Causality

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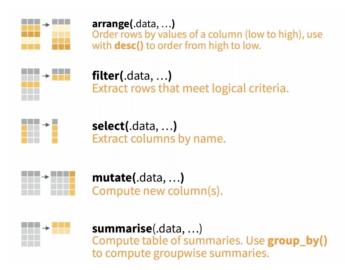
- Subset data
- Summarize data
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- Summary

Load packages and data

```
## load packages
library(tidyverse)
library(qss)
## load data
resume <- read_csv("data/resume.csv")</pre>
# check data
resume
## # A tibble: 4,870 x 4
##
      firstname sex race
                               call
##
      <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
   1 Allison female white
##
   2 Kristen female white
##
##
   3 Lakisha female black
    4 Latonya female black
##
```

Causality

dplyr from Tidyverse



Source: RStudio

Subset data

select() and filter()

- select: Return columns by name/number/etc.
- filter: Return rows by name/number/etc.

```
## subset data with first name
resume sex <- resume %>%
 select(sex)
head(resume_sex, 3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 1
     sex
     <chr>>
## 1 female
## 2 female
## 3 female
## subset data with black names
resumeB <- resume %>%
 filter(race == "black")
head(resumeB, 3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
     firstname sex
                       race
                              call
     <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 Lakisha female black
## 2 Latonya female black
```

3 Kenya female black

Data Wrangling

```
## subset data with black, female-sounding names
## Then, let'ss remove the firstname
resumeBf without firstname <- resume %>%
 filter(race == "black" & sex == "female") %>%
 select(!firstname)
resumeBf_without_firstname
## # A tibble: 1,886 x 3
##
            race call
     sex
##
  <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 female black
##
   2 female black
##
  3 female black
##
   4 female black
## 5 female black
##
   6 female black
                      0
   7 female black
                      0
##
```

Summarize data

summarise()

```
## callback rate for black female names
Bf_callback <- resume %>%
 filter(race == "black" & sex =="female") %>%
 summarize(callback_rate = mean(call, na.rm = TRUE))
Bf_callback
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
     callback_rate
             <db1>
## 1
            0.0663
## callback rate for white female names
Wf_callback <- resume %>%
 filter(race == "white" & sex == "female") %>%
 summarize(callback rate = mean(call, na.rm = TRUE))
Wf_callback
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
     callback_rate
             <db1>
## 1
            0.0989
## difference between white and black women
Wf_callback - Bf_callback
     callback_rate
```

0.03264689

1

Add new variable

mutate()

calculate target values

The way we did previously with filter() and summarise().

create factor variable with mutate

```
## create a factor variable that takes one of the four values
resume <- resume %>%
 mutate(type = case when(race == "black" & sex == "female" ~ "BlackFemale".
                         race == "black" & sex == "male" ~ "BlackMale".
                         race == "white" & sex == "female" ~ "WhiteFemale",
                         race == "white" & sex == "male" ~ "WhiteMale".
                         TRUE ~ "Other"))
head(resume)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
  firstname sex
                            call type
                     race
    <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Allison female white 0 WhiteFemale
## 2 Kristen female white 0 WhiteFemale
## 3 Lakisha female black 0 BlackFemale
## 4 Latonya female black 0 BlackFemale
## 5 Carrie female white 0 WhiteFemale
## 6 Jav
              male white 0 WhiteMale
```

Summary

Let's practice!

