Infix to Postfix

 $a+b \Rightarrow ab+$

EX: X + Y * ≥ ⇒ (X + (Y * ≥)) ⇒ (X + (Y ≥ *)) X Y ≥ * +

Algorithm:

- (1) create two empty stacks one for operands and one for operators
- stort iterating over element X
- A is "(" add it to the operators stack
- @ If. X is ")", Traverse the whole operators stack, forform all the operator's operation until you find "(" once "(" is found, remove it
- 1 operators stack is empty and the operator X to the stack
- 15 stack is not empty
 - in the operators stack Add it the stack
 - in the operators stack
 - [522] Perform all the operations in operator's stack and then Add the element X into the operator's stack.
- 6 Return the top most element from operand stack

```
def Infix To Postfix (expression)
    operators = [ ]
    operands = [ ]
    while (i<len (expression)):
        e = expression[i]
        if e== "(".
              operators append (e):
        elif e==")":
               while operators and operators[-1]!= "(":
                     operator = operators pop()
                      value 2 = operands. pop()
                      value1 = operands.pop()
                      operation = value 1 + value 2 + operator
              // Remove "("
              operators. Pop()
        elif e in {"+", "-; '*, '; '\' }
                while operators and self. Pre(e) > self. Pre ([operators[-1]):
                    operator = operators pop()
                     value 2 = operands. pop ()
                      value1 = operands.pop()
                     operation = value 1 + value 2 + operator
                     operands append (operation)
                 Add the current operator
                 operators appen(e)
         lifit is a number
          else:
             operands. append (e)
```

```
if still there are operators left in the stack
 while operators:
        operator = operators pop()
        value 2 = operands pop ()
         value1 = operands.pop()
         operation = value 1 + value 2 + operator
         operands append (operation)
// return top most element return operands[-1]
    Returns the Precedence of an operator
      Pre (self, op):
         if op == "+" or op == "-":
                return O
         else:
              return 1
```