



BABEL



Tutorial!

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Audience Calibration

- What is a component?
- Who writes code?
- Who uses code?
- What languages used?
- What platforms used?
- # 3rd party libraries your code uses?
- # apps uses your libraries?

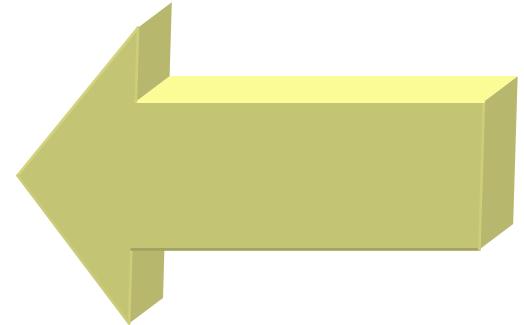
Outline

- Problem Motivation
- Babel Solution Strategy
- SIDL
- Using Babel
- Outstanding Problems
- Future R&D

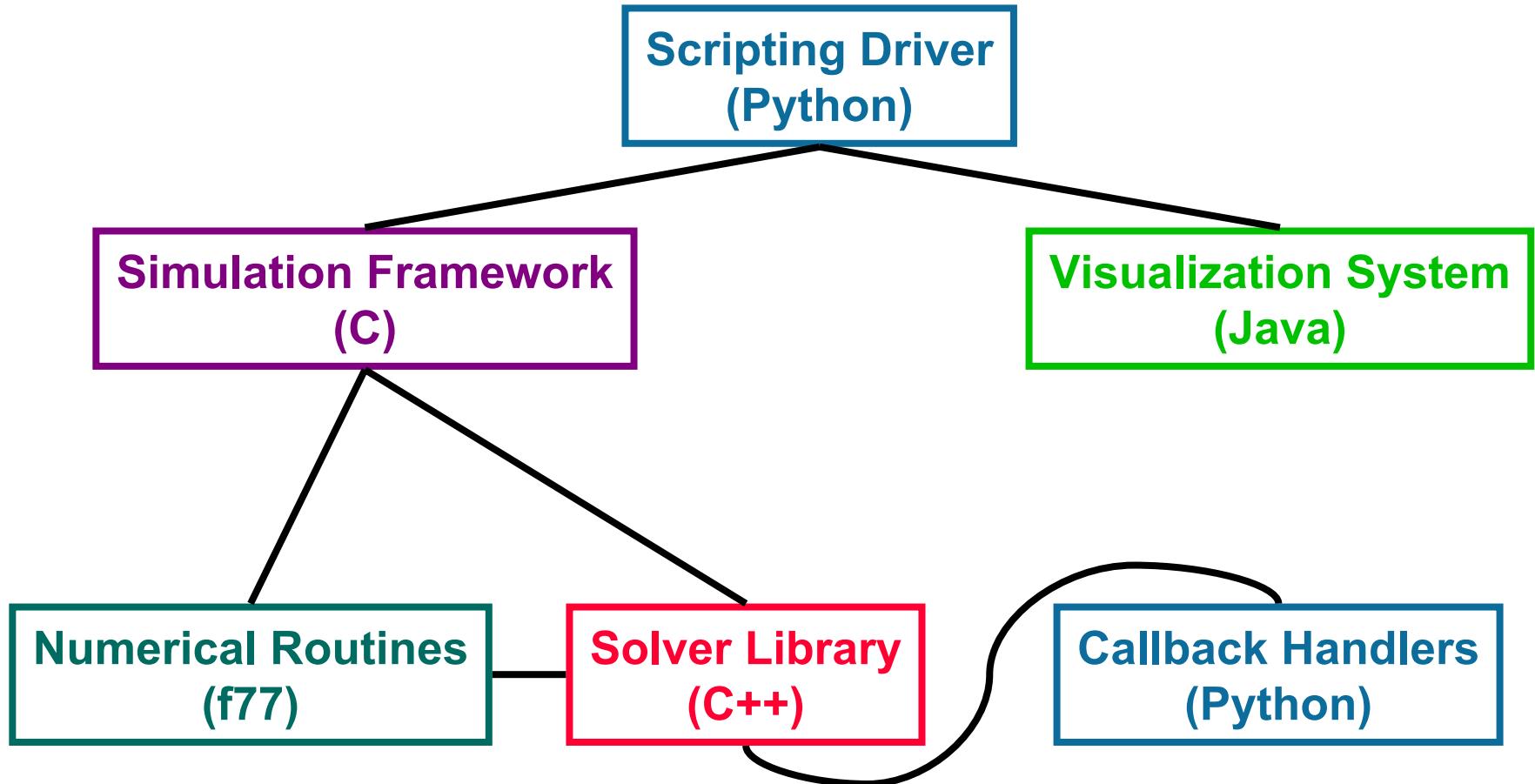


Problem Motivation

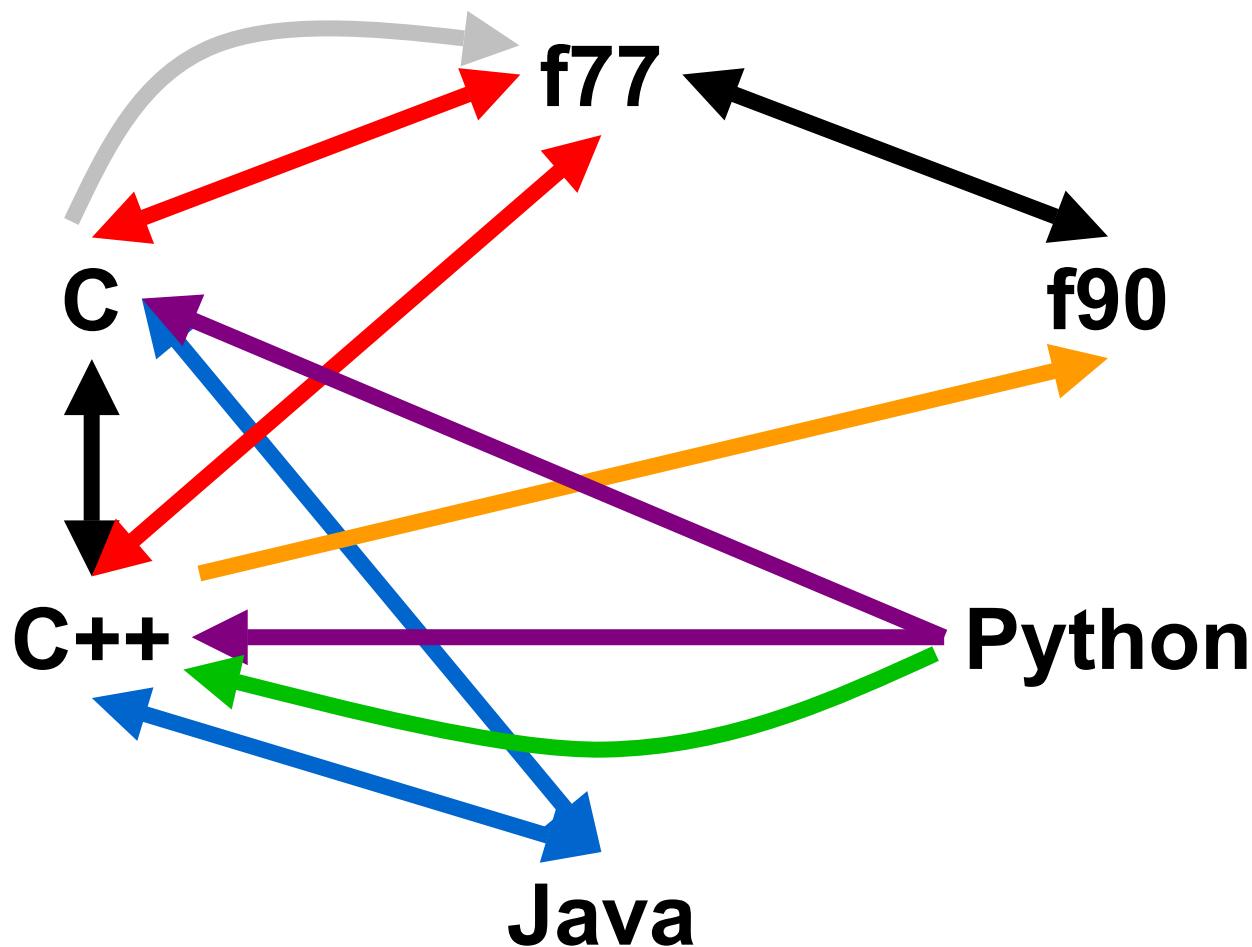
- Code Reuse is Hard.
- Scientific Code Reuse is Harder!
- Barriers to Reuse...
 - Language Interoperability
 - Semantics
 - Software Portability
 - Lack of Standards
 - More...



What I mean by “Language Interoperability”

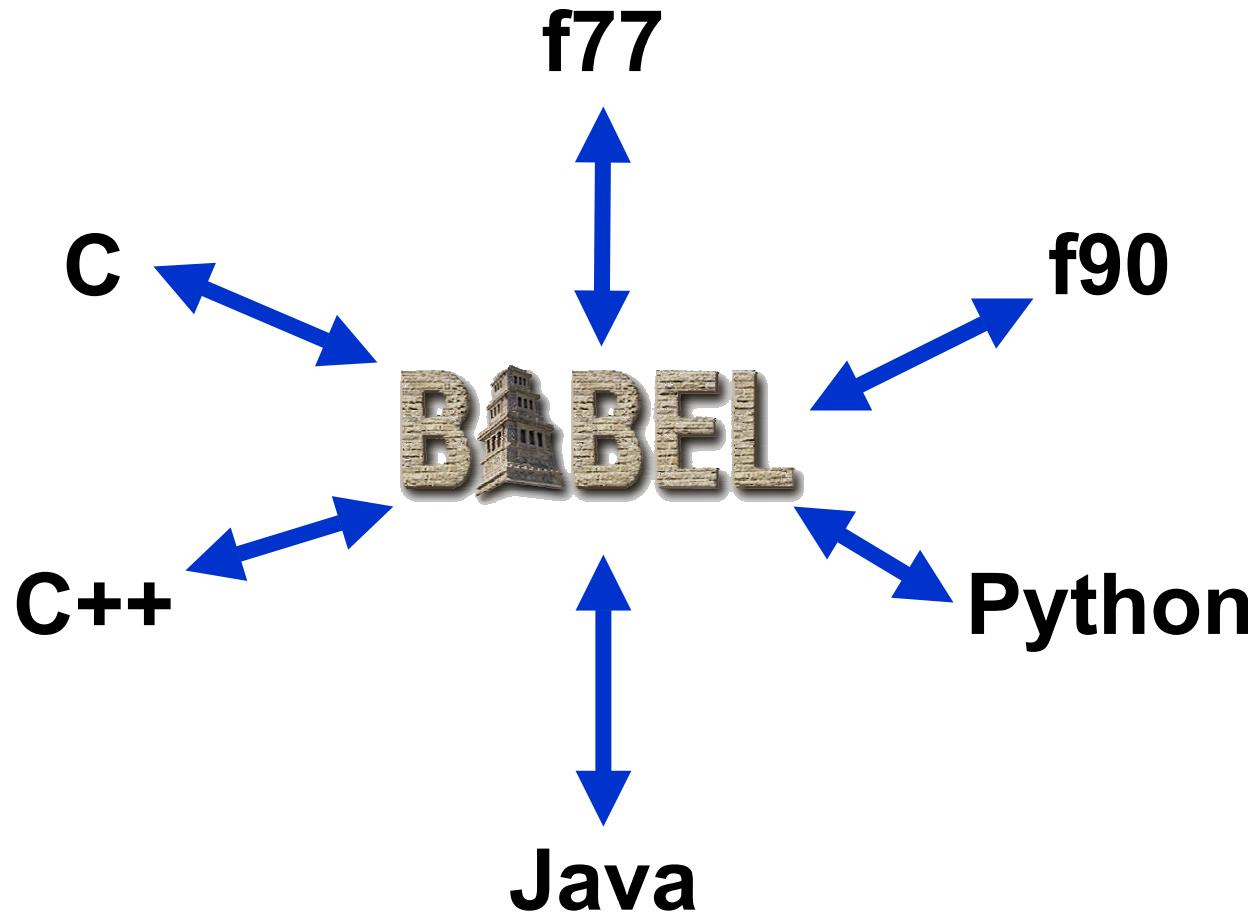


Current Language Interoperability

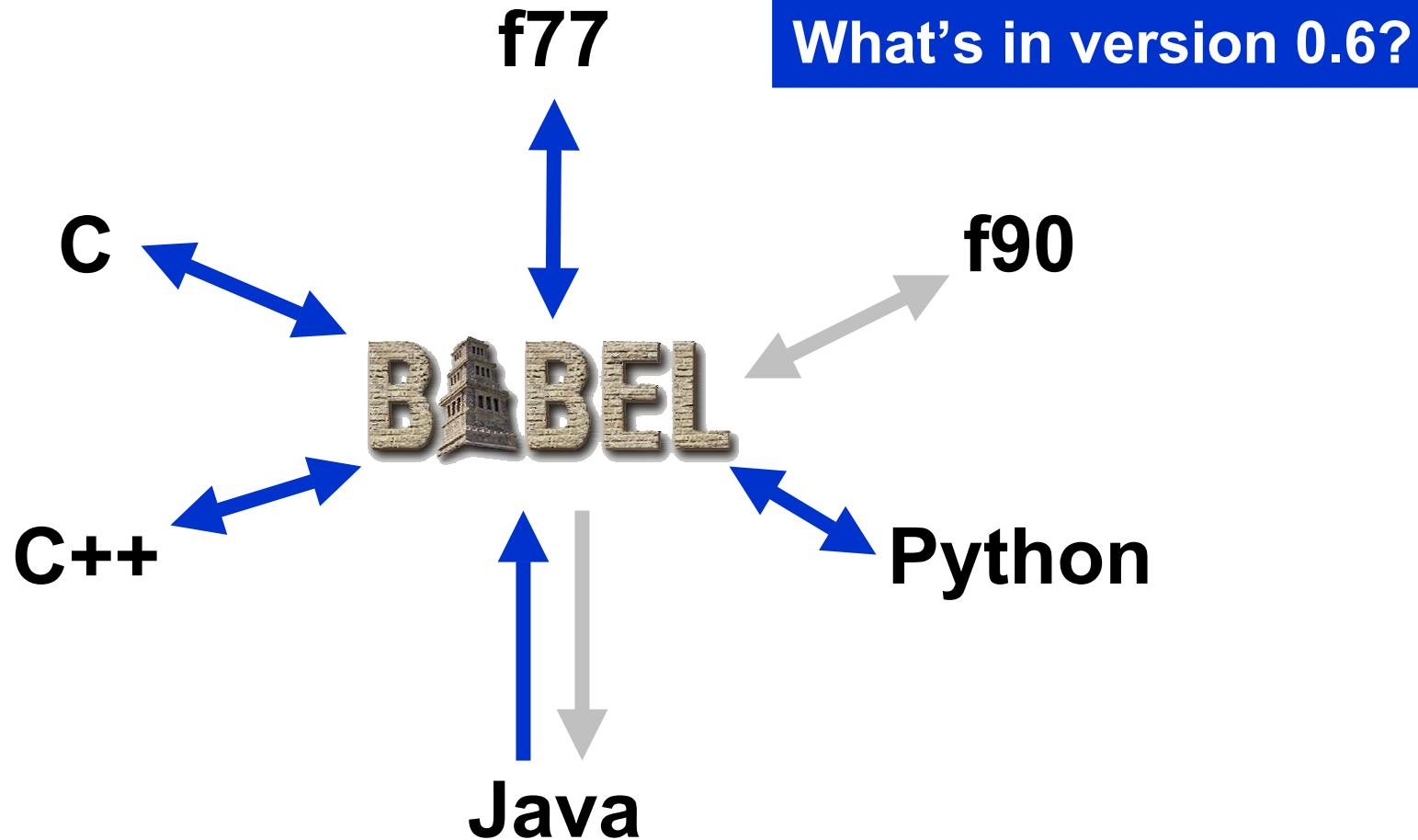


Native
cfortran.h
SWIG
JNI
Siloon
Chasm
Platform Dependent

Babel Enabled Language Interoperability



Babel Enabled Language Interoperability

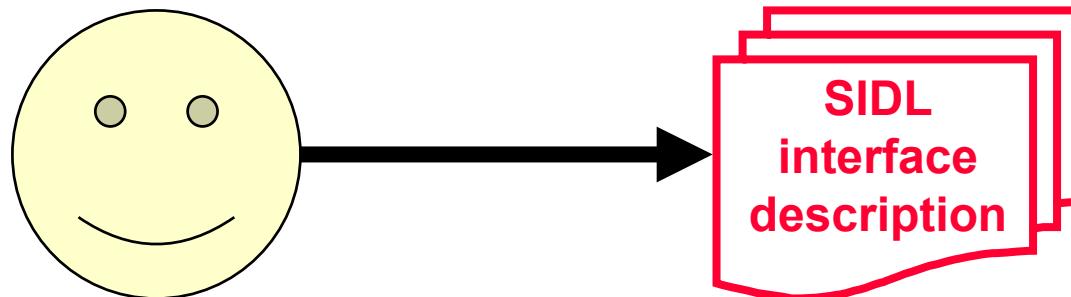


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Developer Writes Interface



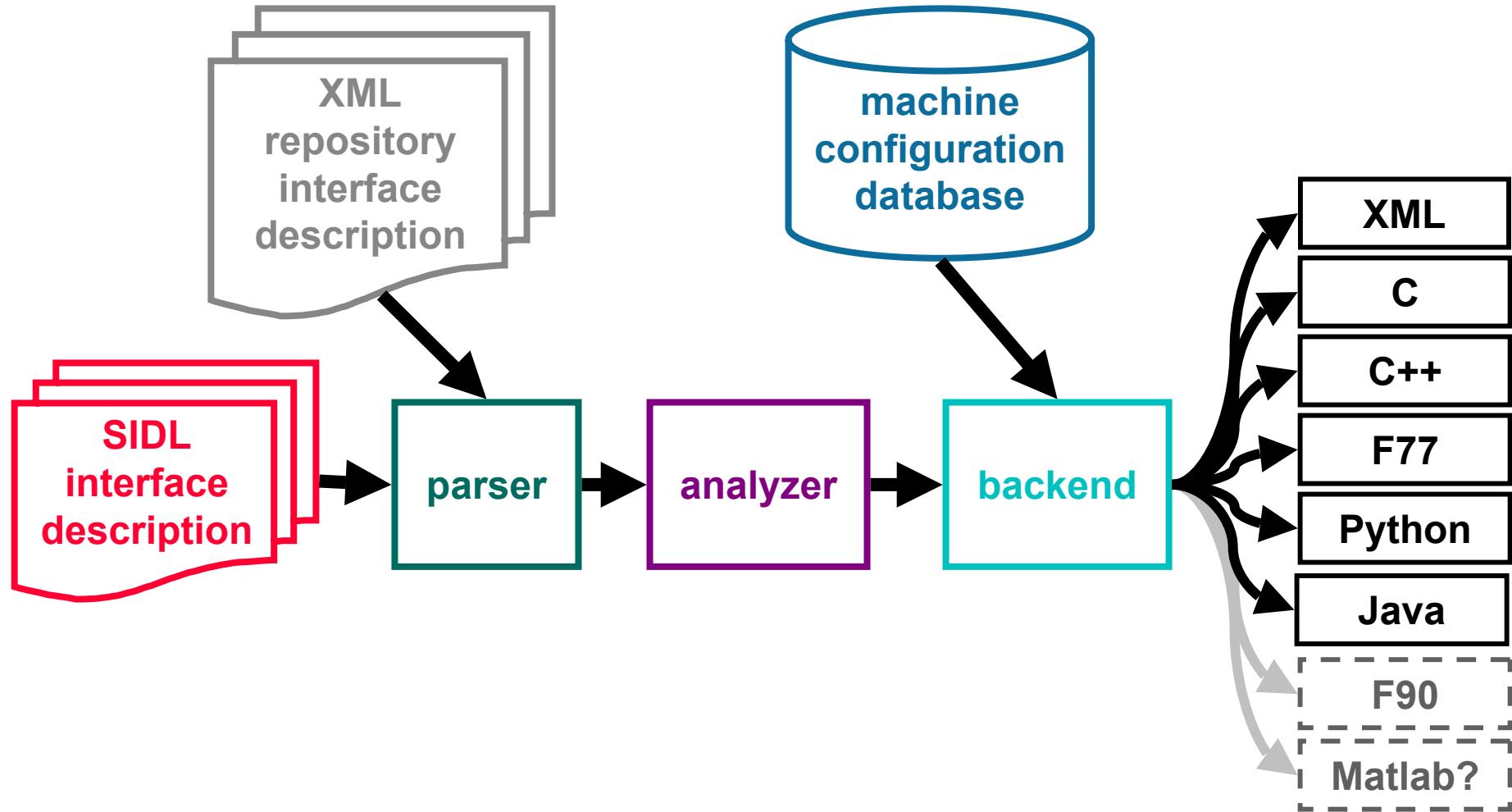
- SIDL: Scientific Interface Definition Language
- Similar to CORBA/COM IDLs...
 - Language/Platform Independent
- ...but tuned for scientific apps
 - complex numbers
 - dynamic, multidimensional arrays

```
version MySolverLib 0.1.0;

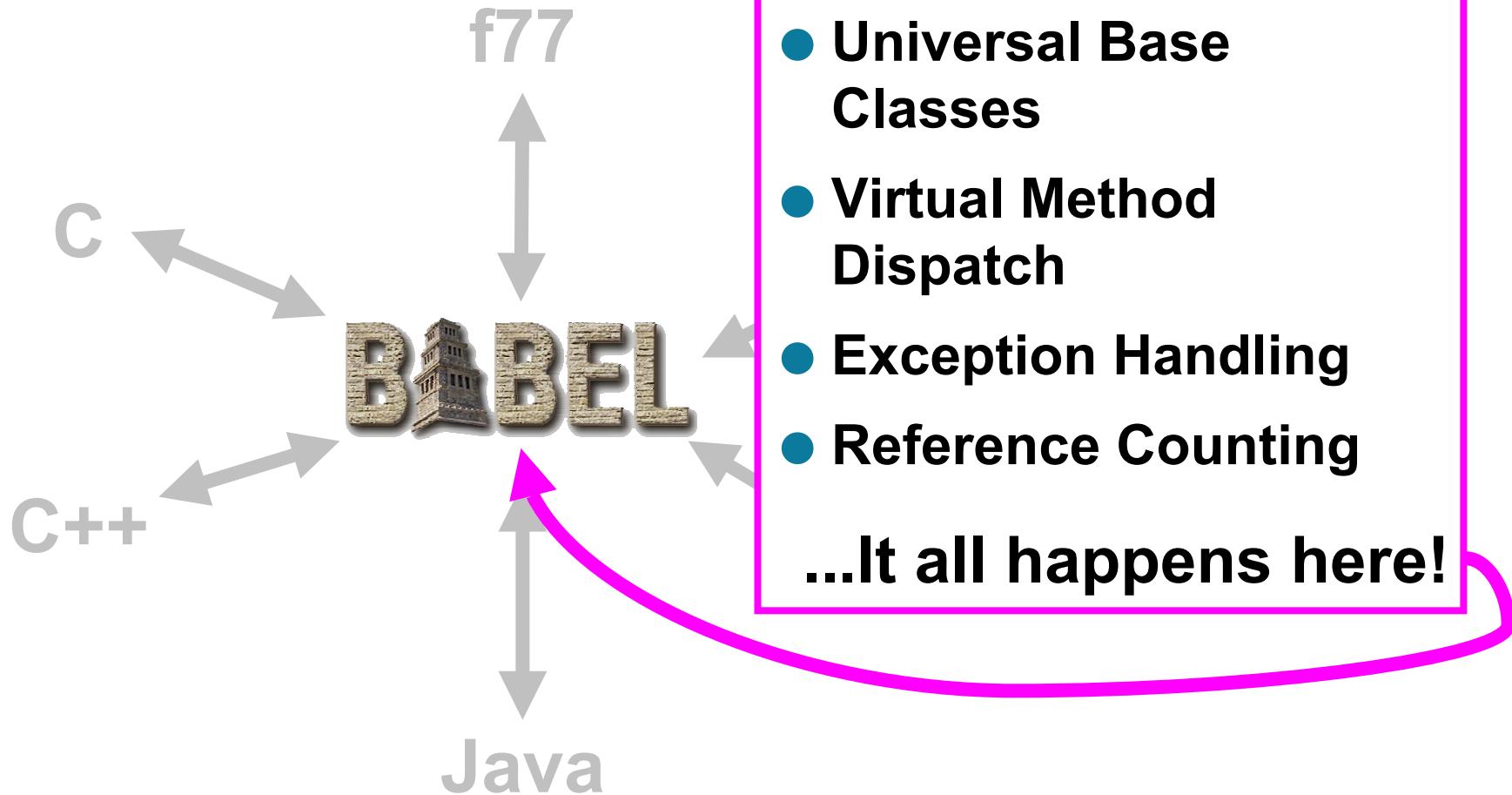
import ESI;

package MySolverLib {
    interface MatrixGenerator { ... }
    class OptionDatabase {
        void getOption( in string name,
                        out string val );
    }
    class Vector implements-all ESI.Vector {
        void setOptions( in OptionDatabase db );
    }
    class Bizarre implements MatrixGenerator {
        ...
        void setData( in array<dcomplex,2> a );
    }
}
```

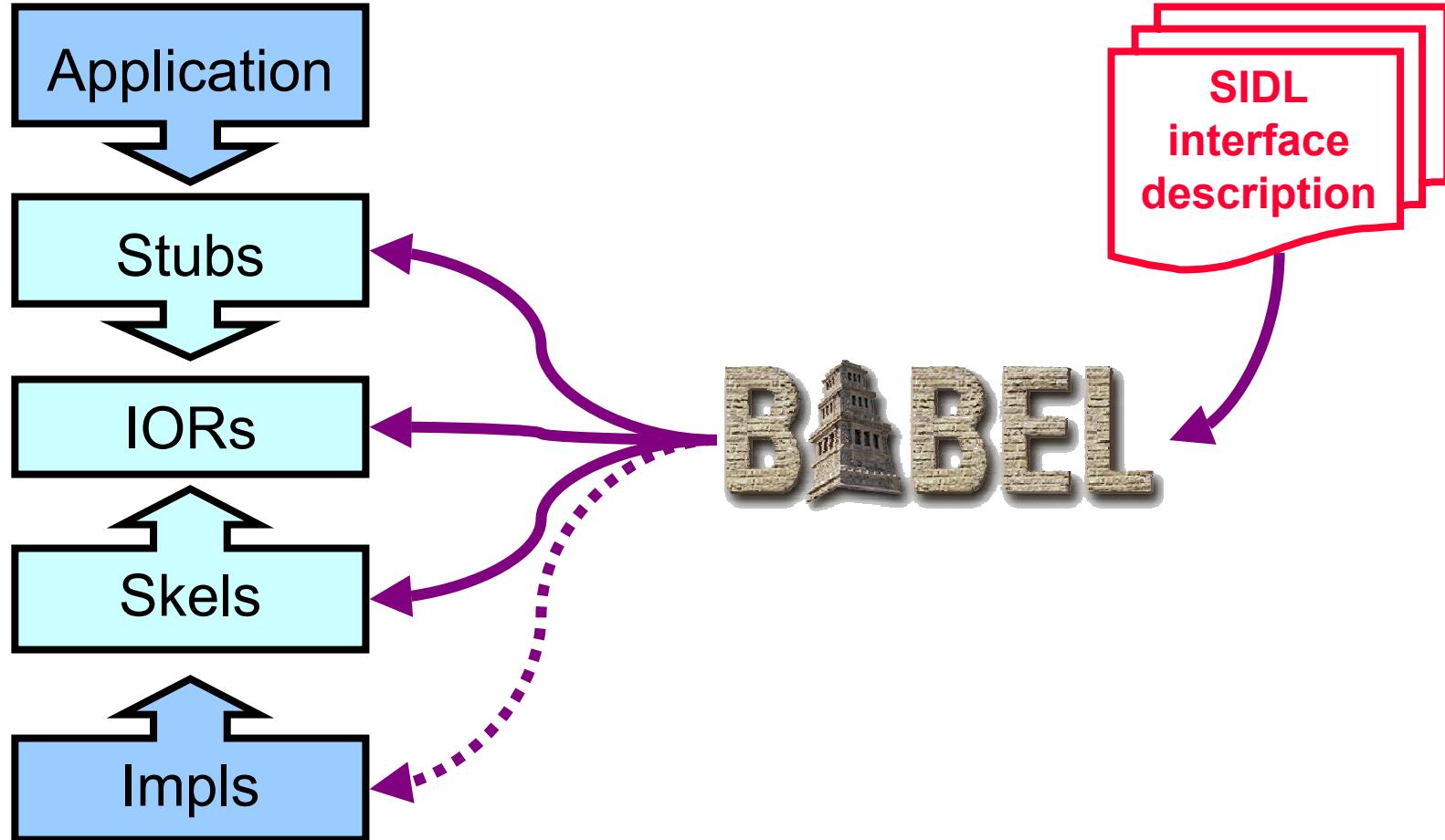
Babel Generates Glue Code



Babel Provides Uniform Object Model



Babel Provides a Firewall Between Use and Implementation



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SIDL as a text-based design tool

- Express only the public API
- Prevents discussion drift into implementation details
- Amenable to email debates
- Easier to learn than UML

The SIDL Grammar

- Packages & Versions
- Interfaces & Classes
- Inheritance Model
- Methods
- Polymorphism Modifiers
- Intrinsic Data Types
- Parameter Modes
- Gotchas

Packages

```
version foo 1.0;  
package foo {  
    // ...  
};
```

```
package gov {  
    package llnl {  
        package babel {  
            // ...  
        };  
    };  
};
```

- Use SIDL packages to prevent symbol conflicts
 - packages in Java
 - namespaces in C++
 - prefixes in C / Fortran
(e.g. mpi_send())
- must have version number
- lowercase symbols recommended
- Can be nested



Interfaces and Classes

- ObjectiveC and Java Inheritance Model
- Interfaces
 - pure abstract base classes in C++
 - define calling sequence only
 - provide no implementation
 - cannot be instantiated
 - can inherit (“extend”) other interfaces
- Classes
 - inherit (“extend”) from at most one class (including its implementation)
 - may inherit (“implement”) multiple interfaces



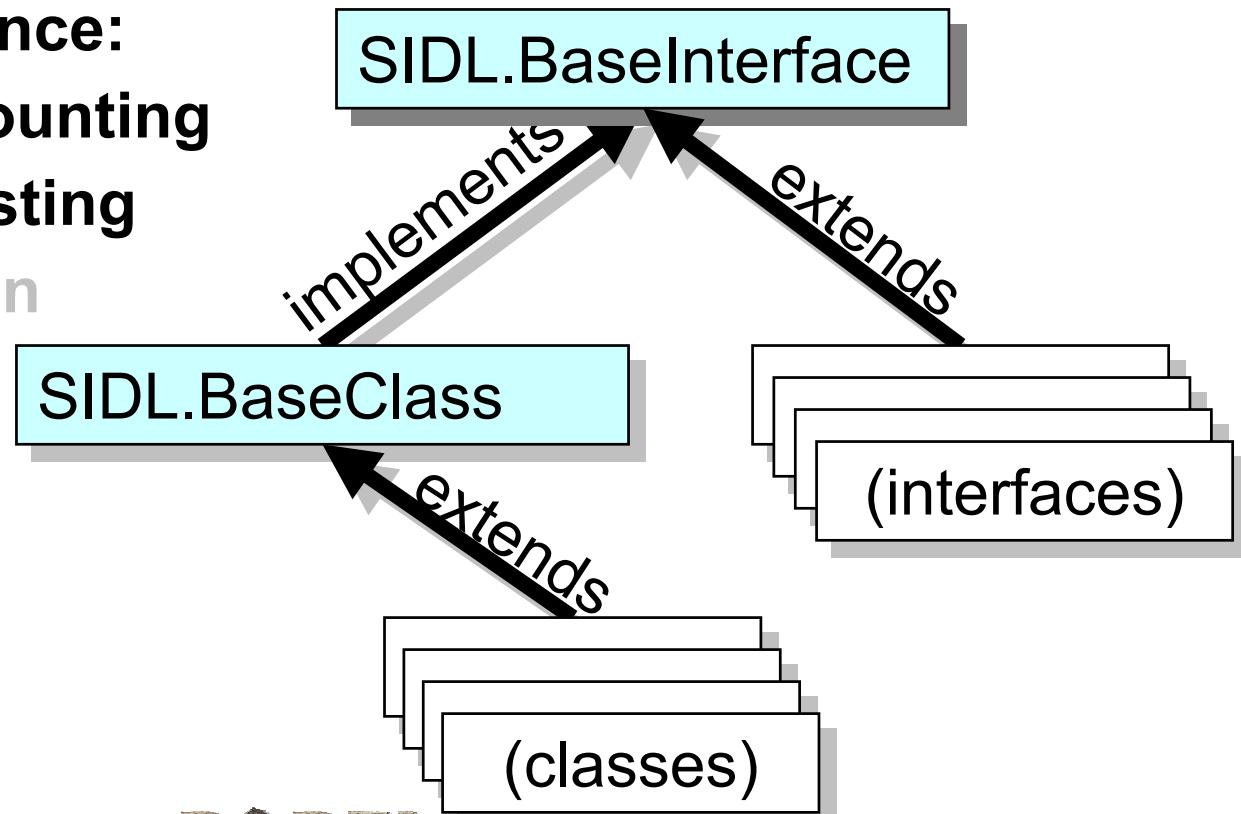
Interfaces and Classes (Example)

```
version my 1.12;
import their;
package my {
    interface Foo extends their.Foo { };
    class CFoo implements Foo { };
    class Bar extends CFoo implements their.Bar { };
    class Baz extends CFoo implements their.Bar,
                           their.Baz { };
};
```

```
version their 1.0;
package their {
    interface Foo {/* .. */};
    interface Bar {/* .. */};
    interface Baz {/* .. */};
};
```

Inheritance Model

- Interfaces form contracts between implementor and user.
- Default Inheritance:
 - reference counting
 - dynamic casting
 - introspection
 - reflection



Abstract Class— Partially Implemented Class

```
interface Foo {  
    int doThis( in int i );  
    int doThat( in int i );  
}  
  
interface Bar implements Foo {  
    int doThis( in int i );  
};  
  
abstract class Grille implements-all Foo {  
    // int doThis( in int i );  
    // int doThat( in int i );  
};  
  
class Grille implements Foo {  
    int doThis( in int i );  
    int doThat( in int i );  
};
```

Methods (a.k.a. “member functions”)

- Belong to both Interfaces and Classes
- SIDL has no sense of method “access” specifiers
 - (e.g. private, protected, public)
 - All methods are public
 - Makes sense for an “Interface Definition Language”
- In classes only, methods can also be
 - static -- independent of an instance
 - final -- not overridden by derived classes
- No Method Overloading. (yet?)



Method Modifiers

- **static**

- **avoid OOP altogether:
make one class full of static methods.**

```
class Math {  
    static double sin( in double x );  
    static double cos( in double x );  
};
```

- **final**

- **prevent function from being overridden**
 - **In C++**
 - ◆ **methods are final by default**
 - ◆ **must be declared “virtual” to be overridden**



Intrinsic Data Types

- Standard Types

- `bool`
- `char`
- `int`
- `long`
- `float`
- `double`
- `fcomplex`
- `dcomplex`

- Advanced Types

- `string`
- `enum`
- `object (interface or class)`
- `array< Type, Dimension >`
- `opaque`

- NOTES:

- Mapped to different types in different languages
- No General Template Mechanism

(maybe later?!?)



Parameter Modes

- Unique to IDLs
- Each parameter in a method call has a mode declared
 - in
 - out
 - inout
- Intent:
 - Communication optimization for distributed components
 - Copy minimization when copy is unavoidable
- Benefit:
 - Easy to understand intent when reading



Parameter Modes II

- “in”
 - pass by value semantics (not const!)
- “out”
 - pass by reference semantics
 - no initialization required
 - information returned
- “inout”
 - pass by reference semantics
 - initialization required
 - new information returned
 - instance may be destroyed and replaced



Parameter Modes III

```
package util { // SIDL FILE
    class String {
        static void reverse( inout string );
    };
};
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "util_String.h"

int main () {
    char * hi = "Hello.";
    util_String_reverse( &hi );
    printf("%s\n", hi );
}
```

DANGER:

“inout” parameters may be destroyed and replaced under the covers.

Do you want to risk a “`free(hi);`” in the stubs???

Parameter Modes IV

```
package util { // SIDL FILE
    class String {
        static void appendReverse(inout string);
    };
};
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "util_String.h"

int main () {
    char * hi = "Hello.";
    util_String_appendReverse( &hi ) ;
    printf("%s\n", hi );
}
```

Parameter Modes V

```
package util { // SIDL FILE
    class String {
        static void appendReverse(inout string);
    }
}

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "util_String.h"

int main () {
    char * hi = strdup( "Hello." );
    util_String_appendReverse( &hi ) ;
    printf("%s\n", hi );
    free( hi );
}
```

```
// This is a comment  
/* This is a Comment Too */  
/** This is a DocComment for the package */  
package Hello {  
  
    /**  
     * This class has one method  
     */  
    class World {  
  
        /** result = "hello" + name */  
        string getMsg( in string name );  
    };  
};
```

SIDL Gotchas

- Case Sensitive
 - SIDL is
 - F77 is not
- Reserved Words:
 - union of C, C++, Fortran
 - C++ has 90+ reserved words!
- Forbidden Method Names
 - same as class name (reserved in C++)
- Built-in method names start with “_” to avoid collisions with user defined names.

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Getting The Software

- Grab tarball
 - <http://www.llnl.gov/CASC/components/software.html>
 - Current release: babel-0.6.0.tar.gz
- Typical build/install (using VPATH)
 - gtar zxvf babel-0.6.0.tar.gz
 - cd babel-0.6.0-build/
 - ./babel-0.6.0/configure --prefix=\${HOME}/babel
 - gmake all check install
- Platforms Tested Nightly:
 - Linux (GNU)
 - Solaris (GNU, Sun, KCC)



The Babel Compiler – commandline options

- Choose exactly one of the following:

--help

Display more info

--version

Babel Version

--parse-check

Parse SIDL, no output

--xml

Generate XML

--client=[lang]

User of Babel Object

--server=[lang]

Developer of Babel Object

- Other Options

--output-directory=[dir]

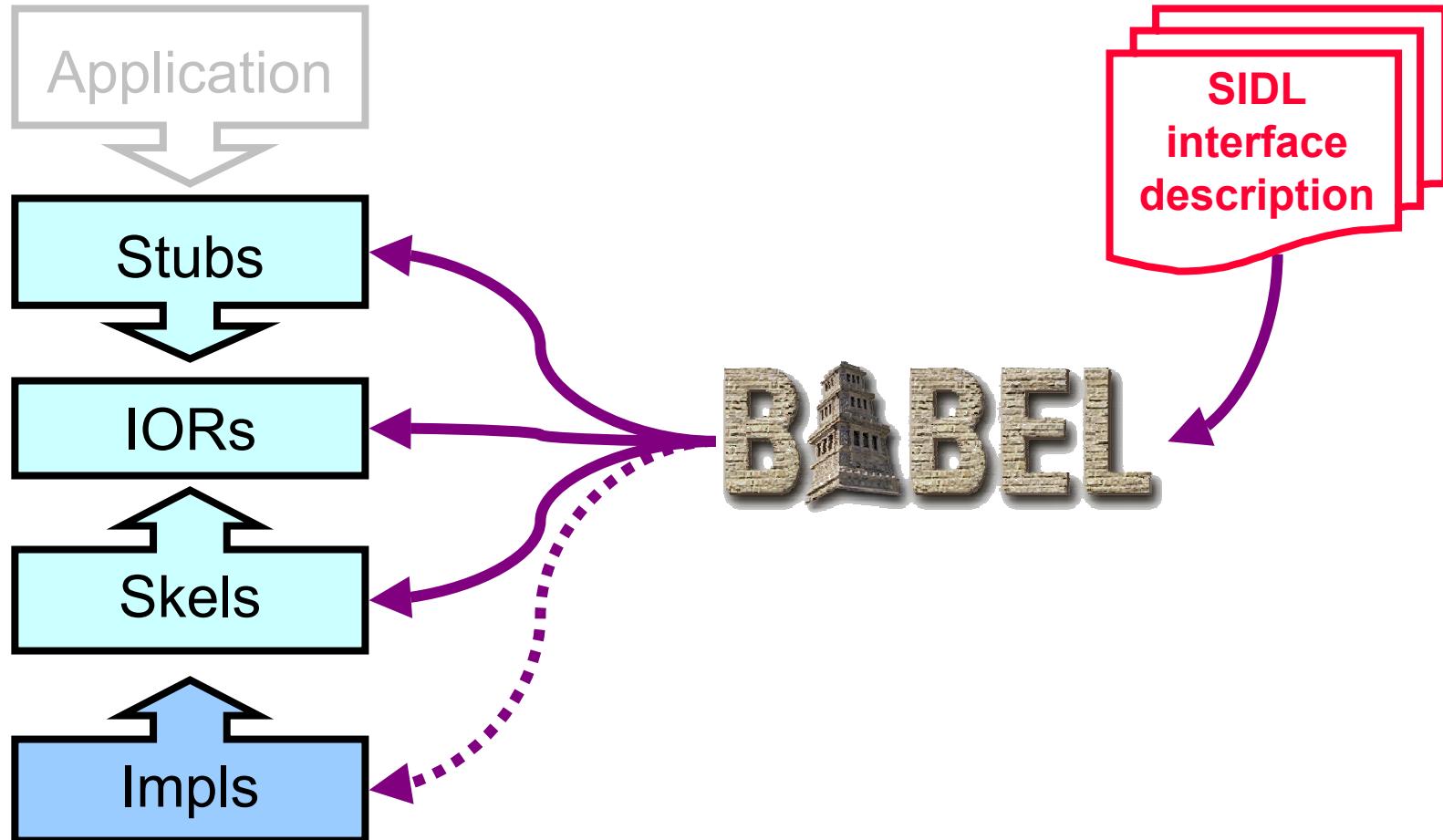
Default = .

--repository-path=[path]

Semicolon separated URLs

--generate-subdirs

Babel from a developer's POV



hello.sidl

```
/** This is a DocComment for the package */
version hello 1.0;

package hello {

    class World {
        void setName( in string name );
        /** result = "hello" + name */
        string getMsg( );
    };
};

};
```

Babel Generates LOTS of Code!!!

hello.sidl

9

Generated C/C++ code (wc -l *)

4,107

Hand added Implementation

4

Adding the Implementation

```
namespace hello {
class World_impl {
private:
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(hello.world._implementation)
    // Put additional implementation details here...
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(hello.world._implementation)
```

```
string
hello::World_impl::getMsg ()
throw ()
{
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(hello.world.getMsg)
    // insert implementation here
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(hello.world.getMsg)
}
```

Adding the Implementation

```
namespace hello {
class world_impl {
private:
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(hello.world._implementation)
    string d_name;
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(hello.world._implementation)
```

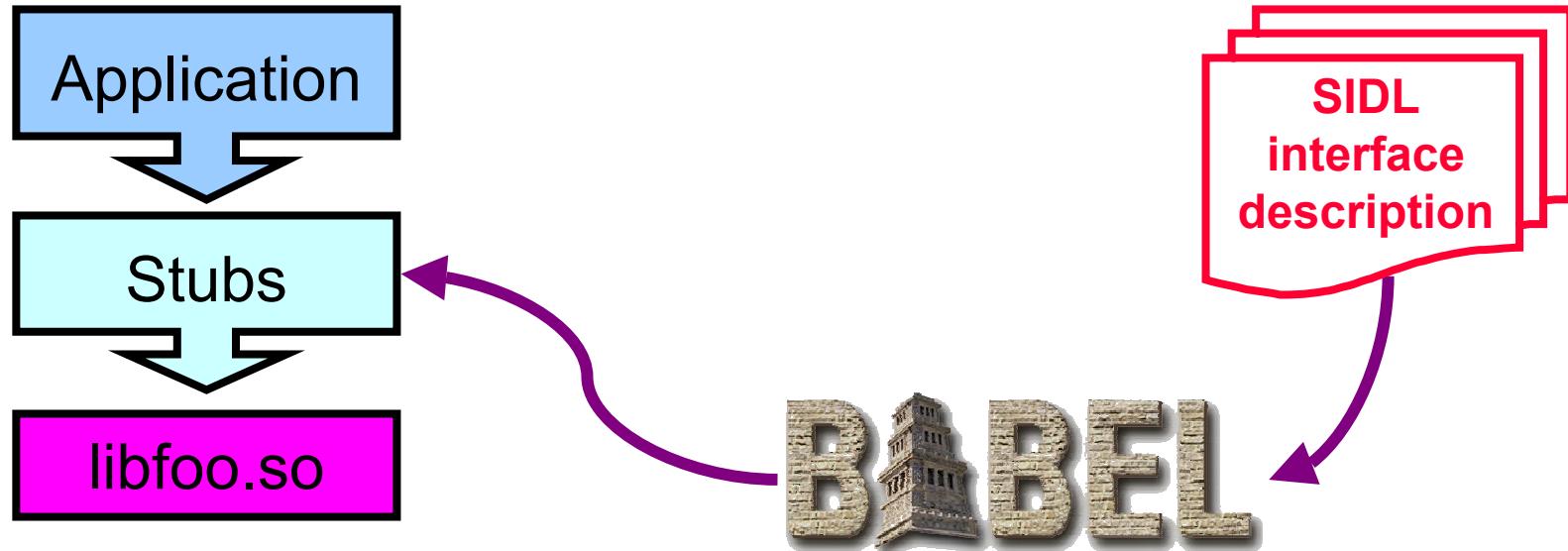
```
string
hello::world_impl::getMsg ()
throw ()
{
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.begin(hello.world.getMsg)
    string msg("Hello ");
    return msg + d_name + "!";
    // DO-NOT-DELETE splicer.end(hello.world.getMsg)
}
```



Methods Beginning with “_”

- method names cannot start with “_” in SIDL
- Babel uses leading underscores for internal stuff
 - e.g. IOR-level methods “_create()”
 - e.g. binding specific methods
“PKG::CLASS::_get_ior()”
- Note: Things that look like a double underscore
 - e.g. hello_World__create()is really normal convention with internal method

Babel from a user's POV



A driver in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "SIDL.h"
#include "hello.h"

int main(int argc, char ** argv ) {
    hello_world hw;
    hw = hello_world__create();
    hello_world_setName( hw, argv[1] );
    fprintf(stdout, "%s", hello_world_getMsg( hw ) );
    hello_world_deleteReference( hw );
}
```

A driver in Python

```
import hello.world

if __name__ == '__main__':
    h = hello.world.world()
    h.setName( 'Gary' )
    print h.getMsg()
```

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Common Problems

- **\$CLASSPATH not set**
- **compilers not found (\$CC, \$CXX, \$F77)**
- **Python or NumPy not installed**
- **Server-side Python requires libpython.so
(Not in standard distributions)**
- **LD_LIBRARY_PATH issues with shared libraries**
- **C++ and shared libraries**

Achilles' Heel

- Babel Generates Correct Code
- It does nothing about correct compilation

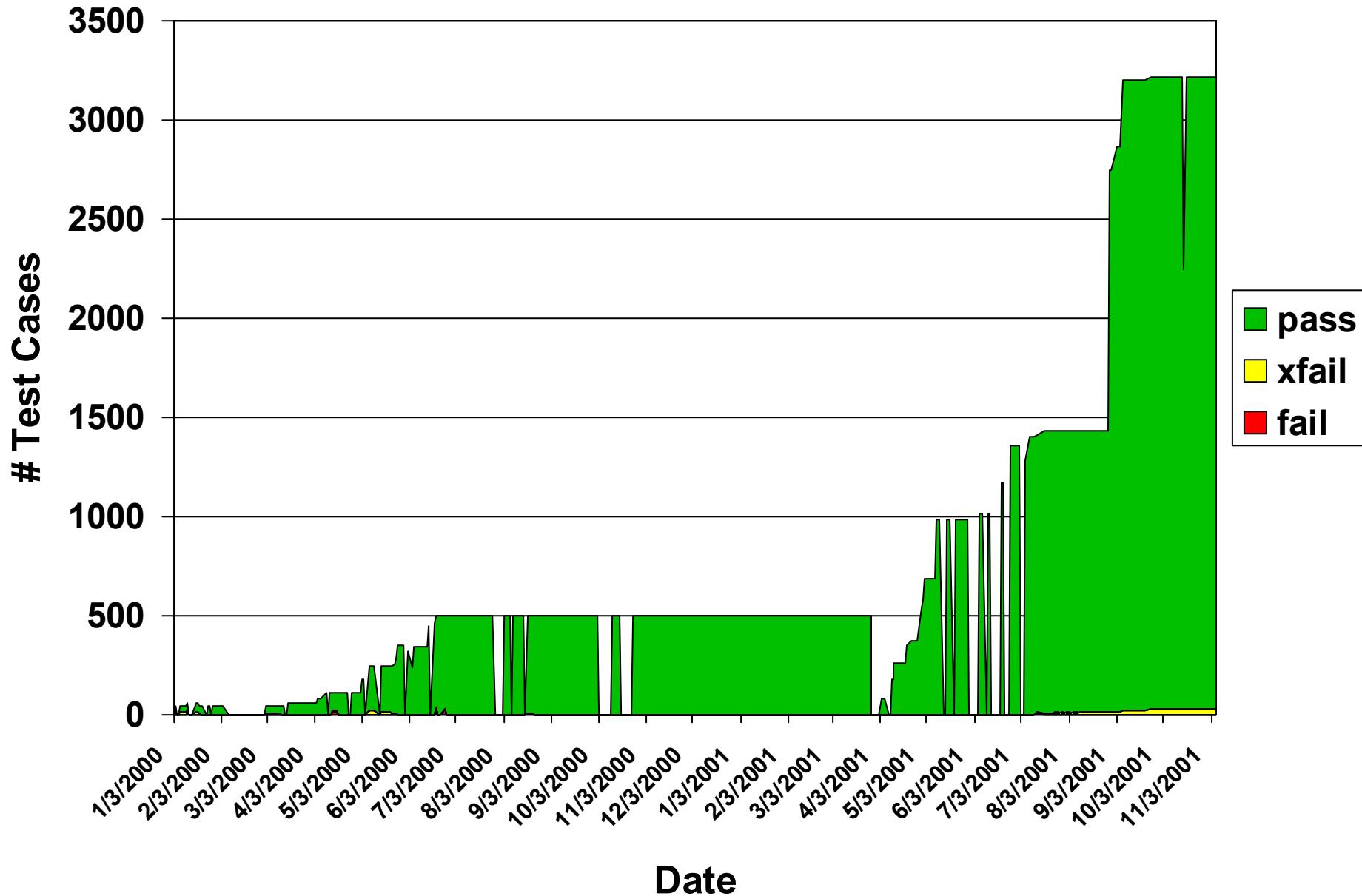
How Much Language Interoperability Have We Achieved?

● 3213 test cases

■ per platform

◆ per compiler set

sun-sparc-solaris2.7-gcc2.95.x



Babel Development Tools

- development platforms
 - sun-sparc-solaris2.7
 - intelx86-redhat-linux
 - cygwin
- Compilers
 - Python 2.1
 - Sun jdk-1.3
 - gcc 2.95.x
 - sunpro 5.0
 - KCC
- Build Tools
 - make
 - autoconf
 - automake
 - libtool
- Testing
 - in-house tool
- Bug-Tracking
 - in-house/bugzilla
mods

Outline

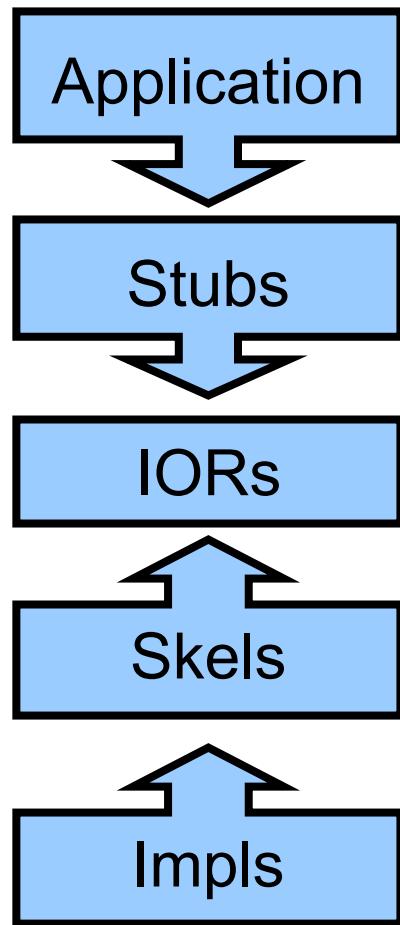
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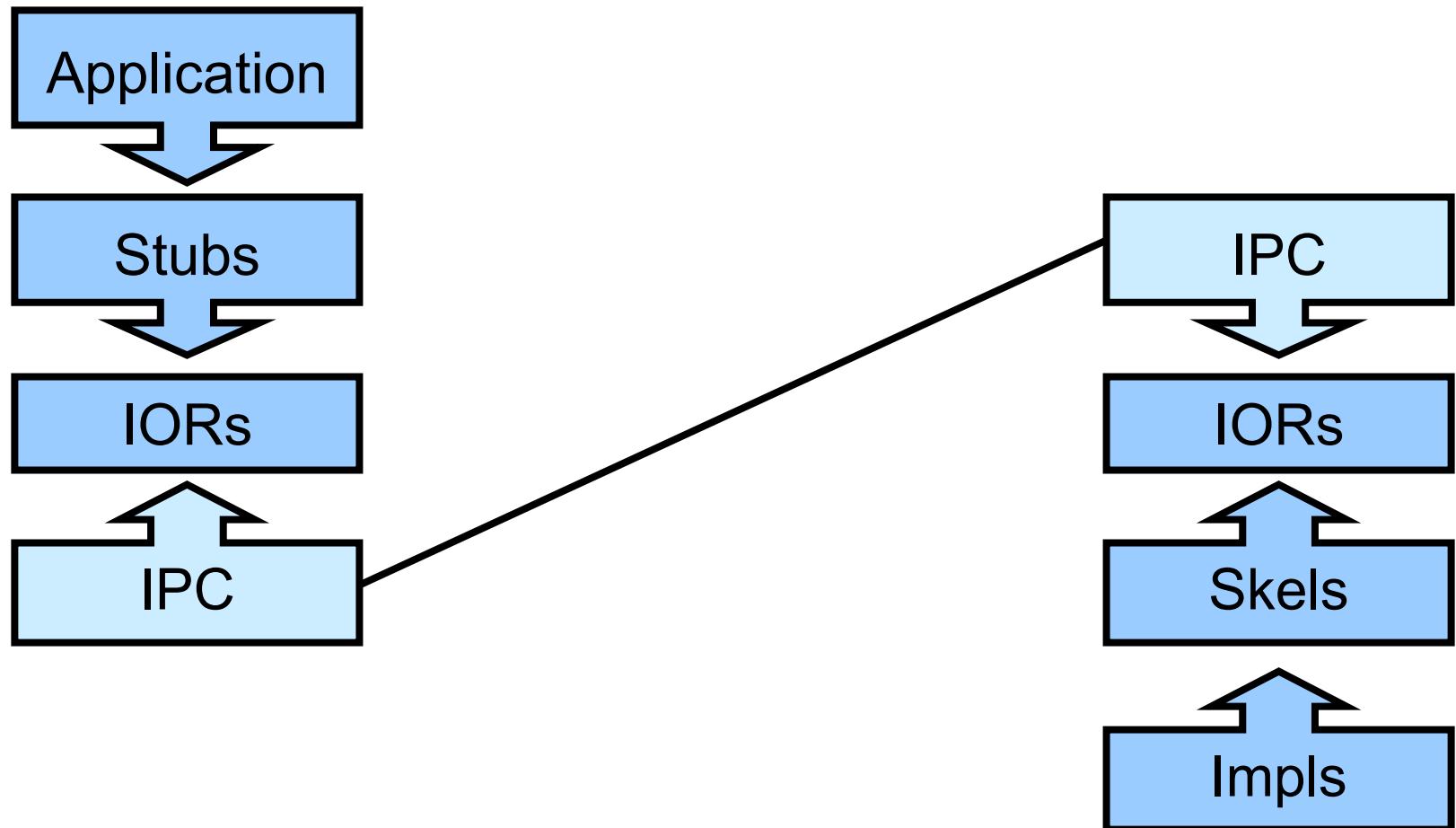
Platform Independence

- Encourage Locality for Maximum Performance
- Connect to separate process space
 - to avoid symbol conflicts at link time
- Connect to separate machine
 - to utilize special hardware
 - to use platform specific code
(Babel doesn't get Windows apps to run on UNIX!)
 - To distribute work

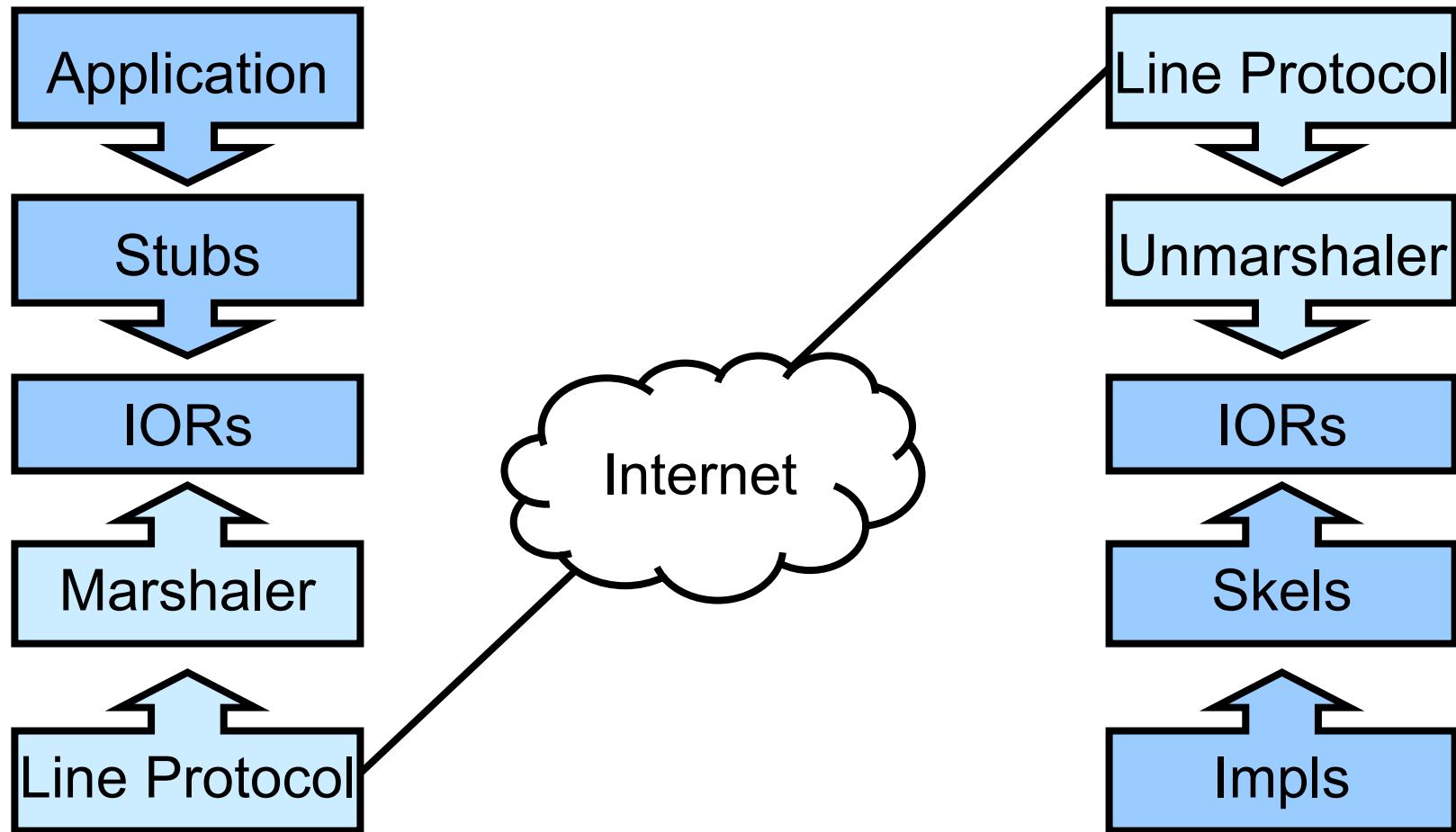
Same Process Space Components



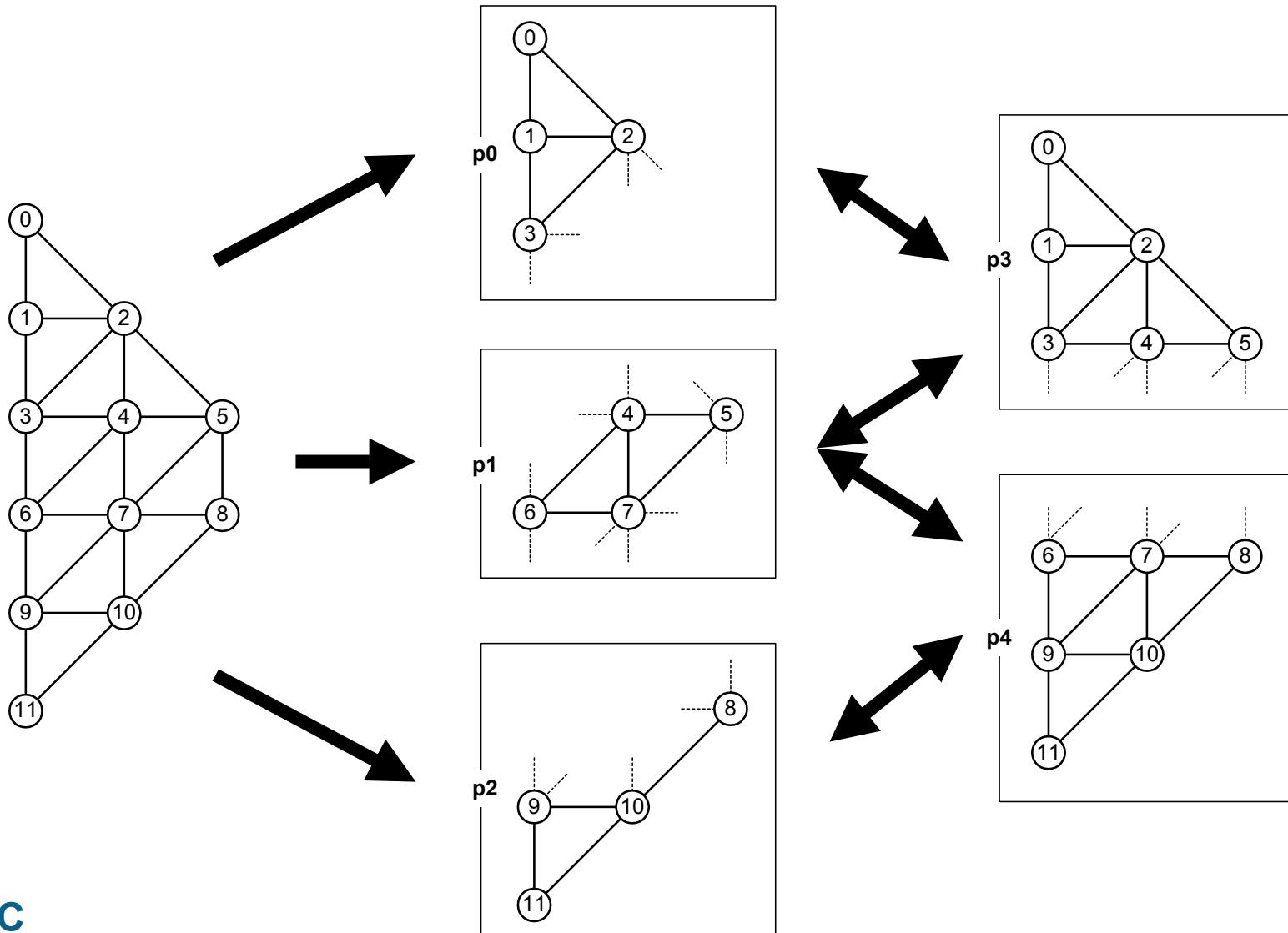
Out of Process Components



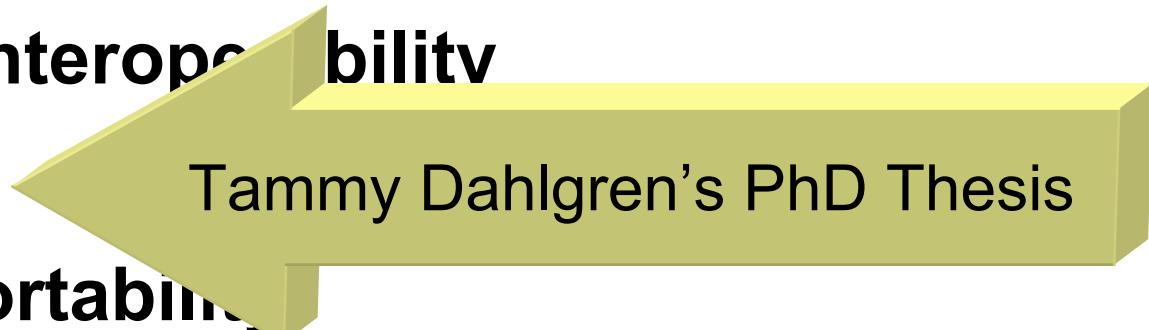
Remote Components



Parallel Components: MxN Communication



Problem Motivation

- Code Reuse is Hard.
 - Scientific Code Reuse is Harder!
 - Barriers to Reuse...
 - Language Interoperability
 - Semantics
 - Software Portability
 - Lack of Standards
 - More...
- 
- Tammy Dahlgren's PhD Thesis



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 - Language Interoperability
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How do I find out more???

- Website <http://www.llnl.gov/CASC/components>
- User's Guide
- Download Code
- Email Reflectors (subscribe via majordomo@lists.llnl.gov)
 - babel-users@llnl.gov
 - babel-announce@llnl.gov
- Email the team
 - components@llnl.gov
- Tutorial for CASC tomorrow
 - B451 White Room at 3:30pm Fri, Nov 9

The End

Business Component Frameworks

- CORBA
 - Language Independent
 - Wide Industry Acceptance
 - Primarily Remoting Architecture
- Enterprise Java Beans (EJB)
 - Platform Independent
 - Runs wherever Java does
- COM
 - Language Independent
 - Most Established
 - In Process Optimization
 - Network Transparent

~~Science~~ Business Component Frameworks

- CORBA

- Language Independent
- Wide Industry Acceptance
- Primarily Remoting Architecture
- Huge Standard
- No In-Process Optimization

- COM

- Language Independent
- Most Established
- In Process Optimization
- Network Transparent
- not Microsoft Transparent
- Relies on sophisticated development tools

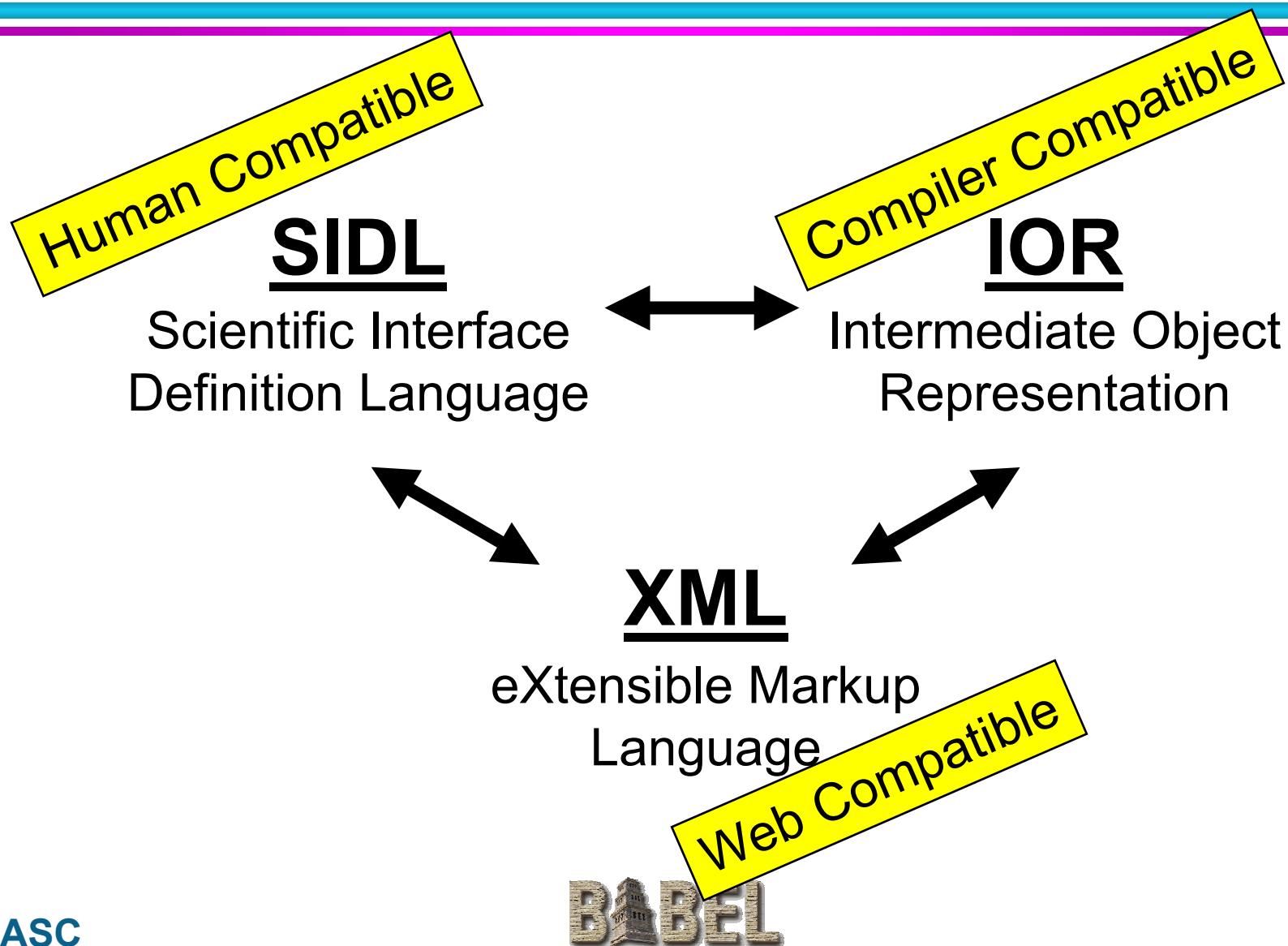
- Enterprise Java Beans (EJB)

- Platform Independent
- Runs wherever Java does
- Language Specific
- Potentially highest overhead

- All The Above

- No Complex Intrinsic Datatype
- No Dynamic Multidimensional Arrays
- No Fortran77/90/95 bindings
- No Parallel Components

Key to Babel's Interoperability...



UCRL-VG-??????

Work performed under the auspices of the U. S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract W-7405-Eng-48