

CS 362: Homework 5

Due on March 23, 2024 at 11:59

Professor Troy 11:00am

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Problem 1

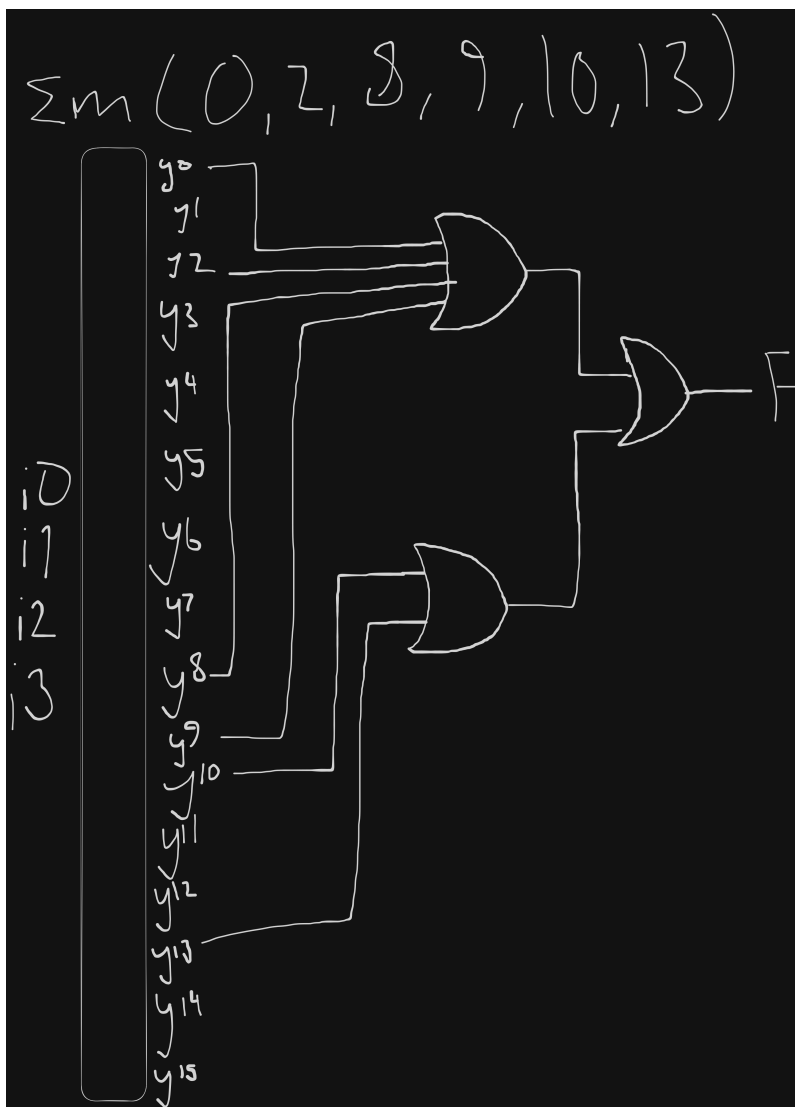
Implement the equations below using a 4-to-16 decoder and minimal other gates.

Hint: only 1 other gate is needed per answer.

Solution

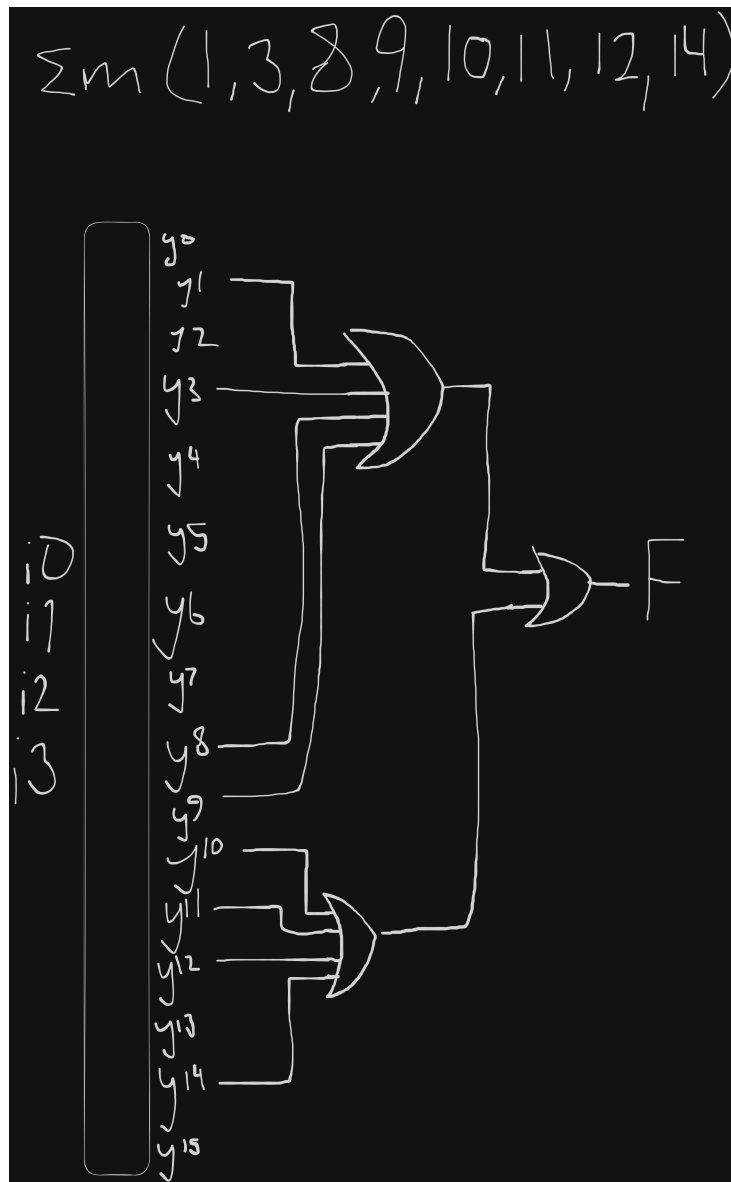
Part A

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 8, 9, 10, 13)$$



Part B

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(1, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14)$$

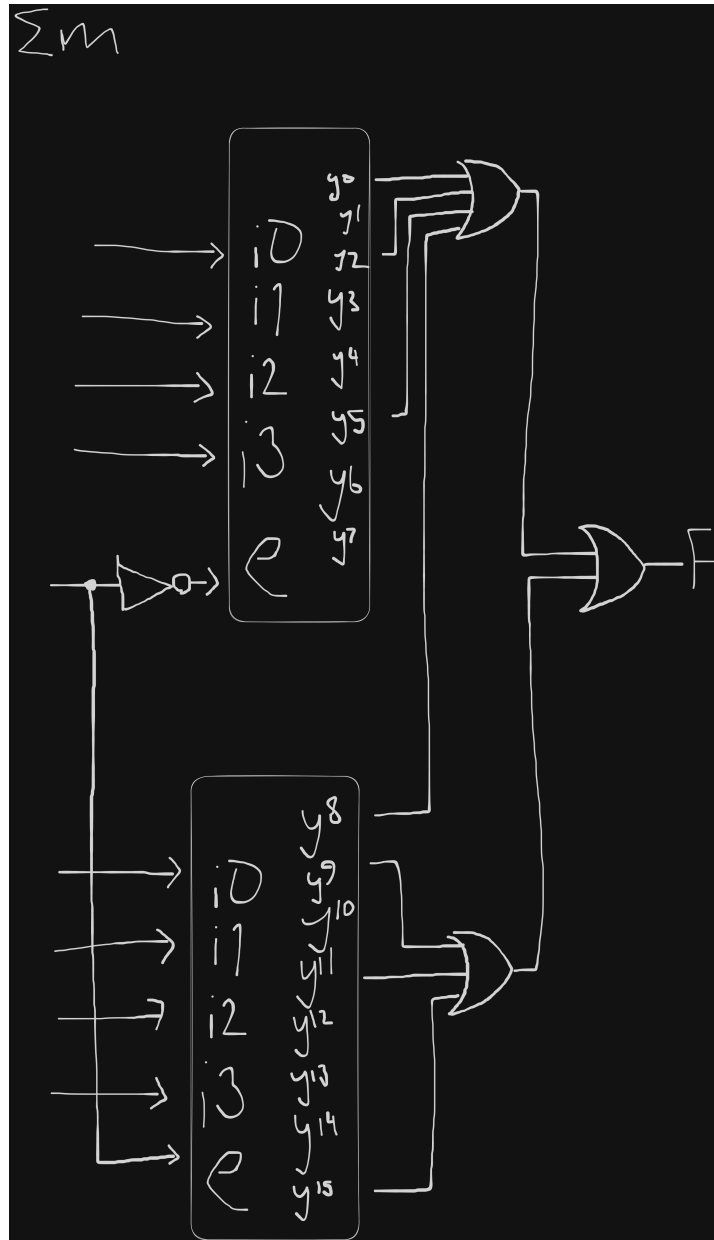


Problem 2

Implement the equations below using two 3-to-8 decoders with enable and minimal other gates.

Solution

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 5, 8, 9, 11, 15)$$



Problem 3

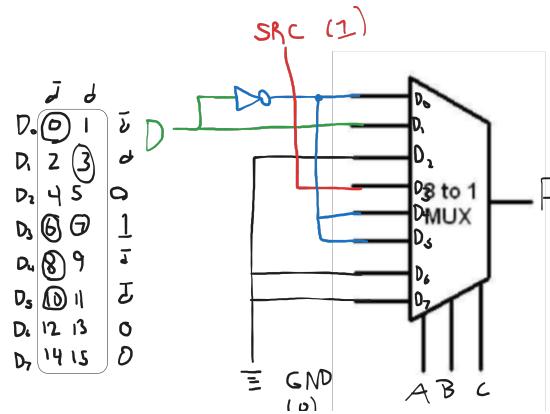
Implement the equations below using an 8-to-1 multiplexor and minimal other gates

Hint: at most only 1 other gate is needed per answer.

Solution

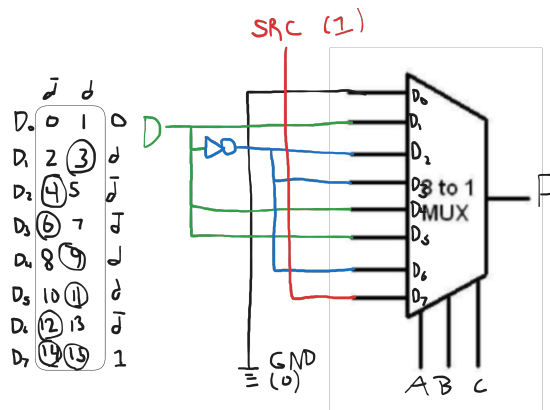
Part A

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(0, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10)$$



Part B

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15)$$



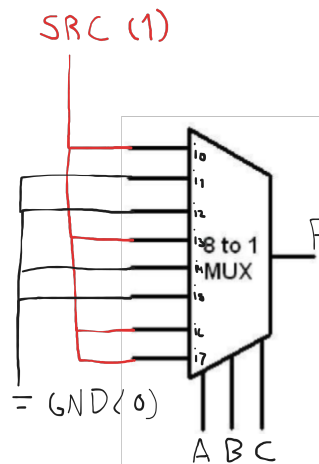
Problem 4

Implement the equations below using the given multiplexor and minimal other gates.

Solution

Part A

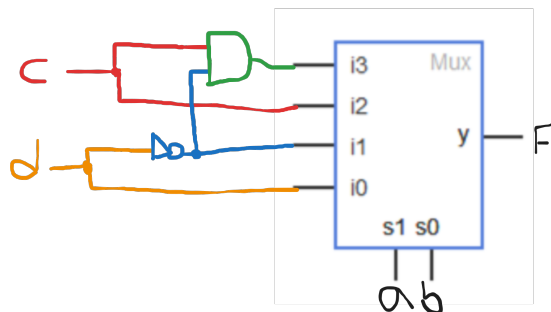
$$F(A, B, C) = \Sigma m(0, 3, 6, 7)$$



Part B

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 14)$$

	$\bar{c}\bar{d}$	$\bar{c}d$	$c\bar{d}$	cd	
D_0	0	1	2	3	$D_0 = \bar{c}\bar{d} + \bar{c}d + c\bar{d} + cd = \bar{c} + cd = d$
D_1	4	5	6	7	$D_1 = \bar{c}\bar{d} + c\bar{d} = \bar{d}$
D_2	8	9	10	11	$D_2 = c\bar{d} + cd = c$
D_3	12	13	14	15	$D_3 = cd$



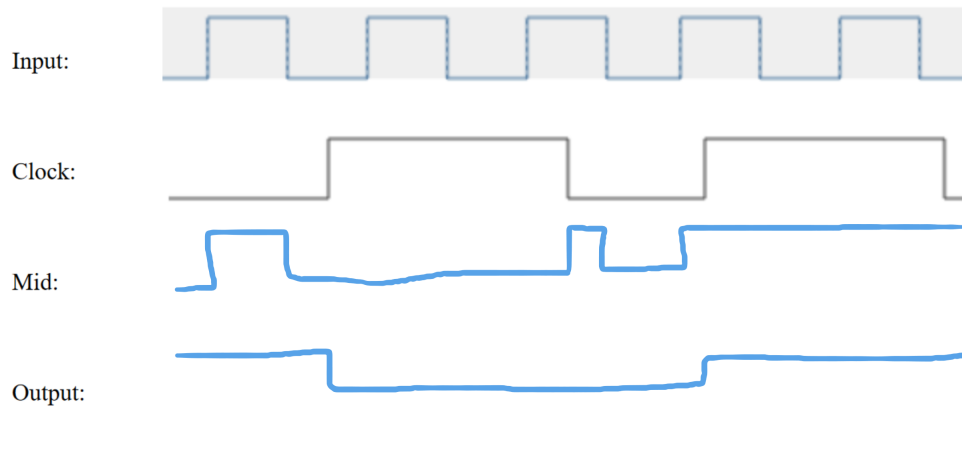
Problem 5

Part A

Fill in the timing diagram below with the values of Mid and Output for the D flip-flop.

Assume the initial value of Output is 1/high.

Solution

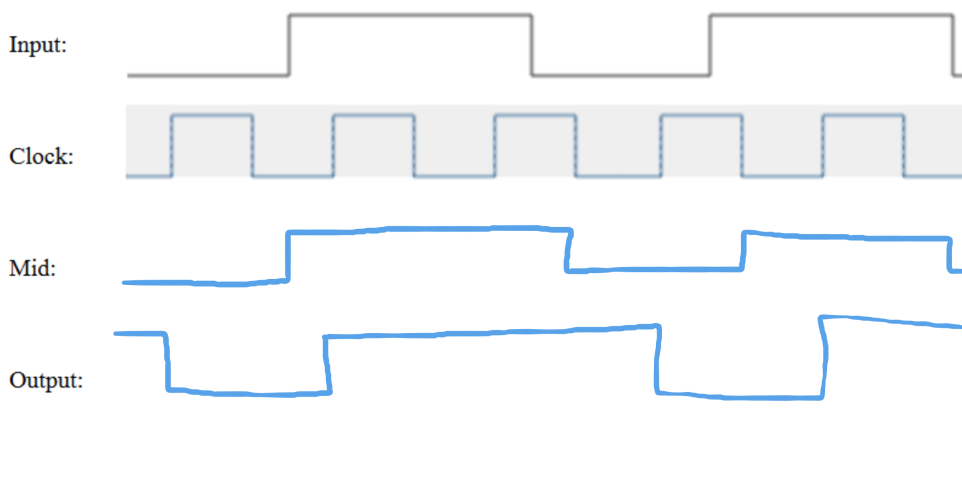


Part B

Fill in the timing diagram below with the values of Mid and Output for the D flip-flop as shown above.

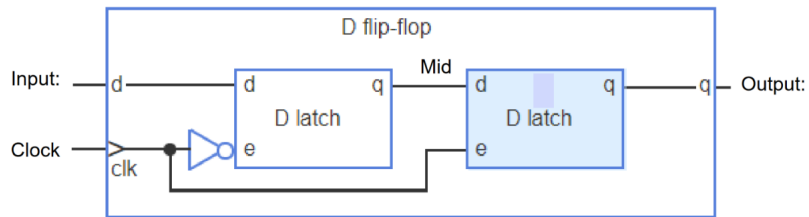
Assume the initial value of Output is 1/high.

Solution



Problem 6

The following D flip-flop is a rising-edge-triggered flip-flop.
Redraw it to become a falling-edge-triggered flip-flop.



Solution

