CS301 :: Homework 6

Ryan Magdaleno

November 30, 2023

Problem 1. A FINITE Language

Let $FINITE_{TM} = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } M \text{ accepts a finite language} \}$. Prove that $FINITE_{TM}$ is undecidable.

Solution ::

Suppose $FINITE_{TM}$ is deciable.

Therefore there is a TM ${\cal C}$ that decides it.

A = "On input $\langle M, w \rangle$, construct M' = "on input x, Simulate M on input w. If M halts, reject, else accept." Pass M' to C. If C accepts M', reject, else accept."

 ${\cal C}$ decides similar to A_{TM} which is undecidable, a contradiction.

 $\therefore FINITE_{TM}$ is undecidable.

Problem 2. There Can Only Be ONE

Let $ONE_{TM} = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM that accepts exactly 1 string} \}$. Prove that ONE_{TM} is undecidable.

Solution ::

Suppose for the sake of contradiction that ONE_{TM} is deciable. Therefore a TM S decides it.

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A = "On input \langle M, w \rangle,
Construct M' = "On input x,
If x \neq w, reject,
else, return M(w)."
Pass M' to S. If S accepts M', accept, else reject."
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TM A decides A_{TM} which is undecidable, we have a contradiction. $\therefore ONE_{TM}$ is undecidable.

Problem 3. A LENGTH-y Decision

Let $LENGTHK_{TM} = \{\langle M, k \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM that accepts all length-}k \text{ strings}\}.$ Prove that $LENGTHK_{TM}$ is undecidable.

Solution ::

Suppose for the sake of contradiction that $LENGTHK_{TM}$ is deciable. Therefore a TM Z decides it.

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A = "On input \langle M, w \rangle,
Construct M' = "On input k,
If w does not have length k, reject.
else, return M(w)."
Pass \langle M', k \rangle to Z and run this machine for LENGTHK_{TM}, if M' accepts, Z accepts, else Z rejects."
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TM Z decides similar to A_{TM} which is undecidable, a contradiction. $\therefore LENGTHK_{TM}$ is undecidable.