

अनुवान यूनिट:

सही, सतही, सर्व, सर्वही, सर्वात्मक

(2)

- Page 38 1) He had come.
 2) She had come.
 3) The pen had fallen.
 4) I had come.
 5) He has come.
 6) She has come.
 7) He might have come.
 8) She might have come.
 9) The pen might have fallen.

Page 38

- Page 38 1) Friend (F) had met.
 2) I had seen yesterday.
 3) Rama had written.
 * 4) Had you heard of it?
 5) I have sent.
 6) Handkerchief has fallen.
 7) He might have not slept.

- Page 38 1) He had written a letter.
 2) Had you come?
 3) I had read.
 4) Sita has kept the book.
 5) I have written a letter to the teacher.
 6) He might have gone.
 7) Could he have seen?
 * 8) Could you have kept it at home?
 9) He might have had his meals.
 10) She might not have washed the clothes.

(3)

21

214

314

Page 56

- 1) Rama and Krishna
- 2) Sita and Saritri
- 3) Rama Lakshmana and Sita.

- 1) Only Rama goes to the city.
- 2) Rama goes to the city only.
- 3) Rama will certainly go to the city.

- 1) He is certainly coming.
- 2) I shall definitely listen.
- 3) They are surely coming.
- 4) He has come of course after all.
- 5) It has surely fallen.
- 6) I shall certainly see.
- 7) I shall certainly do.
- 8) It will surely be found.
- 9) She has certainly given.

- 1) Rama too is coming to the city.
- 2) Rama is coming to the city too.
- 3) Rama is coming also to the city.

Page 57

- 1) Meditate upon Brahma Vishnu and Siva
- 2) In Kailash, gods and gandharvas live.
- 3) The pen is at the home only.
- 4) I forgot to bring the pen itself.
- 5) It is sure to rain in the evening.

- 6) I haven't any money at all.
- 7) There are no leaves at all in the tree
- 8) With you, I shall also come
- 9) Sometimes he comes also.
- 10) He is pious and clever.

- Page 58
- 1) Call Rama, Krishna and Mohana.
- 2) Gods as well as demons waged war.
- 3) Rama, Lakshmana and Sita went to forest.
- 4) The sage lives in forest only.
- 5) Mahesh himself has had come here today.
- 6) There is no time to write a letter either.
- 7) Go only after reading this book.
- 8) You too come with me.
- 9) As he is earning, he spends as well.
- 10) The officer comes to the village too.

Page 76

(4)	अद्यीत	-	अद्यापि	अद्याति
	मिद्दाति	-	मिद्दा	मिद्दा
	निकोप्रीति	-	निकूपि	निकूपि
	मुक्ति	-	मुक्ति	मुक्ति
	चिन्ति	-	चिंति	चिंति

पूर्वाहन	अद्यापि	अद्याति
प्रवर्षाया:	प्रवृप्ति	प्रवृत्ति
पूर्णात्मा	पूर्णता	पूर्णता
पूर्णात्मा	पूर्णात्मा	पूर्णात्मा
पूर्णात्मा	पूर्णात्मा	पूर्णात्मा

- Page 71
- 1) The boy counts with fingers.
 - 2) She washes clothes.
 - 3) The baby sleeps always.
 - 4) Children use pencils.
 - 5) Critic examines the literary work.

- 1) I translate sentences.
- 2) The student writes the answer to the question.
- 3) When does the program begin?
- 4) The Minister delivers the speech.
- 5) Let us practice Sanskrit.

Page 95 (5) Phrases

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 1) Black Sheep | अंगुष्ठी |
| 2) An old hand | जानवारी |
| 3) A snake in the grass | ज़ुनूनी |
| 4) Blue blood | बुर्जी |
| 5) Lys to the dogs | नाड़ा ब्राह्मण |
| 6) Having his hands full | कार्यमहात्मा: अवस |
| 7) In cold blood | 3 देवालयोदयम् |

(6) सरलकथाएः

- 1) Simpler Sentences
- 2) Simpler topics.

(a) Once a farmer Govinda by name living in Karvirapura on his way to the city met a friend and he asked him - Is everything well?

(b) Sriam, who was a clerk in a post office and did not get a pension even a year after retirement, he went to the main post-office enraged and having met a higher officer, he reported to him that he was Sriam who had been working in the same department but had not received any pension so far.

(c) Formerly when King Bhoja was ruling, a farmer called Suguna as he was in the city of Dhāra came across a gold vessel felt happy that he had a lucky break.

(7)

अतिकृदृष्टि: - Use Past Participle.

Eg.	अप्रेत - प्रिपात / बनी / बन
	अलिख्यत - लिखितवान् / बनी / बन
	अकरोत - कर्तवान् / बनी / बन
	अज्ञातवान् - ज्ञातवान् / बनी / बन

प्रकरण - प्राप्तवान्

(8)

A clever boy
A clever girl
by the clever boy
clever girl (object)
to the clever boy
off the clever girl.

In that house
 to these boys
 that boy (obj)
 in this sentence
 to that school
 of these lessons
 of that village
 this book (object)
 by these people
 these pens

Translate

- 1) Where did you buy these nice pictures?
- 2) The leaf fell from the tall tree.
- 3) There are fish in the big river.
- 4) Have you read this book?
- 5) His hand writing is beautiful.
- 6) In this creeper there are beautiful flowers.

- 1) Let all the people do work.
- 2) He writes with a beautiful pen.
- 3) There are 100 students in this school.
- 4) How many flowers are there in that garland?
- 5) In whom are there no faults?
- 6) There are diverse people in this world.

- Rama went to the forest.
- 1) He spoke the truth.
 - 2) I ate the best fruit.
 - 3) Did you go to the cinema?
 - 4) Many people had come to the program.
 - 5) Sita wrote a story.

- 1) Let the picture be seen by you (the).
- 2) Let service be done by people.
- 3) Let the stories be read by you.
- 4) Let the house be protected by dogs.
- 5) Let truth be spoken by all.

- (9)
- 1) I must read this book.
 - 2) He must go to the village.
 - 3) We all must show sincerity.
 - 4) Boy must eat fruit.
 - 5) You must not commit mistake.

- 1) Fruit must be eaten.
- 2) Animals must be protected.
- 3) Translation must be done.
- 4) Sentences must be written.
- 5) Songs must be sung.
- 6) Cleanliness must be maintained.
- 7) Books must be sold.
- 8) Picture must be sketched.
- 9) Slokas must be read.
- 10) Letters must be sent.

- 1) I must climb the tree
- 2) The maid servant must wash the clothes
- 3) All must follow the rule
- 4) The teacher must teach the lesson.
- 5) The devotee must pray to god.

(10)

- 1) I don't know
- 2) I want
- 3) I have a headache
- 4) He told me
- 5) I am intelligent.

(3T)

- 1) I came on a bicycle.
- 2) He came by bus.
- 3) Translate into Sanskrit
- 4) Talk in Sanskrit
- 5) He bought a pen for ten rupees.
- 6) The shop keeper sold it for three ~~one~~ rupees.

(3)?

(5)

- 1) I did not know this matter at all
- 2) He goes to office by bus.
- 3) I bought three pens for ten rupees.
- 4) Talking in Sanskrit is very easy.
- 5) You did not tell me this yesterday.
- 6) Travelling by bus is inexpensive.
- 7) I have written the story in Sanskrit.

(3)

- 1) Let us play
- 2) We get up
- 3) lotuses bloom
- 4) girls ran
- 5) Babies cried.