[i] = gamma
lmbda_out[i] = lmbda
         return phi_out, gamma_out, lmbda_out, elbo
```

CASE 1

Tiny dataset

```
In [ ]: np.random.seed(0)

# Data simulation parameters
D1 = 50
N1 = 50
K1 = 2
W1 = 5
eta_sim1 = np.ones(W1)
alpha_sim1 = np.ones(K1)

w1, z1, theta1, beta1 = generate_data(D1, N1, K1, W1, eta_sim1, alpha_sim1)

# Inference parameters
n_iter_cavi1 = 100
n_iter_svi1 = 100
eta_prior1 = np.ones(W1) * 1.
alpha_prior1 = np.ones(K1) * 1.
S1 = 5 # batch size
```

```
start_cavi1 = time.time()
phi_out1_cavi, gamma_out1_cavi, lmbda_out1_cavi, elbo1_cavi = CAVI_algorithm(w1, K1, n_iter_cavi1, eta_prior1, alpha_prior1)
end_cavi1 = time.time()

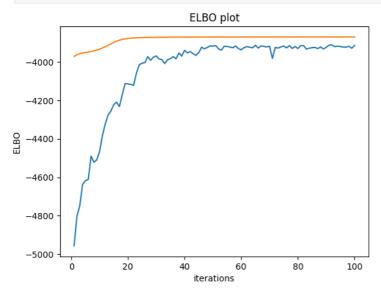
start_svi1 = time.time()
phi_out1_svi, gamma_out1_svi, lmbda_out1_svi, elbo1_svi = SVI_algorithm(w1, K1, S1, n_iter_svi1, eta_prior1, alpha_prior1)
end_svi1 = time.time()

final_phi1_cavi = phi_out1_cavi[-1]
final_gamma1_cavi = gamma_out1_cavi[-1]
final_phi1_svi = phi_out1_svi[-1]
final_phi1_svi = phi_out1_svi[-1]
final_gamma1_svi = gamma_out1_svi[-1]
final_lmbda1_svi = lmbda_out1_svi[-1]
final_lmbda1_svi = lmbda_out1_svi[-1]
```

Evaluation

Do not expect perfect results in terms expectations being identical to the "true" theta and beta. Do not expect the ELBO plot of your SVI alg to be the same as the CAVI alg. However, it should increase and be in the same ball park as that of the CAVI alg.

```
In [ ]: np.set_printoptions(formatter={'float': lambda x: "{0:0.3f}".format(x)})
                    ----- Recall label switching - compare E[theta] and true theta and check for label switching -----")
         print(f"E[theta] of doc 0 SVI: {final_gamma1_svi[0] / np.sum(final_gamma1_svi[0], axis=0, keepdims=True)}")
print(f"E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI: {final_gamma1_cavi[0] / np.sum(final_gamma1_cavi[0], axis=0, keepdims=True)}")
          print(f"True theta of doc 0: {theta1[0]}")
         print(f"E[beta] CAVI k=0: {final_lmbda1_cavi[0, :] / np.sum(final_lmbda1_cavi[0, :], axis=-1, keepdims=True)}")
print(f"E[beta] CAVI k=1: {final_lmbda1_cavi[1, :] / np.sum(final_lmbda1_cavi[1, :], axis=-1, keepdims=True)}")
         print(f"True beta k=0:
                                         {beta1[0, :]}")
         print(f"True beta k=1:
                                         {beta1[1, :]}")
        ---- Recall label switching - compare E[theta] and true theta and check for label switching ----
        E[theta] of doc 0 SVI: [0.529 0.471]
        E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI: [0.475 0.525]
        True theta of doc 0:
                                   [0.676 0.324]
         ----- Recall label switching - e.g. E[beta_0] could be fit to true theta_1. -----
        E[beta] SVI k=0: [0.117 0.076 0.282 0.451 0.073]
        E[beta] SVI k=1:
                              [0.255 0.282 0.152 0.166 0.144]
                              [0.276 0.347 0.129 0.095 0.154]
        E[beta] CAVI k=0:
        E[beta] CAVI k=0: [0.276 0.347 0.129 0.095 0.154]
E[beta] CAVI k=1: [0.075 0.011 0.351 0.503 0.059]
        True beta k=0:
                              [0.185 0.291 0.214 0.183 0.128]
                              [0.136 0.075 0.291 0.434 0.063]
In [ ]: plt.plot(list(range(1, n_iter_cavi1 + 1)), elbo1_svi[np.arange(0, n_iter_svi1, int(n_iter_svi1 / n_iter_cavi1))])
    plt.plot(list(range(1, n_iter_cavi1 + 1)), elbo1_cavi)
         plt.title("ELBO plot")
          plt.xlabel("iterations")
         plt.ylabel("ELBO")
         plt.savefig('../images/SVI-CASE1.png')
         plt.show()
```



In []: # Add your own code for evaluation here (will not be graded)

CASE 2

Small dataset

```
In []: np.random.seed(0)

# Data simulation parameters
D2 = 1000
N2 = 50
K2 = 3
W2 = 10
```

```
eta_sim2 = np.ones(W2)
alpha_sim2 = np.ones(K2)
w2, z2, theta2, beta2 = generate_data(D2, N2, K2, W2, eta_sim2, alpha_sim2)
# Inference parameters
n iter cavi2 = 100
n iter svi2 = 100
eta_prior2 = np.ones(W2) * 1.
alpha_prior2 = np.ones(K2) * 1.
S2 = 100 \# batch size
start cavi2 = time.time()
phi_out2_cavi, gamma_out2_cavi, lmbda_out2_cavi, elbo2_cavi = CAVI_algorithm(w2, K2, n_iter_cavi2, eta_prior2, alpha_prior2)
end cavi2 = time.time()
start svi2 = time.time()
phi_out2_svi, gamma_out2_svi, lmbda_out2_svi, elbo2_svi = SVI_algorithm(w2, K2, S2, n_iter_svi2, eta_prior2, alpha_prior2)
end svi2 = time.time()
final_phi2_cavi = phi_out2_cavi[-1]
final_gamma2_cavi = gamma_out2_cavi[-1]
final_lmbda2_cavi = lmbda_out2_cavi[-1]
final_phi2_svi = phi_out2_svi[-1]
final_gamma2_svi = gamma_out2_svi[-1]
final_lmbda2_svi = lmbda_out2_svi[-1]
```

Evaluation

Do not expect perfect results in terms expectations being identical to the "true" theta and beta. Do not expect the ELBO plot of your SVI alg to be the same as the CAVI alg. However, it should increase and be in the same ball park as that of the CAVI alg.

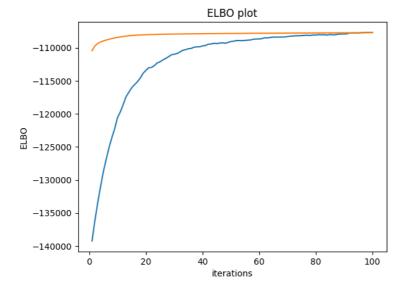
```
In [ ]: np.set_printoptions(formatter={'float': lambda x: "{0:0.3f}".format(x)})
                         \mathsf{print}(\mathsf{f}^*\mathsf{----}\mathsf{Recall}|\mathsf{label}|\mathsf{switching}|\mathsf{-compare}|\mathsf{E}[\mathsf{theta}]|\mathsf{and}|\mathsf{true}|\mathsf{theta}|\mathsf{and}|\mathsf{check}|\mathsf{for}|\mathsf{label}|\mathsf{switching}|\mathsf{----}|\mathsf{-}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor}|\mathsf{nor
                          print(f"E[theta] of doc 0 SVI:
                                                                                                                                       {final_gamma2_svi[0] / np.sum(final_gamma2_svi[0], axis=0, keepdims=True)}")
                         print(f"E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI:
                                                                                                                                       \label{lem:condition} $$\{final_gamma2\_cavi[0] \ / \ np.sum(final_gamma2\_cavi[0], \ axis=0, \ keepdims=True)\}")$
                                                                                                                                    {theta2[0]}")
                         print(f"True theta of doc 0:
                         print(f"---- Recall label switching - e.g. E[beta_0] could be fit to true theta_1. --
                        print(f"E[beta] k=2:
                                                                                                  {final_lmbda2_svi[2, :] / np.sum(final_lmbda2_svi[2, :], axis=-1, keepdims=True)}")
                         print(f"True beta k=0: {beta2[0, :]}")
                         print(f"True beta k=1: {beta2[1, :]}"
                         print(f"True beta k=2: {beta2[2, :]}")
                        print(f"Time SVI: {end_svi2 - start_svi2}")
                        print(f"Time CAVI: {end_cavi2 - start_cavi2}")
                     ---- Recall label switching - compare E[theta] and true theta and check for label switching ----
                                                                                                 [0.288 0.077 0.635]
[0.238 0.338 0.424]
                     E[theta] of doc 0 SVI:
                     E[theta] of doc 0 CAVI:
                     True theta of doc 0:
                                                                                                        [0.128 0.619 0.253]
                        ----- Recall label switching - e.g. E[beta_0] could be fit to true theta_1. -----
                     E[beta] k=0: [0.011 0.052 0.095 0.093 0.049 0.034 0.039 0.121 0.458 0.049]
                     E[beta] k=1:
                                                                      [0.262 0.183 0.043 0.024 0.012 0.119 0.028 0.296 0.027 0.006]

      E[beta] k=1:
      [0.262 0.183 0.043 0.024 0.012 0.119 0.028 0.296 0.027 0.006]

      E[beta] k=2:
      [0.201 0.062 0.062 0.290 0.003 0.003 0.002 0.141 0.023 0.213]

      True beta k=0:
      [0.067 0.105 0.077 0.066 0.046 0.087 0.048 0.186 0.277 0.040]

                     True beta k=1: [0.139 0.067 0.074 0.230 0.007 0.008 0.002 0.158 0.134 0.181]
True beta k=2: [0.295 0.123 0.047 0.116 0.010 0.078 0.012 0.222 0.057 0.041]
                     Time SVI: 37.693305015563965
                     Time CAVI: 122.56634020805359
In [ ]: plt.plot(list(range(1, n_iter_cavi2 + 1)), elbo2_svi[np.arange(0, n_iter_svi2, int(n_iter_svi2 / n_iter_cavi2))])
                         plt.plot(list(range(1, n_iter_cavi2 + 1)), elbo2_cavi)
                         plt.title("ELBO plot")
                          plt.xlabel("iterations")
                         plt.vlabel("ELBO")
                         plt.savefig("../images/SVI-CASE2.png")
                         plt.show()
```



In []: # Add your own code for evaluation here (will not be graded)

CASE 3

Medium small dataset, one iteration for time analysis.

```
In [ ]: np.random.seed(0)
          # Data simulation parameters
D3 = 10**4
          N3 = 500
          W3 = 10
           eta_sim3 = np.ones(W3)
           alpha_sim3 = np.ones(K3)
           w3, z3, theta3, beta3 = generate_data_torch(D3, N3, K3, W3, eta_sim3, alpha_sim3)
           # Inference parameters
           n_{iter3} = 1
          eta_prior3 = np.ones(W3) * 1.
alpha_prior3 = np.ones(K3) * 1.
           S3 = 100 # batch size
           start_cavi3 = time.time()
          phi_out3_cavi, gamma_out3_cavi, lmbda_out3_cavi, elbo3_cavi = CAVI_algorithm(w3, K3, n_iter3, eta_prior3, alpha_prior3)
end_cavi3 = time.time()
           start_svi3 = time.time()
           phi_out3_svi, gamma_out3_svi, lmbda_out3_svi, elbo3_svi = SVI_algorithm(w3, K3, S3, n_iter3, eta_prior3, alpha_prior3)
           end_svi3 = time.time()
          final_phi3_cavi = phi_out3_cavi[-1]
final_gamma3_cavi = gamma_out3_cavi[-1]
final_lmbda3_cavi = lmbda_out3_cavi[-1]
          final_phi3_svi = phi_out3_svi[-1]
final_gamma3_svi = gamma_out3_svi[-1]
final_lmbda3_svi = lmbda_out3_svi[-1]
In [ ]: print(f"Examine per iteration run time.")
          print(f"Time SVI: {end_svi3 - start_svi3}")
print(f"Time CAVI: {end_cavi3 - start_cavi3}")
         Examine per iteration run time.
         Time SVI: 14.802523612976074
         Time CAVI: 137.19600415229797
```

In []: # Add your own code for evaluation here (will not be graded)