

Practical 3 Part 2 Seperate the blue sky

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1 Introduction

Our aim is to show an approach to separate blue sky from the rest of the image 'boats.jpg'

2 Method

We start by reading in the image and equalising its histogram for contrast enhancement between the sky and other blue objects,

$$i = \text{imread}('boats.jpg') \quad (1)$$

$$H = \text{histeq}(i) \quad (2)$$

Convert the equalized image to grayscale

$$im = \text{rgb2gray}(H) \quad (3)$$

and then binary,

$$bw = \text{im2bw}(im) \quad (4)$$

The original binary image is shown in Figure 1.

$$\text{figure}(1), \text{imshow}(bw), \text{title}('Original binary') \quad (5)$$

Calculate the Euclidian distance of the background, in our case sky, by

$$D = \text{bwdist}(bw) \quad (6)$$

Remove the foreground objects from calculation by

$$D(bw) = -Inf \quad (7)$$

See the results in Figure 2.

$$figure(2), imshow(D, []), title('Euclidian distance'); \quad (8)$$

Now make a big white filter of 30X30 considering the shape of the binary image.

$$filt = ones(30, 30) \quad (9)$$

The idea is when this filter will convolve on the image in Figure 2, it will make black all pixel values in the final masked image.

$$f = conv2(D, filt) \quad (10)$$

The separated sky is shown in Figure 3.

$$figure(3), imshow(f, []), title('Sky separated from image') \quad (11)$$

3 Results

Figure 1

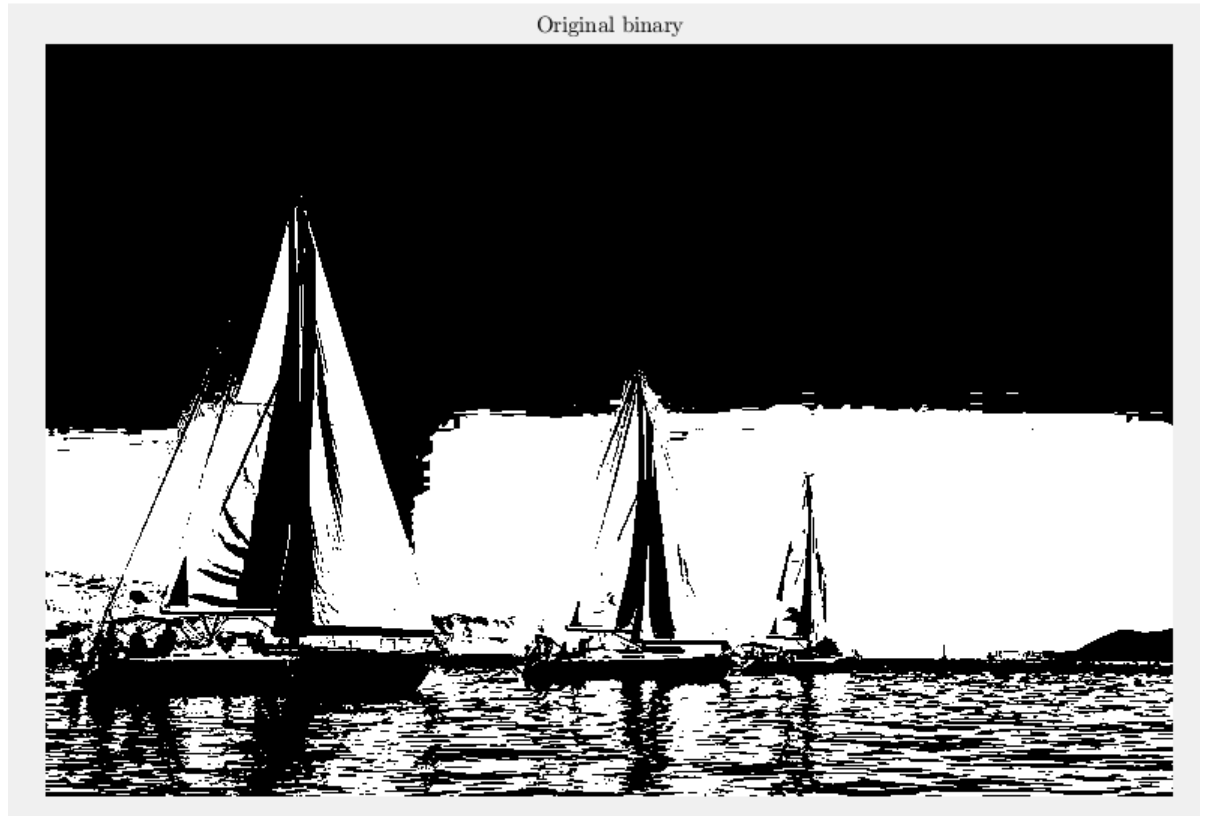
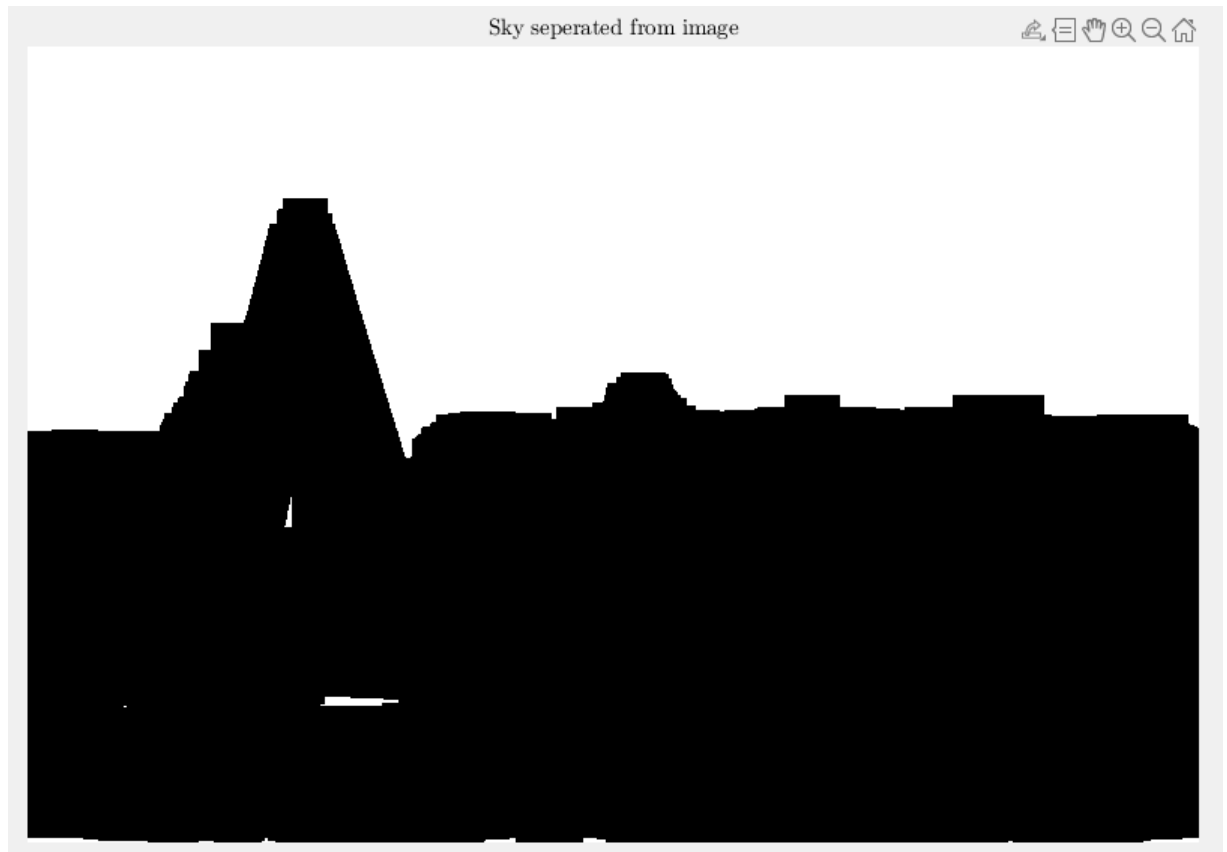


Figure 2



Figure 3



4 Discussion

It is interesting to see how the masking changes by changing the filter values. For example, `filt = ones(10,10)` will leave white areas in the foreground objects and `filt = ones(300,300)` will cover a part of the sky. One could also try edge segmenting and overlaying the images over one another; or other segmentation techniques to see the results.

5 Appendix

```
set(0, 'defaulttextinterpreter','Latex');  
i = imread('boats.jpg');  
H=histeq(i); %Contrast enhancement  
im = rgb2gray(H);  
bw=im2bw(im);  
figure(1),imshow(bw),title('Original binary');
```

```

D = bwdist(~bw);
D(bw) = -Inf;
figure(2),
imshow(D,[]),title('Eucilidian distnace');

filt = ones(10,10); %Mask with a big white filter
f = conv2(D,filt);

figure(3),
imshow(f,[]),title('Sky seperated from image');

```