

16 – Towards the detection of performance degradation

Tools for continuous performance monitoring

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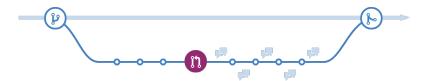
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 - · The bugfix ratio is quite high.

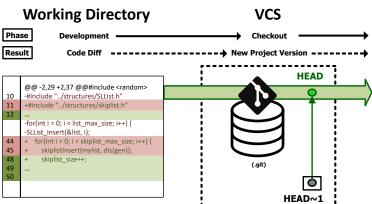




- Automatic regression testing with Continuous Integration (CI) tools is currently well-established practice in industry.
- · Such tests reveal many bugs during development process.
 - · The bugfix ratio is quite high.
- But what about performance bugs?
 - The CI does not really support thorough performance tests.
 - We aim at creating a framework specifically designed for continuous performance monitoring.



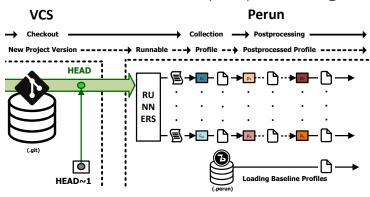
Project repository



- 1. User makes changes to working directory and commits them.
 - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ This triggers performance monitoring action in Perun.



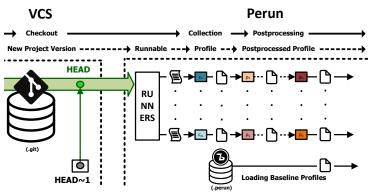
Data collection and postprocessing



- 2. Performance data are collected using profilers (collectors)
 - · trace collector, memory collector, etc..



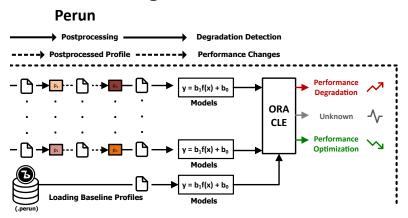
Data collection and postprocessing



- 2. Performance data are collected using profilers (collectors)
 - · trace collector, memory collector, etc..
- 3. Collected data are further postprocessed.
 - · clusterization, regression analysis, etc..



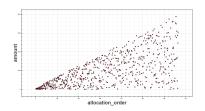
The degradation detection



- 4. Older stored profiles (baseline profiles) are compared with newly generated profiles (target profiles).
 - · Detection and classification of performance changes.

Data collection and postprocessing



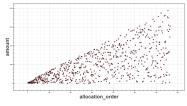


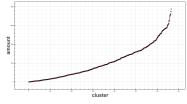
Trace collector:

- Dynamic executable tracing and profiling.
- Based on the SystemTap tool.

Data collection and postprocessing







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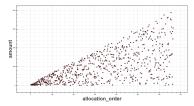
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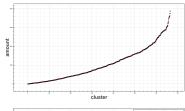
Postprocessing:

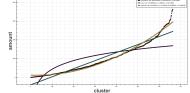
- Clusterization
 - Estimates independent variables.
 - e.g. input data size

Data collection and postprocessing









Trace collector:

- Dynamic executable tracing and profiling.
- Based on the SystemTap tool.

Postprocessing:

- Clusterization
 - Estimates independent variables.
 - · e.g. input data size
- Regression analysis
 - · Models function performance.

Detection and classification



Methods use baseline and target models of form:

$$m_{baseline} = b_{0 \ baseline} + b_{1 \ baseline} \cdot f(x)$$

$$m_{\text{target}} = b_0 \,_{\text{target}} + b_1 \,_{\text{target}} \cdot f(x)$$

We <u>subtract</u> both models and then <u>estimate</u> the change model:

$$m_{change} = m_{baseline} - m_{target}$$

Detection and classification



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- 1. Method based on linear models.
 - · Classifies change based on linear model coefficients
 - Estimates change (m_{change}) using intercept (b_0) and slope (b_1) of linear models.

Detection and classification



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We subtract both models and then estimate the change model:

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- 1. Method based on linear models.
 - · Classifies change based on linear model coefficients
 - Estimates change (m_{change}) using intercept (b₀) and slope (b₁) of linear models.
- 2. Method based on polynomial models
 - · Classifies change based on best model coefficients
 - Estimates change (m_{change}) using **polynomial** regression analysis



		±c	±n	$\pm n^2$	overall	time [s]
Method 1	detect	80%	80%	100%	86,67%	5.26
	classify	25%	55%	65%	48,33%	
Method 2	detect	80%	100%	100%	93,33%	4.32
	classify	80%	80%	0%	53,33%	

- · Set of artificial examples based on selected types of models.
 - · 36 different pair of profiles
 - constant, linear, logarithmic, quadratic, exponential and power models
- · Includes change
 - Detection
 - constant change (c), linear change (n), quadratic change (n²)
 - Classification
 - optimization (-), degradation (+)



We would like to focus on the following:

- Fully integrate the detection and classification modules.
 - · Currently being developed in the experimental branch.
- Improve the detection and classification accuracy.
- More precise localization of performance bugs.
- Do some experiments on real projects and bugs.



Perun repository: https://github.com/tfiedor/perun