# **SuperFastPython.com** Cheat Sheet for Python asyncio

## Why asyncio?

Asyncio provides coroutine-based concurrency suited to non-blocking socket I/O applications.

## **Coroutine**

## Import

import asyncio

## Define a coroutine

async def custom\_coroutine():
 # ...

# **Create coroutine object**

coro = custom\_coroutine()

## Run coroutine as entry point

asyncio.run(main())

## Suspend and run coroutine from a coroutine

await custom\_coroutine()

#### Sleep a coroutine

await asyncio.sleep(1)

# Async Comprehensions and Loops

## Asynchronous comprehension

res = [r async for r in async\_gen()]

## **Await comprehension**

res = [r await a in awaitables]

# **Asynchronous for-loop**

async for item in async\_gen():
 print(item)

#### Task

A task schedules a coroutine to run independently.

## Create and schedule task (high-level)

task = asyncio.create task(coro)

## Create and schedule task (low-level)

task = asyncio.ensure\_future(coro)

## Suspend and wait for a task to finish

await task

#### Get the current task

task = asyncio.current task()

## Get all running tasks

tasks = asyncio.all tasks()

#### Get task result

value = task.result()

# Get task unhandled exception

ex = task.exception()

#### Cancel a task result

was\_canceled = task.cancel()

## Check if the task is done (not running)

if task.done():
 # ...

## Check if the task was canceled

if task.cancelled():
 # ...

## Add done callback function

task.add done callback(handler)

## Remove done callback function

task.remove\_done\_callback(handler)

# Set and get task name

task.set\_name('MyTask')
name = task.get\_name()

#### **Tasks**

Operations on an awaitable, task, or tasks.

#### Wait for awaitable with a timeout

try:
 await asyncio.wait\_for(tk,
timeout=1)
except asyncio.TimeoutError:
 # ...

#### Shield a task from cancelation

shielded = asyncio.shield(task)

# Run blocking function in new thread

coro = asyncio.to\_thread(myfunc)

#### Run coroutine in asyncio event loop

fut = run\_coroutine\_threadsafe(coro,
loop)

## Run many awaitables as a group

await asyncio.gather(c1(), c2())

#### Wait for all tasks in a collection

done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks)

## Wait for all tasks with a timeout in seconds

Try:

done,pen = await
asyncio.wait(tasks, timeout=5)
except asyncio.TimeoutError:
 # ...

## Wait for the first task in a collection

done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks,
return when=FIRST COMPLETED)

## Wait for the first task to fail

done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks,
return when=FIRST EXCEPTION)

# Get results in task completion order

for c in
asyncio.as\_completed(tasks):
 result = await c

## **Async Generators and Iterators**

## Define asynchronous generator

```
async def async_generator():
    for i in range(10):
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
        yield i
```

## Define asynchronous iterator

```
class AsyncIterator():
    def __init__(self):
        self.counter = 0
    def __aiter__(self):
        return self
    async def __anext__(self):
        if self.counter >= 10:
            raise StopAsyncIteration
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
        self.counter += 1
        return self.counter
```

# **Async Context Managers**

# Define asynchronous context manager

```
class AsyncContextManager():
    async def __aenter__(self):
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
    def __exit__(self, et, exc, tb):
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
```

# **Async Lock**

## **Mutex lock**

```
lock = asyncio.Lock()
await lock.acquire()
# ...
lock.release()
```

## Mutex lock, context manager

```
async with lock: # ...
```

# **Semaphores and Events, and Conditions**

## Semaphore, set num positions

```
semaphore = asyncio.Semaphore(10)
await semaphore.acquire()
# ...
semaphore.release()
```

## Semaphore, context manager

```
async with semaphore:
    # ...
```

#### Create event, then set event

```
event = asyncio.Event()
event.set()
```

#### Check if event is set

```
if event.is_set():
    # ...
```

# Wait for event to be set (blocking)

await event.wait()

#### Condition variable

```
condition = asyncio.Condition()
await condition.acquire()
# ...
condition.release()
```

## Wait on condition to be notified (blocking)

```
async with condition:
    await condition.wait()
```

# Wait on condition for expression (blocking)

```
async with condition:
    await condition.wait_for(check)
```

# Notify any single thread waiting on condition

```
async with condition:
    condition.notify(n=1)
```

# Notify all threads waiting on condition

```
async with condition:
    condition.notify all()
```

#### Queues

Via Queue, LifoQueue, PriorityQueue

## Create queue

```
queue = asyncio.Queue()
```

# Create queue with limited capacity

```
queue = asyncio.Queue(100)
```

## Add item to queue (blocking, if limited)

await queue.put(item)

# Retrieve item from queue (blocking)

```
item = await queue.get()
```

## Check if queue is empty

```
if queue.empty():
    # ...
```

#### Check if queue is full

```
if queue.full():
    # ...
```

## Get current capacity of queue

```
capacity = queue.qsize()
```

## Mark unit of work complete

queue.task done()

## Wait for all units to be complete

await queue.join()