

# Setting up the WiFi Connection

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Ubuntu Server uses [Netplan](#) to configure the network interfaces. This page contains a simple configuration file to get the Raspberry Pi connected to a WiFi network.

For the full documentation and more advanced configurations, I'll refer to the [Netplan reference](#).

## Configuring the WiFi if you already have access to the Pi's console

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Follow this section if you already have access to the console of the Pi, either over SSH using the Ethernet connection, or using the serial port.

### SSH over Ethernet

Connect to the Raspberry Pi over SSH, as explained on the [Setting up Ubuntu](#) page:

```
$ ssh RPi3
```

### Terminal over the Serial Port

If you don't have access to an Ethernet connection, you can connect a 3.3V UART to USB or 3.3V UART to RS-232 adapter to the Pi's serial port (TX (GPIO14) and RX (GPIO15), see the [raspberrypi.org GPIO documentation](#)).

On your computer, install **screen**:

```
$ sudo apt install screen
```

Then open the serial port using screen:

```
$ screen /dev/ttyUSB0 115200
```

Replace **/dev/ttyUSB0** with the actual tty the Pi is connected to. **115200** is the baud rate.

Now that you have access to the Pi, you can start configuring the network.

### Disabling Cloud Init

By default, Ubuntu Server uses Cloud Init to automatically configure the network. This is useful when installing it on a server that you don't have physical access to, but we want to configure the network ourselves here, so we'll disable it:

```
pi $ sudo bash -c "echo 'network: {config: disabled}' > /etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d/99-disable-network-config.cfg"
```

### Configuring Netplan

Next, create your Netplan configuration:

```
pi $ sudo nano /etc/netplan/10-my-config.yaml
```

If you just want a simple WiFi and Ethernet configuration, you can use the following:

## 10-my-config.yaml

```
1 network:
2   version: 2
3   ethernet:
4     eth0:
5       dhcp4: true
6       optional: true
7   wifis:
8     wlan0:
9       dhcp4: true
10      optional: true
11      access-points:
12        "Your-WiFi-Network-Name":
13          password: "*****"
```

Be sure to fill in your WiFi network details, and then use **Ctrl+X** to exit. Answer **y** to the question **Save modified buffer?** and press enter to confirm the filename.

Finally, generate and apply the configuration:

```
$ sudo netplan generate
$ sudo netplan apply
```

## Configuring the WiFi if you don't have access to the Pi's console

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If you can't reach the Pi's console, because you have no Ethernet connection and if you can't connect to the serial port either, you can configure the network by editing the files on the SD card.

Mount the **writable** partition of the SD card on your computer, and follow the same steps as in the case where you do have access to the console.

```
$ sudo bash -c "echo 'network: {config: disabled}' > /media/$USER/writable/etc/cloud/cloud.cfg.d/99-disable-network-
config.cfg"
$ sudo nano /media/$USER/writable/etc/netplan/10-my-config.yaml
```

Now close the terminal, and safely remove the SD card. You don't have to run any **netplan** commands, the configuration will be applied automatically when you boot the Pi.