

Rainbow

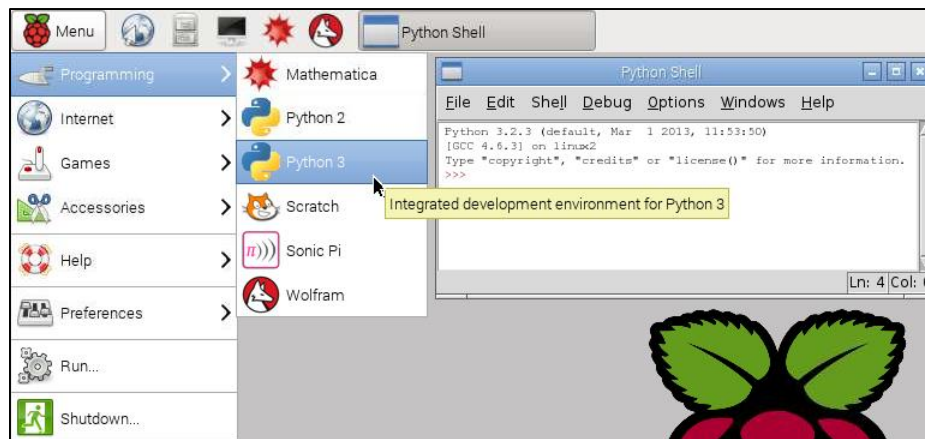


Rainbow

Card 1 of 2

I'm Learning Pi Python

1 Before powering on the Pi, connect the **Sense HAT** to the Pi. Start the Pi and once booted, open Python3.



2 From the python shell open a new window (File > New Window). Start by saving this new file to the home directory as **rainbow.py**. Then start by entering the following lines of code. These import the Sense HAT software and create a **sense** object. The third line makes sure the display is clear to begin with.

```
from sense_hat import SenseHat
sense = SenseHat()
sense.clear()
```

2 In smiley.py we previously set the colours of individual pixels using the **sense.set_pixel** method. This is slow and complex to do for every single pixel. Instead we can define some **variables** to make a colour palette. In the code below we define variables for the seven colours of the rainbow. The colours are set using RGB (Red Green Blue) values.

```
r = [255, 0, 0]
o = [255, 127, 0]
y = [255, 255, 0]
g = [0, 255, 0]
b = [0, 0, 255]
i = [75, 0, 130]
v = [159, 0, 255]
e = [0, 0, 0] # e stands for empty/black
```

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Card 2 of 2

I'm Learning Pi Python

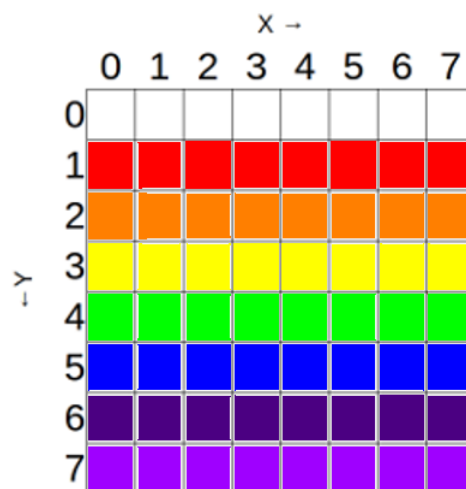
4 You can then describe a matrix by creating 2D list of colour names

```
image = [  
e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e,  
r, r, r, r, r, r, r, r,  
o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o,  
y, y, y, y, y, y, y, y,  
g, g, g, g, g, g, g, g,  
b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b,  
i, i, i, i, i, i, i, i,  
v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v,  
]
```

5 You can then give the **image** list to the **sense.set_pixels** method and draw the image.

```
sense.set_pixels(image)
```

6 Run the program and the LED matrix pixels should show beautiful lines in the colours of the rainbow.



7 Try changing the program so that the coloured lines are curved like a real rainbow. Good luck! (Hint: try changing the order of the variables in the image list).