NAME

ksi verify - Verify KSI signature with KSI command-line tool.

SYNOPSIS

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ksi verify -i in.ksig [-f data] [more_options]
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ksi verify --ver-int -i *in.ksig* [**-f** *data*] [*more options*]

ksi verify --ver-cal -i in.ksig [-f data] -X URL [--ext-user user --ext-key key] [more options]

ksi verify --ver-key -i in.ksig [-f data] -P URL [--cnstr oid=value]... [-V cert.pem]... [-W dir]... [more_options]

ksi verify --ver-pub -i in.ksig [-f data] --pub-str pubstr [-x -X URL [--ext-user user --ext-key key]] [more_options]

ksi verify --ver-pub -i in.ksig [-f data] -P URL [--cnstr oid=value]... [-V cert.pem]... [-W dir]... [-x -X URL [--ext-user user --ext-key key]] [more_options]

DESCRIPTION

Verifies the given KSI signature and if given the file or its pre-computed hash value. There are four main verification policies:

- Internal verification (--ver-int). Only internal consistency of the signature is checked and no trust anchor is used and no external resources are needed. This check is also performed as the first step in all other policies.
- Calendar-based verification (--ver-cal). Signature is verified against calendar blockchain database at
 the KSI Extender. Verification is done by checking that the output hash value computed from the
 aggregation hash chain matches the corresponding entry in the calendar blockchain. Access to KSI
 Extender is needed.
- Key-based verification (--ver-key). Signature must contain a calendar hash chain and a calendar
 authentication record that can be verified against the signing certificates. To be able to perform keybased verification user must have an access to a trusted KSI publications file with signing certificates
 in it.
- Publication-based verification (--ver-pub). Signature must be extended to a time of publication and contain a publication record unless automatic extension of the signature is enabled with -x. Verification is done by checking that the publication record in the signature matches a publication in the publications file or the publication string given on the command line. Publications file or publication string retrieved from printed media is needed.

It must be noted that only publication-based verification should be preferred in long term as it does not rely on any keys and trusted services. The other polices can be used temporarily when the signature is created and there is not yet a publication to extend the signature to.

OPTIONS

--ver-int

Perform internal verification.

--ver-cal

Perform calendar-based verification (use extending service).

--ver-key

Perform key-based verification.

--ver-pub

Perform publication-based verification (use with **-x** to permit extending).

-i in.ksig

Signature file to be verified. Use '-' as file name to read signature file from stdin.

-f data Files path to file to be hashed or data hash imprint to extract the hash value that is going to be verified. Hash format: <alg>:<hash in hex>. Use '-' as file name to read data to be hashed from stdin.

Call ksi -h to get the list of supported hash algorithms.

-X URL

Extending service (KSI Extender) URL.

--ext-user str

Username for extending service.

--ext-key str

HMAC key for extending service.

-x Permit to use extender for publication-based verification.

--pub-str str

Publication string to verify with.

-P URL Publications file URL (or file with URI scheme 'file://').

--cnstr oid=value

OID of the PKI certificate field (e.g. e-mail address) and the expected value to qualify the certificate for verification of publications file PKI signature. At least one constraint must be defined. All values from lower priority source are ignored.

For more common OID's there are convenience names defined:

- **E** or **email** for OID 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1
- **CN** or **cname** for OID 2.5.4.3
- **C or country** for OID 2.5.4.6
- O or org for OID 2.5.4.10
- **-V** *file* Certificate file in PEM format for publications file verification. All values from lower priority source are ignored.
- **-W** *dir* Specify an OpenSSL-style trust store directory for publications file verification. All values from lower priority source are ignored, where default configurations file is the lowest and command-line is the highest. All values from lower priority source are ignored.
- **-d** Print detailed information about processes and errors to *stderr*.

--dump

Dump signature and document hash being verified in human-readable format to stdout.

--conf file

Read configuration options from given file. It must be noted that configuration options given explicitly on command line will override the ones in the configuration file. See **ksi-conf**(5) for more information.

--log file

Write libksi log to given file. Use '-' as file name to redirect log to stdout.

EXIT STATUS

See **ksi**(1) for more information.

EXAMPLES

In the following examples it is assumed that KSI service configuration options (URLs, access credentials) are defined. See **ksi-conf**(5) for more information. Signature files with extension **.ext.ksig** are extended and files with extension **.ksig** are not.

1 To perform internal verification of the KSI signature test.ksig and the data in the file test call:

ksi verify --ver-int -i test.ksig -f test

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To perform key based verification of the freshly created KSI signature *test.ksig* and given document hash call:

ksi verify --ver-key -i test.ksig -f SHA-256:c8ef6d57ac28d1b4e95a513959f5fcdd0688380a43d601a5ace1d2e96884690a

3

To perform calendar-based verification of the KSI signature test.ksig and:

ksi verify --ver-cal -i test.ksig

4

To perform publication-based verification (using publication string) of the KSI signature test.ext.ksig

ksi verify --ver-pub -i test.ext.ksig --pub-str AAAAAA-CWYEKQ-AAIYPA-UJ4GRT-HXMFBE-OTB4AB-XH3PT3-KNIKGV-PYCJXU-HL2TN4-RG6SCC-3ZGSBM

5

To perform publication-based verification (using a publications file auto-downloaded and verified based on the default configuration options) of the KSI signature *test.ext.ksig* call:

ksi verify --ver-pub -i test.ext.ksig

6

To perform publication-based verification of the KSI signature *test.ksig*, possibly extending it on the fly call:

ksi verify --ver-pub -i test.ksig -x

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To perform verification of the KSI signature *test.ksig* using any policy possible, depending on the current state of the signature and dump its content:

ksi verify -i test.ksig --dump

ENVIRONMENT

Use the environment variable **KSI_CONF** to define the default configuration file. See **ksi-conf**(5) for more information.

AUTHOR

Guardtime AS, http://www.guardtime.com/

SEE ALSO

ksi(1), ksi-sign(1), ksi-extend(1), ksi-pubfile(1), ksi-conf(5)