By: Martinez H.B. No. 2854

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to certain claims for benefits or compensation by
3	firefighters and emergency medical technicians or their survivors.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Sections 607.052(b) and (h), Government Code,
6	are amended to read as follows:
7	(b) A presumption under this subchapter does not apply:
8	(1) [to a determination of a survivor's eligibility
9	for benefits under Chapter 615;
10	$\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ in a cause of action brought in a state or
11	federal court except for judicial review of a proceeding in which
12	there has been a grant or denial of employment-related benefits or
13	compensation;

- 14 $\underline{(2)}$ [$\overline{(3)}$] to a determination regarding benefits or
- 15 compensation under a life or disability insurance policy purchased
- 16 by or on behalf of the firefighter or emergency medical technician
- 17 that provides coverage in addition to any benefits or compensation
- 18 required by law; or
- 19 $\underline{(3)}$ [$\underline{(4)}$] if the disease or illness for which benefits
- 20 or compensation is sought is known to be caused by the use of
- 21 tobacco and:
- (A) the firefighter or emergency medical
- 23 technician is or has been a user of tobacco; or
- 24 (B) the firefighter's or emergency medical

- 1 technician's spouse has, during the marriage, been a user of
- 2 tobacco that is consumed through smoking.
- 3 (h) Subsection (b)(3) $\left[\frac{b}{4}\right]$ only prevents the
- 4 application of the presumption authorized by this subchapter and
- 5 does not affect the right of a firefighter or emergency medical
- 6 technician to provide proof, without the use of that presumption,
- 7 that an injury or illness occurred during the course and scope of
- 8 employment.
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 607.055, Government Code, is amended to
- 10 read as follows:
- Sec. 607.055. CANCER. (a) A firefighter or emergency
- 12 medical technician who suffers from cancer resulting in death or
- 13 total or partial disability is presumed to have developed the
- 14 cancer during the course and scope of employment as a firefighter or
- 15 emergency medical technician if:
- 16 (1) the firefighter or emergency medical technician:
- 17 (A) regularly responded on the scene to calls
- 18 involving fires or fire fighting; or
- 19 (B) regularly responded to an event involving the
- 20 documented release of radiation or a known or suspected carcinogen
- 21 while the person was employed as a firefighter or emergency medical
- 22 technician; and
- 23 (2) <u>either:</u>
- 24 <u>(A)</u> the cancer is known to be associated with
- 25 fire fighting or exposure to heat, smoke, radiation, or a known or
- 26 suspected carcinogen[τ] as determined by the International Agency
- 27 for Research on Cancer; or

- 1 (B) the firefighter's or emergency medical
- 2 technician's treating physician believes, with reasonable medical
- 3 probability, that the cancer is not the result of other known causes
- 4 [described by Subsection (b)].
- 5 (b) The presumption established by Subsection (a) does not
- 6 apply to a type of cancer that has been proven to not be caused by
- 7 fire fighting or [This section applies only to a type of cancer that
- 8 may be caused by] exposure to heat, smoke, radiation, or a known or
- 9 suspected carcinogen [as determined by the International Agency for
- 10 Research on Cancer].
- SECTION 3. Section 615.021(d), Government Code, is amended
- 12 to read as follows:
- 13 (d) In a determination of whether the survivor of an
- 14 individual listed under Section 615.003 is eligible for the payment
- 15 of assistance under this chapter, any reasonable doubt arising from
- 16 the circumstances of the individual's death, including whether a
- 17 presumption under Subchapter B, Chapter 607, applies, shall be
- 18 resolved in favor of the payment of assistance to the survivor.
- 19 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 20 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 21 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 22 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 23 Act takes effect September 1, 2015.