GEM Übung: **Blatt 4** Mitschrift

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Zusammenfassung

$$\Phi_E = k_{\Phi} \cdot I_E \tag{1}$$

$$M_i = k_M \cdot I_A \cdot \Phi_E \tag{2}$$

$$U_A = I_A \cdot R_A + U_i + U_B \tag{3}$$

$$U_i = k_U \cdot n \cdot \Phi_E \tag{4}$$

$$M_i = M_L + M_R + M_{\text{Besch}} \tag{5}$$

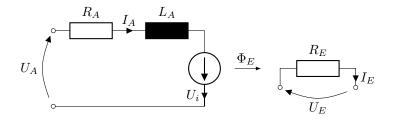


Abbildung 1: ESB: Gleichstromnebenschluss Motor

1 Aufgabe

$$k_{M} = \frac{2 \cdot p \cdot w_{A}}{\pi} = \dots = 72,57$$

$$k_{U} = k_{M} \cdot 2\pi = 456$$

$$\mathbf{LL:} \ M = 0 \Rightarrow I_{A} = 0$$

$$(3) \Rightarrow U_{A} = U_{i}$$

$$n = \frac{U_{i}}{k_{U} \cdot \Phi_{EN}} = \dots = 16,666 \frac{1}{s} = 1000 \frac{1}{\min}$$

2 Aufgabe

$$\begin{split} M_{iN} = k_M \cdot \Phi_{EN} \cdot I_{AN} = \dots = 714 \, \text{N m} \\ n &= \frac{U_{iN}}{k_U \cdot \Phi_{EN}} \\ U_{iN} = U_{AN} - R_{A, \text{res}} = 206, 4 \, \text{V} \\ n &= \dots = 15, 64 \, \frac{1}{\text{s}} = 938 \, \frac{1}{\text{min}} \\ M_R &= 0 \\ P_N &= P_{\text{Welle}} \; \text{(Motor!)} \\ P_N &= 2\pi \cdot n_N \cdot M_L = \dots = 70, 2 \, \text{kW} \\ \eta &= \frac{P_{\text{ab}}}{P_{\text{auf}}} = \frac{P_N}{U_{AN} \cdot I_{AN} + U_{EN} \cdot I_{EN}} = \dots = 92, 8 \, \% \end{split}$$

3 Aufgabe

Anlauf:
$$n = 0 \Rightarrow U_i = 0$$

$$U_A = I_A \cdot (R_{AV} + R_{A,res})$$

$$R_{AV} = \frac{U_N}{I_{AN}} - R_{A,res} = \dots = 0,6071 \Omega$$

$$I_A = \frac{M}{k_M \cdot \Phi} = \dots = 170 \text{ A}$$

$$U_i = U_N - (R_{A,res} + R_{AV}) \cdot I_A = \dots = 110 \text{ V}$$

$$n_3 = \frac{U_i}{k_U \cdot \Phi_{EN}} = \dots = 8,33 \frac{1}{\text{s}} = 500 \frac{1}{\text{min}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{2\pi \cdot n \cdot M}{U_A \cdot I_A + U_{EN} \cdot I_{EN}} = \dots = 48,8 \%$$

4 Aufgabe

$$U_A = R_{A, \text{res}} \cdot I_A + U_i \; (=0 \; \text{im Anfahren})$$

$$U_A = \dots = 13,6 \; \text{V}$$

$$U_i = k_U \cdot \Phi_{EN} \cdot n = 110 \; \text{V}$$

$$U_A = ?$$

$$I_A = \frac{M}{k_M \cdot \Phi_E} = 170 \; \text{A}$$

$$U_A = \dots = 116,8 \; \text{V}$$

$$\eta = \frac{2\pi \cdot M \cdot n}{U_A \cdot I_A + U_E \cdot I_E} = \dots = 90,2 \%$$

$$\mathbf{LL:} \; M = 0; \; I_A = 0; \; U_A = U_i$$

$$n_0 = \frac{U_A}{k_U \cdot \Phi_{EN}} = \dots = 530,8 \; \frac{1}{\min}$$

5 Aufgabe

$$\begin{split} \Phi_{\text{Min}} &= \frac{M_{in}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{k_M \cdot I_{AN}} = 1,4475 \cdot 10^{-2} \, \text{Wb} = \frac{\Phi_{EN}}{2} \\ &I_E = 1,5 \, \text{A (abgelesen)} \\ &U_i = U_{AN} - R_{A,\text{res}} \cdot I_{AN} = \ldots = 206,4 \, \text{V} \\ &n_5 = \frac{U_i}{k_U \cdot \Phi_{\text{Min}}} = 1876,8 \, \frac{1}{\text{min}} \\ &n_0 = \frac{U_N}{k_U \cdot \Phi_{\text{Min}}} = 2000 \, \frac{1}{\text{min}} \end{split}$$