L^AT_EX support for Fedra Sans Pro

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Abstract

This document describes the fedrasans package, which provides L^AT_EX support for the commercial Fedra Sans Pro fonts in both text and math mode.

Contents

1   Overview

The fedrasans package provides LATEX support for the commercial Fedra® Sans Pro fonts[1] from Typotheque[2]. You can load this package by adding

> \usepackage[⟨*options*⟩]{fedrasans}

to the preamble of your document. If no options are specified, this will change the default sans-serif font to Fedra Sans Pro; use the option `alt` to select Fedra Sans Alt Pro. In order to use Fedra Sans as the main font for the document (not only when \sffamily is selected), you can use the option `sfdefault`. For all available options, see Section 3.

Acknowledgements

See the acknowledgements for the fedraserif package, on which this package is based.

2   Interferences with other packages

The fedrasans package is designed as a companion to the fedraserif package, which provides LATEX support for the serif version of Fedra. Since it is not possible to switch the math fonts in the middle of a document, care has to be taken wich of the two packages

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[1]Fedra is a registered trademark of Typotheque VOF.

[2]http://www.typotheque.com/fonts/

Table 1: Summary of options

Key	Values	Section
alt	true, false*	4.1
boldweight	Medium*, Bold, auto	4.3
fedrabb	true, false*	5.3
footnotemarks	true, false*	4.6
figures	lining* (lf), text (osf)	4.5
math	true, false*	5
math-style	tex*, iso, french	5.1
normalweight	Book*, Demi, auto	4.3
sfdefault	true, false*	1, 5
stdmathdigits	true, false*	5.2

is loaded with math support. In particular, if the fedrasans package is loaded with math support (i.e. using the `sfdefault` or `math` option), then the fedraserif package must be loaded with the option `math=false`, or an error will occur.

In order to use Fedra Sans as a math font, you need to have the fdsymbol package (version 0.7 or higher) installed. Apart from fdsymbol, the fedrasans package automatically loads the packages textcomp and (if math support is enabled) amsmath. Additionally, the fontaxes package is loaded if it is present in your LaTeX installation. If you want to pass options to these packages, you can either load these packages beforehand, or you can include the options in the `\documentclass` command. If the `math` option is used, the fedrasans package is *not* compatible with amssymb and amsfonts (since fdsymbol is not).

3   Options

All package options are set using a ⟨*key*⟩=⟨*value*⟩ syntax. Boolean options accept `true` and `false` as values, and setting a Boolean key without a value is equivalent to setting it to `true`. Table 1 lists all option keys of the fedrasans package with their possible values; values that are marked with an asterisk correspond to the default behaviour of the package.

4   Font selection

4.1   Variants

Fedra Sans Pro comes in two variants, which are licensed separately: the alternative variant (Fedra Sans Alt Pro) shown here is a bit more conservative than the original

Table 2: Summary of font weights

Weight	Series	Example
Light	l	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Book	sl	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Demi	md	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Medium	sb	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
Bold	ub	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.

variant, which features a long f, diamond-shaped dots, open counters, as well as a few other characteristics. By default, the package use the original variant. If you prefer the alternative variant, you can select it by passing the option `alt`.

4.2 Encodings

The package currently supports the OT1, T1, LY1, QX and T5 encodings for typesetting text with Latin characters, as well as the TS1 encoding for typesetting text symbols. For typesetting text with accented characters, it is strongly recommended to change the default font encoding from OT1 to T1 or one of the other encodings. This can be achieved by putting `\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}` in the preamble of your document.

4.3 Weights

All fonts of the Fedra Sans Pro family come in five weights, which are (in increasing order) Light, Book, Demi, Medium and Bold, shown in Table 2. Of these, Book and Demi can be used as the standard text font, while Medium and Bold can be used for bold text. The option keys `normalweight` and `boldweight` allow to control which weights are used for the standard LaTeX font series m and b (or bx), selected by `\mdseries` and `\bfseries`, respectively. For example, to use the Demi weight as the standard text font, use the option `normalweight=Demi`. By default, only the Book and the Medium weights are used. Additionally, both keys can be set to the value `auto`, which selects a weight depending on the font size (Book and Medium for normal and large sizes, Demi and Bold for small sizes). Independently of these options, all weights can accessed using `\fontseries`. For instance, the Light weight can be accessed using the command `\fontseries{l}`.

4.4 Shapes

In addition to the normal small caps shapes `sc` and `scit`, there are letterspaced versions `ssc` and `sscit` (see Table 3).

Table 3: Summary of font shapes

Shape	Example
n	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
it	*A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.*
sc	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
ssc	A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.
scit	*A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.*
sscit	*A Quick Brown Fox Jumps Over The Lazy Dog.*

Table 4: Summary of figure versions

	Lining figures	Text figures
Proportional	0123456789	0123456789
Tabular	0123456789	0123456789

If the fontaxes package is available, you can use the commands `\sscshape` and `\textssc{`⟨*text*⟩`}` to switch to letterspaced small caps.

4.5 Figures

Fedra Sans Pro offers four main figure versions (see 4). On the one hand, one can choose between *lining figures* and *text figures*, also known as *old-style figures*. On the other hand, one can choose between *proportional figures* and *tabular figures*.

By default, proportional lining figures are used throughout the document. If you want to use text figures instead, use the option `figures=text` or `figures=osf`.

Assuming that the fontaxes package is installed on your system, you can use the command `\figureversion` to switch between different figure versions inside the document. Possible arguments are `text` or `osf` for text figures, `lining` or `lf` for lining figures, `tabular` or `tab` for tabular figures, and `proportional` or `prop` for proportional figures. Note that you can combine several arguments. For example, the command `\figureversion{osf,tabular}` selects tabular text figures.

Small and slanted fractions are fractions with a height matching the font's body size; they can be accessed via:

> `\smallfrac{`⟨*numerator*⟩`}{`⟨*denominator*⟩`}` $\frac{3}{17}$
> `\slantfrac{`⟨*numerator*⟩`}{`⟨*denominator*⟩`}`   ³⁄₁₇

Note that only figures can be used for ⟨*numerator*⟩ and ⟨*denominator*⟩.

Finally, Fedra Sans Pro offers so-called bullet figures, which are enclosed by a circle; they can be accessed via:

\openbullet{⟨*number*⟩}   ① ㉞
\closedbullet{⟨*number*⟩}   ❺ ❻⑦⑧

As for small and slanted fractions, only figures can be used for ⟨*number*⟩.

4.6 Footnotes

By setting the option footnotemarks, footnote marks are set using special characters designed for this purpose, i.e. [1],[a] instead of [1],[a]. However, this only works for footnote marks that consist of figures and the lowercase letters a–z.

4.7 Dingbats

Fedra Sans Pro provides a large set of ornamental characters, which can be typeset using the following command:

\ding{⟨*number*⟩}

More commands are made available by the pifont package, which is automatically loaded if present. The available glyphs are listed in Table 5.

4.8 Additional notes

Fedra Sans Pro implements a large subset of the glyphs made available by the TS1 encoding. However, the following glyphs are missing:

\textdblhyphen	\textlangle	\textrangle
\textdivorced	\textdied	\textleaf
\textmarried	\textmusicalnote	\textdblhyphenchar
\textdollaroldstyle	\textcentoldstyle	\textacutedbl
\textgravedbl	\textguarani	\textrecipe
\textpertenthousand	\textpilcrow	\textbaht
\textdiscount	\textopenbullet	\textlquill
\textrquill	\textcopyleft	\textreferencemark

In addition to the monetary symbols defined by the TS1 encoding, the following currency symbols are available:

₢	\textcruzeiro	₣	\textfranc	₥	\textmill
Pts	\textpeseta	Rs	\textrupee	₪	\textsheqel
₭	\textkip	₮	\texttugrik	₴	\texthryvnia

Table 5: Dingbats available with the fedrasans package

number	glyph	number	glyph	number	glyph	number	glyph
100	·	120	⊙	140	☛	160	▤
101	■	121	◎	141	☚	161	▥
102	□	122	♥	142	☞	162	▦
103	■	123	♡	143	☜	163	☰
104	□	124	Ⓤ	144	☝	164	♀
105	▸	125	⊗	145	☟	165	♘
106	◂	126	⊗	146	✓	166	▮
107	▷	127	❀	147	□	167	▯
108	◁	128	ⓘ	148	☑	168	♀
109	▶	129	☺	149	⊠	169	▰
110	◀	130	★	150	✉	170	▱
111	▷	131	●	151	▣	171	✹
112	◁	132	→	152	✆	172	✺
113	▶	133	←	153	▯	173	✸
114	◀	134	↑	154	▤	174	○
115	▷	135	↓	155	☖	175	∼
116	◁	136	↗	156	☗	176	│
117	●	137	↖	157	◉		
118	○	138	↙	158	✎		
119	●	139	↘	159	◷		

Table 6: The different styles for letters in math mode

math-style	example
tex	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, a, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
iso	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, a, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$
french	$a, b, \ldots, A, B, \ldots, \alpha, \beta, \ldots, \Gamma, \Delta, \ldots$

5 Math support

By default, we only change the math font to Fedra Sans Pro (with mathematical symbols taken from FdSymbol) if the option `sfdefault` has been selected. In order to allow for a more fine-grained control, you can enable or disable math support using the `math` option. Note that all other options described in this section only have an effect if math support is enabled.

5.1 Letters

In TEX and LATEX, uppercase Greek letters are traditionally set upright in math mode, even when they are used as variables. This differs from the ISO standards ISO31-0:1992 to ISO31-13:1992, which mandate italics in this case. While the package employs the TEX tradition by default, you can select the ISO behaviour by setting the option `math-style=iso`. Independently of this option, you can alyways select upright and italic greek letters using the commands `\upalpha`, `\italpha`, `\upGamma`, `\itGamma`, etc. Additionally, the `math-style` key can take the value `french`, in which case all Greek and uppercase roman letters are typeset upright. For an illustration of the differences between the three values for `math-style`, see Table 6.

The fedrasans package provides all letters available in math mode with the Computer Modern fonts, with the exception of `\varpi` and `\varrho`, which have the same shape as `\pi` and `\rho`, respectively. Additionally, the following letters and letter-like symbols are can be typeset:

β	\varbeta[3]	ϝ	\digamma[3]	϶	\backepsilon[3]
ϱ	\varbackepsilon[3]	ħ	\hslash	ƛ	\lambdabar
ƛ	\lambdaslash	ð	\eth[3]	∅	\slashedzero
℧	\mho	ℓ	\upell	ħ	\uphbar

5.2 Digits

By default, digits in math mode are typeset in the default figure version for text mode (as selected by the `figures` key). To use lining figures in math mode even

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[3]The shape of the symbol is different if the option `math-style=french` is selected. Upright and italic shapes are also available directly via the commands `\up⟨cmd⟩` and `\it⟨cmd⟩`, respectively.

if `figures=text` is active, set the option `stdmathdigits`.

Apart from the standard math versions `normal` and `bold`, the package introduces two new math versions `tabular` and `boldtabular`, in which digits are typeset as tabular figures.

5.3 Blackboard characters

If you also have the fedraserif package installed, you can use the option `fedrabb` to change the math blackboard alphabet to Fedra Serif. See the documentation of the fedraserif package for more information. Note that for this option to work, the fedraserif package must be loaded *before* the fedrasans package.

6 NFSS classification

Table 7 lists all fonts made available with this package. Parenthesised combinations are provided via substitutions.

7 Implementation

7.1 Options

We use xkeyval's key mechanism to declare all options.

```
1 ⟨*package⟩
2 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
3 \newcommand*\fdrss@boolkey[2]{%
4   \define@boolkey{fedrasans.sty}[fdrss@]{#1}[true]{#2}%
5 }
6 \newcommand*\fdrss@choicekey[3]{%
7   \define@choicekey*{fedrasans.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
8 }
```

Font selection

The package fedrasans-fd adapts the font definitions to the requested font set (see Section 9). So we simply pass on the relevant options. Additional care has to be taken to pass the right options to fdsymbol.

```
 9 \fdrss@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
10   \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=#1}{fedrasans-fd}%
11   \ifcase\@tempb\relax
12     \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=book}{fdsymbol}%
13   \or
14     \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=regular}{fdsymbol}%
```

Table 7: NFSS classification

Encoding	Family	Series	Shape
OT1, T1, TS1, LY1, QX, T5	FedraSansPro-LF, FedraSansPro-OsF, FedraSansPro-TLF, FedraSansPro-TOsF, FedraSansAltPro-LF, FedraSansAltPro-OsF, FedraSansAltPro-TLF, FedraSansAltPro-TOsF	l, sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it (sl), sc, scit (scsl), ssc, sscit (sscsl)
OML	FedraSansPro-TOsF (FedraSansPro-LF, FedraSansPro-OsF, FedraSansPro-TLF), FedraSansAltPro-TOsF (FedraSansAltPro-LF, FedraSansAltPro-OsF, FedraSansAltPro-TLF)	sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it
U	FedraSansPro-Extra, FedraSansAltPro-Extra	l, sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n, it (sl)
U	FedraSansPro-Pi, FedraSansAltPro-Pi	l, sl, m, md, b (bx), sb, ub	n

```
15    \or
16      \PassOptionsToPackage{normalweight=auto}{fdsymbol}%
17    \fi
18 }
19 \fdrss@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
20    \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fedrasans-fd}%
21    \PassOptionsToPackage{boldweight=#1}{fdsymbol}%
22 }
```

The next option sets the default font to a sans-serif font.

```
23 \fdrss@boolkey{sfdefault}{%
24    \iffdrss@sfdefault\renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}\fdrss@mathtrue\fi%
25 }
```

The next option toggles the math font setup.

```
26 \fdrss@boolkey{math}{}
```

Variant and figure style

```
27 \newcommand\fdrss@family{FedraSansPro}
28 \newcommand\fdrss@textfig{LF}
29 \newcommand\fdrss@mathfig{\fdrss@textfig}
30 \newcommand\fdrss@textfamily{\fdrss@family-\fdrss@textfig}
31 \newcommand\fdrss@mathfamily{\fdrss@family-\fdrss@mathfig}
32 \newcommand\fdrss@mathtfamily{\fdrss@family-T\fdrss@mathfig}
33 \newcommand\fdrss@pifamily{\fdrss@family-Pi}
34 \newcommand\fdrss@mathshape{it}
35 \fdrss@boolkey{alt}{%
36    \iffdrss@alt\renewcommand\fdrss@family{FedraSansAltPro}\fi%
37 }
38 \fdrss@choicekey{figures}{text,osf,lining,lf}{%
39    \ifcase\@tempb\relax
40      \renewcommand\fdrss@textfig{OsF}%
41    \or
42      \renewcommand\fdrss@textfig{OsF}%
43    \or
44      \renewcommand\fdrss@textfig{LF}%
45    \or
46      \renewcommand\fdrss@textfig{LF}%
47    \fi
48 }
49 \fdrss@boolkey{stdmathdigits}{%
50    \iffdrss@stdmathdigits
51      \renewcommand\fdrss@mathfig{LF}%
52    \fi
53 }
```

Math styles

```
54 \newif\iffdrss@greek@upper@upright
55 \newif\iffdrss@greek@lower@upright
56 \fdrss@choicekey{math-style}{tex,iso,french}{%
57   \ifcase\@tempb\relax
58     \fdrss@greek@upper@uprighttrue
59     \fdrss@greek@lower@uprightfalse
60   \or
61     \fdrss@greek@upper@uprightfalse
62     \fdrss@greek@lower@uprightfalse
63   \or
64     \fdrss@greek@upper@uprighttrue
65     \fdrss@greek@lower@uprighttrue
66     \renewcommand\fdrss@mathshape{n}
67   \fi
68 }
```

Other options

This options redefines the blackboard bold alphabet to use Fedra Serif's blackboard letters.

```
69 \fdrss@boolkey{fedrabb}{%
70   \iffdrss@fedrabb
71     \renewcommand\fdrss@load@bb{%
72       \DeclareMathAlphabet\mathbb{U}{\fdrsf@family-BB}{m}{n}%
73       \renewcommand\Bbbk{\mathbb{k}}%
74     }%
75   \fi
76 }
77 \newcommand\fdrss@load@bb{}
```

This option allows to use superior figures for footnote marks. If possible, we use the commands \deffootnotemark and \deffootnote provided by the KOMA-Script classes to change the formatting of footnote marks. Otherwise, we need to redefine \@makefnmark.

```
78 \fdrss@boolkey{footnotemarks}{%
79   \iffdrss@footnotemarks
80     \@ifundefined{deffootnotemark}{%
81       \def\@makefnmark{%
82         \begingroup
83         \usefont{U}{\fdrss@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
84         \@thefnmark\kern0.1em%
85         \endgroup
86       }%
87     }{%
```

```
 88      \deffootnotemark{%
 89        \begingroup
 90        \usefont{U}{\fdrss@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
 91        \thefootnotemark
 92        \endgroup
 93      }%
 94    }%
 95    \@ifundefined{deffootnote}{}{%
 96      \deffootnote[1em]{1.5em}{1em}{%
 97        \begingroup
 98        \usefont{U}{\fdrss@family-Extra}{m}{n}%
 99        \thefootnotemark\kern0.1em%
100        \endgroup
101      }%
102    }%
103  \fi
104 }
```

Defaults

```
105 \ExecuteOptionsX{math-style=tex}
106 \ProcessOptionsX\relax
```

7.2   Font selection

```
107 \RequirePackage[scale=0.9]{fedrasans-fd}
108 \@ifpackageloaded{textcomp}{}{\RequirePackage{textcomp}}
109 \renewcommand\sfdefault{\fdrss@textfamily}
110 \@for\fdrss@fam:=FedraSansPro,FedraSansAltPro\do{%
111   \@for\fdrss@fig:=LF,TLF,OsF,TOsF\do{%
112     \DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{\fdrss@fam-\fdrss@fig}{1}%
113   }%
114 }
```

In order to accomodate ligatures and glyph variants, we had to remove some glyphs from the standard encodings, but most of them can still be accessed through the TS1 encoding.

```
115 \AtBeginDocument{
116   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcompwordmark}{T1}
117   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T1}
118   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
119   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
120   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{T1}
121   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{T1}
122   \UndeclareTextCommand{\textmu}{QX}
123   \UndeclareTextCommand{\texteuro}{QX}
```

```
124  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textEuro}{QX}
125  \let\textEuro\texteuro
126  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdagger}{QX}
127  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdaggerdbl}{QX}
128  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdegree}{QX}
129  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textsection}{QX}
130  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textregistered}{QX}
131  \UndeclareTextCommand{\copyright}{QX}
132  \let\copyright\textcopyright
133  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textdiv}{QX}
134  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textminus}{QX}
135  \UndeclareTextCommand{\texttimes}{QX}
136  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textpm}{QX}
137  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textbullet}{QX}
138  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textcurrency}{QX}
139  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{QX}
140  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textanglearc}{QX}
141  \UndeclareTextCommand{\textvisiblespace}{T5}
```

Additional currency symbols are stored in empty slots of the TS1 encoding.

```
142  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}{192}
143  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textfranc}{TS1}{193}
144  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textmill}{TS1}{194}
145  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeseta}{TS1}{195}
146  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textrupee}{TS1}{196}
147  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textsheqel}{TS1}{197}
148  \DeclareTextSymbol{\textkip}{TS1}{198}
149  \DeclareTextSymbol{\texttugrik}{TS1}{199}
150  \DeclareTextSymbol{\texthryvnia}{TS1}{200}
151  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcruzeiro}{TS1}
152  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textfranc}{TS1}
153  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textmill}{TS1}
154  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textpeseta}{TS1}
155  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textrupee}{TS1}
156  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsheqel}{TS1}
157  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textkip}{TS1}
158  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttugrik}{TS1}
159  \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthryvnia}{TS1}
160 }
```

The font selection commands such as \figureversion and \textssc are provided by the fontaxes package.

```
161 \IfFileExists{fontaxes.sty}{
162  \RequirePackage{fontaxes}[2007/03/31]
163  \let\oldstylenums\textfigures
164 }{}
```

7.3   Math font setup

We use FdSymbol for most mathematical symbols.

```
165 \iffdrss@math
166    \RequirePackage[scale=0.9,opstyle=sans]{fdsymbol}[2011/11/01]
```

Some math symbols are taken from the text font by fdsymbol. Use the correct math figure version for these.

```
167    \renewcommand\fdsy@text[1]{%
168      \ifx\fdsy@bold\math@version
169        \text{\usefont{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{b}{n}#1}%
170      \else
171        \text{\usefont{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{m}{n}#1}%
172      \fi
173    }
```

Redefine the standard math versions normal and bold.

```
174    \DeclareSymbolFont{operators}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{m}{n}
175    \SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{b}{n}
176    \DeclareSymbolFont{letters}{OML}{\fdrss@family-TOsF}{m}{\fdrss@mathshape}
177    \SetSymbolFont{letters}{bold}{OML}{\fdrss@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrss@mathshape}
178    \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{m}{n}
179    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{bold}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{b}{n}
180    \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathit}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{m}{it}
181    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{bold}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{b}{it}
182    \DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{T1}{\fdrss@mathfamily}{b}{n}
```

Extra math versions tabular and boldtabular, which use tabular figures instead of proportional ones. These math versions can be useful in tables.

```
183    \DeclareMathVersion{tabular}
184    \SetSymbolFont{operators}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{m}{n}
185    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{m}{n}
186    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{m}{it}
187    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{tabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
188    \DeclareMathVersion{boldtabular}
189    \SetSymbolFont{operators}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
190    \SetSymbolFont{letters}{boldtabular}{OML}{\fdrss@family-TOsF}{b}{\fdrss@mathshape}
191    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{b}{n}
192    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{b}{it}
193    \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{boldtabular}{T1}{\fdrss@mathtfamily}{b}{n}

194    \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"00}
195    \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"01}
196    \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"02}
197    \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"03}
198    \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"04}
199    \DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"06}
```

```
200  \DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"07}
201  \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"08}
202  \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"09}
203  \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"0A}
204  \let\hbar\undefined
205  \DeclareMathSymbol{\hbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"AE}
206  \DeclareMathSymbol{\uphbar}{\mathord}{letters}{"B5}
207  \DeclareMathSymbol{\partial}{\mathord}{letters}{"40}
208  \DeclareMathSymbol{\ell}{\mathord}{letters}{"60}
209  \DeclareMathSymbol{\upell}{\mathord}{letters}{"B9}
210  \DeclareMathSymbol{\slashedzero}{\mathord}{letters}{"B8}
211  \let\mho\undefined
212  \DeclareMathSymbol{\mho}{\mathord}{letters}{"BA}
213  \DeclareMathSymbol{\nabla}{\mathord}{letters}{"BB}
214  \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdabar}{\middlebar\lambda}
215  \DeclareRobustCommand{\lambdaslash}{\middleslash\lambda}
```

Execute the hook set up above to redefine the mathbb alphabet.

```
216  \fdrss@load@bb
```

7.4   Greek and Hebrew letters

We provide three math-mode commands for each Greek letter: for italic, upright and
the default.

```
217  \newcommand*{\fdrss@greek@capital}[3]{
218    \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
219      \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
220    \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
221      \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
222    \iffdrss@greek@upper@upright
223    \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname up#1\endcsname
224    \else
225    \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname it#1\endcsname
226    \fi
227  }
228  \newcommand*{\fdrss@greek@letter}[3]{
229    \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
230      \expandafter{\csname it#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#2}
231    \expandafter\DeclareMathSymbol%
232      \expandafter{\csname up#1\endcsname}{\mathord}{letters}{#3}
233    \iffdrss@greek@lower@upright
234    \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname up#1\endcsname
235    \else
236    \expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\csname it#1\endcsname
237    \fi
```

```
238    }
239    \fdrss@greek@capital{Gamma}{"00}{"80}
240    \fdrss@greek@capital{Delta}{"01}{"81}
241    \fdrss@greek@capital{Theta}{"02}{"82}
242    \fdrss@greek@capital{Lambda}{"03}{"83}
243    \fdrss@greek@capital{Xi}{"04}{"84}
244    \fdrss@greek@capital{Pi}{"05}{"85}
245    \fdrss@greek@capital{Sigma}{"06}{"86}
246    \fdrss@greek@capital{Upsilon}{"07}{"87}
247    \fdrss@greek@capital{Phi}{"08}{"88}
248    \fdrss@greek@capital{Psi}{"09}{"89}
249    \fdrss@greek@capital{Omega}{"0A}{"8A}
250    \fdrss@greek@letter{alpha}{"0B}{"8B}
251    \fdrss@greek@letter{beta}{"0C}{"8C}
252    \fdrss@greek@letter{gamma}{"0D}{"8D}
253    \fdrss@greek@letter{delta}{"0E}{"8E}
254    \fdrss@greek@letter{epsilon}{"0F}{"8F}
255    \fdrss@greek@letter{zeta}{"10}{"90}
256    \fdrss@greek@letter{eta}{"11}{"91}
257    \fdrss@greek@letter{theta}{"12}{"92}
258    \fdrss@greek@letter{iota}{"13}{"93}
259    \fdrss@greek@letter{kappa}{"14}{"94}
260    \fdrss@greek@letter{lambda}{"15}{"95}
261    \fdrss@greek@letter{mu}{"16}{"96}
262    \fdrss@greek@letter{nu}{"17}{"97}
263    \fdrss@greek@letter{xi}{"18}{"98}
264    \fdrss@greek@letter{pi}{"19}{"99}
265    \fdrss@greek@letter{rho}{"1A}{"9A}
266    \fdrss@greek@letter{sigma}{"1B}{"9B}
267    \fdrss@greek@letter{tau}{"1C}{"9C}
268    \fdrss@greek@letter{upsilon}{"1D}{"9D}
269    \fdrss@greek@letter{phi}{"1E}{"9E}
270    \fdrss@greek@letter{chi}{"1F}{"9F}
271    \fdrss@greek@letter{psi}{"20}{"A0}
272    \fdrss@greek@letter{omega}{"21}{"A1}
273    \fdrss@greek@letter{varepsilon}{"22}{"A2}
274    \fdrss@greek@letter{vartheta}{"23}{"A3}
275    \fdrss@greek@letter{varpi}{"19}{"99}
276    \fdrss@greek@letter{varrho}{"1A}{"9A}
277    \fdrss@greek@letter{varsigma}{"26}{"A6}
278    \fdrss@greek@letter{varphi}{"27}{"A7}
```

Some of the following symbols are not really Greek letters, but they are treated in the same way.

```
279    \fdrss@greek@letter{varbeta}{"A8}{"B0}
280    \fdrss@greek@letter{digamma}{"A9}{"B1}
```

```
281   \fdrss@greek@letter{backepsilon}{"AA}{"B2}
282   \fdrss@greek@letter{varbackepsilon}{"AB}{"B3}
283   \fdrss@greek@letter{eth}{"AC}{"B4}
284 \fi
```

7.5   Dingbats

We redefine some of the commands provided by the pifont package to replace Zapf
Dingbats by Fedra Sans's dingbats font.

```
285 \IfFileExists{pifont.sty}{
286   \RequirePackage{pifont}[2005/04/12]
287   \renewcommand{\ding}{\Pisymbol{\fdrss@pifamily}}
288   \renewcommand{\dingfill}{\Pifill{\fdrss@pifamily}}
289   \renewcommand{\dingline}{\Piline{\fdrss@pifamily}}
290   \renewenvironment{dinglist}[1]{\begin{Pilist}{\fdrss@pifamily}{##1}}%
291     {\end{Pilist}}
292   \renewenvironment{dingautolist}[1]{\begin{Piautolist}{\fdrss@pifamily}{##1}}%
293     {\end{Piautolist}}
294 }{
295   \newcommand{\ding}[1]{{\usefont{U}{\fdrss@pifamily}{m}{n}\char##1}}
296 }
```

7.6   Bullet figures

We provide two commands to access Fedra's bullet figures.

```
297 \newcommand*{\fdrss@@openbullet}[2]{%
298   \ifx#2\end
299     \char3#1%
300     \let\next\@gobble
301   \else
302     \char2#1\kern-0.02em%
303     \let\next\fdrss@@openbullet
304   \fi
305   \next#2%
306 }
307 \newcommand*{\fdrss@openbullet}[2]{%
308   \ifx#2\end
309     \char0#1%
310     \let\next\@gobble
311   \else%
312     \char1#1\kern-0.02em%
313     \let\next\fdrss@@openbullet
314   \fi
315   \next#2%
```

```
316 }
317 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\openbullet}[1]{%
318   \begingroup
319   \usefont{U}{\fdrss@family-Pi}{m}{n}%
320   \edef\@tempa{#1}\expandafter\fdrss@openbullet\@tempa\end
321   \endgroup
322 }

323 \newcommand*{\fdrss@@closedbullet}[2]{%
324   \ifx#2\end
325     \char7#1%
326     \let\next\@gobble
327   \else
328     \char6#1\kern-0.02em%
329     \let\next\fdrss@@closedbullet
330   \fi
331   \next#2%
332 }
333 \newcommand*{\fdrss@closedbullet}[2]{%
334   \ifx#2\end
335     \char4#1%
336     \let\next\@gobble
337   \else
338     \char5#1\kern-0.02em%
339     \let\next\fdrss@@closedbullet
340   \fi
341   \next#2%
342 }
343 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\closedbullet}[1]{%
344   \begingroup
345   \usefont{U}{\fdrss@family-Pi}{m}{n}%
346   \edef\@tempa{#1}\expandafter\fdrss@closedbullet\@tempa\end
347   \endgroup
348 }
```

7.7   Superior and inferior figures

The following command converts numbers to inferior figures.

```
349 \newcommand*{\fdrss@@inferior}[1]{%
350   \ifx#1\end
351     \let\next\relax
352   \else
353     \char"1#1%
354     \let\next\fdrss@@inferior
355   \fi
```

```
356    \next
357 }
358 \newcommand*{\fdrss@inferior}[1]{%
359    \begingroup
360    \edef\@tempa{#1}\expandafter\fdrss@@inferior\@tempa\end
361    \endgroup
362 }
```

\fdrss@ensuretext switches to text mode, if necessary.

```
363 \newcommand*{\fdrss@ensuretext}[1]{%
364    \ifmmode
365       \fdsy@text{#1}%
366    \else
367       #1%
368    \fi
369 }
```

We provide two commands for generating numerical fractions.

```
370 \newcommand*{\fdrss@smallfrac}[2]{%
371    \begingroup
372    \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrss@family-Extra}\fontshape{n}\selectfont
373    \leavevmode
374    \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox{%
375       \baselineskip\z@skip%
376       \lineskip.25ex%
377       \lineskiplimit-\maxdimen
378       \ialign{\hfil##\hfil\crcr
379          \vbox to 1.25ex{\vss\hbox{#1}\vskip.25ex}\crcr
380          \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 0.91ex depth -0.87ex\hfill\crcr
381          \vtop to 1ex{\vbox{}\hbox{\fdrss@inferior{#2}}\vss}\crcr
382          \noalign{\vskip-1.2ex}}}%
383    \box\@tempboxa
384    \endgroup
385 }
386 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\smallfrac}[2]{%
387    \fdrss@ensuretext{\kern0.08em\fdrss@smallfrac{#1}{#2}\kern0.1em}%
388 }
389 \newcommand*{\fdrss@slantfrac}[2]{%
390    \begingroup
391    \fontencoding{U}\fontfamily{\fdrss@family-Extra}\fontshape{n}\selectfont
392    #1\kern-0.05em/\kern0em\fdrss@inferior{#2}%
393    \endgroup
394 }
395 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\slantfrac}[2]{%
396    \fdrss@ensuretext{\kern0.08em\fdrss@slantfrac{#1}{#2}\kern0.1em}%
397 }
```

7.8 Logos

```
398 \iffdrss@sfdefault
399   \DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.26em%
400     {\sbox\z@ T%
401       \vbox to\ht\z@{\hbox{\check@mathfonts
402         \fontsize\sf@size\z@
403         \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
404         A}%
405       \vss}%
406     }%
407     \kern-.05em%
408     \TeX
409   }
410 \fi
```

Make the changes take effect. This concludes the main style file.

```
411 \normalfont
412 ⟨/package⟩
```

8   Microtype configuration file

The microtype configuration. All four families use the same file (cf. section 9).

```
413 ⟨*mtcfg⟩
414 \SetProtrusion
415   [ name = FedraSansPro-n ]
416   {  }
417   {
418     . = { ,700},
419   {,}= { ,500},
420     : = { ,500},
421     ; = { ,300},
422     ! = { ,100},
423     ? = { ,100},
424     @ = {50,50},
425     ~ = {200,250},
426   \% = {50,50},
427     * = {200,200},
428     + = {250,250},
429     ( = {100,   },    ) = {    ,200},
430     / = {100,200},
431     - = {600,600},
432     \textendash      = {450,450},   \textemdash       = {260,260},
433     \textquoteleft    = {300,400},   \textquoteright    = {300,400},
434     \textquotedblleft = {300,300},   \textquotedblright = {300,300}
435   }
```

21

```
436 \SetProtrusion
437   [ name     = FedraSansPro-OT1,
438     load     = FedraSansPro-n    ]
439   { encoding = {OT1},
440    family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
441              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
442    shape    = {n,sc,ssc} }
443   {  }
444 \SetProtrusion
445   [ name     = FedraSansPro-T1,
446     load     = FedraSansPro-n   ]
447   { encoding = {T1,LY1},
448    family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
449              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
450    shape    = {n,sc,ssc} }
451   {
452    _ = {100,100},
453    \textbackslash    = {100,200},
454    \quotesinglbase   = {400,400},   \quotedblbase    = {400,400},
455    \guilsinglleft    = {400,300},   \guilsinglright  = {300,400},
456    \guillemotleft    = {200,200},   \guillemotright  = {200,200},
457    \textexclamdown   = {100,  },    \textquestiondown = {100,  },
458    \textbraceleft    = {400,200},   \textbraceright  = {200,400},
459    \textless         = {200,100},   \textgreater     = {100,200}
460   }
461 \SetProtrusion
462   [ name     = FedraSansPro-QX,
463     load     = FedraSansPro-n   ]
464   { encoding = {QX},
465    family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
466              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
467    shape    = {n,sc,ssc} }
468   {
469    _ = {100,100},
470    \textbackslash     = {100,200},  \textellipsis    = {100,200},
471    \textperiodcentered = {500,700}, \quotedblbase    = {400,400},
472    \textquotedbl      = {400,400},   \textquotesingle = {400,400},
473    \guillemotleft     = {200,200},   \guillemotright  = {200,200},
474    \textexclamdown    = {100,  },    \textquestiondown = {100,  },
475    \textbraceleft     = {400,200},   \textbraceright  = {200,400},
476    \textless          = {200,100},   \textgreater     = {100,200}
477   }
478 \SetProtrusion
479   [ name     = FedraSansPro-T5,
```

```
480    load      = FedraSansPro-n    ]
481   { encoding = {T5},
482    family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
483             FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
484    shape     = {n,sc,ssc} }
485   {
486    _ = {100,100},
487    \textbackslash    = {100,200},
488    \quotesinglbase   = {400,400},   \quotedblbase     = {400,400},
489    \guilsinglleft    = {400,300},   \guilsinglright   = {300,400},
490    \guillemotleft    = {200,200},   \guillemotright   = {200,200},
491    \textbraceleft    = {400,200},   \textbraceright   = {200,400},
492    \textless         = {200,100},   \textgreater      = {100,200}
493   }
494 \SetProtrusion
495   [ name      = FedraSansPro-it ]
496   {  }
497   {
498    . = { ,500},
499    {,}= { ,500},
500    : = { ,300},
501    ; = { ,300},
502    & = {50,50},
503    \% = {100, },
504    * = {200,200},
505    + = {150,200},
506    @ = {50,50},
507    ~ = {150,150},
508    ( = {200, },    ) = {  ,200},
509    / = {100,200},
510    - = {630,630},
511    \textendash       = {200,200},   \textemdash       = {150,150},
512    \textquoteleft    = {400,200},   \textquoteright   = {400,200},
513    \textquotedblleft = {400,200},   \textquotedblright = {400,200}
514   }
515 \SetProtrusion
516   [ name      = FedraSansPro-OT1-it,
517    load      = FedraSansPro-it     ]
518   { encoding = OT1,
519    family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
520             FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
521    shape     = {it,scit,sscit} }
522   {  }
523 \SetProtrusion
```

```
524    [ name      = FedraSansPro-T1-it,
525      load      = FedraSansPro-it     ]
526    { encoding = {T1,LY1},
527     family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
528              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
529      shape    = {it,sl,scit,scsl} }
530    {
531     _ = {  ,100},
532     \textbackslash    = {100,200},
533     \quotesinglbase   = {300,700},   \quotedblbase      = {400,500},
534     \guilsinglleft   = {400,400},   \guilsinglright    = {300,500},
535     \guillemotleft   = {300,300},   \guillemotright    = {300,300},
536     \textexclamdown   = {100,   },  \textquestiondown  = {200,   },
537     \textbraceleft    = {200,100},   \textbraceright    = {200,200},
538    }
539 \SetProtrusion
540    [ name      = FedraSansPro-QX-it,
541      load      = FedraSansPro-it     ]
542    { encoding = {QX},
543     family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
544              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
545      shape    = {it,sl,scit,scsl} }
546    {
547     _ = {  ,100},
548     \textbackslash    = {100,200},   \textellipsis      = {100,200},
549     \textperiodcentered = {500,700}, \quotedblbase      = {400,500},
550     \textquotedbl    = {400,400},   \textquotesingle   = {400,400},
551     \guillemotleft   = {300,300},   \guillemotright    = {300,300},
552     \textexclamdown   = {100,   },  \textquestiondown  = {200,   },
553     \textbraceleft    = {200,100},   \textbraceright    = {200,200},
554    }
555 \SetProtrusion
556    [ name      = FedraSansPro-T5-it,
557      load      = FedraSansPro-it     ]
558    { encoding = {T5},
559     family   = {FedraSansPro-OsF,FedraSansPro-LF,FedraSansPro-TOsF,FedraSansPro-TLF,%
560              FedraSansAltPro-OsF,FedraSansAltPro-LF,FedraSansAltPro-TOsF,FedraSansAltPro-TLF},
561      shape    = {it,sl,scit,scsl} }
562    {
563     _ = {  ,100},
564     \textbackslash    = {100,200},
565     \quotesinglbase   = {300,700},   \quotedblbase       = {400,500},
566     \guilsinglleft   = {400,400},   \guilsinglright     = {300,500},
567     \guillemotleft   = {300,300},   \guillemotright     = {300,300},
568     \textbraceleft    = {200,100},   \textbraceright     = {200,200},
```

```
569    }
570 ⟨/mtcfg⟩
```

9 Font definition support package

As all font definitions look the same, we introduce macros to ease the configuration. These macros are stored in the file `fedrasans-fd.sty`, which is included by every FD file. Since `fedrasans-fd.sty` will be included several times and we do not know in which context the code is executed, we have to define all non-private commands as globals and avoid all `\preambleonly` commands.

We add a guard so that this file is executed only once even if it is included multiple times.

```
571 ⟨*fontdef⟩
572 \ifx\fdrss@scale\@undefined\else\endinput\fi
```

We distinguish between being loaded directly or via `\usepackage` in the preamble by checking `\@nodocument`.

```
573 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
574   \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
575   \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
576 \fi
```

Reset `\escapechar` (which is set to −1 in FD files) to make `\newcommand` work. The additional group does not harm; we have to make the important commands global anyway.

```
577 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
578   \begingroup
579   \escapechar`\\
580 \fi
```

The macro to make commands global is taken from the otfontdef package.

```
581 \newcommand*\fdrss@makeglobal[1]{%
582   \global\expandafter\let\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname
583   \csname #1\endcsname
584 }
```

9.1 Options

These are the default values if it is impossible to process options.

```
585 \newcommand\fdrss@mweight@normal{Book}
586 \newcommand\fdrss@mweight@small{Book}
587 \newcommand\fdrss@bweight@normal{Medium}
588 \newcommand\fdrss@bweight@small{Medium}
589 \newcommand\fdrss@scale{0.9}
```

```
590 \ifx\@nodocument\relax\else
591   \newcommand*\fdrss@fd@choicekey[3]{%
592     \define@choicekey*{fedrasans-fd.sty}{#1}[\@tempa\@tempb]{#2}{#3}%
593   }
594   \fdrss@fd@choicekey{normalweight}{book,demi,auto}{%
595     \ifcase\@tempb\relax
596       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@normal{Book}
597       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@small{Book}
598     \or
599       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@normal{Demi}
600       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@small{Demi}
601     \or
602       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@normal{Book}
603       \renewcommand\fdrss@mweight@small{Demi}
604     \fi
605   }
606   \fdrss@fd@choicekey{boldweight}{medium,bold,auto}{%
607     \ifcase\@tempb\relax
608       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@normal{Medium}
609       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@small{Medium}
610     \or
611       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@normal{Bold}
612       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@small{Bold}
613     \or
614       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@normal{Medium}
615       \renewcommand\fdrss@bweight@small{Bold}
616     \fi
617   }
618   \define@key{fedrasans-fd.sty}{scale}[0.9]{\renewcommand*\fdrss@scale{#1}}
619   \ProcessOptionsX\relax
620 \fi

621 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@mweight@normal}
622 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@mweight@small}
623 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@bweight@normal}
624 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@bweight@small}
625 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@scale}
```

9.2   Font configuration

We define commands to write to and read from the configuration database.

```
626 \newcommand*{\fdrss@addconfig}[4][]{%
627   \@for\@tempa:=#3\do{%
628     \expandafter
629     \gdef\csname fdrss@config@#2@#1@\@tempa\endcsname{#4}%
```

```
630    }%
631 }
632 \newcommand*{\fdrss@useconfig}[3]{%
633   \@ifundefined{fdrss@config@#2@#1@#3}{%
634     \@ifundefined{fdrss@config@#2@@#3}{}%
635       {\csname fdrss@config@#2@@#3\endcsname}%
636   }{\csname fdrss@config@#2@#1@#3\endcsname}%
637 }
638 \fdrss@makeglobal{fdrss@useconfig}
```

Now we can build up the configuration database.

```
639 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{l}{Light}
640 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{l}{Light}
641 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{sl}{Book}
642 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{sl}{Book}
643 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{m}{\fdrss@mweight@normal}
644 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{m}{\fdrss@mweight@small}
645 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{md}{Demi}
646 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{md}{Demi}
647 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{sb}{Medium}
648 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{sb}{Medium}
649 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{b}{\fdrss@bweight@normal}
650 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{b}{\fdrss@bweight@small}
651 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/small}{ub}{Bold}
652 \fdrss@addconfig{weight/normal}{ub}{Bold}
653 \fdrss@addconfig{subs/series}{bx}{b}
654 \fdrss@addconfig{italic}{it,scit,sscit}{Italic}
655 \fdrss@addconfig[OML]{italic}{n}{French}
656 \fdrss@addconfig[OML]{italic}{it}{Mixed}
657 \fdrss@addconfig{shape}{sc,scit}{-sc}
658 \fdrss@addconfig{shape}{ssc,sscit}{-ssc}
659 \fdrss@addconfig{subs/shape}{sl}{it}
660 \fdrss@addconfig{subs/shape}{scsl}{scit}
661 \fdrss@addconfig{subs/shape}{sscsl}{sscit}
```

This is the main macro to declare a single font shape.

```
662 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansShape[5][]{%
663   \edef\@@tempa{\fdrss@useconfig{#2}{subs/series}{#4}}%
664   \edef\@@tempb{\fdrss@useconfig{#2}{subs/shape}{#5}}%
665   \ifx\@@tempa\empty\ifx\@@tempb\empty
666     \DeclareFontShape{#2}{FedraSans#1Pro-#3}{#4}{#5}{%
667       <-7.1>s*[\fdrss@scale]%
668         FedraSans#1Pro-%
669         \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{weight/small}{#4}%
670         \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{italic}{#5}-#3%
671         \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{shape}{#5}-#2%
```

```
672      <7.1->s*[\fdrss@scale]%
673        FedraSans#1Pro-%
674        \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{weight/normal}{#4}%
675        \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{italic}{#5}-#3%
676        \fdrss@useconfig{#2}{shape}{#5}-#2%
677    }{}%
678    \else
679      \DeclareFontShape{#2}{FedraSans#1Pro-#3}{#4}{#5}{%
680        <->ssub* FedraSans#1Pro-#3/#4/\@@tempb
681      }{}%
682    \fi\else
683      \DeclareFontShape{#2}{FedraSans#1Pro-#3}{#4}{#5}{%
684        <->ssub* FedraSans#1Pro-#3/\@@tempa/#5%
685      }{}%
686    \fi
687 }
688 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansShape}
```

Finally, we provide commands to declare a complete family.

```
689 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansFamily[5][]{%
690    \DeclareFontFamily{#2}{FedraSans#1Pro-#3}{}%
691    \@for\fdrss@series:=#4\do{%
692      \@for\fdrss@shape:=#5\do{%
693        \DeclareFedraSansShape[#1]{#2}{#3}{\fdrss@series}{\fdrss@shape}%
694      }%
695    }%
696 }
697 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansFamily}
698 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[3][]{%
699    \DeclareFedraSansFamily[#1]{#2}{#3}{l,sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}%
700      {n,it,sc,ssc,scit,sscit,sl,scsl,sscsl}%
701 }
702 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily}
703 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansSmallFamily[3][]{%
704    \DeclareFedraSansFamily[#1]{#2}{#3}{l,sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n,it,sl}%
705 }
706 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansSmallFamily}
707 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansTinyFamily[3][]{%
708    \DeclareFedraSansFamily[#1]{#2}{#3}{l,sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub}{n}%
709 }
710 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansTinyFamily}
711 \newcommand*\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily[2][]{%
712    \def\@tempa{#2}%
713    \def\@tempb{TOsF}%
714    \DeclareFontFamily{OML}{FedraSans#1Pro-#2}{\skewchar\font=127}%
715    \@for\fdrss@series:=sl,m,md,sb,b,bx,ub\do{%
```

```
716    \@for\fdrss@shape:=n,it\do{%
717      \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
718      \DeclareFedraSansShape[#1]{OML}{TOsF}{\fdrss@series}{\fdrss@shape}%
719      \else
720      \DeclareFontShape{OML}{FedraSans#1Pro-#2}{\fdrss@series}{\fdrss@shape}{%
721          <->ssub* FedraSans#1Pro-TOsF/\fdrss@series/\fdrss@shape
722        }{}%
723      \fi
724    }%
725  }%
726 }
727 \fdrss@makeglobal{DeclareFedraSansMathFamily}
```

We define font family aliases so that we can place all configurations for the FedraSansPro family variants into one microtype file: mt-FedraSansPro.cfg. We use microtype's hook if microtype has not been loaded yet (which should be the case); otherwise we can execute the alias definitions directly.

```
728 \gdef\fdrss@Microtype@Aliases{%
729   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansPro-LF}{FedraSansPro}%
730   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansPro-OsF}{FedraSansPro}%
731   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansPro-TLF}{FedraSansPro}%
732   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansPro-TOsF}{FedraSansPro}%
733   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansAltPro-LF}{FedraSansPro}%
734   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansAltPro-OsF}{FedraSansPro}%
735   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansAltPro-TLF}{FedraSansPro}%
736   \DeclareMicrotypeAlias{FedraSansAltPro-TOsF}{FedraSansPro}%
737 }
738 \@ifundefined{Microtype@Hook}{%
739   \global\let\Microtype@Hook\fdrss@Microtype@Aliases
740 }{%
741   \g@addto@macro\Microtype@Hook{\fdrss@Microtype@Aliases}%
742 }%
743 \@ifundefined{DeclareMicroTypeAlias}{}{\fdrss@Microtype@Aliases}%

744 \ifx\@nodocument\relax
745   \endgroup
746 \fi
747 ⟨/fontdef⟩
```

10   Font definition files

Using the above macros, the various FD files become simple two-liners.

```
748 ⟨*fd⟩
749 \input{fedrasans-fd.sty}
750 ⟨!alt & ot1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{OT1}{LF}
```

29

```
751 ⟨!alt & ot1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{OT1}{OsF}
752 ⟨!alt & ot1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{OT1}{TLF}
753 ⟨!alt & ot1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{OT1}{TOsF}
754 ⟨!alt & t1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T1}{LF}
755 ⟨!alt & t1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T1}{OsF}
756 ⟨!alt & t1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T1}{TLF}
757 ⟨!alt & t1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T1}{TOsF}
758 ⟨!alt & ts1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{TS1}{LF}
759 ⟨!alt & ts1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{TS1}{OsF}
760 ⟨!alt & ts1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{TS1}{TLF}
761 ⟨!alt & ts1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{TS1}{TOsF}
762 ⟨!alt & ly1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{LY1}{LF}
763 ⟨!alt & ly1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{LY1}{OsF}
764 ⟨!alt & ly1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{LY1}{TLF}
765 ⟨!alt & ly1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{LY1}{TOsF}
766 ⟨!alt & qx & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{QX}{LF}
767 ⟨!alt & qx & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{QX}{OsF}
768 ⟨!alt & qx & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{QX}{TLF}
769 ⟨!alt & qx & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{QX}{TOsF}
770 ⟨!alt & t5 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T5}{LF}
771 ⟨!alt & t5 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T5}{OsF}
772 ⟨!alt & t5 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T5}{TLF}
773 ⟨!alt & t5 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily{T5}{TOsF}
774 ⟨!alt & oml & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily{LF}
775 ⟨!alt & oml & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily{OsF}
776 ⟨!alt & oml & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily{TLF}
777 ⟨!alt & oml & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily{TOsF}
778 ⟨!alt & u & extra⟩\DeclareFedraSansSmallFamily{U}{Extra}
779 ⟨!alt & u & orn⟩\DeclareFedraSansTinyFamily{U}{Pi}
780 ⟨alt & ot1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{OT1}{LF}
781 ⟨alt & ot1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{OT1}{OsF}
782 ⟨alt & ot1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{OT1}{TLF}
783 ⟨alt & ot1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{OT1}{TOsF}
784 ⟨alt & t1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T1}{LF}
785 ⟨alt & t1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T1}{OsF}
786 ⟨alt & t1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T1}{TLF}
787 ⟨alt & t1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T1}{TOsF}
788 ⟨alt & ts1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{TS1}{LF}
789 ⟨alt & ts1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{TS1}{OsF}
790 ⟨alt & ts1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{TS1}{TLF}
791 ⟨alt & ts1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{TS1}{TOsF}
792 ⟨alt & ly1 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{LY1}{LF}
793 ⟨alt & ly1 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{LY1}{OsF}
794 ⟨alt & ly1 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{LY1}{TLF}
795 ⟨alt & ly1 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{LY1}{TOsF}
```

```
796 ⟨alt & qx & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{QX}{LF}
797 ⟨alt & qx & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{QX}{OsF}
798 ⟨alt & qx & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{QX}{TLF}
799 ⟨alt & qx & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{QX}{TOsF}
800 ⟨alt & t5 & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T5}{LF}
801 ⟨alt & t5 & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T5}{OsF}
802 ⟨alt & t5 & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T5}{TLF}
803 ⟨alt & t5 & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansLargeFamily[Alt]{T5}{TOsF}
804 ⟨alt & oml & lf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily[Alt]{LF}
805 ⟨alt & oml & osf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily[Alt]{OsF}
806 ⟨alt & oml & tlf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily[Alt]{TLF}
807 ⟨alt & oml & tosf⟩\DeclareFedraSansMathFamily[Alt]{TOsF}
808 ⟨alt & u & extra⟩\DeclareFedraSansSmallFamily[Alt]{U}{Extra}
809 ⟨alt & u & orn⟩\DeclareFedraSansTinyFamily[Alt]{U}{Pi}
810 ⟨/fd⟩
```