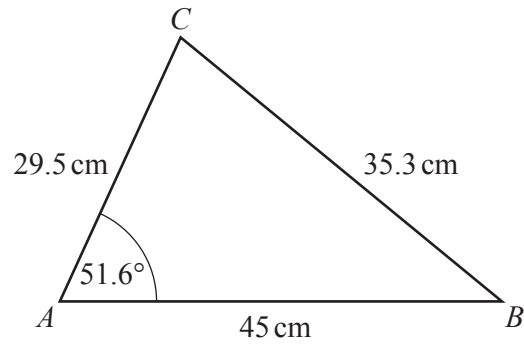


4 (a)

NOT TO
SCALE

In triangle ABC , $AB = 45$ cm, $AC = 29.5$ cm, $BC = 35.3$ cm and angle $CAB = 51.6^\circ$.

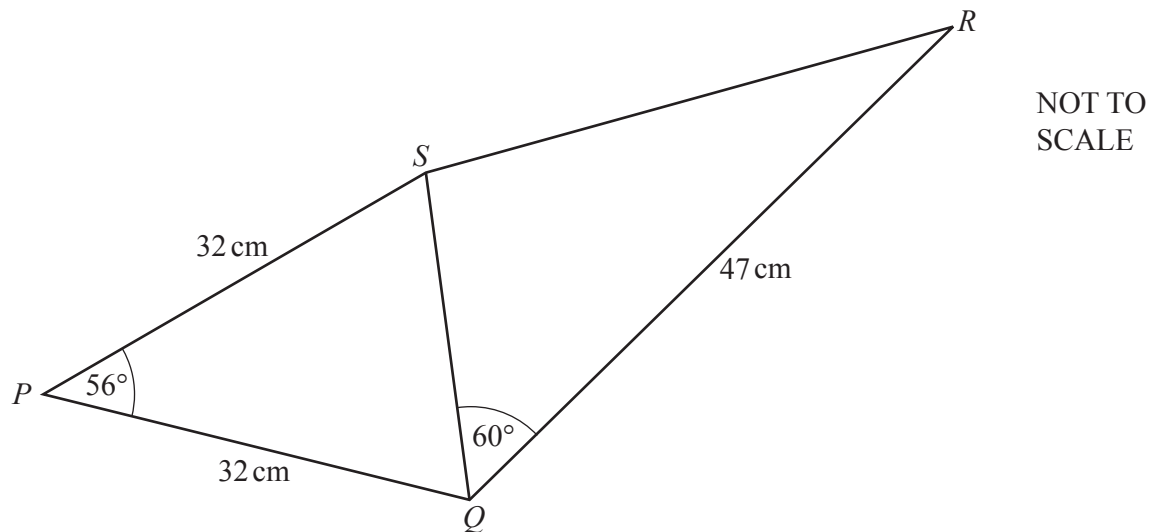
(i) Calculate angle ABC .

Angle $ABC = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

(ii) Calculate the area of triangle ABC .

$\dots\dots\dots$ cm^2 [2]

(b)



The diagram shows a quadrilateral $PQRS$ formed from two triangles, PQS and QRS . Triangle PQS is isosceles, with $PQ = PS = 32$ cm and angle $SPQ = 56^\circ$. $QR = 47$ cm and angle $SQR = 60^\circ$.

(i) Calculate SR .

$SR = \dots\dots\dots$ cm [4]

(ii) Calculate the shortest distance from P to SQ .

$\dots\dots\dots$ cm [3]