

WMO WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

World Meteorological Organization

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i. Abstract

WIS2 real-time data sharing is based on a message queuing protocol (MQP) supporting a publication/subscription (PubSub) mechanism. A user can subscribe to an MQP broker to receive real-time notifications of the existence of new data. The notification message received from the MQP broker contains a URL to download the data. In addition, the MQP broker offers a range of topics organised in a hierarchy. The users can select their topics of interest and subscribe to them to receive notifications and download data relevant to their work.

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified exchange platform for weather, climate, and water data.

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. This standard is an extension of the OGC API - Features standard ^[3]. WIS2 Notification Message documents are provided as MQP payloads by WIS2 nodes, Global Broker services, as well as Replay API services (optional OGC API - Features services for data notifications).

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded in GeoJSON (RFC7946 ^[4]) as defined in this specification and shall be made available as MQP payloads. Additionally, they can be provisioned as defined by OGC API - Features.

Weather/climate/water data is by nature geospatial and temporal. The W3C Data on the Web Best Practices ^[5] and Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices ^[6] publications provide guidelines on how to best enable spatiotemporal data to lower the barrier for users, search engine optimization, and linked data. This also aligns with the FAIR data principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable) ^[7].

ii. Keywords

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

wmo, wis 2.0, weather, climate, water, metadata, pubsub, mqp, message queuing protocol, GeoJSON

iii. Security Considerations

Based on the WMO Unified Data Policy for the International Exchange of Earth System Data (Resolution 1 (Cg-Ext(2021)) ^[8], exchanged data are classified as **core** or **recommended**. Core data is considered fully open and unrestricted with no security considerations. Recommended data may have access control defined.

No security considerations have been made for this standard.

Chapter 1. Scope

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding of a notification message published as part of a WIS2 Global Broker or a Replay API service.

The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding standard defined herein is an extension of the International Standard *GeoJSON*.

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded as GeoJSON as defined in *OGC API - Features - Part 1: Core*.

The primary purpose of WIS2 Notification Messages are to notify subscribers or clients of new data being published.

This specification defines the conformance requirements for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. Annex A defines the abstract test suite.

[1] <https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/commission-observation-infrastructures-and-information-systems-infcom/commission-infrastructure-officers/infcom-management-group/standing-committee-information-management-and-technology-sc-int>

[2] <https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/infcom>

[3] <https://ogcapi.ogc.org/features>

[4] <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7946>

[5] <https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp>

[6] <https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp>

[7] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FAIR_data

[8] https://library.wmo.int/doc_num.php?explnum_id=11113#page=9

Chapter 2. Conformance

Conformance with this standard shall be checked using the tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document.

GeoJSON provides an encoding for encoding geographic features (geometry, attributes). This standard is an extension of *GeoJSON*.

Data providers are required to comply with all conformance classes of this specification in support of providing MQP services.

WMO shall publish guidance material to assist data providers in constructing WIS2 Notification Messages.

This standard identifies one Conformance Class which defines the functional requirements.

The mandatory Conformance Class for this specification is:

- "WIS2 Notification Message Encoding Core"

Chapter 3. References

- OGC: OGC 17-069r, OGC API - Features - Part 1: Core 1.0 (2022) ^[1]
- IETF: RFC-7946 The GeoJSON Format (2016) ^[2]
- IETF: RFC-8259 The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format the GeoJSON Format (2016) ^[3]
- W3C/OGC: Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Working Group Note (2017) ^[4]
- W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation (2017) ^[5]
- W3C: Data Catalog Vocabulary, W3C Recommendation (2014) ^[6]
- IANA: Link Relation Types (2020) ^[7]
- IETF: JSON Schema (2022) ^[8]
- WMO: WIS2 Topic Hierarchy (2022) ^[9]

[1] <https://docs.openeospatial.org/is/17-069r4/17-069r4.html>

[2] <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7946>

[3] <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8259>

[4] <https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp>

[5] <https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp>

[6] <https://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-dcat>

[7] <https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xml>

[8] <https://json-schema.org>

[9] <https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-topic-hierarchy>

Chapter 4. Terms and definitions

This document uses the terms defined in [OGC Policy Directive 49](#), which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this Standard and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This document also uses terms defined in the OGC Standard for Modular specifications ([OGC 08-131r3](#)), also known as the 'ModSpec'. The definitions of terms such as standard, specification, requirement, and conformance test are provided in the ModSpec.

The following additional terms and definitions also apply.

4.1. Abbreviated terms

Table 1. Symbols and abbreviated terms

Abbreviation	Term
API	Application Programming Interface
DCPC	Data Collection and Production Centres
GDC	Global Discovery Catalogue
GIS	Geographic Information System
GISC	Global Information System Centre
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
IANA	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation
MQP	Message Queuing Protocol
MQTT	Message Queuing Telemetry Transport
NC	National Centre
NWP	Numerical Weather Prediction
OGC	Open Geospatial Consortium
PubSub	Publish / Subscribe
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UUID	Universally Unique Identifier

Abbreviation	Term
W3C	World Wide Web Consortium
WCMP	WMO Core Metadata Profile
WIS	WMO Information System
WMO	World Meteorological Organization
WNM	WIS2 notification message

Chapter 5. Conventions

This section provides details and examples for any conventions used in the document. Examples of conventions are symbols, abbreviations, use of JSON schema, or special notes regarding how to read the document.

5.1. Identifiers

The normative provisions in this Standard are denoted by the URI:

<http://wis.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1>

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs which are relative to this base.

5.2. Examples

Examples provided in this specification are encoded as GeoJSON.

Complete examples can be found at <https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/examples>

5.3. Schemas

The WIS2 Notification Message schema can be found at <https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/notificationMessageGeoJSON.yaml>

5.4. Schema representation

JSON Schema ^[1] objects are used throughout this standard to define the structure of metadata records. These schema objects are also typically represented using YAML ^[2]. YAML is a superset of JSON, and in this standard are regarded as equivalent.

Metadata record instances are always defined as JSON.

5.4.1. Properties

A JSON **property** represents a key-value pair, where the key is the name of the property and the value is a standard JSON data type.

```
"myPropertyName": "test123"
```

[1] <https://json-schema.org>

[2] <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML>

Chapter 6. Introduction

6.1. Motivation

MQP brokers provide "push" based services, supporting event-driven workflows, maximizing efficient use of network, bandwidth, and rapid response to time-sensitive events (e.g. severe weather events). However, MQP brokers do not specify a payload encoding. Using GeoJSON as a baseline for this specification provides broad interoperability, lowering the barrier and extending the reach of data in the WIS2 ecosystem and beyond.

6.2. Scenarios

The following scenarios are useful in understanding the drivers and principles that were used in the development of this specification:

6.2.1. Publish, Subscribe, Download

Event driven (PubSub) workflow involves a client connecting to a MQP broker, subscribing to one or more topics and receiving relevant notifications. Notifications provide information to ensure data integrity and spatiotemporal extents of a data granule.

6.2.2. Replay API workflow

API workflow involves a client connecting to an OGC API - Features services in order to query for messages in the past using spatial, temporal, or attribute predicates. A Replay API workflow is valuable in situations where connections to MQP brokers may drop, thereby allowing a given subscriber to gather past messages.

Chapter 7. The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

A WIS2 Notification Message provides descriptive information about a data made available through WIS 2.0.

7.1. Conformance Class Core

7.1.1. Overview

This Core Conformance Class provides requirements to articulate the required elements of a WIS2 Notification Message.

Requirements Class	
http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1/req/core	
Target type	Notification Metadata
Dependency	IETF RFC8259: The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format
Dependency	JSON Schema
Dependency	GeoJSON
Pre-conditions	The record conforms to GeoJSON (RFC7946)

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified data exchange platform for weather, climate, and water.

The table below provides an overview of the set of properties that may be included in a WNM.

Table 2. WNM core properties

Property	Requirement	Description
id	required	A universally unique identifier of the message (see Identifier)
type	required	A fixed value denoting the record as a GeoJSON Feature (see Validation)
version	required	Version of message specification (see Version)
geometry	required	Geospatial location associated with the notification, in a geographic coordinate reference system (see Geometry)

Property	Requirement	Description
<code>properties.pubtime</code>	required	The date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339 format (see Properties / Publication Time)
<code>properties.data_id</code>	optional	Unique identifier of the data as defined by the data producer (see Properties / Data Identification)
<code>properties.metadata_id</code>	optional	Identifier for associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to (see Properties / Metadata Identification)
<code>properties.datetime</code>	optional	Identifies the date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339 format (see Properties / Temporal description (datetime, start_datetime, end_datetime))
<code>properties.start_datetime</code>	optional	Identifies the start date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339 format (see Properties / Temporal description (datetime, start_datetime, end_datetime))
<code>properties.end_datetime</code>	optional	Identifies the end date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339 format (see Properties / Temporal description (datetime, start_datetime, end_datetime))
<code>properties.cache</code>	optional	Whether the data in the notification should be cached (if not specified, the default value is true) (see Properties / Cache)
<code>properties.cache</code>	optional	Whether the data in the notification should be cached (if not specified, the default value is true) (see Properties / Cache)
<code>properties.integrity</code>	optional	Specifies a checksum to be applied to the data to ensure that the download is accurate (see Properties / Integrity)

Property	Requirement	Description
<code>properties.content</code>	optional	Used to embed small products inline within the message (see Properties / Content)
<code>links</code>	required	Online linkages to data retrieval or additional resources associated with the dataset (see Links)

7.1.2. Message size

The WIS2 Notification Message allows for transmission of messages in a compacted or minified manner, and includes the ability to embedding content inline as required (see [Properties / Content](#)).

Requirement 1	/req/core/message_size
A	A WNM message SHALL NOT exceed 8192 bytes.

7.1.3. GeoJSON compliance

The WIS2 Notification Message schema is based on *GeoJSON* (RFC7946) and its associated information model. Compliant messages are therefore compliant with *GeoJSON*.

Requirement 2	/req/core/validation
A	Each WNM SHALL validate without error against the WNM schema.
B	Each WNM SHALL provide <code>id</code> , <code>version</code> , <code>type</code> , <code>geometry</code> and <code>properties</code> properties for GeoJSON compliance.
C	Each WNM record <code>type</code> property SHALL be set to a fixed value of <code>Feature</code> for GeoJSON compliance.

7.1.4. Identifier

A universally unique identifier of the message using the UUID standard (RFC4122). The identifier is generated by the originator of the message. It provides the anti-loop feature that is needed to ensure that the message will be seen once by all Global Brokers. It remains the same throughout the lifetime of the message in the WIS2 ecosystem.

The message identifier is set to a new value by Global Cache services when they publish their modified message for accessing the original core data from the cache. The [Properties / Data Identification](#) is retained to ensure traceability and consistency of the same resource.

```
"id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be"
```

Requirement 3	/req/core/identifier
---------------	----------------------

A	A WNM SHALL have an identifier via the id property.
B	A WNM identifier SHALL be provided as a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID).

7.1.5. Version

The **version** property provides the version of WNM that the message conforms to.

Requirement 4	/req/core/version
A	A WNM SHALL provide information on version conformance via the version property.
B	A WNM's version property SHALL be fixed to v04 for this version of the specification.

7.1.6. Type

The **type** property is a fixed value denoting the record as a GeoJSON Feature.

Requirement 5	/req/core/type
A	A WNM SHALL provide a type property.
B	A WNM's type property SHALL provide a fixed value of Feature .

7.1.7. Geometry

RFC7946 defines 7 types of geometry: **Point**, **MultiPoint**, **LineString**, **MultiLineString**, **Polygon**, **MultiPolygon**, and **GeometryCollection**. It has been decided to restrict those types to only two: **Point** and **Polygon**. It must be noted that the geometry key is mandatory in GeoJSON but can be of type **null**.

Requirement 6	/req/core/geometry
A	A WNM SHALL provide a geometry property.
B	A WNM's geometry property SHALL only provide one of a Point or Polygon geometry, or a null value when a geometry value is unknown or cannot be determined.

Permission 1	/per/core/geometry
A	a WNM geometry MAY provide a third element (height) as per clause 4 of the GeoJSON specification.

Example: Point

```
{
  ...
  "geometry": {
    "type": "Point",
```



```

    "coordinates": [
      6.146255135536194,
      46.223296618227444
    ]
  }
  ...
}

```

Example: Point with elevation

```

{
  ...
  "geometry": {
    "type": "Point",
    "coordinates": [
      6.146255135536194,
      46.223296618227444,
      392
    ]
  }
  ...
}

```

Example: Polygon

```

{
  ...
  "geometry": {
    "type": "Polygon",
    "coordinates": [[
      [-7.75,40.43],
      [-7.75,78.46],
      [71.91,78.46],
      [71.91,40.43],
      [-7.75,40.43]
    ]]
  }
  ...
}

```

Example: null

```

{
  ...
  "geometry": null
  ...
}

```

7.1.8. Properties / Publication Time

The **pubtime** property identifies the date/time of when the origin notification was posted/published, in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z). The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message loss in providing awareness of how far behind the publisher they may be). **pubtime** is also valuable for change detection as part of updates and deletion notifications. Ensuring **pubtime** is properly managed for updates and deletions is important for data and metadata download workflows (an out of date **pubtime** can lead to errors for clients when managing updates or deletions in their local copies of data).

```
"properties": {  
  ...  
  "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z"  
  ...  
}
```

Requirement 7	/req/core/pubtime
A	A WNM SHALL provide a properties.pubtime property.
B	A WNM's properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format.
C	A WNM's properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone.

Recommendation 2	/rec/core/pubtime
A	For notifications of updates or deletions, a WNM properties.pubtime property SHOULD be updated in support of client handling of change detection.

7.1.9. Properties / Data Identification

The **data_id** property uniquely identifies the data as defined by the data producer. A data producer may use the identification scheme of their choice in support of uniquely identifying data described by the notification.

Requirement 8	/req/core/data_id
A	A WNM SHALL provide a properties.data_id property.
B	A WNM's properties.data_id property SHALL be unique.

Recommendation 3	/rec/core/data_id
A	A WNM properties.data_id property SHOULD NOT use an opaque id, but something meaningful to support client side filtering.

Permission 1	/per/core/data_id
--------------	-------------------

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "data_id": "org1/datasets/123/data/UANT01_CWAO_200445___15103.bufr4"
  ...
}
```

7.1.10. Properties / Metadata Identification

The **metadata_id** property uniquely identifies the associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to. This element is an important linkage between a WCMP2 dataset discovery metadata record and its data notifications, allowing a subscriber to consult additional documentation of the dataset, including any access control applied to the data.

Recommendation 4	/rec/core/metadata_id
A	A WNM SHOULD provide a properties.metadata_id property, identifying the associated WCMP2 dataset discovery metadata record (see WCMP2 requirement http://wis.wmo.int/spec/wcmp/2/req/core/identifier) to which the notification applies to.

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob"
  ...
}
```

7.1.11. Properties / Temporal description (datetime, start_datetime, end_datetime)

The **datetime** property identifies the date and time of the data (e.g. date of measurement, for observation data), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z).

The **start_datetime** and **end_datetime** properties identify a temporal extent (e.g. start/end times for an NWP forecasting period), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z).

A **null** value can also be used if no temporal description of the data can be derived as part of generating the message.

Requirement 9	/req/core/temporal
A	A WNM SHALL provide a temporal description by either a properties.datetime property or both the properties.start_datetime and properties.end_datetime properties.
B	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format.

C	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone.
D	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be set to null (using only properties.datetime) when a temporal description cannot be derived.

Example: Temporal instant

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z"
  ...
}
```

Example: Temporal extent

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "start_datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",
  "end_datetime": "2022-03-22T04:45:00Z"
  ...
}
```

Example: No temporal description

```
"properties": {
  "datetime": null,
  ...
}
```

7.1.12. Properties / Cache

For core data, the data in a notification's canonical link is always cached by Global Cache services by default.

There exist scenarios where core data may continue to be hosted by the data producer. Examples include (but are not limited to):

- size: the size of the data is very large and not suitable for storage to the Global Cache
- download metrics: data producers may wish to keep data access isolated to their facilities in support of their own download metrics and reporting

A data producer can use the **properties.cache** value to signify Global Cache services to not cache their data granule and keep any canonical links unmodified.

The data notification is always published by the Global Cache regardless of this value to the **cache** topic.

Example: Specifying data not to be cached

```
"properties": {
  "cache": false,
  ...
}
```

Permission 2	/per/core/cache
A	A WNM MAY specify whether the data should be cached via the <code>properties.cache</code> property.

7.1.13. Properties / Integrity

For data verification, it is suggested (but not mandatory) to include data integrity information via the `integrity` property. Providing this information will allow data consumers to ensure that a given data granule has not been corrupted during download.

The `method` property provides a format of the hashing method used to enable integrity check of the data. Acceptable values are `sha256`, `sha384`, `sha512`, `sha3-256`, `sha3-384`, and `sha3-512`. `sha512` is preferred.

The `value` property provides the result of the hashing method, base64 encoded.

Recommendation 5	/rec/core/integrity
A	A WNM SHOULD provide a <code>properties.integrity</code> property, consisting of a <code>method</code> property identifying the hashing method (<code>sha256</code> , <code>sha384</code> , <code>sha512</code> , <code>sha3-256</code> , <code>sha3-384</code> , <code>sha3-512</code>) and a <code>value</code> property of the hashing result, when it can be easily derived.

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "integrity": {
    "method": "sha512",
    "value":
"CPvTLi0fYRgfL3YNF/KKElwamwvLQwnzd96VnF2WoYuuH+hVIbwFSPQHhd/qa/fNVUBckviC5/HZs3Nx2jXEs
A=="
  }
  ...
}
```

7.1.14. Properties / Content

For data granules with sizes smaller than 4096 bytes, the `content` property allows for including the data in the message. The `content` property provides an additional inline data access capability, in addition to a canonical link of the message.

The `encoding` property provides the character encoding of the data (fixed to UTF-8, Base64, or gzip).

The **value** property provides the data in the in accordance to the **encoding** property.

The **size** property provides the size, in bytes, of the data in accordance to the **encoding** property. The value must be below 4096. Global Brokers may discard messages for where inline data sizes are greater than 4096 bytes.

The limit takes into account the used data encoding. That is, if the data is compressed with gzip (**properties.content.encoding="gzip"**), the compressed size must be less than 4096 bytes.

Requirement 10	/req/core/content
A	For data whose resulting size (compressed or uncompressed) is greater than 4096 bytes, notifications SHALL NOT provide inline via properties.content.value . Note that the limit takes into account the data encoding used, for compressed data (for example gzip).

Recommendation 6	/rec/core/content
A	A WNM SHOULD provide a content property, consisting of an encoding property (fixed to either utf-8 , base64 , or gzip), a value property (of less than 4096 bytes) of the data, as well as a size property with the length of the data.

Permission 3	/per/core/content
A	For data whose resulting size (taking into account encoding, including possible compression) is less than 4096 bytes, notifications MAY provide inline via properties.content.value .

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "content": {
    "encoding": "utf-8",
    "value": "encoded bytes from the file",
    "size": 457
  }
  ...
}
```

7.1.15. Links

The **links** array consists of one or more objects providing URLs to access data.

Each link object provides:

- an **href** property with a fully qualified link to access the data in a secure manner
- a **rel** property providing an IANA link relation ^[1] describing the relationship between the link and the message

- a **type** property providing the media type of the data
- a **length** property providing the length (in bytes) indicating the size of the data in the response when downloading the link.

Links are used to communicate new or updated data or metadata notifications. Links can also communicate when data or metadata has been deleted or invalidated. Note that this differs from rolling data archives (which can be described accordingly in dataset discovery metadata, for example).

Requirement 11	/req/core/links
A	A WNM SHALL define a links array property.
B	A WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with at least the required href and rel properties.
C	A WNM's links array property SHALL contain links which, for core data, require no further action in order to download the resource.
D	A WNM SHALL provide links using HTTP, HTTPS, FTP or SFTP.
E	For new or updated data or metadata notifications, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with an IANA link relation of canonical to clearly identify the preferred access link.
F	For data or metadata update notifications, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with a link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/update to clearly identify the preferred access link.
G	For data or metadata deletions, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with a link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion to clearly identify data which has been deleted or removed.

Recommendation 7	/rec/core/links
A	A WNM SHOULD provide links using secure protocols such as HTTPS and SFTP, with HTTPS being the preferred option.
B	A WNM link SHOULD provide the length property to communicate the size of a given data download in advance of a data download workflow, when the size of the data is known or can be easily derived.
C	A WNM link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion SHOULD NOT be used for communicating a rolling data archive.

Permission 4	/per/core/links
---------------------	------------------------

A	A WNM links array property MAY provide link objects which reference APIs or Web Accessible Folders (WAF).
---	--

Example: Canonical link

```
"links": [{
  "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
  "rel": "canonical",
  "type": "application/x-bufr"
}]
```

Example: Multiple links

```
"links": [{
  "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
  "rel": "canonical",
  "type": "application/x-bufr"
}, {
  "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",
  "rel": "item",
  "type": "application/json"
}]
```

7.1.16. Additional properties

A WIS2 Notification Message can be extended as required for organizational purposes by adding properties (of any type) in the message. Additional properties do not break compliance to this specification.

Permission 5	/per/core/additional_properties
A	A WNM MAY provide additional properties of any type in any part of the document as needed.

```
"properties": {
  ...
  "_comment": {
    "validationErrors": [
      "error 1",
      "error 2"
    ]
  }
  ...
}
```

[1] <https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xhtml>

Annex A: Conformance Class Abstract Test Suite (Normative)

A.1. Conformance Class: Core

label

<http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1/conf/core>

subject

Requirements Class "core"

classification

Target Type:Notification Metadata

A.1.1. Message size

label

/conf/core/message_size

subject

/req/core/message_size

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid message size.

Check that the size of the complete WNM does not exceed 8192 bytes.

A.1.2. Validation

label

/conf/core/validation

subject

/req/core/validation

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM is valid to the authoritative WNM schema.

Run JSON Schema validation on the WNM against the WNM authoritative schema.

A.1.3. Identifier

label

/conf/core/identifier

subject

/req/core/identifier

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid identifier.

Check for the existence of an **id** property in the WNM.

A.1.4. Version

label

/conf/core/identifier

subject

/req/core/identifier

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid version.

Check for the existence of an **version** property in the WNM.

Check that the **id** property is equal to **v04**.

A.1.5. Type

label

/conf/core/type

subject

/req/core/type

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid type.

Check for the existence of a **type** property in the WNM

Check that the **type** property is equal to **Feature**.

A.1.6. Geometry

label

/conf/core/geometry

subject

/req/core/geometry

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid geometry property.

Check for the existence of one **geometry** property in the WNM.

Check that all **geometry.coordinates** value data types are integers or floats.

Check that **geometry.coordinates** longitudinal values are between -180 and 180.

Check that **geometry.coordinates** latitudinal values are between -90 and 90.

Check that **geometry** property is a valid GeoJSON geometry.

A.1.7. Properties / Publication Time

label

/conf/core/pubtime

subject

/req/core/pubtime

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid pubtime.

Check for the existence of an **properties.pubtime** property.

Check that the **properties.pubtime** property is in RFC3339 format.

Check that the **properties.pubtime** property is in the UTC timezone.

A.1.8. Properties / Data Identification

label

/conf/core/data_id

subject

/req/core/data_id

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid data_id.

Check for the existence of an `data_id` property.

A.1.9. Properties / Temporal description

label

/conf/core/temporal

subject

/req/core/temporal

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid temporal description.

Check for the existence of one `properties.datetime` or both `properties.start_datetime` and `properties.end_datetime`.

Check that the any of the `properties.datetime` or both `properties.start_datetime` and `properties.end_datetime` properties are in RFC3339 format.

Check that the any of the `properties.datetime` or both `properties.start_datetime` and `properties.end_datetime` properties are in the UTC timezone.

A.1.10. Links

label

/conf/core/links

subject

/req/core/links

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a link array property.

Check for the existence of a single **links** array property in the WNM.

Check that the **links** array property provides a minimum of one link object.

For each link object, check that the **href** property contains a valid protocol scheme of one of 'http', 'https', 'ftp', 'sftp'.

Check that the **links** array property contains one link object with a **rel** property with one of the values **canonical**, <http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/update>, <http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion> as well as an **href** property.

Annex B: Schemas (Normative)

NOTE

The schema document will only be published on schemas.wmo.int once the standard has been approved.

B.1. WIS2 Notification Message Schema

```
$schema: https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema
$id: https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/x.y.z/notificationMessageGeoJSON.yaml
title: WIS2 Notification Message Encoding
description: WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

type: object
properties:
  id:
    type: string
    format: uuid
    description: UUID (RFC4122) - Guarantee uniqueness of the message over (at least)
a 24h period.
  version:
    type: string
    description: Version of message specification.
    const: v04
  type:
    type: string
    enum:
      - Feature
  geometry:
    oneOf:
      - enum:
          - null
      - $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/master/core/openapi/schemas/pointGeoJSON.yaml'
      - $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/master/core/openapi/schemas/polygonGeoJSON.yaml'
  properties:
    type: object
    properties:
      pubtime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: |
          Identifies the date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339
format.
          The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message
loss by knowing
          their lag (how far behind the publisher they are).
      data_id:
```

```

    type: string
    description: |
        Unique identifier of the data as defined by the data producer.
        Data producers SHOULD NOT use an opaque id, but something meaningful to
support client side filtering.
    metadata_id:
        type: string
        description: |
            Identifier for associated discovery metadata record to which the notification
applies to.
            The identification SHOULD be from a WCMP2 discovery metadata record
identifier from the WIS2
            Global Discovery Catalogue. Identifiers based on external catalogue systems
MAY be articulated as additional links.
    datetime:
        type:
            - string
            - null
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339
format.
    start_datetime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the start date/time date of the data being published,
in RFC3339 format.
    end_datetime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the end date/time date of the data being published, in
RFC3339 format.
    cache:
        type: boolean
        description: |
            Whether the data in the notification should be cached (if not specified, the
default value is `true`).
            When set to `false`, WIS2 Global Cache services do not cache the canonical
link, and publish the
            notification with an unmodified canonical link (which points back to the
endpoint as specified by the data producer).
            The notification is always published by the Global Cache regardless to the
`cache` topic.
        default: true
    integrity:
        type: object
        description: Specifies a checksum to be applied to the data to ensure that the
download is accurate.
    properties:
        method:
            type: string
            description: |

```

A specific set of methods for calculating the checksum algorithms:

- * ``sha256``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 256 bits, value is base64 encoded.
- * ``sha384``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 384 bits, value is base64 encoded.
- * ``sha512``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 512 bits, value is base64 encoded.
- * ``sha3-256``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 256 bits, value is base64 encoded.
- * ``sha3-384``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 384 bits, value is base64 encoded.
- * ``sha3-512``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 512 bits, value is base64 encoded.

```

enum:
  - sha256
  - sha384
  - sha512
  - sha3-256
  - sha3-384
  - sha3-512
value:
  type: string
  contentEncoding: base64
  description: Checksum value.
required:
  - method
  - value
content:
  type: object
  description: Used to embed small products inline within the message.
  properties:
    encoding:
      type: string
      description: Encoding of content
      enum:
        - utf-8
        - base64
        - gzip
    size:
      type: integer
      maximum: 4096
      description: |
        Number of bytes contained in the file. Together with the ``integrity``
        property, it provides additional assurance that file content was accurately received.
        Note that the limit takes into account the data encoding used, including
        data compression (for example `gzip`).
      value:
        type: string
        description: The inline content of the file.
        maxLength: 4096
  required:

```



```

      - encoding
      - size
      - value
    required:
      - pubtime
      - data_id
    oneOf:
      - allOf:
          - required:
              - start_datetime
              - end_datetime
      - allOf:
          - required:
              - datetime

    links:
      type: array
      minItems: 1
      items:
        $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/master/core/openapi/schemas/link.yaml'
    required:
      - id
      - version
      - type
      - geometry
      - properties
      - links
    example:
      $ref: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-message/main/examples/example1.json

```

Annex C: Examples (Informative)

C.1. WIS2 Notification Message Examples

Example: single observation including meaningful geometry, observation datetime and content

```
{
  "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",
  "version": "v04",
  "type": "Feature",
  "geometry": {
    "type": "Point",
    "coordinates": [
      6.146255135536194,
      46.223296618227444
    ]
  },
  "properties": {
    "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z",
    "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",
    "integrity": {
      "method": "sha512",
      "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="
    },
    "data_id": "dataset/123/data-granule/UANT01_CWA0_200445__15103.bufr4",
    "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:ca-eccc-msc:observations.swob",
    "content": {
      "encoding": "utf-8",
      "value": "encoded bytes from the file",
      "size": 457
    }
  },
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
      "rel": "canonical",
      "type": "application/x-bufr"
    },
    {
      "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",
      "rel": "item",
      "type": "application/json"
    }
  ]
}
```

Example: NWP product including polygon **geometry**, **start_datetime** and **end_datetime**. The polygon is an array with 5 elements. The first (and last) elements are most southwestern point of the rectangle using longitude and latitude and followed by other coordinates in a clockwise direction.

```
{
  "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",
  "version": "v04",
  "type": "Feature",
  "geometry": {
    "type": "Polygon",
    "coordinates": [
      [
        [
          -7.75,
          40.43
        ],
        [
          -7.75,
          78.46
        ],
        [
          71.91,
          78.46
        ],
        [
          71.91,
          40.43
        ],
        [
          -7.75,
          40.43
        ]
      ]
    ]
  },
  "properties": {
    "pubtime": "2022-0-320T04:50:18.314854383Z",
    "start_datetime": "2022-03-20T00:06:00Z",
    "end_datetime": "2022-03-20T00:12:00Z",
    "integrity": {
      "method": "sha512",
      "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="
    },
    "data_id": "dataset/4546/abcdef-abcd-abcd-abcd-abcdefabcd",
    "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:fr-meteo-france:gap123"
  },
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "https://example.org/data/nwp/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.grib",
      "rel": "canonical",

```

```

    "type": "application/x-grib2"
  }
]
}

```

Example: minimal viable message compliant to the specification

```

{
  "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abcdef",
  "version": "v04",
  "type": "Feature",
  "geometry": null,
  "properties": {
    "pubtime": "2022-11-20T16:40:37Z",
    "datetime": "2022-11-11T11:11:11Z",
    "data_id": "data/data-123/items/abcdefab-abcd-1234-5678-0123456789ab",
    "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:test-nmhs-xyz:some_dataset",
    "cache": false
  },
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "https://example.org/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.txt",
      "rel": "canonical"
    }
  ]
}

```

Example: notification of the deletion of a data granule

```

{
  "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abcdef",
  "version": "v04",
  "type": "Feature",
  "geometry": null,
  "properties": {
    "pubtime": "2022-12-22T16:40:37Z",
    "datetime": "2022-11-11T11:11:11Z",
    "data_id": "data/data-123/items/abcdefab-abcd-1234-5678-0123456789ab",
    "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:test-nmhs-xyz:some_dataset",
    "cache": false
  },
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "https://example.org/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.txt",
      "rel": "http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion"
    }
  ]
}

```

Annex D: Bibliography

- W3C/OGC: Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Working Group Note 28 September 2017, <https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp>
- W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation 31 January 2017, <https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp>
- IANA: Link Relation Types, <https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xml>

Annex E: Revision History

Date	Release	Editor	Primary clauses modified	Description
2022-12-05	Template	Tom Kralidis	all	update from TT-Protocols/ET-W2AT