

SOFTWARE INSTALLATION WITH EASYBUILD ON A MODULAR SUPERCOMPUTING ARCHITECTURE (MSA)

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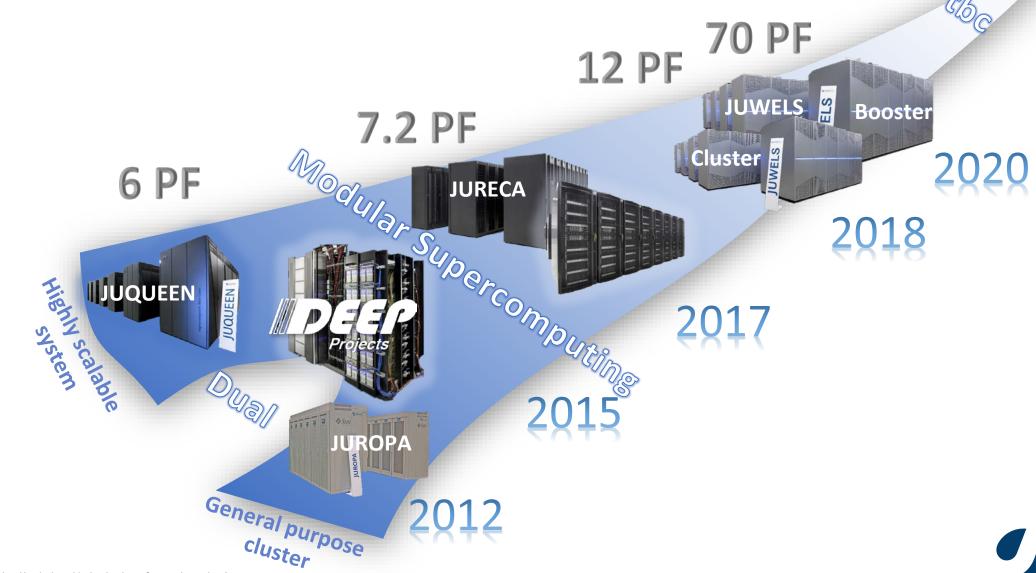
OUTLINESW INSTALLATION WITH EASYBUILD ON A MSA

Our systems

EasyBuild on MSA



JSC DEPLOYMENT PLAN





CURRENT SYSTEMS

System	MSA Module	CPU	GPU
JUWELS	JUWELS Cluster	Intel	NVIDIA
	JUWELS Booster	AMD	NVIDIA
JURECA	JURECA-DC	AMD	NVIDIA
	JURECA Booster	Intel KNL	-
JUSUF		AMD	NVIDIA
HDFML		Intel	NVIDIA
DEEP-EST prototype	DEEP Cluster	Intel	-
	DEEP Booster	Intel	NVIDIA
	DEEP Data Analytics Module	Intel	NVIDIA



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EASYBUILD ON MSA

Systems using EasyBuild at JSC:

- Two systems with 1 module each (non-MSA)
- Three system with at least 2 modules (MSA)

Impact on SW stack and requirements:

- Different node types mean different requirements:
 - AMD CPU + NVIDIA GPU
 - Intel CPU + NVIDIA GPU
 - Intel Xeon Phi (KNL)
- Node types not only differ from system to system but also from module to module
- xenv tool to load modules from the proper stack in mixed jobs
- Some MSA systems might not have login nodes for all modules but central ones (see JURECA).
 - At JSC we introduced Architecture modules to specify where the software should be installed



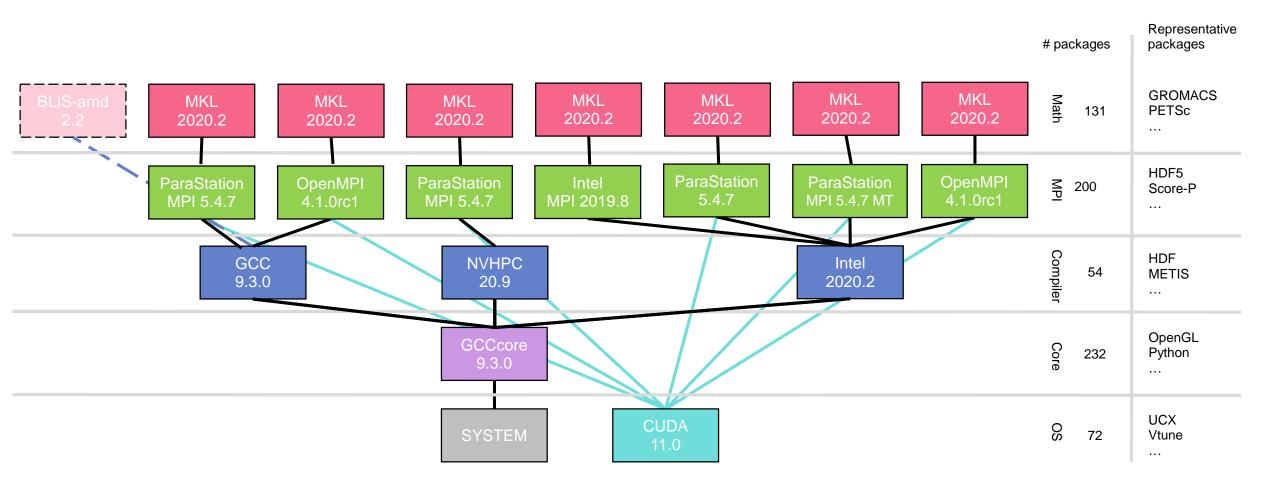
EASYBUILD ON MSA – SOFTWARE STACK

Package base + overlays:

- → 689 packages in total (base + overlays)
- Compiler: GCC, iccifort, NVHPC
- MPI: ParaStation MPI, Intel MPI, OpenMPI
- Math: MKL, BLIS (WIP)
- 19 different toolchains



EASYBUILD ON MSA – TOOLCHAIN HIERARCHY





USER VIEW

- Initial user view:
 - Compiler (Intel, GCC, NVHPC)
 - Binary Tools (CUDA, JUBE, Vtune, ...)
 - Packages built with GCCcore (CMake, OpenGL, Python, ...)
- After loading a compiler:
 - MPI runtimes (ParaStationMPI, OpenMPI, (IntelMPI))
 - Packages built with the chosen compiler (HDF, METIS)
- After loading a MPI runtime:
 - Packages built with the chosen compiler and MPI runtime (HDF5, SIONlib, Score-P,...)
- If a compiler or MPI is loaded on top of the loaded ones Lmod will swap branches and activate/deactivate modules accordingly

USER VIEW

- Hidden modules:
 - Not all packages available for a given combination are visible!
 - Over 150 hidden packages in total (e.g. Java, nvidia-driver, ...)
- Bundling extensions
 - Some packages need extensions:
 - Python (), R(), Perl(), etc
 - Each extension as a module would be totally extensive
 - → Bundles



STAGE CONCEPT

- Software deployment area for a given timeframe
- Simply a directory
- Default stage upgraded every year
- There is a development stage to test software
 - Test phase for user-based SW installation
- Tested software is added to our repository (and deployed to production)
- Close to seamless transitions between stages during maintenance
- Development and old stages are available but not visible by default



USING HOOKS

- Features of the new hooks:
 - parse_hook: manage installations intended for JSC systems
 - Injection of Lmod families (compiler, MPI, toolchain, ...)
 - Adding appropriate site contact
 - pre_ready_hook: do some checks for bad behaviour
 - Prevent using unsupported toolchains (compilers, MPIs) by default
 - Prevent installing certain things like GCCcore (should only be done by the experts), non-JSC
 MPIs
 - end_hook:
 - If the user is part of the development group and the installation is systemwide, rebuild the system cache

SOFTWARE TEAM

• SW core team:

- Small team of three people
- Responsible for core installation (GCCcore, compiler, MPI)
- Supervises quality standards on easyconfigs before adding them to the Golden repository
 - Check for correct dependencies
 - Proper programming in the easyconfigs (no hardcoded paths, use of EB variables, etc)

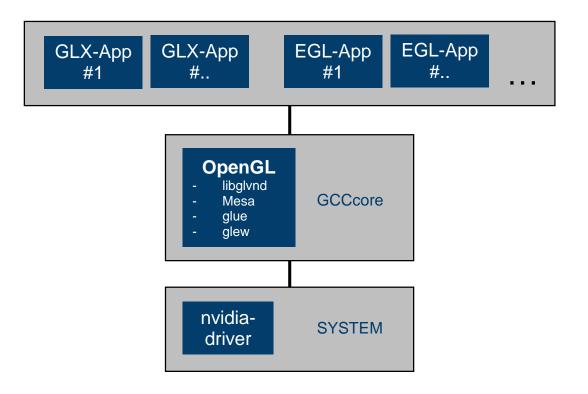
• SW team:

- Several people
- Each field of applications/packages (math, visualization, I/O, etc.) has one responsible person
- Allowed to install software in the development stage
- Can test different compilation options, dependencies, functionality, etc.
- Anybody in the team can modify any other installation in the development stage



NEW OPENGL MODULE

- Module OpenGL
 - Single dependency for any module in need of OpenGL
 - Includes Mesa, glue, glew
 - Depends on nvidia-driver
- How GLVND chooses the right driver at runtime
 - GLX: defined by settings of used XScreen
 - EGL: defined by JSON config file with path listed in __EGL_VENDOR_LIBRARY_FILENAMES



Advantage for cluster/multi-cluster installations:

Single modules can serve GPU/non-GPU nodes (with a single dependency to a general OpenGL module) as applications adopt to the best OpenGL driver at runtime.



SOFTWARE TEAM ROADMAP

