## Interpolation

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## poly.hpp

```
#pragma once
    #include <Eigen/Dense>
#include <algorithm>
    #include <utility>
    #include <vector>
    namespace poly {
    template <class T = double>
10
    using vector_t = Eigen::VectorX<T>;
11
    template <class T = double>
12
    using vector_ref_t = Eigen::Ref<const vector_t<T>>;
13
    template <class T = double>
14
    using vector_mut_ref_t = Eigen::Ref<vector_t<T>>;
    template <class T = double>
17
    using coef_t = vector_t<T>;
18
    using index_t = Eigen::Index;
19
    template <class T, class BasisTag>
struct GenericPolynomial {
    GenericPolynomial() = default;
20
21
22
23
         GenericPolynomial(coef_t<T> coefficients)
24
             : coefficients({std::move(coefficients)}) {}
25
         explicit GenericPolynomial(index_t degree)
             : coefficients {coef_t<T>::Zeros(degree + 1)} {}
27
         explicit GenericPolynomial(std::initializer_list<T> coefficients)
28
             : coefficients {coefficients.size()} {
             std::copy(std::begin(coefficients), std::end(coefficients),
29
30
                        std::begin(this->coefficients));
31
         coef_t<T> coefficients;
32
33
34
35
    struct MonomialBasis_t {
36
    } inline constexpr MonomialBasis;
    struct ChebyshevBasis_t {
37
38
    } inline constexpr ChebyshevBasis;
39
40
    template <class T = double>
    using Polynomial = GenericPolynomial<T, MonomialBasis_t>;
41
    template <class T = double>
42
    using ChebyshevPolynomial = GenericPolynomial<T, ChebyshevBasis_t>;
43
45
    namespace detail {
46
    template <class Container>
47
    vector_ref_t<typename Container::value_type>
48
    vector_map_ref(const Container &x) {
         return Eigen::Map<const vector_t<typename Container::value_type>>(x.data(),
49
50
                                                                                x.size());
51
52
    template <class Container>
    vector_mut_ref_t<typename Container::value_type> vector_map_ref(Container &x) {
         return Eigen::Map<vector_t<typename Container::value_type>>(x.data(),
55
56
    }
} // namespace detail
57
58
    } // namespace poly
```

poly\_interp.hpp

```
1
    #pragma once
    #include <Eigen/LU>
#include <poly.hpp>
 3
    #include <vector>
    namespace poly {
 8
    namespace detail {
10
11
    template <class T, class F>
    coef_t<T> interpolate(vector_ref_t<T> x, vector_ref_t<T> y, F &&vanderfun) {
12
        assert(x.size() == y.size());
13
        assert(x.size() > 0);
         // Construct Vandermonde matrix
16
         auto V = vanderfun(x, x.size() - 1);
17
         // Scale the system
18
        const vector_t<T> scaling = V.colwise().norm().cwiseInverse();
19
        V *= scaling.asDiagonal();
        // Solve the system
vector_t<T> solution = V.fullPivLu().solve(y);
20
21
22
         solution.transpose() *= scaling.asDiagonal();
         return solution;
24
    }
25
26
    template <class T>
27
    auto make_monomial_vandermonde_system(vector_ref_t<T> x, index_t degree) {
28
         assert(degree >= 0);
         const index_t N = x.size();
29
         Eigen::MatrixXd V(N, degree + 1);
30
         V.col(0) = Eigen::VectorXd::Ones(N);
31
         for (Eigen::Index i = 0; i < degree; ++i)</pre>
32
             V.col(i + 1) = V.col(i).cwiseProduct(x);
34
         return V;
35
    }
36
37
    } // namespace detail
38
39
    template <class T>
40
    Polynomial<T> interpolate(vector_ref_t<T> x, vector_ref_t<T> y,
41
                                MonomialBasis_t) {
42
         auto *vanderfun = detail::make_monomial_vandermonde_system<T>;
43
         auto coef = detail::interpolate(x, y, vanderfun);
44
         return {std::move(coef)};
45
    }
46
47
    namespace detail {
48
49
    template <class T>
    auto make_chebyshev_vandermonde_system(vector_ref_t<T> x, index_t degree) {
50
51
         assert(degree >= 0);
         const index_t N = x.size();
52
53
         Eigen::MatrixXd V(N, degree + 1);
54
        V.col(0) = Eigen::VectorXd::Ones(N);
55
        if (degree >= 1) {
56
             V.col(1) = x;
             for (Eigen::Index i = 0; i < degree - 1; ++i)
    V.col(i + 2) = 2 * V.col(i + 1).cwiseProduct(x) - V.col(i);</pre>
57
58
59
         return V;
60
   }
61
63
   } // namespace detail
64
65
    template <class T>
66
    ChebyshevPolynomial<T> interpolate(vector_ref_t<T> x, vector_ref_t<T> y,
67
                                          ChebyshevBasis_t) {
         auto *vanderfun = detail::make_chebyshev_vandermonde_system<T>;
68
         auto coef = detail::interpolate(x, y, vanderfun);
69
        return {std::move(coef)};
70
71
    }
72
     template <class T, class Basis>
74
    GenericPolynomial<T, Basis> interpolate(const vector_t<T> &x,
                                               const vector_t<T> &y, Basis basis) {
75
         return interpolate(vector_ref_t<T> {x}, vector_ref_t<T> {y}, basis);
76
77
78
    template <class T, class Basis>
79
    GenericPolynomial<T, Basis> interpolate(const std::vector<T> &x,
81
                                               const std::vector<T> &y, Basis basis) {
82
         return interpolate(detail::vector_map_ref(x), detail::vector_map_ref(y),
83
                             basis):
84
85
    } // namespace poly
86
```

## poly\_interp.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
       #include <poly_eval.hpp>
 3
       #include <poly_interp.hpp>
        int main() {
 6
               std::cout.precision(17);
               // Evaluate some points on this polynomial
              poly::Polynomial<> p {1, -2, 3, -4, 5};
poly::vector_t<> x = poly::vector_t<>::LinSpaced(5, -1, 1);
poly::vector_t<> y = evaluate(p, x);
// Interpolate the data
poly::Polynomial<> p_interp = interpolate(x, y, poly::MonomialBasis);
std::cout << p_interp.coefficients.transpose() << std::endl;</pre>
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
               // Now do the same with std::vectors
std::vector<double> vx {x.begin(), x.end()};
std::vector<double> vy {y.begin(), y.end()};
15
16
17
               p_interp = interpolate(vx, vy, poly::MonomialBasis);
std::cout << p_interp.coefficients.transpose() << std::endl;</pre>
18
19
20
21
               // Fit a Chebyshev polynomial through the same points
               poly::ChebyshevPolynomial<> p_cheb =
   interpolate(x, y, poly::ChebyshevBasis);
22
23
24
               std::cout << p_cheb.coefficients.transpose() << std::endl;</pre>
25
               // Evaluate the polynomial again to verify
26
27
               poly::vector_t<> yc = evaluate(p_cheb, x);
std::cout << y.transpose() << std::endl;
std::cout << yc.transpose() << std::endl;</pre>
28
       }
29
```