

Introduction

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

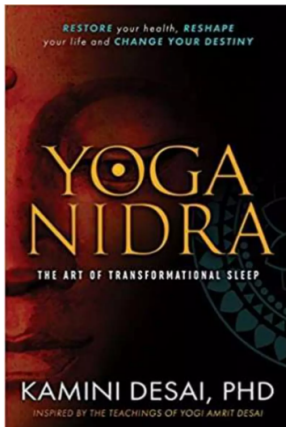
Introduction

Four Stages of Human Consciousness

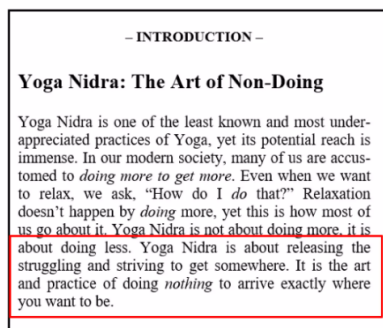
Introduction to Yoganidra

- Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा) is a deep relaxation technique that:
 - Relieves stress.
 - Improves sleep.
 - Accesses the bliss state (Ananda आनन्द).
- Composed of series of body, breath, imagination acts to guide into progressive states of relaxation (non-doing)
- Inspired by the Bihar School of Yoga, this script follows the inward journey through the Koshas.

What is Yoga Nidra?

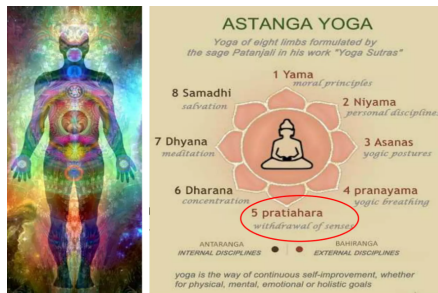


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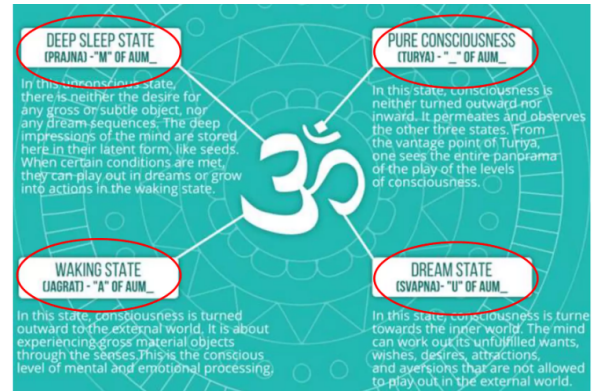
What is Yoga Nidra?

Its is Pratyahara प्रत्याहार : Prati प्रति (inside) + ahara आहार (food), ie food to inside, that is, contrary to our attention being always external looking, here we are looking inside. Plus, there is tantra word 'nyasa' न्यास , meanings seating. meaning you put attention at different places.



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

History



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

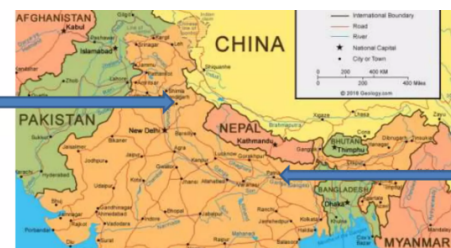
Brain Wave States in Yoga Nidra

- During Yoga Nidra, consciousness fluctuates between:
 - Introversion and extroversion states
 - Alpha and theta wave states
- The Nidra State:
 - Located at border between alpha and theta waves
 - Mind becomes highly receptive
 - Allows contact with subconscious and unconscious dimensions
 - Access to dormant potential and hidden solutions

Scientific Evidence of Brain States

- Alpha Brainwaves:
 - Associated with relaxation and creativity
 - Enhanced learning capabilities
 - Improved cognitive function
- Brain Coherence:
 - Different regions synchronize activity
 - Similar to experienced meditators
 - Access to deeper consciousness states
- Autonomic Nervous System:
 - Activates parasympathetic response
 - Reduces effects of chronic stress
 - Promotes natural healing processes

Practitioners



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

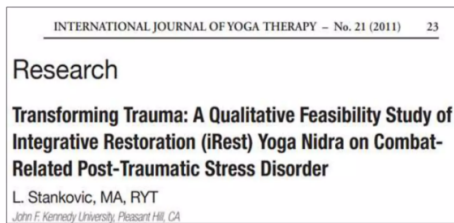
Modern Development

Swami Satyananda Saraswati's Contributions :

- Systematized Yoga Nidra in the 20th century
- Founded Bihar School of Yoga
- Made the practice accessible to modern practitioners
- Emphasized scientific approach to traditional practice
- Developed structured methodology for teaching

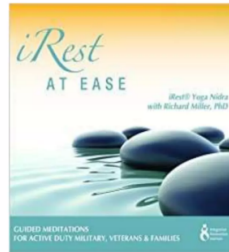
Research

Richard Miller



<https://www.irest.org/users/richard-c-miller>

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Sleep vs Yoga Nidra

Sleep :

- Unconscious state
- No awareness
- Natural occurrence
- Brain in delta waves

Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा) :

- Conscious relaxation
- Maintained awareness
- Guided practice
- Brain transitions through various wave states
- One hour equals 4 hours of regular sleep

Meditation vs Yoganidra

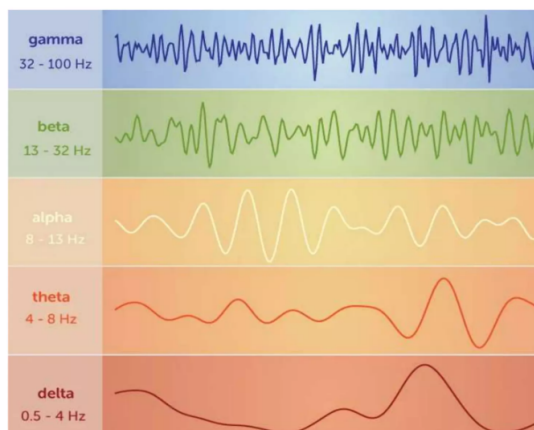
Meditation :

- Typically done sitting up
- Focuses on one point of concentration
- Requires active mental effort
- May be challenging for beginners

Yoga Nidra (योगनिद्रा) :

- Done lying down
- Systematic rotation of awareness
- Guided relaxation practice
- Accessible to all skill levels

Science : ECG



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

Science : ECG

Levels: Parker & Bharti (2013)

- Level 1: Alpha waves and reduced BP
- Level 2: Theta waves and creativity
- Level 3: Theta followed by Delta waves
 - Like NREM sleep, but indl is aware
- Level 4: Simultaneous sleep and awareness
 - Alternates between theta and delta waves (?)

8 Stages of Yoganidra

1. Preparation (Shavasana): Deep breaths in Shavasana (शवासन).
2. Resolve (Sankalpa): Optional positive affirmation (संकल्प).
3. Body Awareness (Rotation): Relax body parts.
4. Breath Awareness: Relaxation through breath.
5. Opposite Sensations: Experience and release emotions.
6. Visualization: Reach the subconscious with imagery.
7. Resolve (Sankalpa): Repeat the Sankalpa again.
8. Exiting: Return awareness to external surroundings.

Key Instructions

- No movement during Yoganidra.
- Stay awake, do not fall asleep.
- Do not think, just follow the instructions.

The Koshas (कोश)

- Annamaya Kosha (अन्नमयकोश) - Physical Body
- Pranamaya Kosha (प्राणमयकोश) - Energy Body
- Manomaya Kosha (मनोमयकोश) - Emotional Body
- Vijnanamaya Kosha (विज्ञानमयकोश) - Wisdom Body
- Anandamaya Kosha (आनन्दमयकोश) - Bliss Body

Koshas in Yoganidra

- Body Awareness (Rotation): Annamayakosha (अन्नमयकोश) - Physical Body: Focus on different body parts (right palm, right arm, legs, back, etc.).
- Breath Awareness: Pranamayakosha (प्राणमयकोश) - Breath Awareness: Reverse breath count from 27.
- Opposite Sensations: Manomayakosha (मनोमयकोश) - Emotional Body: Experience opposite sensations (hot/cold, wet/dry).
- Visualization: Vijnanamayakosha (विज्ञानमयकोश) - Subconscious Visualization: Visualize calming scenes like deserts, lakes, and waves.

Tips for Practicing Yoganidra

- Use simple and precise language in the script.
- Speak in a clear and even tone.
- Sit comfortably and be still during facilitation.
- Practice in a warm, comfortable space. Use props (pillows, blankets) to support the body.
- Remain still, but do not fall asleep.

Important Considerations

- Consult Healthcare Provider if:
 - Pregnant or recently post-partum
 - Have serious medical conditions
 - Experiencing severe mental health issues
- Practice Guidelines:
 - Avoid practice immediately after meals
 - Ensure comfortable room temperature
 - Practice at consistent times
 - Stay awake during the practice

Instructions

Instructions

Setting Up the Environment

- Room Requirements:
 - Quiet, peaceful space
 - Comfortable temperature
 - Dim lighting
 - No distractions (phone on silent)
- Best Practice Times:
 - Not immediately after meals
 - Early morning or before bed
 - Consistent practice time

Props and Session Duration

- Recommended Props:
 - Yoga mat or comfortable surface
 - Bolster or pillow under knees
 - Blanket for warmth
 - Eye pillow (optional)
- Session Duration:
 - Beginners: 20-30 minutes
 - Experienced: Up to 60 minutes
 - Regular practice: 1-3 times per week

Practice Guidelines

- Timing Your Practice:
 - 20-minute session equals hours of normal sleep
 - Practice at consistent times daily
 - Choose higher energy periods to avoid sleeping
- Physical Setup:
 - Support lower back with bolster
 - Keep room slightly cool to stay alert
 - Use eye pillow to block light
- Mental Preparation:
 - Set clear intention before practice
 - Stay alert but relaxed
 - Allow thoughts to pass without engagement

Preparation - 0

- Lie in Shavasana (शवासन).
- Take a comfortable position with feet wider than hips, palms away from hips, allowing armpits to breathe.
- Relax shoulders, arms, hips, back, knees, ankles, and neck.
- Close your eyes and keep them closed for the entire practice.
- Consciously release tension by bringing awareness to any tight spots.
- Remain still, but make adjustments with minimal movement if necessary.
- Maintain a safe, protected space; stay awake by listening to the voice guiding you.
- Set an intention: "I am practicing Yoga Nidra. I am awake, and I will remain awake until the end."
- Bring your awareness to the space between your body and the earth.
- Let your body soften and sink into the floor.

Internalization - 1

- Sound Awareness: Become aware of the sounds around you, beginning with distant sounds.
- Move attention from sound to sound without labeling the source.
- Shift awareness to sounds within the room, noticing your breath flowing freely through your nostrils.
- Visualize yourself within the room: the four walls, ceiling, floor, and your body lying on the mat.
- Bring awareness to your natural breath, feeling it flow effortlessly in and out through both nostrils.



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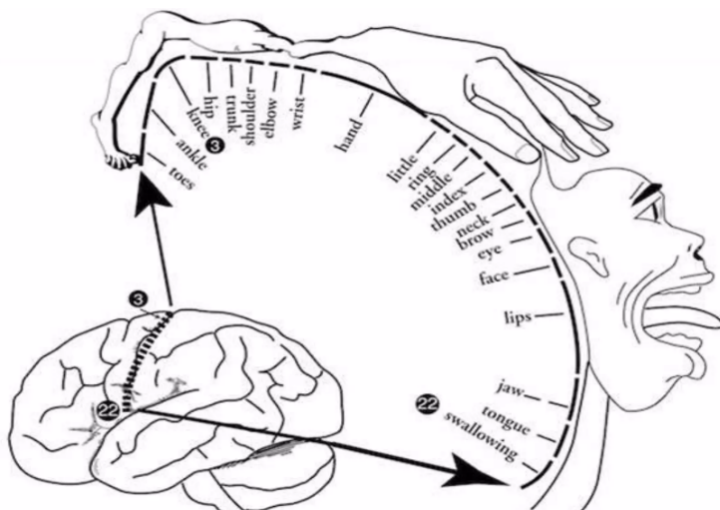
Choosing Your Sankalpa - 2

- Guidelines for Selection:
 - Keep it short and simple
 - Use positive language
 - Make it personal and meaningful
- Usage:
 - Maintain same Sankalpa across sessions
 - Repeat until manifestation
 - Plant during receptive state
- Examples:
 - "I am at peace with myself"
 - "I am healthy and strong"
 - "I am connected to my inner wisdom"

Rotation of Awareness (Abbreviated) - 3

Focus on body parts:

- Right heel
- Left heel
- Right calf
- Left calf
- Right knee
- Left knee
- Right thigh
- Left thigh
- Both hips
- Lower back
- Upper back
- Right shoulder
- Left shoulder
- Back of the head



(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

Rotation of Awareness - Right Side

- Begin the journey of awareness on the right side of the body.
- Focus sequentially: Right hand -- thumb, 2nd finger, 3rd finger, 4th finger, 5th finger, palm, back of the hand, wrist, forearm, elbow, upper arm, shoulder.
- Move to the right torso and leg: right side of chest, waist, hip, thigh, knee, calf, ankle, top of the foot, big toe, 2nd toe, 3rd toe, 4th toe, 5th toe.

Rotation of Awareness - Left Side

- Shift awareness to the left side of the body.
- Focus sequentially: Left hand -- thumb, 2nd finger, 3rd finger, 4th finger, 5th finger, palm, back of the hand, wrist, forearm, elbow, upper arm, shoulder.
- Move to the left torso and leg: left side of chest, waist, hip, thigh, knee, calf, ankle, heel, sole, top of the foot, big toe, 2nd toe, 3rd toe, 4th toe, 5th toe.

Rotation of Awareness - Back of the Body

- Shift awareness to the back of the body.
- Focus sequentially: soles of the feet, heels, calves, backs of knees, thighs, lower back, middle back, upper back, spine, right shoulder blade, left shoulder blade, back of the neck, back of the head, top of the head.

Rotation of Awareness - Front of the Body

- Shift awareness to the front of the body.
- Focus sequentially: forehead, right temple, left temple, right ear, left ear, right eyebrow, left eyebrow, space between eyebrows, right eye, left eye, right nostril, left nostril, right cheek, left cheek, upper lip, lower lip, entire mouth, chin, jaw.
- Move to the throat and torso: right collarbone, left collarbone, chest, upper abdomen, navel, lower abdomen, whole torso.

Rotation of Awareness - Whole Body

- Whole Body Awareness: Experience the entire body as a single, unified presence lying on the mat.
- Confirm wakefulness: Move your right toe gently, affirming, "I am awake, I am aware, and I am practicing Yoga Nidra."

Breath Awareness Techniques - 4

Progressive Breath Work:

- Place right hand on belly, left hand on chest
- Observe natural breath pattern
- Make breath bigger gradually:
 - Feel belly rise first
 - Then chest expansion
 - Hold briefly
 - Release with gravity
- Count breaths backwards from 27
- Visualize breath as golden light
- Check Consciousness: Confirm you are awake and aware by listening to the guide's voice.

Opposite Sensations (Abbreviated) - 5

- Bring awareness to the sensation of heat
- Feel your whole body becoming warm.
- Shift awareness to cold. Feel the entire body cooling down.
- Release both sensations.
- Similarly: heaviness and lightness, pain and pleasure, love and hate, etc

Feelings & Sensations - Experiencing Anxiety

- Recall an experience of anxiety: Feel the stress, worry, or fear without focusing on the source.
- Allow your body to become aware of tension: Notice areas of tightness or rigidity throughout the body.

Feelings & Sensations - Releasing Tension

- Take a deep breath in, visualizing relaxation flowing into tense areas.
- With each inhale, feel your body becoming soft, loose, and calm.
- Breathe in calmness and exhale all stress and worries.

Creating a Protective Space

- Visualize your IshtaDevata (favorite deity, teacher, or higher consciousness) sending positive energy.
- Imagine a circle of protection around you, creating a safe and peaceful space.
- Feel calm, safe, and secure in this protected space.

Revisiting Anxiety in a Safe Space

- While feeling secure, recall the experience of anxiety, observing it without attachment.
- Notice how the anxiety melts away, protected by the presence of your IshtaDevata.
- This space is free from worries and tension; it is your safe and peaceful zone.

Affirmation of Peace

- Remain in this space, breathing deeply, visualizing all tension and worries floating away.
- Repeat to yourself: "I am calm, peaceful, and free from anxiety."
- Believe in this affirmation with faith and conviction.

Guided Imagery (Abbreviated) - 6

Journey through Nature:

- Imagine standing in a meadow, surrounded by a lush forest.
- Feel the warmth of the sun and smell the wildflowers.
- Walk into the forest, following a path that leads uphill.
- Reach a cave and discover a lit candle inside.
- Meditate on the candle's flame, with your Sankalpa inscribed on it.

Visualization (Symbols)

- Instructions: Visualize each image briefly, allowing it to resonate with your emotions, memories, or imagination.
- Jump from image to image without lingering.

- Cool Clear Water
- Vibrant Sunset
- Tall mountains
- Traffic Lights
- A good night's rest
- Deep Breath
- Beautiful Garden
- Temple Bells Ringing
- Deep Blue Sky
- Relaxing afternoon
- A cat stretching
- A warm hug
- Doctor's office
- Your reflection in a mirror
- Meditating Buddha
- Mother
- Ancestral Home
- Laughing with friends
- The sound of my voice
- Your body lying on the floor

Sankalpa - 7

- Repeat your Sankalpa three times with focus, clarity, and determination.
- Visualize your sankalpa taking shape and becoming successful.
- Feel your sankalpa bearing fruit and manifesting in your life.

Exiting the Practice

- Gradually bring awareness back to your breath, feeling it flow in and out of your nostrils.
- Shift awareness to your physical body lying on the floor, noticing all points of contact.
- Awareness of Sounds:
 - Sounds within the room, around your mat, and the sound of my voice.
 - Expand awareness to sounds outside the room.
- Visualize the room and your position within it.
- Slowly begin to move:
 - Move hands and feet gently.
 - Roll over to the right side, revisiting feelings of safety, calm, and peace.
 - Use your left hand to sit up comfortably.
- Take a deep breath, exhale fully. Rub palms to create warmth and place them over your eyes.
- Open your eyes gently, and blink your eyes open while looking into your palms.

The practice of Yoga Nidra is now complete.

Post-Practice Reflection

Journaling Guidelines:

- Record your experience immediately after practice
- Note any physical sensations experienced
- Document emotional states encountered
- Track progress over time
- Record any insights or revelations
- Compare experiences across different sessions

This reflection helps deepen your practice and track your progress.

Best Practices for Teachers

- Voice and Delivery:
 - Speak in a soothing, even tone
 - Maintain consistent pace
 - Use clear, simple language
 - Allow adequate pauses
- Session Management:
 - Start with shorter sessions (20-30 minutes)
 - Progress gradually to longer sessions
 - Always complete all stages
 - Monitor student comfort

Children's Practice Considerations

- Session Duration:
 - Keep sessions shorter (10-15 minutes)
 - Use age-appropriate language
 - Include playful visualization
- Special Elements:
 - Use simple counting exercises (40 to 1)
 - Include light visualization exercises
 - Incorporate gentle encouragement
 - Allow natural breaks in concentration
- Closing Practice:
 - End with positive affirmations
 - Include sharing of "light" with loved ones
 - Gentle return to regular awareness

Towards End

Conclusions

Benefits

- Improves Sleep¹
- Reduces Stress² and improves general well being
- Can help in improving glycemic control in Type 2 DM³
- Improves creativity, enhances memory and learning⁴
- Reduces cognitive and physical symptoms of anxiety⁵

1. Datta K, Tripathi M, Mallick HN. Yoga Nidra: An innovative approach for management of chronic insomnia-A case report. *Sleep Science and Practice*. 2017 Dec;1(1):7.
2. Dwivedi MK, Singh SK. Yoga Nidra as a stress management intervention strategy. *Purushartha: A Journal of Management Ethics and Spirituality*. 2016 May 12;9(1).
3. Amita S, Prabhakar S, Manoj I, Harminder S, Pavan T. Short Communication - Effect of Yoga-nidra on blood glucose level in diabetic patients. *Indian J Physiol Pharmacol*. 2009;53(1):97-101.
4. Bhushan S. Yoga Nidra: its advantages and applications. *Magazine of the Bihar School of Yoga*. 2001.
5. Ferreira-Vorkapic, C., Borba-Pinheiro, C. J., Marchioro, M., & Santana, D. (2018). The Impact of Yoga Nidra and Seated Meditation on the Mental Health of College Professors. *International journal of yoga*, 11(3), 215–223.

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

- Yoga Nidra has beneficial effects
- Can begin from 10 min, twice weekly
- 20-30 min, 4-5 times per week
- Online videos
- Courses
- As a behavioural intervention
 - Acceptable
 - Feasible
 - Cost effective
 - No side effects
 - Not limited to any diagnosis

(Ref: Yoga Nidra - Dr Amit Chail)

Additional Benefits

- Mental Benefits :
 - Increased learning capabilities
 - Enhanced memory and intuition
 - Boosted creativity
 - Mental reprogramming capabilities
- Physiological Benefits :
 - Balanced nervous system
 - Increased endorphin production
 - Reduced cortisol and noradrenaline levels
 - Deep skeletal-muscular relaxation
- Therapeutic Applications :
 - Relief from depression and anxiety
 - Help with insomnia and headaches
 - Management of fibromyalgia
 - Treatment of chronic fatigue
 - Support for hypertension

Summary

- A meditative form, 8 stages
- State of deep relaxation with awareness
- EEG changes simulate sleep pattern (NREM)
- rCBF changes and endocrinal effects
- Improved general well being, coping and resilience
- Reduces symptoms of anxiety, depression, PTSD & insomnia
- Benefits in chronic pain, DM and PMS

Integrating Into Daily Life

- Morning Practice :
 - Sets positive tone for day
 - Enhances mental clarity
 - Boosts energy levels
- Midday Reset :
 - Reduces workplace stress
 - Improves focus and productivity
 - Quick restoration (15-20 minutes)
- Evening Practice :
 - Prepares for restful sleep
 - Releases daily tension
 - Processes emotional residue

Common Challenges and Solutions

- Falling Asleep :
 - Practice at times of higher energy
 - Maintain lighter room temperature
 - Keep eyes slightly open
- Racing Thoughts :
 - Focus more on physical sensations
 - Return to breath awareness
 - Practice regularly to improve focus
- Physical Discomfort :
 - Use additional props as needed
 - Adjust position before starting
 - Practice progressive muscle relaxation

Resources for Further Reading

- Books :
 - "Yoga Nidra" by Swami Satyananda Saraswati.
 - "Yoga Nidra: A Meditative Practice for Deep Relaxation and Healing" by Richard Miller.
 - "Yoga Nidra: The Art of Transformational Sleep" by Kamini Desai.
- "Yoga Nidra Script - 8 Stage for Anxiety & Stress Management (40 mins practice)" <https://www.tummee.com/yoga-philosophy/yoga-nidra-script-anxiety-8-stage-40-mins>