Mastodon → Blender/SciView

NG protocol: context, thoughts, plans

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v0.1: May 12, 2022, written by Vladimir Ulman

v0.x: you're welcome here!

Some notes from my early days with SciView and SimViewer

- I'm operating with the notion of **Source** and **Sink**
- Both operate with a set of objects
- Source holds a set of all original objects
- Sink holds own display objects requested to be displayed
 - Two independent sets of objects, the only link between them was an ID attribute
 - One original object may have associated multiple display objects
 - There's not necessarily a pure one-to-one mapping
 - I used to use categories of displayed objects
 - Shape-driven (spheres, lines, vectors)
 - Function-driven
 - Normal local content a placeholder display of a cell, e.g. Sphere
 - Debug local content aux display related to the cell, e.g. a flag or vector that shows e.g. movement vector, trajectory
 - Normal global content content not related to any cell, e.g. a frame of a scene
 - Debug global content similar to the normal gl. Content
 - User at Sink could show/hide various categories
 - Source submitted all display requests, user at Sink filtered what to display
 - Source could decide not to send everything to save communication bandwidth
 - Amount of data to be displayed was thus controlled both at Source and Sink
- Message: I like that user at the Sink have additional own control
- SciView didn't have a notion of time → Was showing only the current content (but I believe the notion of time can be introduced)

Some notes from my early days with SciView and SimViewer → Consequences & Wishes

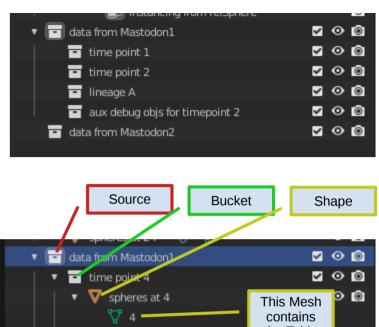
- Source holds a set of all original objects
- Sink holds own display objects requested to be displayed
- Two independent sets of objects, the only link between them was an ID attribute
- I used to use categories of displayed objects
 - Shape-driven (spheres, lines, vectors) performance gain instancing
 - Function-driven another resolution axis finer control when aux data is displayed
- New thing: Time attribute
 - Moving along time axis in Blender is really user comfortable (one keypress! ...or with a mouse)
 - Can show development of the content
 - Can show "versions" of the same data
 - It's an abuse of "time" semantics → widens the semantics and takes-in the "function-driven" aspect from categories
 - Deeping the abuse: Time as a string! → **Visibility containers** (aliased to Buckets, see next slide)
 - Buckets... the abuse turned into a feature, yay!
 - Source submits display requests to the Sink
 - Sink may send back update requests and event requests
- The requests act on a displayed object

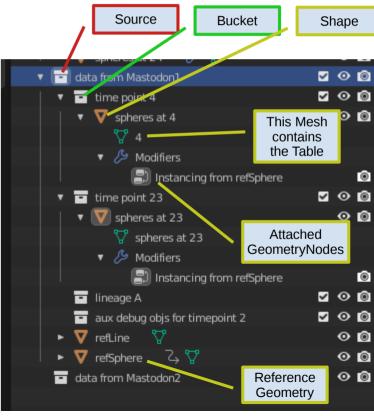
- (show these 5 spheres)
- (update position of this sphere, focus on that sphere)
- (either it defines it, or reports an activity on it)

Blender has time axis, we can have a "history bag"

- Within a Sink, every displayed object should know its:
- **Source** → for a feedback line, facilitates user's filtering ability
 - Bucket → semantics grouping, one (and only) additional level to facilitate user's filtering ability
 - Category → technical necessity, should be renamed to (Reference) **Shape**

- "Buckets" at Blender side
- Technically it is a Collection
- There can be a **hiearchy of Buckets** (Collections)
 - Two levels: 1st level list of sources, 2nd level list of buckets
 - Two levels: Source level, Bucket level
- Bucket holds objects from one source (e.g., Mastodon, EG)
 - ... that shall be visible only at exactly one frame (integer number)
 - ... **or** that shall be visible always, at any frame (integer -1)
 - Possible extension: Interval? Easy for V.U. atm. Possible extension: Set? Hard for V.U. atm.
 - ... and that shall be semantically related (only for the user filtering comfort)
- Every Bucket has own **identification** name (string), e.g. "projectNick TP = 4"
- Identification must be unique within its Source level
- Bucket may contain Shapes
 - These Shapes are "from" the same Source and belong semantically together and are thus visible under the same condition
 - A Shape Blender object is technically... well... a **Table**
 - One row is one position/occurence of the Shape
 - Columns are position, color, Shape related extras, etc.
 - Blender displays (owing to us-provided Geometry Nodes)
 - One instance of the Shape for every row in that table
 - At the position
 - The Shape is possibly further adjusted as a result of
 - The Geometry Nodes pipeline
 - Shape related extras attributes in the table





"Buckets" at Blender side

- An arriving object to be displayed should provide:
- Source (IP + showName string, this provides the underlying messaging subsystem)
- Bucket to which it belongs (within the Source): String
- Reference shape: Should be enum
 - Let's encode this into the name of the message
 - DisplaySphere(...), DisplayLine(...)
- Params of that shape (e.g. centre coordinate, radius)
- ID of this under which the Source will recognize it
- The Source and Shape are in fact implicit parameters
- Message needs to contain only the data in bold

- If this layout is Okay, we could move to discussing the communication scheme
- · Examples:
- How to communicate Bucket, Colors (color palletes)?
- Define next timepoint always from scratch, or as an update from some other timepoint, or allow both?
- Delete obj. messages yes/no?

Example protocol to be improved:

```
A https://github.com/xulman/graphics-net-transfers/blob/m $\frac{1}{2}$
                                                                                        \odot
      C_{i}
72 lines (64 sloc) 3.58 KB
      syntax = "proto3";
      package transfers graphics protocol;
      option java package = "cz.it4i.ulman.transfers.graphics.protocol";
      service PointsAndLines {
              rpc sendBall (stream PointAsBall) returns (Empty) {}
              rpc sendEllipsoid (stream PointAsEllipsoid) returns (Empty) {}
              rpc sendLineWithPos (stream LineWithPositions) returns (Empty) {}
  Q
 10
              rpc sendLineWithIDs (stream LineWithIDs) returns (Empty) {}
 11
              rpc sendTick (TickMessage) returns (Empty) {}
 12
 13
 14
      message Empty {
 15
 16
      message PointAsBall {
 18
              uint64 ID = 1;
                                   // non-negative fixed ID to reference this point
 19
              float x = 2;
                                   // x-coordinate of the point's centre
 20
              float y = 3;
                                   // y-coordinate of the point's centre
 21
              float z = 4;
                                    // z-coordinate of the point's centre
 22
              int32 t = 5;
                                    // temporal coordinate of the point
 23
              string label = 6;
                                   // label associated with this point, need not be unique
 24
              float color r = 7;
                                   // red-element of the point's color, in range 0 to 1 inclusive
 25
              float color_g = 8;
                                   // green-element of the point's color, in range 0 to 1 inclusive
 26
              float color b = 9;
                                   // blue-element of the point's color, in range 0 to 1 inclusive
 27
              float radius = 10;
                                   // radius in same units as x,y,z to draw this point as a sphere
 28
 29
```