Physics Honors Equations Sheet - Lundy

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Useful equations:

$$\begin{array}{lllll} V_f = V_i + at & V_{\rm av} = \frac{\triangle x}{t} & V_{\rm av} = \frac{V_i + V_f}{2} \\ a = \frac{V_f - V_i}{t} & \triangle x = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + V_i t & V_f^2 = V_i^2 + 2a\triangle x \\ V_{ix} = \cos\theta \cdot V_i & V_{iy} = \sin\theta \cdot V_i \\ \triangle x_x = V_x \cdot t & \triangle x_y = \frac{1}{2}a_y t^2 + V_{iy} t & \triangle x = -\frac{\sin{(2\theta) \cdot V_i^2}}{a} \\ |F_{sf}| = \mu_s \cdot |F_n| & |F_{kf}| = \mu_k \cdot |F_n| \\ F = ma & F_t = mg + ma \\ \text{GPE} = mgh & \text{EPE} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 & \text{KE} = \frac{1}{2}mV^2 \\ W = Fd\cos\theta & W = \text{KE}_f - \text{KE}_0 \\ P = \frac{W}{t} & P = \frac{\triangle E}{t} & P = F \cdot V_{\text{av}} \\ p = m \cdot v & m_{i_1}V_{i_1} + m_{i_2}V_{i_2} = (m_1 + m_2)V_f & J = \triangle p = m \cdot \triangle V = F \cdot t \\ \omega_{\text{av}} = \frac{\theta}{t} & \alpha = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{t} \\ \theta = \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2 + \omega_i t & \omega_f^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\theta & \omega_{\text{av}} = \frac{\omega_i + \omega_f}{2} \\ s = \theta \cdot r & V = \omega \cdot r & a = \alpha \cdot r \\ T = F \cdot l & T_{\text{net}} = I \cdot \alpha & \text{KE}_{\text{rotational}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot I \cdot \omega^2 \\ L = I \cdot \omega & F_c = \frac{mV^2}{r} = m \cdot \omega^2 \cdot r & a_c = \frac{V^2}{r} = \omega^2 \cdot r \\ F_{\text{grav}} = \frac{G \cdot m_1 \cdot m_2}{d^2} & G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{Nm^2}{kg^2} & V = \frac{2\pi r}{t} \\ V^2 = \frac{G \cdot m}{r} & G \cdot m = \frac{4\pi^2 \cdot 3}{t^2} & t^2 \propto r^3 \\ V_{\text{wave}} = \lambda \cdot f & V = \sqrt{\frac{F}{m/L}} & f_o = f \cdot \frac{V + V_o}{V + V_a} \\ F = \frac{k \cdot Q_1 \cdot Q_2}{kg^2} & V = \frac{2\pi r}{V + V_a} \end{array}$$

Stuck? Try:

- Listing variables
- Considering which variables are 0
- Drawing a picture
- Looking for an equation that matches the variables