

# Development setup

Pieter P

## Prepare for cross-compilation

### Install developer tools

```
$ sudo apt install ubuntu-dev-tools
```

We're only using these tools to easily manage chroot environments and to run **apt** to manage cross-compilation dependencies. If you're interested, you can find more information on the Ubuntu and Debian Wiki, but most of it is far beyond the scope of this guide: <https://wiki.ubuntu.com/SimpleSbuild>, <https://wiki.debian.org/sbuild>.

### Install Docker

You need Docker to pull or build the toolchain. You can find detailed installation instructions here: [DigitalOcean - How to Install and Use Docker](#)

Also follow the step to add your user to the **docker** group so you can run it without **sudo**.

### Create a Raspberry Pi OS root filesystem

We'll use **debootstrap** to create a minimal Raspberry Pi OS root filesystem in a folder on our computer. It has all the system libraries of the Raspberry Pi installed and you can install third-party libraries as well, these are necessary to link your executables when cross-compiling.

This root filesystem folder is often referred to as the *sysroot*, and it will later be passed as an option to CMake, the compiler, the linker, GDB, etc. so they can find the necessary files (we cannot use the actual root file system of our computer, because the libraries there have the wrong architecture, most likely x86\_64, but we need armv6 libraries).

```
$ wget -qO - https://archive.raspbian.org/raspbian.public.key | gpg --import -  
$ mk-sbuild --arch=armhf buster --debootstrap-mirror=http://raspbian.raspberrypi.org/raspbian --name=rpizero-buster --  
  debootstrap-keyring "$HOME/.gnupg/pubring.kbx" --merged-usr" --skip-proposed --skip-updates --skip-security
```

If this is the first time you use **mk-sbuild**, you'll be asked to edit your `~/.sbuildrc` file. After this first run, reboot your computer, and run the second command again:

```
$ mk-sbuild --arch=armhf buster --debootstrap-mirror=http://raspbian.raspberrypi.org/raspbian --name=rpizero-buster --  
  debootstrap-keyring "$HOME/.gnupg/pubring.kbx" --merged-usr" --skip-proposed --skip-updates --skip-security
```

This will install a minimal version of Raspberry Pi OS in a folder on your computer. The Ubuntu development tools allow you to install libraries into this folder using **apt install**, which makes it very easy to manage the cross-compilation dependencies.

The **--merged-usr** option is included in the **--debootstrap-keyring** option so that it is passed on to **debootstrap**, the **mk-sbuild** script currently lacks this option.

If something went wrong or if you no longer need it, you can use **sudo sbuild-destroychroot rpizero-buster-armhf**, it will give instructions how to remove the root filesystem and the schroot configuration.

### Install the toolchain

The cross-compilation toolchains in the Ubuntu repositories are not compatible with Raspberry Pi OS, so you'll have to build or install your own. It's easiest to just download the crosstool-NG toolchain from <https://github.com/tttapa/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain>.

```
$ mkdir -p ~/GitHub  
$ cd ~/GitHub  
$ git clone https://github.com/tttapa/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain  
$ cd RPi-Cpp-Toolchain  
$ ./toolchain/toolchain.sh rpi --export-toolchain
```

This exports the toolchain to `~/GitHub/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain/toolchain/x-tools/armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi`. You can add it to your path using:

```
$ echo 'export PATH="$HOME/GitHub/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain/toolchain/x-tools/armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi/bin:$PATH"' >> ~/.profile
```

This will only take effect after you log out and back in again, so you might want to do that now, or execute the following command to add it to your path in the current terminal:

```
$ export PATH="$HOME/GitHub/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain/toolchain/x-tools/armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi/bin:$PATH"
```

Verify that the toolchain is installed correctly by running:

```
$ armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi-g++ --version
armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi-g++ (crosstool-NG UNKNOWN) 11.1.0
Copyright (C) 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO
warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```

You can find more information about this toolchain and instructions on how to customize it [here](#).

## Install the C++ standard library to the Pi

Raspberry Pi OS uses an older compiler and has an older version of the C++ standard library installed. Since we're going to use a new toolchain, we need to install a newer version of **libstdc++** to the Pi to be able to run our programs:

```
$ scp ~/GitHub/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain/toolchain/x-tools/armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi/armv6-rpi-linux-
gnueabi/sysroot/lib/libstdc++.so.6.0.29 RPi0:~
$ ssh RPi0 bash << 'EOF'
  sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/lib/arm-linux-gnueabi
  sudo mv libstdc++.so.6.0.29 $_
  sudo ldconfig
EOF
```

The library is installed in `/usr/local/lib` so it doesn't interfere with the libraries managed by the system in `/usr/lib`.

Also do the same for the root filesystem on your computer, this comes in handy when debugging later:

```
$ sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/schroot/chroots/rpizero-buster-armhf/usr/local/lib/arm-linux-gnueabi
$ sudo cp ~/GitHub/RPi-Cpp-Toolchain/toolchain/x-tools/armv6-rpi-linux-gnueabi/armv6-rpi-linux-
gnueabi/sysroot/lib/libstdc++.so.6.0.29 $_
$ sudo schroot -c source:rpizero-buster-armhf -u root -d / ldconfig
```

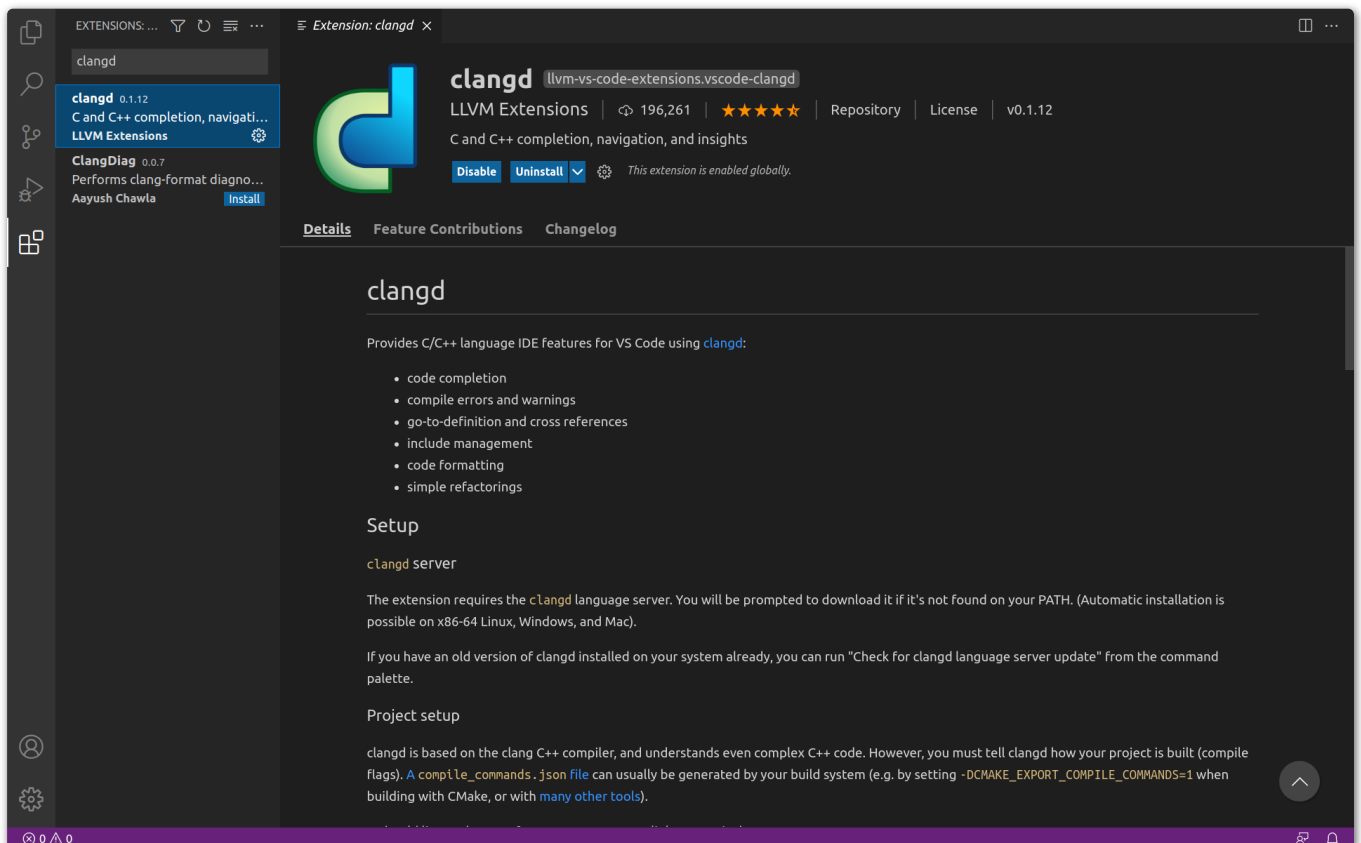
## Install and configure the IDE

### Install Visual Studio Code

You can download and install VSCode from <https://code.visualstudio.com/Download>.

You'll need the following extensions:

- "clangd" by LLVM Extensions
- "CMake Tools" by Microsoft



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Extensions view open. The search bar at the top of the Extensions sidebar contains "cmake tools". The "CMake Tools" extension by Microsoft is selected and highlighted. The extension's details are displayed in the main area, including its icon, name, publisher, version, and a list of important documentation links. The extension is currently installed and enabled globally.

**EXTENSIONS: ...**

cmake tools

**\* CMake Tools** 1.7.3  
Extended CMake support in Vi...  
Microsoft

**CMake** 0.0.17  
CMake language support for Vis...  
twxs

**R Tools** 0.0.25  
R Tools (IntelliSense, signature...  
Mikhail Arkhipov [Install](#)

**React Native Tools** 1.5.2  
Debugging and integrated co...  
Microsoft [Install](#)

**XML Tools** 2.5.1  
XML Formatting, XQuery, and ...  
Josh Johnson [Install](#)

**AZ AL Dev Tools/AL C...** 3.0.11  
AZ AL Development Tools: AL ...  
Andrzej Zwierzchowski [Install](#)

**Spring Boot Tools** 1.26.0  
Provides validation and conten...  
Pivotal [Install](#)

**Tools** 0.1.2  
private tools  
vsQuicker [Install](#)

**Cordova Tools** 2.2.3  
Code-hinting, debugging and i...  
Microsoft [Install](#)

**Azure Resource Mana...** 0.15.2  
Language server, editing tools ...  
Microsoft [Install](#)

**Unity Tools** 1.2.12  
Various tools to help with Unit...  
Tobiah Zarlez [Install](#)

**Azure CLI Tools** 0.5.0  
Tools for developing and runni...  
Microsoft [Install](#)

**Extension: CMake Tools** X

**CMake Tools** ms-vscode.cmake-tools  
Microsoft | 2,385,410 | ★★★★★ | Repository | License | v1.7.3  
Extended CMake support in Visual Studio Code  
[Disable](#) [Uninstall](#) This extension is enabled globally.  
This extension is recommended based on the files you recently opened.

[Details](#) [Feature Contributions](#) [Changelog](#) [Extension Pack](#)

## CMake Tools

CMake Tools provides the native developer a full-featured, convenient, and powerful workflow for CMake-based projects in Visual Studio Code.

### Important doc links

- [CMake Tools quick start](#)
- [Configure and build a project with CMake Presets](#)
- [Configure a project with kits and variants](#)
- [Build a project with kits and variants](#)
- [Debug a project](#)
- [Configure CMake Tools settings](#)
- [How to](#)
- [FAQ](#)
- [Read the online documentation](#)
- [Contribute](#)

### Issues? Questions? Feature requests?

PLEASE, if you experience any problems, have any questions, or have an idea for a new feature, create an issue on the [GitHub page](#)!

This extension itself *does not* provide language support for the CMake scripting language. For that we recommend [this extension](#).

### Microsoft Open Source Code of Conduct

This project has adopted the [Microsoft Open Source Code of Conduct](#). For more information see the [Code of Conduct FAQ](#) or contact