

Second Quantization

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The long awaited sequel

First Quantization vs. Second Quantization

- Change in notation
- Wavefunction focus vs. Operator focus
- Trajectories vs. Fields

For our purposes, its just a name to separate 2 formalisms with equivalent meaning

Occupation Number (ON) Formalism

Representation of Slater Determinant using molecular orbitals

$$\Psi = \phi_1 \phi_2 \dots \phi_n$$

Representation of Slater Determinant using occupation of spin orbitals

$$\begin{aligned} |\mathbf{n}\rangle &= |n_1 n_2 \dots\rangle \\ |\phi_1 \phi_2 \phi_4 \phi_7\rangle &= |11010010 \dots\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \mathbf{n} | \mathbf{m} \rangle = \delta_{\mathbf{n}\mathbf{m}} = \prod_i \delta_{n_i m_i}$$

Relevant Operators for ON

Annihilation Operators

$$\hat{a}_p |\dots n_p \dots\rangle = \begin{cases} (-1)^m |\dots 0 \dots\rangle & n_p = 1 \\ 0 & n_p = 0 \end{cases}$$

Creation Operators

$$\hat{a}_p^\dagger |\dots n_p \dots\rangle = \begin{cases} 0 & n_p = 1 \\ (-1)^m |\dots 1 \dots\rangle & n_p = 0 \end{cases}$$

m is the number of occupations preceding p : $m = \sum_{k=1}^{p-1} n_k$

Relevant Operators for ON

Creation/Annihilation operators work like this due to Fermion properties

$$\hat{a}_2|\phi_1\phi_2\phi_3\rangle = -\hat{a}_2|\phi_2\phi_1\phi_3\rangle = -|\phi_1\phi_3\rangle$$

$$\hat{a}_1^\dagger\hat{a}_2^\dagger|0\rangle = \hat{a}_1^\dagger|\phi_2\rangle = |\phi_1\phi_2\rangle$$

$$\hat{a}_2^\dagger\hat{a}_1^\dagger|0\rangle = \hat{a}_2^\dagger|\phi_1\rangle = |\phi_2\phi_1\rangle = -|\phi_1\phi_2\rangle$$

$$\hat{a}|0\rangle = \hat{a}_p^\dagger|\phi_p\rangle = 0$$

Relevant Operators for ON

Some relations

$$(\hat{a})^\dagger = \hat{a}^\dagger$$
$$(\hat{a}_p | \dots n_p \dots \rangle)^\dagger = \langle \dots n_p \dots | \hat{a}^\dagger$$

$$N_p = \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_p$$

$$(\hat{a}_p)^2 = (\hat{a}_p^\dagger)^2 = 0$$

Relevant Operators for ON

Anticommutation relations: $\{a, b\} = ab + ba$

$$\hat{a}_i \hat{a}_j = -\hat{a}_j \hat{a}_i$$

$$\{\hat{a}_i, \hat{a}_j\} = 0$$

$$\hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j^\dagger = -\hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_i^\dagger$$

$$\{\hat{a}_i^\dagger, \hat{a}_j^\dagger\} = 0$$

$$\hat{a}_i \hat{a}_j^\dagger = \begin{cases} -\hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_i & i \neq j \\ 1 - \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_i & i = j \end{cases}$$

$$\{\hat{a}_i, \hat{a}_j^\dagger\} = \delta_{i,j}$$

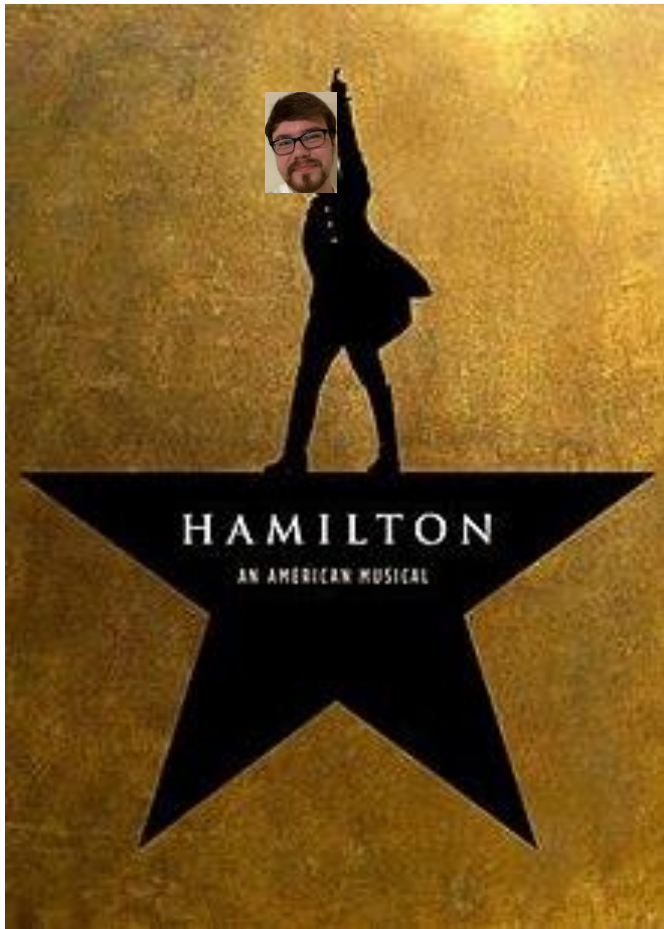
All together now

All determinants can be expressed as creation operators acting on the *true vacuum* state

$$|0\rangle = |000 \dots\rangle$$

$$|00 \dots 1 \dots 1 \dots 00\rangle = \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_q^\dagger |0\rangle$$

$$\Psi = \prod \hat{a}^\dagger |0\rangle$$



Second quantized Hamiltonian

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h} | q \rangle \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{g} | rs \rangle \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_q^\dagger \hat{a}_s \hat{a}_r$$

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h} | q \rangle \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_q + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle \hat{a}_p^\dagger \hat{a}_q^\dagger \hat{a}_s \hat{a}_r$$

... and more

Particle-Hole formalism / Fermi Vacuum

$$|111000\rangle \rightarrow |000000\rangle$$

Normal Ordering

$$n \left[\hat{a}_p a_q^\dagger \right] = a_q^\dagger \hat{a}_p$$

Wick's Theorem

$$x_1 \dots x_m = n[x_1 \dots x_m] + \sum_{a.c} n[\overline{x_1 \dots x_m}]$$



Kutzelnigg*-Mukherjee Notation

$$a_p^\dagger \rightarrow a^p \qquad a^{p_1 \dots p_m} a_{q_1 \dots q_m} = a_{q_1 \dots q_m}^{p_1 \dots p_m}$$

\tilde{a}_q^p (Normal Ordered)

$$\langle p | \hat{h} | q \rangle = h_p^q \qquad \langle p | \hat{h} | q \rangle + \sum_i \langle pi || qi \rangle = f_p^q$$

$$\langle pq | rs \rangle = g_{pq}^{rs} \qquad \langle pq || rs \rangle = \bar{g}_{pq}^{rs}$$