By: Flynn, King of Parker, Simmons, Bell, Laubenberg, et al.

H.B. No. 98

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 98:

By: King of Parker

C.S.H.B. No. 98

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to the Texas Balance of Powers Act.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. (a) This Act shall be known as the Texas Balance
- 5 of Powers Act.
- 6 (b) The legislature finds that:
- 7 (1) The people of the several states comprising the
- 8 United States of America created the federal government to be their
- 9 agent for certain enumerated purposes and nothing more.
- 10 (2) The Tenth Amendment to the United States
- 11 Constitution defines the total scope of federal power as including
- 12 only those powers specifically delegated by the Constitution to the
- 13 federal government. Those powers not explicitly delegated by the
- 14 Constitution to the federal government are reserved to the states
- 15 or to the people themselves.
- 16 (3) Each power delegated to the federal government by
- 17 the United States Constitution encompasses only that power as it
- 18 was understood at the time it was delegated, subject only to an
- 19 expansion or limitation of that power by a subsequent amendment to
- 20 the Constitution.
- 21 (4) The United States Constitution authorizes the
- 22 United States Congress to exercise only those powers enumerated in
- 23 Section 8, Article I, of the Constitution, as well as certain other
- 24 powers delegated to Congress by subsequent amendments to the

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- 1 Constitution. Article VI of the Constitution makes supreme the
- 2 Constitution and federal laws enacted pursuant to the Constitution,
- 3 further requiring that public officials at all levels and in all
- 4 branches of government support the Constitution.
- 5 (5) Paragraph 3, Section 8, Article I, of the United 6 States Constitution delegates to the United States Congress only 7 the specific power to regulate commerce with "foreign nations, and 8 among the several states, and with Indian tribes." This provision
- 9 was never intended to authorize the federal government to assume
- 10 any power beyond the regulation of transactions in those three
- 11 specific categories. Through vastly distorted interpretations of
- 12 the meaning of the Commerce Clause not authorized by the
- 13 Constitution or an amendment to the Constitution, the legislative,
- 14 executive, and judicial branches of the federal government have
- 15 adopted and implemented countless measures not authorized by the
- 16 language or original intent of the clause, many of which usurp the
- 17 duties and responsibilities reserved to the states by the Tenth
- 18 Amendment.
- 19 (6) Paragraph 1, Section 8, Article I, of the United
- 20 States Constitution delegates to the United States Congress the
- 21 power to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and
- 22 general welfare of the United States. The General Welfare Clause
- 23 was intended and understood to ensure that Congress, when
- 24 exercising an enumerated power, does so in a manner that serves all
- 25 states generally, and no state or person singularly.
- 26 (7) The final paragraph of Section 8, Article I, of the
- 27 United States Constitution delegates to the United States Congress

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- 1 the limited power to make laws "necessary and proper" to carry into
- 2 execution the powers delegated by the Constitution to the United
- 3 States government. Using this clause to expand federal power beyond
- 4 specifically enumerated powers granted by the Constitution
- 5 violates the plain language and original intent of that clause.
- 6 (8) The constitutional limitation on the scope of
- 7 federal power and the reservation of other powers to the states or
- 8 to the people are matters of contract between this state and its
- 9 people, and the United States, as of the date this state was
- 10 admitted to the United States of America.
- 11 (9) The federal government has acted in a manner
- 12 inconsistent with the language, intent, and spirit of the United
- 13 States Constitution in direct violation of the Constitution and the
- 14 contract between this state and its people, and the United States.
- 15 This state rejects the unauthorized and excessive abuse of power by
- 16 the federal government that infringes on the rights of this state
- 17 and its people and that unconstitutionally undermines, diminishes,
- 18 and disregards the balance of powers between the states and the
- 19 federal government established by the Constitution.
- 20 (c) In accordance with the United States Constitution, the
- 21 federal government is denied by this state the power to take any
- 22 legislative, executive, or judicial action that violates the
- 23 Constitution, specifically including those actions that
- 24 unconstitutionally undermine, diminish, or disregard the balance
- 25 of powers between the states and the federal government established
- 26 by the Constitution.
- 27 (d) This Act serves as notice from this state to the federal

- 1 government to cease and desist any and all unconstitutional
- 2 activities that are outside the scope of the power delegated to it
- 3 by the United States Constitution, including those activities that
- 4 unconstitutionally undermine, diminish, or disregard the balance
- 5 of powers between the states and the federal government established
- 6 by the Constitution.
- 7 (e) This Act calls on all state and local officials,
- 8 especially members of law enforcement, prosecutors, members of
- 9 local governing bodies, the attorney general, and the governor to
- 10 honor their oath to preserve, protect, and defend the United States
- 11 Constitution, based on the original intent of that document unless
- 12 modified by subsequent constitutional amendment, and as such to
- 13 stop unconstitutional federal actions.
- 14 (f) This state and its people retain their sovereign power
- 15 to regulate the affairs of this state, subject only to the
- 16 limitations prescribed by the United States Constitution.
- SECTION 2. Subtitle Z, Title 3, Government Code, is amended
- 18 by adding Chapter 393 to read as follows:
- 19 CHAPTER 393. ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION
- Sec. 393.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 21 (1) "Committee" means the Joint Legislative Committee
- 22 on Constitutional Powers and Enforcement.
- 23 (2) "Federal action" includes:
- 24 (A) a federal law;
- 25 (B) a federal agency rule, policy, or standard;
- 26 (C) an executive order of the president of the
- 27 United States;

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1	(D) an order of a federal court; and
2	(E) the making or enforcing of a treaty.
3	(3) "Unconstitutional federal action" means a federal
4	action enacted, adopted, or implemented without authority
5	specifically delegated to the federal government by the people and
6	the states through the United States Constitution.
7	Sec. 393.002. JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON
8	CONSTITUTIONAL POWERS AND ENFORCEMENT. (a) The Joint Legislative
9	Committee on Constitutional Powers and Enforcement is established
10	as a permanent joint committee of the legislature.
11	(b) The committee consists of the following 14 members:
12	(1) seven members of the house of representatives
13	appointed by the speaker of the house; and
14	(2) seven members of the senate appointed by the
15	lieutenant governor.
16	(c) Not more than four house members of the committee and
17	four senate members of the committee may be members of the same
18	political party.
19	(d) Members of the committee serve two-year terms beginning
20	with the convening of each regular legislative session.
21	(e) If a vacancy occurs on the committee, the appropriate
22	appointing officer shall appoint a member of the house or senate, as
23	appropriate, to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
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shall each designate one member of the committee as a joint chair of

(f) The speaker of the house and the lieutenant governor

(g) The committee shall meet at the call of either joint

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the committee.

- 1 chair.
- 2 (h) A majority of the members of the committee constitute a
- 3 quorum.
- 4 Sec. 393.003. COMMITTEE REVIEW OF FEDERAL ACTION. (a) The
- 5 committee may review any federal action to determine whether the
- 6 action is an unconstitutional federal action.
- 7 (b) Not later than the 180th day after the date the
- 8 committee holds its first public hearing to review a specific
- 9 federal action, the committee shall vote to determine whether the
- 10 action is an unconstitutional federal action.
- 11 <u>(c)</u> The committee may determine that a federal action is an
- 12 unconstitutional federal action by majority vote.
- 13 (d) The committee shall report to the governor and the
- 14 attorney general each federal action that the committee determines
- 15 to be an unconstitutional federal action. The committee may include
- 16 in the report one or more effective and constitutional ways to
- 17 prevent the application of the federal action in this state.
- 18 (e) Not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year,
- 19 the committee shall submit a report to the speaker of the house of
- 20 representatives and the lieutenant governor that lists each federal
- 21 action determined by the committee to be an unconstitutional
- 22 <u>federal action since the committee's previous report. The committee</u>
- 23 shall include in the report one or more recommendations for
- 24 effective and constitutional legislative responses to the federal
- 25 action.
- Sec. 393.004. ATTORNEY GENERAL ACTION. The attorney
- 27 general may represent this state or a political subdivision of this

- 1 state in an action regarding the refusal or failure of the state or
- 2 the political subdivision to participate in the implementation or
- 3 enforcement of an unconstitutional federal action.
- 4 SECTION 3. (a) Not later than the 30th day following the
- 5 effective date of this Act:
- 6 (1) the speaker of the house of representatives and
- 7 the lieutenant governor shall appoint the initial members of the
- 8 Joint Legislative Committee on Constitutional Powers and
- 9 Enforcement established under Section 393.002, Government Code, as
- 10 added by this Act; and
- 11 (2) the secretary of state shall forward official
- 12 copies of this Act to the president of the United States, to the
- 13 speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the
- 14 Senate of the Congress of the United States, and to all members of
- 15 the Texas delegation to Congress with the request that this Act be
- 16 officially entered in the Congressional Record.
- 17 (b) Not later than the 45th day following the effective date
- 18 of this Act, the speaker of the house of representatives and the
- 19 lieutenant governor shall forward official copies of this Act to
- 20 the presiding officers of the legislatures of the several states.
- 21 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 22 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 23 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 24 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 25 Act takes effect September 1, 2015.