3 A line, l, joins point F (3, 2) and point G ($-$ 5, 4).

(a) Calculate the length of line l.

..... [3]

(b) Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of line l in the form $y = mx + c$.

$y =$ ..... [5]

(c) A point H lies on the y-axis such that the distance $GH = 13$ units.

Find the coordinates of the two possible positions of H.

(....., ...) and (....., ...) [4]

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