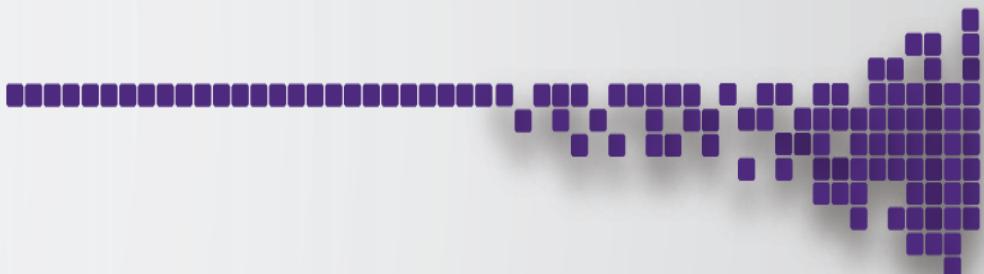




INDIGO - DataCloud

Large-Scale Data Analytics Workflow Support for Climate Change Experiments



S. Fiore, C. Doutriaux, D. Palazzo, A. D'Anca, Z. Shaheen,
D. Elia, J. Boutte, V. Anantharaj, D. N. Williams, G. Aloisio



INDIGO-DataCloud is co-founded by the
Horizon 2020 Framework Programme

INDIGO-DataCloud



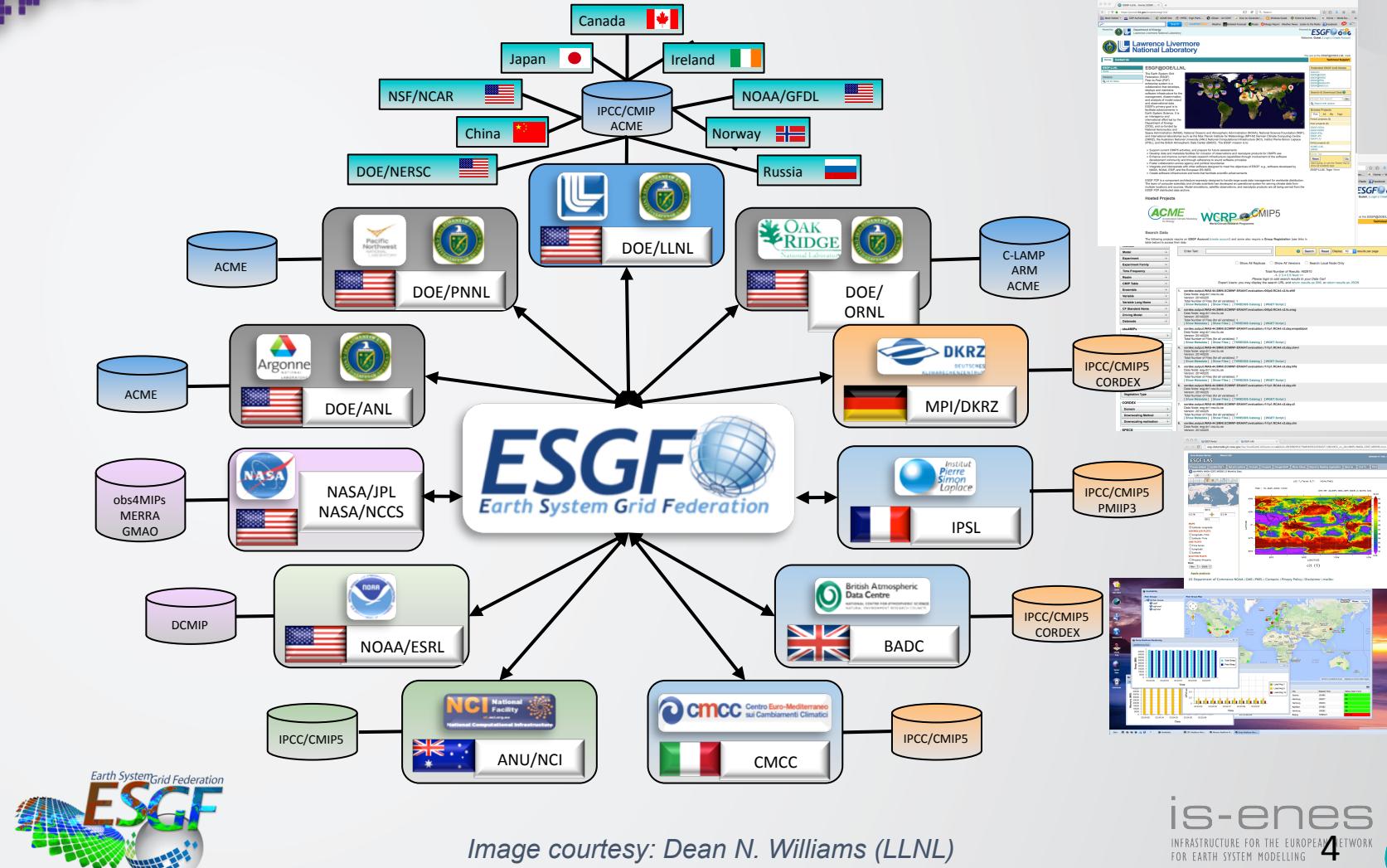
- An **H2020 project** approved in January 2015 in the EINFRA-1-2014 call
 - 11.1M€, 30 months (**from April 2015 to September 2017**)
- **Who:** **26 European partners** in 11 European countries
 - Coordination by the Italian National Institute for Nuclear Physics (INFN)
 - Including developers of distributed software, industrial partners, research institutes, universities, e-infrastructures
- **What:** **develop an open source Cloud platform** for computing and data (“DataCloud”) tailored to science.
- **For:** **multi-disciplinary scientific communities**
 - E.g. structural biology, earth science, physics, bioinformatics, cultural heritage, astrophysics, life science, climatology
- **Where:** deployable on **hybrid (public or private) Cloud infrastructures**
 - INDIGO = INtegrating Distributed data Infrastructures for Global ExpLOitation
- **Why:** answer to the technological **needs of scientists** seeking to easily exploit distributed Cloud/Grid compute and data resources.

INDIGO & the Climate Model Intercomparison Data Analysis case study



- The proposed case study is mainly related to the climate change community
- It is directly connected to the **Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP)** and to the **Earth System Grid Federation (ESGF)** infrastructure
- A **EU/US testbed** has been setup at CMCC, LLNL, ORNL and PSNC to demonstrate the feasibility of the approach and provide real feedback to end users
- Preliminary results have been presented by Valentine G. Anantharaj (ORNL) at the **IEEE Big data 2016** conference this week
 - S. Fiore et al, "*Distributed and cloud-based multi-model analytics experiments on large volumes of climate change data in the Earth System Grid Federation eco-system*", IEEE Big Data Conference 2016, December 5-8, 2016, Washington [to appear].

The context of the case study: ESGF and the CMIP5 data archive



Requirements analysis for the climate change case study

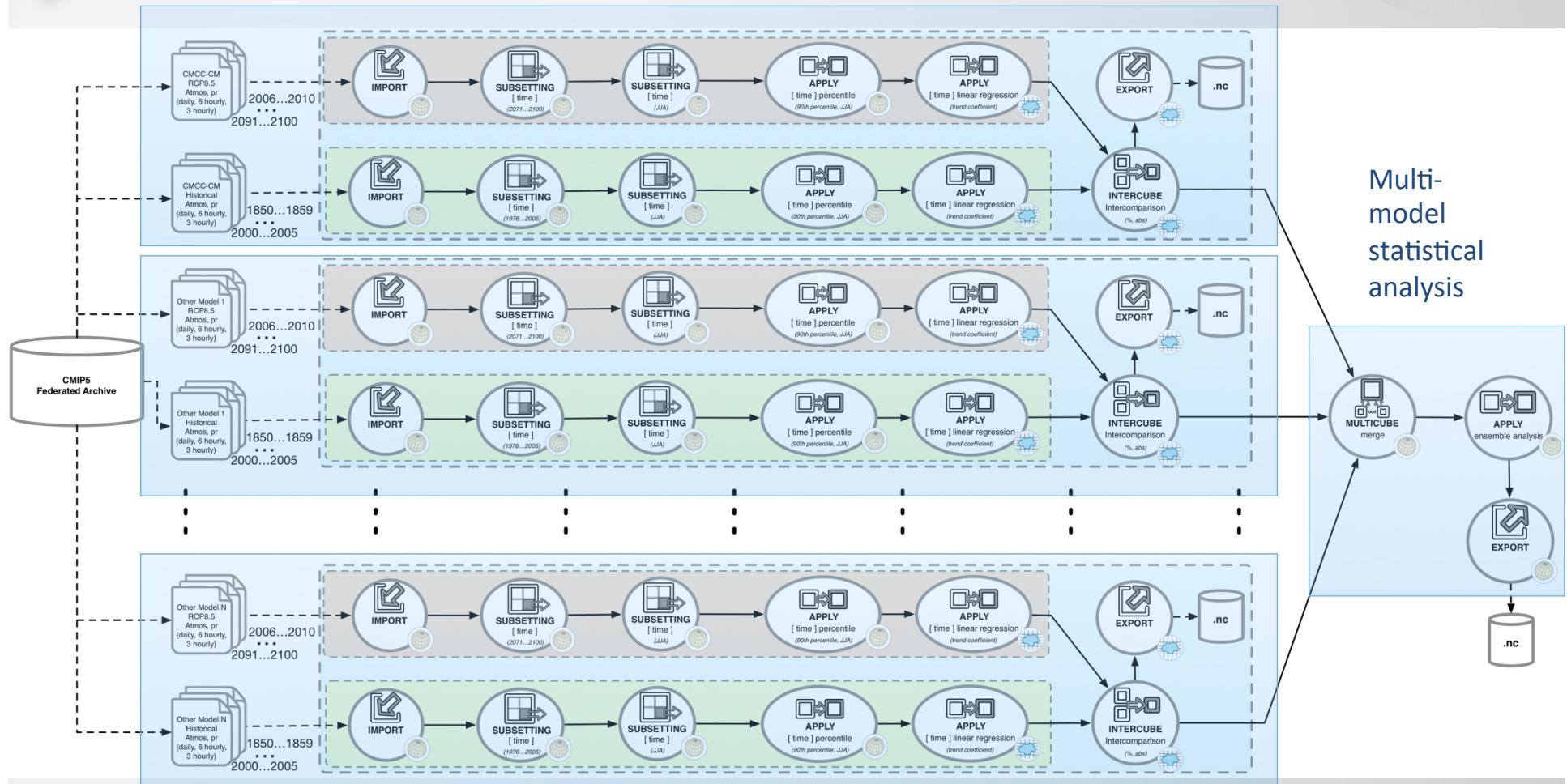


ENES - CMCC	ENES# 1	Deployment of software		Computing / Data		M	Dedicated installation of the	Easy to deploy	More flexibility, higher level of supported platforms and multi-
		ENES# 7	Isolation of deployments	Computing	C				
	ENES# 11	Metadata management.	Storage / PaaS Service	C	The system uses Thredds for managing catalogues/meta data, Solr index for indexing datasets	Available	Keep feature		when exhausting capabilities of one or when combining of different data deployed on different infrastructures.
	ENES# 12	Authentication and Authorization	Security / PaaS Service	M	Federated identity based on OpenID mechanism. Myproxy servers are also available.	Available for data sharing only	it should be extended to big data analysis facilities for running intercomparison experiments.		! easy to deploy a self- and auto-scalable cluster with all the id the console / user interface without administration !.
	ENES# 13	External restricted access	Security / PaaS Service	C	Anonymous access to web portals and scientific gateways	Not identified	Specific deployment with limited data analysis functionalities could serve for demo, training, dissemination.		of papers and for provenance and). Marketplace for sharing workflows, taking into account work in the area (e.g.
	ENES# 14	Interactive processing	Computing / PaaS Service	C	Interactive processing is available client-side	Server-side approach should provide interactive processing/analysis scenario. Software like Ophidia and IPython deal with interactive data analysis aspects.	To be made available in a distributed, server-side processing/analysis scenario. Software like Ophidia and IPython deal with interactive data analysis aspects.		emand. Dynamicity can be considered Mandatory, whereas asticity can be considered optional.
	ENES# 15	Easy-to-use environment	Security/Co mputing	M/ O	Set of tools for data analysis, processing,	No scientific gateways tailoring data analytics	-Data Analytics Gateways for complex experiments/workflows and high resolution data for		

High-level view of the multi-model experiment on Precipitation trend analysis



Single model precipitation trend analysis



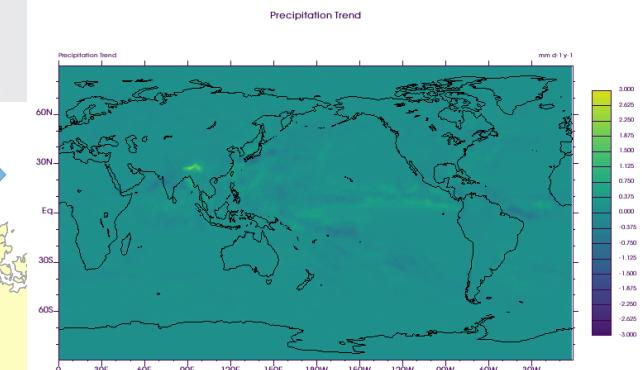
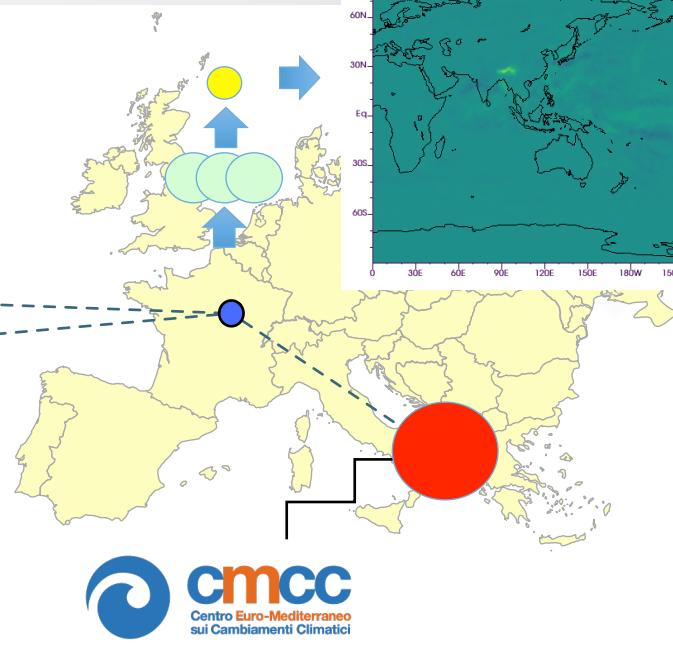
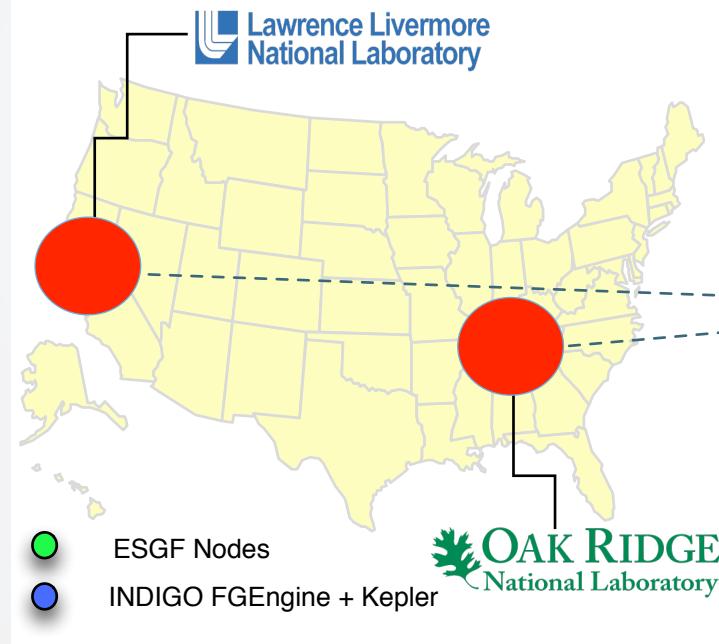
Climate Model Intercomparison Data Analysis case study challenges & issues



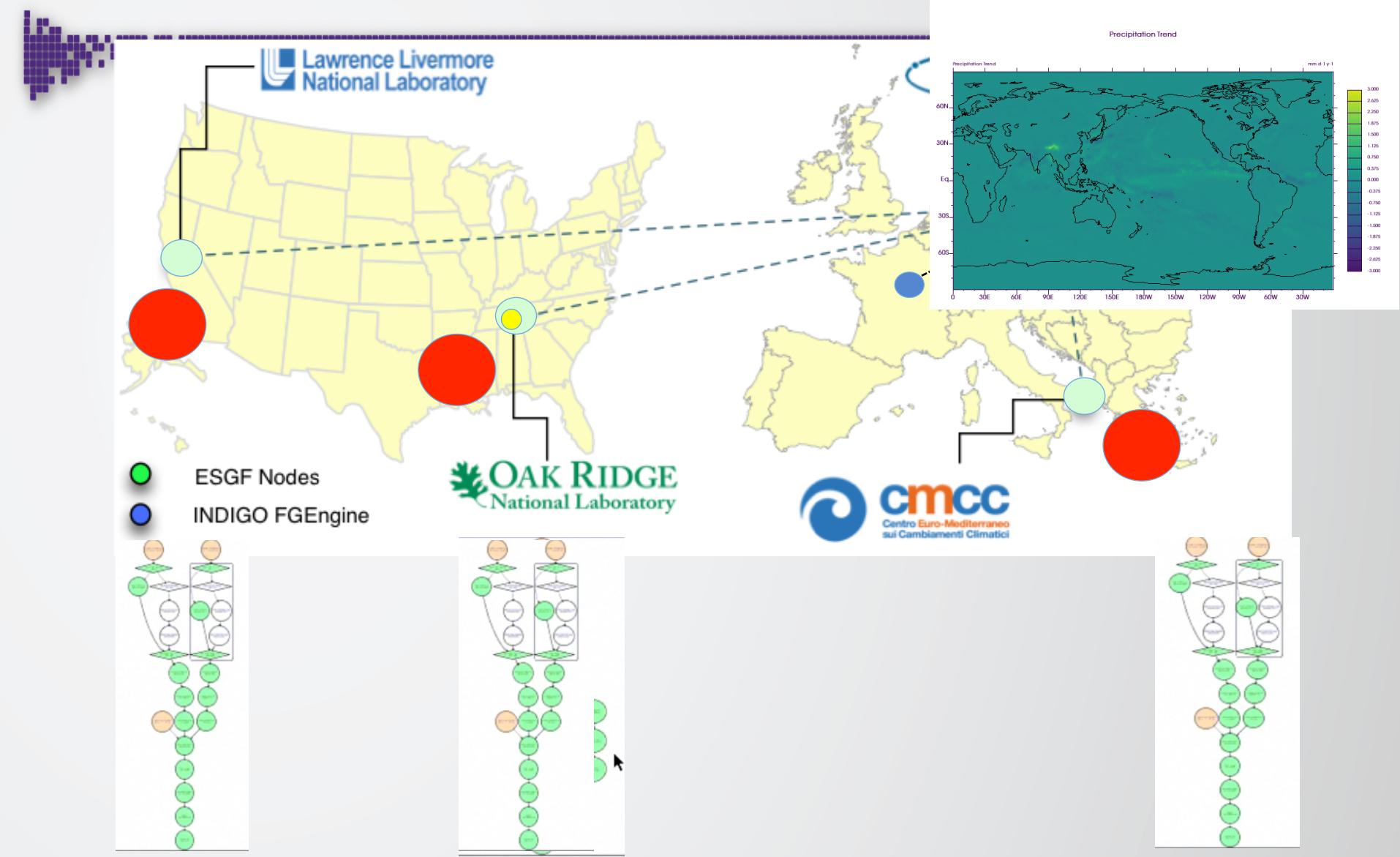
INDIGO - DataCloud

- CMIP* experiments provide input for multi-model analytics experiments (e.g. trend analysis)
 - Input data from multiple models needed
 - **Data distribution** inherent in the infrastructure
 - **Data download is a big barrier** for end-users (download can take from several days to weeks!)
 - Current infrastructure mainly for **data sharing**
 - **Data analysis** mainly performed using **client-side approaches**
 - Complexity of the data analysis needs more **robust end-to-end support**

The current scientific workflow in ESGF (client-side)



The paradigm shift implemented in INDIGO (server-side)



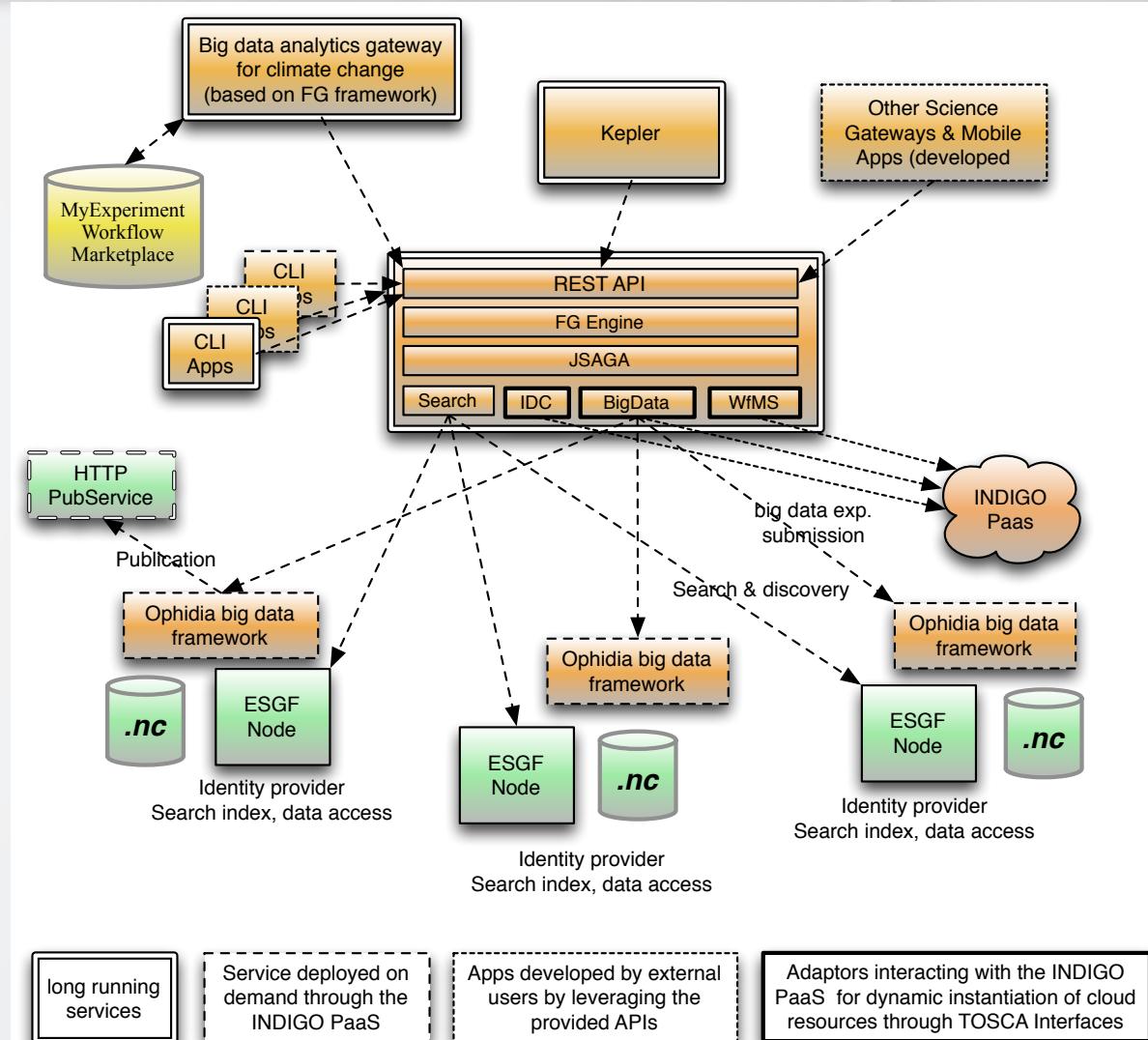
Architectural solution

Running the multi-model experiment



- Distributed experiments for climate data analysis
- Server-side processing
- Two-level workflow strategy to orchestrate multi-site experiments
- Three-level of parallelism
 - Inter-workflow, intra-workflow, intra-task
- Access through Kepler GUI
- INDIGO solutions: Kepler, FGEngine, Ophidia, INDIGO PaaS
- INDIGO complements, extends and interoperates with the ESGF stack

Legend: legacy components in green, INDIGO components in orange, external components in yellow



Running the multi-model experiment



- **Application-domain oriented**
 - Strong requirements elicitation/validation
 - Prototype running on a **real testbed** involving **3 ESGF sites + PSNC**
 - **Integration of tools** widely used by the community (**UV-CDAT** data viz.)
 - Integrates multiple INDIGO components (**FGEngine, Kepler, Ophidia**)
 - Planned IAM, Orchestrator, CLUES, IM
 - Potential impact: **very high**
 - We expect the time-to-solution for the multi-model experiment can go down from **weeks to hours!**

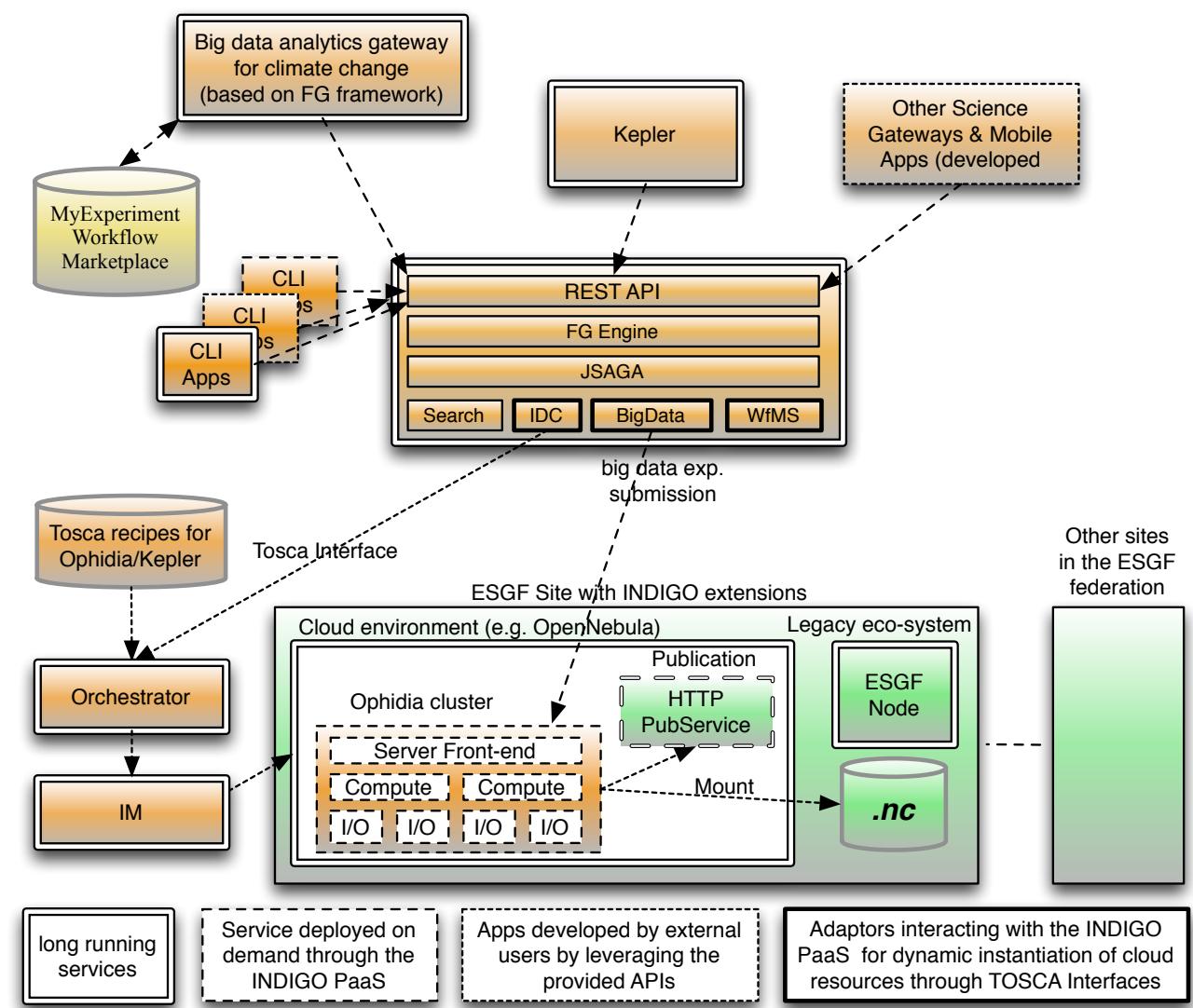
Architectural solution

Flexible and dynamic deployment



- Dynamic instantiation of Ophidia and Kepler WfMS
- Automated deployment through TOSCA document
- Data locality key due to the large amount of data
- Interoperability with ESGF
- Integration of largely adopted community-based tools
 - UV-CDAT viz tool
 - OPeNDAP/THREDDS (publication services)

Legend: legacy components in green, INDIGO components in orange, external components in yellow



Flexible and dynamic deployment



- **Platform-as-a-Service level**
 - Dynamic deployment of Ophidia through the INDIGO PaaS layer
 - Based on ansible roles and TOSCA document
 - Run through the Command Line Interface
- **Dynamic and flexible deployment** of an Ophidia cluster
 - integrates multiple INDIGO components (**IAM, CLUES, IM, Orchestrator, Ophidia**)
 - **automates** and **makes easy** the deployment of an Ophidia cluster
 - Time-to-solution (deployment/setup) from 1-2 days to less than 1 hour!
 - enables the implementation of more “isolated” scenarios, where resources are deployed on demand on an experiment-basis

Added value and Innovation



Added Value

- **Paradigm shift** from client- to server-side
- Intrinsic **data movement reduction**
- Lightweight end-user setup
- **Re-usability** of data, final/intermediate products, workflows, etc.
- **Complements, extends** and **interoperates** with the **ESGF** stack
- Provisioning of a “**new and easy to use tool**” for scientists
- Drastic **time-to-solution reduction**

Innovation

- provisioning of a **core** infrastructural piece (based on **big data** and **cloud technologies**) enabling **large-scale data analysis** and **strongly needed** in the current **climate research ecosystem**

Exploitation: ESGF & RDA



- **Research Data Alliance**
 - Involvement into the **Array-Database Assessment WG**
 - **RDA application** with the aim of providing a *provenance-aware analytics ecosystem* (ongoing evaluation – November 15, 2016)
- **Earth System Grid Federation**
 - Involvement into several ESGF Working Groups
 - Interaction with climate scientists from different ESGF sites
 - Testbed across EU/US involving 3 ESGF sites
 - Add new ESGF sites to the testbed
- **Goal: increase exploitation and users engagement!**
- **If you want to join the testbed, please contact us (sandro.fiore@cmcc.it)**

Dissemination events



- **EGU 2015** (12-17 April 2015, Vienna, Austria)
- **RDA Sixth Plenary Meeting** (23-25 September 2015, Paris, France)
- **EOScience2.0** (12-14 October 2015, Frascati, Italy)
- **ESGF F2F Conference 2015** (7-11 December 2015, S. Francisco, CA, USA)
- **AGU2015** Conference (14-18 December 2015, S. Francisco, CA, USA)
- Ophidia PlayDay (29 April 2016, Bologna, Italy)
- Invited presentation at **LLNL** (23 May 2016, Livermore, CA, USA)
- Invited presentation at **ORNL** (26 May 2016, Oak Ridge, TN, USA)
- **CMCC Annual Meeting** (30-31 May 2016, Lecce)
- **Big Data and Extreme scale Computing** (15-17 June 2016, Frankfurt, Germany)
- **DI4R** (28-30 September 2016, Krakow, Poland)
- **ENES Community Meeting Reading 2016** (25-27 October 2016, Reading, UK)
- **ESGF F2F 2016 Conference** (Washington, December 6-9, 2016)



Thank you