WMO WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

# **World Meteorological Organization**

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Standing Committee on Information Management and Technology (SC-IMT)<sup>[1]</sup>

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#### i. Abstract

WIS2 real-time data sharing is based on a message queuing protocol (MQP) supporting a publication/subscription (PubSub) mechanism. A user can subscribe to an MQP broker to receive real-time notifications of the existence of new data. The notification message received from the MQP broker contains a URL to download the data. In addition, the MQP broker offers a range of topics organised in a hierarchy. The users can select their topics of interest and subscribe to them to receive notifications and download data relevant to their work.

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified exchange platform for weather, climate, and water data.

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. This standard is an extension of the OGC API - Features standard <sup>[3]</sup>. WIS2 Notification Message documents are provided as MQP payloads by WIS2 nodes, Global Broker services, as well as Replay API services (optional OGC API - Features services for data notifications).

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded in GeoJSON (RFC7946 <sup>[4]</sup>) as defined in this specification and shall be made available as MQP payloads. Additionally, they can be provisioned as defined by OGC API - Features.

Weather/climate/water data is by nature geospatial and temporal. The W3C Data on the Web Best Practices <sup>[6]</sup> and Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices <sup>[6]</sup> publications provide guidelines on how to best enable spatiotemporal data to lower the barrier for users, search engine optimization, and linked data. This also aligns with the FAIR data principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable) <sup>[7]</sup>.

#### ii. Keywords

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

wmo, wis 2.0, weather, climate, water, metadata, pubsub, mqp, message queuing protocol, GeoJSON

## iii. Security Considerations

Based on the WMO Unified Data Policy for the International Exchange of Earth System Data (Resolution 1 (Cg-Ext(2021) [8], exchanged data are classified as core or recommended. Core data is considered fully open and unrestricted with no security considerations. Recommended data may have access control defined.

No security considerations have been made for this standard.

# Chapter 1. Scope

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding of a notification message published as part of a WIS2 Global Broker or a Replay API service.

The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding standard defined herein is an extension of the International Standard *GeoJSON*.

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded as GeoJSON as defined in *OGC API - Features - Part 1: Core*.

The primary purpose of WIS2 Notification Messages are to notify subscribers or clients of new data being published.

This specification defines the conformance requirements for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. Annex A defines the abstract test suite.

 $<sup>\</sup>label{lem:community} In the property of the$ 

<sup>[2]</sup> https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/infcom

<sup>[3]</sup> https://ogcapi.ogc.org/features

<sup>[4]</sup> https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7946

<sup>[5]</sup> https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp

<sup>[6]</sup> https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp

<sup>[7]</sup> https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FAIR\_data

<sup>[8]</sup> https://library.wmo.int/doc\_num.php?explnum\_id=11113#page=9

# Chapter 2. Conformance

Conformance with this standard shall be checked using the tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document.

*GeoJSON* provides an encoding for encoding geographic features (geometry, attributes). This standard is an extension of *GeoJSON*.

Data providers are required to comply with all conformance classes of this specification in support of providing MQP services.

WMO shall publish guidance material to assist data providers in constructing WIS2 Notification Messages.

This standard identifies one Conformance Class which defines the functional requirements.

The mandatory Conformance Class for this specification is:

• "WIS2 Notification Message Encoding Core"

# Chapter 3. References

- OGC: OGC 17-069r, OGC API Features Part 1: Core 1.0 (2022) [1]
- $\bullet$  IETF: RFC-7946 The GeoJSON Format (2016)  $^{^{[2]}}$
- IETF: RFC-8259 The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Formathe GeoJSON Format (2016) [3]
- ullet W3C/OGC: Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Working Group Note (2017)  $^{[4]}$
- W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation (2017) [5]
- W3C: Data Catalog Vocabulary, W3C Recommendation (2014) [6]
- IANA: Link Relation Types (2020) [7]
- IETF: JSON Schema (2022) [8]
- WMO: WIS2 Topic Hierarchy (2022) [9]

- [1] https://docs.opengeospatial.org/is/17-069r4/17-069r4.html
- [2] https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7946
- [3] https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8259
- [4] https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp
- [5] https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp
- [6] https://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-dcat
- [7] https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xml
- [8] https://json-schema.org
- [9] https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-topic-hierarchy

# Chapter 4. Terms and definitions

This document uses the terms defined in OGC Policy Directive 49, which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word "shall" (not "must") is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this Standard and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This document also uses terms defined in the OGC Standard for Modular specifications (OGC 08-131r3), also known as the 'ModSpec'. The definitions of terms such as standard, specification, requirement, and conformance test are provided in the ModSpec.

The following additional terms and definitions also apply.

# 4.1. Abbreviated terms

Table 1. Symbols and abbreviated terms

Abbreviation	Term
API	Application Programming Interface
DCPC	Data Collection and Production Centres
GDC	Global Discovery Catalogue
GIS	Geographic Information System
GISC	Global Information System Centre
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
IANA	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation
MQP	Message Queuing Protocol
MQTT	Message Queuing Telemetry Transport
NC	National Centre
NWP	Numerical Weather Prediction
OGC	Open Geospatial Consortium
PubSub	Publish / Subscribe
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UUID	Universally Unique Identifier

Abbreviation	Term
W3C	World Wide Web Consortium
WCMP	WMO Core Metadata Profile
WIS	WMO Information System
WMO	World Meteorological Organization
WNM	WIS2 notification message

# **Chapter 5. Conventions**

This section provides details and examples for any conventions used in the document. Examples of conventions are symbols, abbreviations, use of JSON schema, or special notes regarding how to read the document.

# 5.1. Identifiers

The normative provisions in this Standard are denoted by the URI:

http://wis.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs which are relative to this base.

# 5.2. Examples

Examples provided in this specification are encoded as GeoJSON.

Complete examples can be found at https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/examples

## 5.3. Schemas

The WIS2 Notification Message schema can be found at https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/notificationMessageGeoJSON.yaml

# 5.4. Schema representation

JSON Schema <sup>[1]</sup> objects are used throughout this standard to define the structure of metadata records. These schema objects are also typically represented using YAML <sup>[2]</sup>. YAML is a superset of JSON, and in this standard are regarded as equivalent.

Metadata record instances are always defined as JSON.

# 5.4.1. Properties

A JSON **property** represents a key-value pair, where the key is the name of the property and the value is a standard JSON data type.

"myPropertyName": "test123"

[1] https://json-schema.org

[2] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML

# Chapter 6. Introduction

## 6.1. Motivation

MQP brokers provide "push" based services, supporting event-driven workflows, maximizing efficient use of network, bandwidth, and rapid response to time-sensitive events (e.g. severe weather events). However, MQP brokers do not specify a payload encoding. Using GeoJSON as a baseline for this specification provides broad interoperability, lowering the barrier and extending the reach of data in the WIS2 ecosystem and beyond.

## 6.2. Scenarios

The following scenarios are useful in understanding the drivers and principles that were used in the development of this specification:

#### 6.2.1. Publish, Subscribe, Download

Event driven (PubSub) workflow involves a client connecting to a MQP broker, subscribing to one or more topics and receiving relevant notifications. Notifications provide information to ensure data integrity and spatiotemporal extents of a data granule.

#### 6.2.2. Replay API workflow

API workflow involves a client connecting to an OGC API - Features services in order to query for messages in the past using spatial, temporal, or attribute predicates. A Replay API workflow is valuable in situations where connections to MQP brokers may drop, thereby allowing a given subscriber to gather past messages.

# Chapter 7. The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

A WIS2 Notification Message provides descriptive information about a data made available through WIS 2.0.

# 7.1. Conformance Class Core

#### **7.1.1. Overview**

This Core Conformance Class provides requirements to articulate the required elements of a WIS2 Notification Message.

Requirements Class	
http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1/req/core	
Target type	Notification Metadata
Dependency	IETF RFC8259: The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format
Dependency	JSON Schema
Dependency	GeoJSON
Pre-conditions	The record conforms to GeoJSON (RFC7946)

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified data exchange platform for weather, climate, and water.

# 7.1.2. GeoJSON compliance

The WIS2 Notification Message schema is based on *GeoJSON* (RFC7946) and its associated information model. Compliant messages are therefore compliant with *GeoJSON*.

Requirement 1	/req/core/validation
A	Each WNM SHALL validate without error against the WNM schema.
В	Each WNM SHALL provide id, version, type, geometry and properties properties for GeoJSON compliance.
С	Each WNM record type property SHALL be set to a fixed value of Feature for GeoJSON compliance.

#### 7.1.3. Identifier

A universally unique identifier of the message using the UUID standard (RFC4122). The identifier is

generated by the originator of the message. It provides the anti-loop feature that is needed to ensure that the message will be seen once by all Global Brokers. It remains the same throughout the lifetime of the message in the WIS2 ecosystem.

The message identifier is set to a new value by Global Cache services when they publish their modified message for accessing the original core data from the cache. The data\_id is retained to ensure traceability and consistency of the same resource.

Requirement 2	/req/core/identifier
A	A WNM SHALL have an identifier via the id property.
В	A WNM identifier SHALL be provided as a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID).

#### **7.1.4. Version**

The version property provides the version of WNM that the message conforms to.

Requirement 3	/req/core/version
A	A WNM SHALL provide information on version conformance via the version property.
В	A WNM's version property SHALL be fixed to v04 for this version of the specification.

#### 7.1.5. Type

The type property is a fixed value denoting the record as a GeoJSON Feature.

Requirement 4	/req/core/type
A	A WNM SHALL provide a type property.
В	A WNM's type property SHALL provide a fixed value of Feature.

## **7.1.6. Geometry**

RFC7946 defines 7 types of geometry: Point, MultiPoint, LineString, MultiLineString, Polygon, MultiPolygon, and GeometryCollection. It has been decided to restrict those types to only two: Point and Polygon. It must be noted that the geometry key is mandatory in GeoJSON but can be of type null.

Requirement 5	/req/core/geometry
A	A WNM SHALL provide a geometry property.

В

A WNM's geometry property SHALL only provide one of a Point or Polygon geometry, or a null value when a geometry value is unknown or cannot be determined.

#### Example: Point

```
{
    ...
    "geometry": {
        "type": "Point",
        "coordinates": [
            6.146255135536194,
            46.223296618227444
      ]
    }
    ...
}
```

#### Example: Point with elevation

```
{
    ...
    "geometry": {
        "type": "Point",
        "coordinates": [
            6.146255135536194,
            46.223296618227444,
            392
        ]
    }
    ...
}
```

#### Example: Polygon

```
{
...
"geometry": {
    "type": "Polygon",
    "coordinates": [[
        [-7.75,40.43],
        [-7.75,78.46],
        [71.91,78.46],
        [71.91,40.43],
        [-7.75,40.43]
    ]]
}
...
}
```

Example: null

```
{
    ...
    "geometry": null
    ...
}
```

## 7.1.7. Properties

#### 7.1.7.1. pubtime

The publime property identifies the date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (7). The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message loss in providing awareness of how far behind the publisher they may be). publime is also valuable for change detection as part of updates and deletion notifications. Ensuring publime is properly managed for updates and deletions is important for data and metadata download workflows (an out of date publime can lead to errors for clients when managing updates or deletions in their local copies of data).

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z"
    ...
}
```

Requirement 6	/req/core/pubtime
A	A WNM SHALL provide a properties.pubtime property.
В	A WNM's properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format.
С	A WNM's properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone.

Recommendation 1	/rec/core/pubtime
A	For notifications of updates or deletions, a WNM
	properties.pubtime property SHOULD be updated in support of
	client handling of change detection.

#### 7.1.7.2. data\_id

The data\_id property uniquely identifies the data as defined by the data producer. A data producer may use the identification scheme of their choice in support of uniquely identifying data described by the notification.

|--|

A	A WNM SHALL provide a properties.data_id property.
В	A WNM's properties.data_id property SHALL be unique.
С	A WNM's properties.data_id property SHALL contain a valid WIS2 topic, without the channel and version.

Recommendation 2	/rec/core/data_id
A	A WNM properties.data_id property SHOULD NOT use an opaque
	id, but something meaningful to support client side filtering.

```
"properties": {
...
"data_id": "org1/datasets/123/data/UANT01_CWAO_200445___15103.bufr4"
...
}
```

#### 7.1.7.3. metadata\_id

The metadata\_id property uniquely identifies the associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to. This element is an important linkage between a dataset discovery metadata record and its data notifications, allowing a subscriber to consult additional documentation of the dataset, including any access control applied to the data.

Recommendation 3	/rec/core/metadata_id
	A WNM SHOULD provide a properties.metadata_id property, identifying the associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to.

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob"
    ...
}
```

#### 7.1.7.4. Temporal description (datetime, start\_datetime, end\_datetime)

The datetime property identifies the date and time of the data (e.g. date of measurement, for observation data), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (7).

The start\_datetime and end\_datetime properties identify a temporal extent (e.g. start/end times for an NWP forecasting period), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (7).

A null value can also be used if no temporal description of the data can be derived as part of generating the message.

Requirement 8	/req/core/temporal
A	A WNM SHALL provide a temporal description by either a properties.datetime property or both the properties.start_datetime and properties.end_datetime properties.
В	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format.
С	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone.
D	A WNM's temporal description SHALL be set to null (using only properties.datetime) when a temporal description cannot be derived.

#### Example: Temporal instant

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z"
    ...
}
```

#### Example: Temporal extent

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "start_datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",
    "end_datetime": "2022-03-22T04:45:00Z"
    ...
}
```

#### Example: No temporal description

```
"properties": {
   "datetime": null,
   ...
}
```

#### 7.1.7.5. Cache

For core data, the data in a notification's canonical link is always cached by Global Cache services by default.

There exist scenarios where core data may continue to be hosted by the data producer. Examples include (but are not limited to):

• size: the size of the data is very large and not suitable for storage to the Global Cache

• download metrics: data producers may wish to keep data access isolated to their facilities in support of their own download metrics and reporting

A data producer can use the properties.cache value to signify Global Cache services to not cache their data granule and keep any canonical links unmodified.

The data notification is always published by the Global Cache regardless of this value to the cache topic.

Example: Specifying data not to be cached

```
"properties": {
    "cache": false,
    ...
}
```

Permission 1	/per/core/cache
A	A WNM MAY specify whether the data should be cached via the
	properties.cache property.

#### 7.1.7.6. Integrity

For data verification, it is suggested (but not mandatory) to include data integrity information via the integrity property. Providing this information will allow data consumers to ensure that a given data granule has not been corrupted during download.

The method property provides a format of the hashing method used to enable integrity check of the data. Acceptable values are sha256, sha384, sha512, sha3-256, sha3-384, and sha3-512. sha512 is preferred.

The value property provides the result of the hashing method, base64 encoded.

Recommendation 4	/rec/core/integrity
A	A WNM SHOULD provide a properties.integrity property, consisting of a method property identifying the hashing method (sha256, sha384, sha512, sha3-256, sha3-384, sha3-512) and a value property of the hashing result, when it can be easily derived.

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "integrity": {
        "method": "sha512",
        "value":
    "CPvTLiOfYRgfL3YNF/KKElwamwvLQwnzd96VnF2WoYuuH+hVIbwFSPQHHd/qa/fNVUBckviC5/HZs3Nx2jXEs
A=="
    }
    ...
```

}

#### 7.1.7.7. Content

For data granules with sizes smaller than 4096 bytes, the **content** property allows for including the data in the message. The **content** property provides an additional inline data access capability, in addition to a canonical link of the message.

The encoding property provides the character encoding of the data (fixed to UTF-8 or Base64).

The value property provides the data in the in accordance to the encoding property.

The size property provides the size, in bytes, of the data in accordance to the encoding property. The value must be below 4096. Global Brokers may discard messages for where inline data sizes are greater than 4096 bytes.

The limit takes into account the used data encoding. That is, if the data is compressed with gzip (properties.content.encoding="gzip"), the compressed size must be less than 4096 bytes.

Requirement 9	/req/core/content
A	For data whose resulting size (compressed or uncompressed) is greater than 4096 bytes, notifications SHALL NOT provide inline via properties.content.value. Note that the limit takes into account the data encoding used, for compressed data (for example gzip).

Recommendation 5	/rec/core/content
A	A WNM SHOULD provide a content property, consisting of an encoding property (fixed to either utf-8, base64, or gzip), a value property (of less than 4096 bytes) of the data, as well as a size property with the length of the data.

Permission 2	/per/core/content
A	For data whose resulting size (taking into account encoding, including possible compression) is less than 4096 bytes, notifications MAY provide inline via properties.content.value.

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "content": {
        "encoding": "utf-8",
        "value": "encoded bytes from the file",
        "size": 457
    }
    ...
}
```

#### 7.1.7.8. Additional properties

A WIS2 Notification Message can be extended as required for organizational purposes by adding properties (of any type) in the message. Additional properties do not break compliance to this specification.

Permission 3	/per/core/additional_properties
A	A WNM MAY provide additional properties of any type in any part of the document as needed.

```
"properties": {
    ...
    "_comment": {
        "validationErrors": [
            "error 1",
            "error 2"
        ]
    }
    ...
}
```

#### 7.1.8. Links

The links array consists of one or more objects providing URLs to access data.

Each link object provides:

- an href property with a fully qualified link to access the data in a secure manner
- a rel property providing an IANA link relation [1] describing the relationship between the link and the message
- a type property providing the media type of the data
- a length property providing the length (in bytes) indicating the size of the data in the response when downloading the link.

Links are used to communicate new or updated data or metadata notifications. Links can also communicate when data or metadata has been deleted or invalidated. Note that this differs from rolling data archives (which can be described accordingly in dataset discovery metadata, for example).

Requirement 10	/req/core/links
A	A WNM SHALL define a links array property.
В	A WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with at least the required href and rel properties.

С	A WNM's links array property SHALL contain links which, for core data, require no further action in order to download the resource.
D	A WNM SHALL provide links using HTTP, HTTPS, FTP or SFTP.
Е	For new data or metadata notifications, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with an IANA link relation of canonical to clearly identify the preferred access link.
F	For data or metadata update notifications, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with a link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/update to clearly identify the preferred access link.
G	For data or metadata deletions, a WNM's links array property SHALL contain at least one link with a link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion to clearly identify data which has been deleted or removed.

Recommendation 6	/rec/core/links			
A	A WNM SHOULD provide links using secure protocols such as HTTPS and SFTP, with HTTPS being the preferred option.			
В	A WNM link SHOULD provide the length property to communicate the size of a given data download in advance of a data download workflow, when the size of the data is known or can be easily derived.			
С	A WNM link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion SHOULD be used for data or metadata invalidation.			
D	A WNM link relation of http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion SHOULD NOT be used for communicating a rolling data archive.			

Permission 4	/per/core/links			
A	A WNM links array property MAY provide link objects which			
	reference APIs or Web Accessible Folders (WAF).			

## Example: Canonical link

```
"links": [{
    "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-
2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
    "rel": "canonical",
    "type": "application/x-bufr"
}]
```

#### Example: Multiple links

```
"links": [{
    "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-
2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
    "rel": "canonical",
    "type": "application/x-bufr"
}, {
    "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",
    "rel": "item",
    "type": "application/json"
}]
```

[1] https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xhtml

# Annex A: Conformance Class Abstract Test Suite (Normative)

# A.1. Conformance Class: Core

#### label

http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1/conf/core

#### subject

Requirements Class "core"

#### classification

Target Type:Notification Metadata

#### A.1.1. Validation

#### label

/conf/core/validation

#### subject

/req/core/validation

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM is valid to the authoritative WNM schema.

Run JSON Schema validation on the WNM against the WNM authoritative schema.

#### A.1.2. Identifier

#### label

/conf/core/identifier

#### subject

/req/core/identifier

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid identifier.

Check for the existence of an id property in the WNM.

#### A.1.3. Version

#### label

/conf/core/identifier

#### subject

/req/core/identifier

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid version.

Check for the existence of an version property in the WNM.

Check that the id property is equal to v04.

## **A.1.4. Type**

#### label

/conf/core/type

#### subject

/req/core/type

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid type.

Check for the existence of a type property in the WNM

Check that the type property is equal to Feature.

# A.1.5. Geometry

#### label

/conf/core/geometry

#### subject

/req/core/geometry

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid geometry property.

Check for the existence of one geometry property in the WNM.

Check that all geometry.coordinates value data types are integers or floats.

Check that geometry.coordinates longitudinal values are between -180 and 180.

Check that geometry.coordinates latitudinal values are between -90 and 90.

Check that geometry property is a valid GeoJSON geometry.

## A.1.6. Properties / Publication Time

#### label

/conf/core/pubtime

#### subject

/req/core/pubtime

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid pubtime.

Check for the existence of an properties.pubtime property.

Check that the properties.pubtime property is in RFC3339 format.

Check that the properties.pubtime property is in the UTC timezone.

## A.1.7. Properties / Data Identification

#### label

/conf/core/data\_id

#### subject

/req/core/data\_id

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid data\_id.

Check for the existence of an data\_id property.

Check that the data\_id property starts with a valid WIS2 topic with the channel and version removed.

## A.1.8. Properties / Temporal description

#### label

/conf/core/temporal

#### subject

/req/core/temporal

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid temporal description.

Check for the existence of one properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime.

Check that the any of the properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime properties are in RFC3339 format.

Check that the any of the properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime properties are in the UTC timezone.

#### **A.1.9. Links**

#### label

/conf/core/links

#### subject

/req/core/links

#### test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a link array property.

Check for the existence of a single links array property in the WNM.

Check that the links array property provides a minimum of one link object.

For each link object, check that the href property contains a valid protocol scheme of one of 'http', 'https', 'ftp', 'sftp'.

Check that the links array property contains one link object with a rel property with one of the values canonical, http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/update, http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion as well as an href property.

# **Annex B: Schemas (Normative)**

NOTE

The schema document will only be published on schemas.wmo.int once the standard has been approved.

# **B.1. WIS2 Notification Message Schema**

```
$schema: https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema
$id: https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/x.y.z/notificationMessageGeoJSON.yaml
title: WIS2 Notification Message Encoding
description: WIS2 Notification Message Encoding
type: object
properties:
 id:
    type: string
    format: uuid
   description: UUID (RFC4122) - Guarantee uniqueness of the message over (at least)
a 24h period.
 version:
   type: string
    description: Version of message specification.
    const: v04
 type:
   type: string
   enum:
      - Feature
 geometry:
   oneOf:
      - enum:
        - null
      - $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-
features/master/core/openapi/schemas/pointGeoJSON.yaml'
      - $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-
features/master/core/openapi/schemas/polygonGeoJSON.yaml'
 properties:
    type: object
    properties:
      pubtime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
       description: |
          Identifies the date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339
format.
          The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message
loss by knowing
          their lag (how far behind the publisher they are).
      data_id:
```

```
type: string
        description: |
        Unique identifier of the data as defined by the data producer.
        Data producers SHOULD NOT use an opaque id, but something meaningful to
support client side filtering.
     metadata id:
        type: string
        description: Identifier for associated discovery metadata record to which the
notification applies to.
     datetime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339
format.
     start_datetime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the start date/time date of the data being published,
in RFC3339 format.
     end datetime:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Identifies the end date/time date of the data being published, in
RFC3339 format.
     cache:
        type: boolean
        description: |
         Whether the data in the notification should be cached (if not specified, the
default value is 'true').
         When set to 'false', WIS2 Global Cache services do not cache the canonical
link, and publish the
         notification with an unmodified canonical link (which points back to the
endpoint as specified by the data producer).
         The notification is always published by the Global Cache regardless to the
'cache' topic.
       default: true
      integrity:
        type: object
        description: Specifies a checksum to be applied to the data to ensure that the
download is accurate.
        properties:
         method:
            type: string
            description: |
                A specific set of methods for calculating the checksum algorithms:
                * ``sha256``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 256 bits, value is base64
encoded.
                * ``sha384``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 384 bits, value is base64
encoded.
                * ``sha512``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 2, 512 bits, value is base64
encoded.
```

```
* ``sha3-256``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 256 bits, value is base64
encoded.
                * ``sha3-384``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 384 bits, value is base64
encoded.
                * ``sha3-512``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 3, 512 bits, value is base64
encoded.
            enum:
              - sha256
              - sha384
              - sha512
              - sha3-256
              - sha3-384
              - sha3-512
          value:
            type: string
            contentEncoding: base64
            description: Checksum value.
        required:
          - method
          - value
      content:
        type: object
        description: Used to embed small products inline within the message.
        properties:
          encoding:
            type: string
            description: Encoding of content
            enum:
              - utf-8
              - base64
              - gzip
          size:
            type: integer
            maximum: 4096
            description: |
              Number of bytes contained in the file. Together with the ''integrity''
property, it provides additional assurance that file content was accurately received.
              Note that the limit takes into account the data encoding used, including
data compression (for example 'gzip').
          value:
            type: string
            description: The inline content of the file.
            maxLength: 4096
        required:
          - encoding
          - size
          - value
    required:
      - pubtime
      - data_id
    oneOf:
```

```
- allOf:
        - required:
          - start_datetime
          - end_datetime
      - allOf:
        - required:
          - datetime
  links:
    type: array
    minItems: 1
    items:
      $ref: 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-
features/master/core/openapi/schemas/link.yaml'
required:
  - id
  - version
  - type
  - geometry
  - properties
  - links
example:
  $ref: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-
message/main/examples/example1.json
```

# **Annex C: Examples (Informative)**

# **C.1. WIS2 Notification Message Examples**

Example: single observation including meaningful geometry, observation datetime and content

```
{
    "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",
    "version": "v04",
    "type": "Feature",
    "geometry": {
        "type": "Point",
        "coordinates": [
            6.146255135536194,
            46.223296618227444
        ]
    },
    "properties": {
        "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z",
        "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",
        "integrity": {
            "method": "sha512",
            "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="
        },
        "data_id": "dataset/123/data-granule/UANT01_CWA0_200445___15103.bufr4",
        "metadata id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob",
        "content": {
            "encoding": "utf-8",
            "value": "encoded bytes from the file",
            "size": 457
        }
    },
    "links": [
            "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-
2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",
            "rel": "canonical",
            "type": "application/x-bufr"
        },
        {
            "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-
granule",
            "rel": "item",
            "type": "application/json"
        }
   ]
}
```

Example: NWP product including polygon geometry, start\_datetime and end\_datetime. The polygon is an array with 5 elements. The first (and last) elements are most southwestern point of the rectangle using longitude and latitude and followed by other coordinates in a clockwise direction.

```
{
    "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",
    "version": "v04",
    "type": "Feature",
    "geometry": {
        "type": "Polygon",
        "coordinates": [
            -7.75,
                    40.43
                ],
                -7.75,
                    78.46
                ],
                71.91,
                    78.46
                ],
                    71.91,
                    40.43
                ],
                -7.75,
                    40.43
                ]
            ]
        1
    },
    "properties": {
        "pubtime": "2022-0-320T04:50:18.314854383Z",
        "start_datetime": "2022-03-20T00:06:00Z",
        "end_datetime": "2022-03-20T00:12:00Z",
        "integrity": {
            "method": "sha512",
            "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="
        "data_id": "dataset/4546/abcdef-abcd-abcd-abcd-abcdefabcd",
        "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:fra:meteo-france:gap123"
    },
    "links": [
            "href": "https://example.org/data/nwp/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-
2e2e7be6f8ab.grib",
            "rel": "canonical",
```

```
"type": "application/x-grib2"
}
]
}
```

Example: minimal viable message compliant to the specification

```
{
    "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abcdef",
    "version": "v04",
    "type": "Feature",
    "geometry": null,
    "properties": {
        "pubtime": "2022-11-20T16:40:37Z",
        "datetime": "2022-11-11T11:11:11Z",
        "data_id": "data/data-123/items/abcdefab-abcd-1234-5678-0123456789ab",
        "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:xyz:nmhs_xyz:some_dataset",
        "cache": false
    },
    "links": [
        {
            "href": "https://example.org/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.txt",
            "rel": "canonical"
        }
   ]
}
```

Example: notification of the deletion of a data granule

```
{
    "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abcdef",
    "version": "v04",
    "type": "Feature",
    "geometry": null,
    "properties": {
        "pubtime": "2022-12-22T16:40:37Z",
        "datetime": "2022-11-11T11:11:11Z",
        "data_id": "data/data-123/items/abcdefab-abcd-1234-5678-0123456789ab",
        "metadata_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:xyz:nmhs_xyz:some_dataset",
        "cache": false
    },
    "links": [
        {
            "href": "https://example.org/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.txt",
            "rel": "http://def.wmo.int/def/rel/wnm/-/deletion"
        }
    ]
}
```

# Annex D: Bibliography

- W3C/OGC: Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Working Group Note 28 September 2017, https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp
- W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation 31 January 2017, https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp
- IANA: Link Relation Types, https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xml

# **Annex E: Revision History**

Date	Release	Editor	Primary clauses modified	Description
2022-12-05	Template	Tom Kralidis	all	update from TT-Protocols/ET-W2AT