By: Zedler H.B. No. 2535

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the ownership and local regulation of trees and timber.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Title 6, Natural Resources Code, is amended by
5	adding Chapter 154 to read as follows:
6	CHAPTER 154. OWNERSHIP AND LOCAL REGULATION OF TREES AND TIMBER
7	Sec. 154.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
8	(1) "Governmental entity" means a political
9	subdivision of the state, including:
10	(A) a municipality; and
11	(B) a county.
12	(2) "Mature tree" means a tree greater than 10 inches
13	in girth measured 4-1/2 feet above the natural grade.
14	(3) "Mitigation fee" means a fee assessed by a
15	governmental entity for the removal of a tree.
16	(4) "Removal of a tree" means the harvesting, cutting,
17	or destruction of a tree, including the damaging of a tree in a way
18	that will cause the death of the tree on or before the first
19	anniversary of the date of the damage, as determined by a
20	governmental entity.
21	(5) "Replacement tree" means a tree of not less than
22	three inches in girth measured 4-1/2 feet above the natural grade
23	that is planted to replace a tree removed from a landowner's land.
24	Sec 154 002 OWNERSHIP OF TREES AND TIMBER A landowner

- 1 owns all trees and timber located on the landowner's land as real
- 2 property until cut or otherwise removed from the land, unless
- 3 otherwise provided by a contract, bill of sale, deed, mortgage,
- 4 deed of trust, or other legally binding document.
- 5 Sec. 154.003. LOCAL REGULATION OF TREES AND TIMBER. (a) A
- 6 governmental entity may not prohibit a landowner from trimming or
- 7 removing trees or timber located on the landowner's land.
- 8 (b) A governmental entity may, if authorized by other state
- 9 <u>law and subject to the limitations of that law, assess a mitigation</u>
- 10 fee against a landowner for the removal of a mature tree on the
- 11 landowner's land. A mitigation fee:
- 12 (1) must be proportional to the value of the mature
- 13 tree removed;
- 14 (2) may not exceed \$100 per inch of girth of the mature
- 15 tree removed measured at 4-1/2 feet above the natural grade; and
- 16 (3) may be used only in the jurisdiction in which the
- 17 fee is collected and only for the purpose of tree planting and other
- 18 related activities.
- 19 (c) A landowner is entitled to plant a replacement tree at
- 20 the landowner's expense instead of paying a mitigation fee. A
- 21 landowner who chooses to plant a replacement tree is not required to
- 22 plant a number of replacement trees whose total girth is greater
- 23 than the total girth of all the mature trees to which the mitigation
- 24 fee would have applied.
- 25 (d) Notwithstanding any other law, a municipality may not
- 26 regulate the trimming or removal of trees or timber in the
- 27 extraterritorial jurisdiction of the municipality.

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- 1 (e) Subsection (d) does not apply to a municipality whose
- 2 extraterritorial jurisdiction is adjacent to or includes all or
- 3 part of a federal military base in active use as of September 1,
- 4 2017.
- 5 (f) This section does not affect the authority of a county
- 6 to regulate the cutting of trees under Section 240.909, Local
- 7 Government Code.
- 8 (g) This section does not apply to the facilities or
- 9 operations of an electric utility or a transmission and
- 10 distribution utility, as those terms are defined by Section 31.002,
- 11 <u>Utilities Code</u>.
- 12 Sec. 154.004. APPLICABILITY TO TREE TRIMMING OR REMOVAL IN
- 13 UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY. This chapter does not apply to the trimming
- 14 or removal of a tree in the easement or right-of-way of a pipeline
- 15 <u>or utility line.</u>
- SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.