

FST Trimming: Ending Dictionary Redundancy in Apertium

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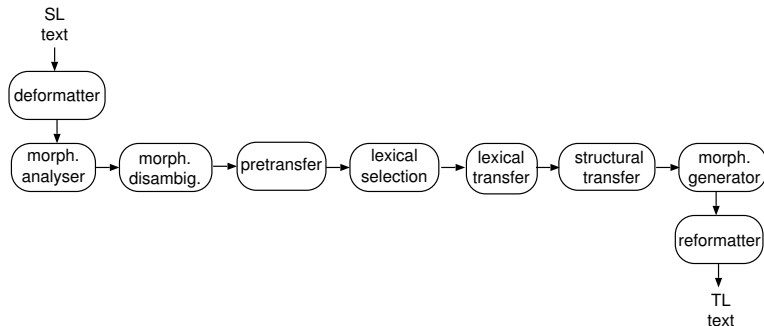
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- ▶ Apertium: Free/Open Source, Rule-based Machine Translation platform
- ▶ Uses Ittoolbox Finite State Transducers for:
 - ▶ morph. analysis: 'fishes' to
`fish<n><pl>/fish<vblex><pres>`
 - ▶ lex. transfer: `fish<n><pl>` to `fisk<n><m><pl><DD>`
 - ▶ morph. generation: `fisk<n><m><pl><def>` to 'fiskane'

Apertium pipeline architecture



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Ittoolbox FST's support a variety of multiwords

An Ittoolbox “lexical unit” is one token, and can be:

- ▶ simple non-multi-words: ‘fish’
- ▶ simple space-separated words: ‘hairy frogfish’ as a single token
- ▶ multiwords with **inner inflection**: ‘takes out’, analysed as `take<vblex><pri><p3><sg># out`, converted to `take# out<vblex><pri><p3><sg>` before lexical transfer

Multiword support

- ▶ **joined** multiwords: ‘they’ll’;

analysed as single token

`prpers<prn><subj><p3><mf><p1>+will<vaux><inf>`,

then split into two tokens

`prpers<prn><subj><p3><mf><p1>` and

`will<vaux><inf>` **before** lexical transfer

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- ▶ combinations of the 3 multiword types: 'creure-ho que',
analysed as single token

creure<vblex><inf>+ho<prn><enc><p3><nt># que,

then moved and split into two tokens

creure# que<vblex><inf> and

ho<prn><enc><p3><nt> before lexical transfer

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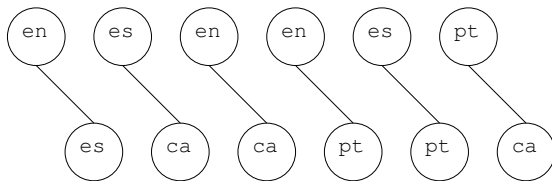


Figure: Current number of monodixes with pairs of four languages

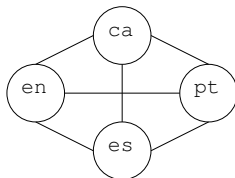


Figure: Ideal number of monodixes with four languages

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Moving uninflected lemma parts

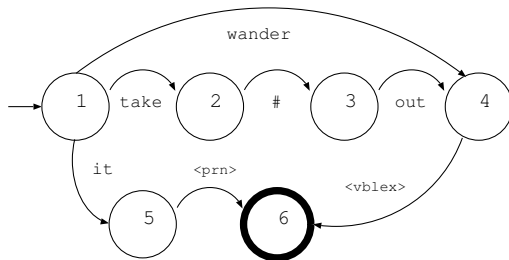
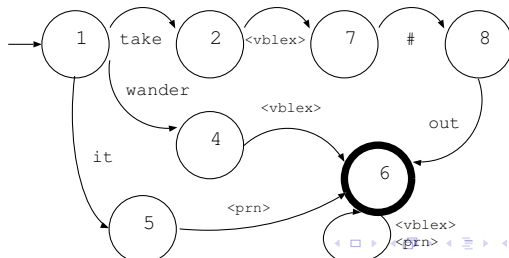


Figure: Input bilingual FST (letter transitions compressed to single arcs)



Intersection

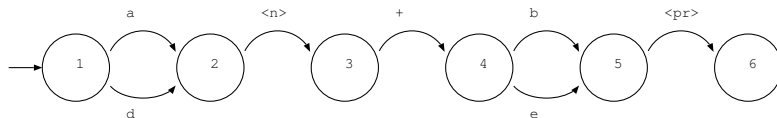


Figure: Input monolingual FST

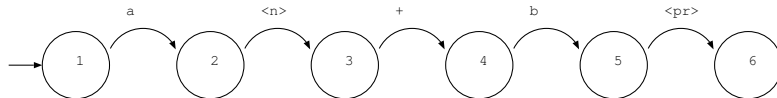


Figure: Trimmed monolingual FST

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