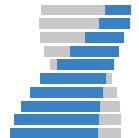


NGI-RNAseq

Processing RNA-seq data at the
National Genomics Infrastructure

SciLifeLab

 **NGI** stockholm

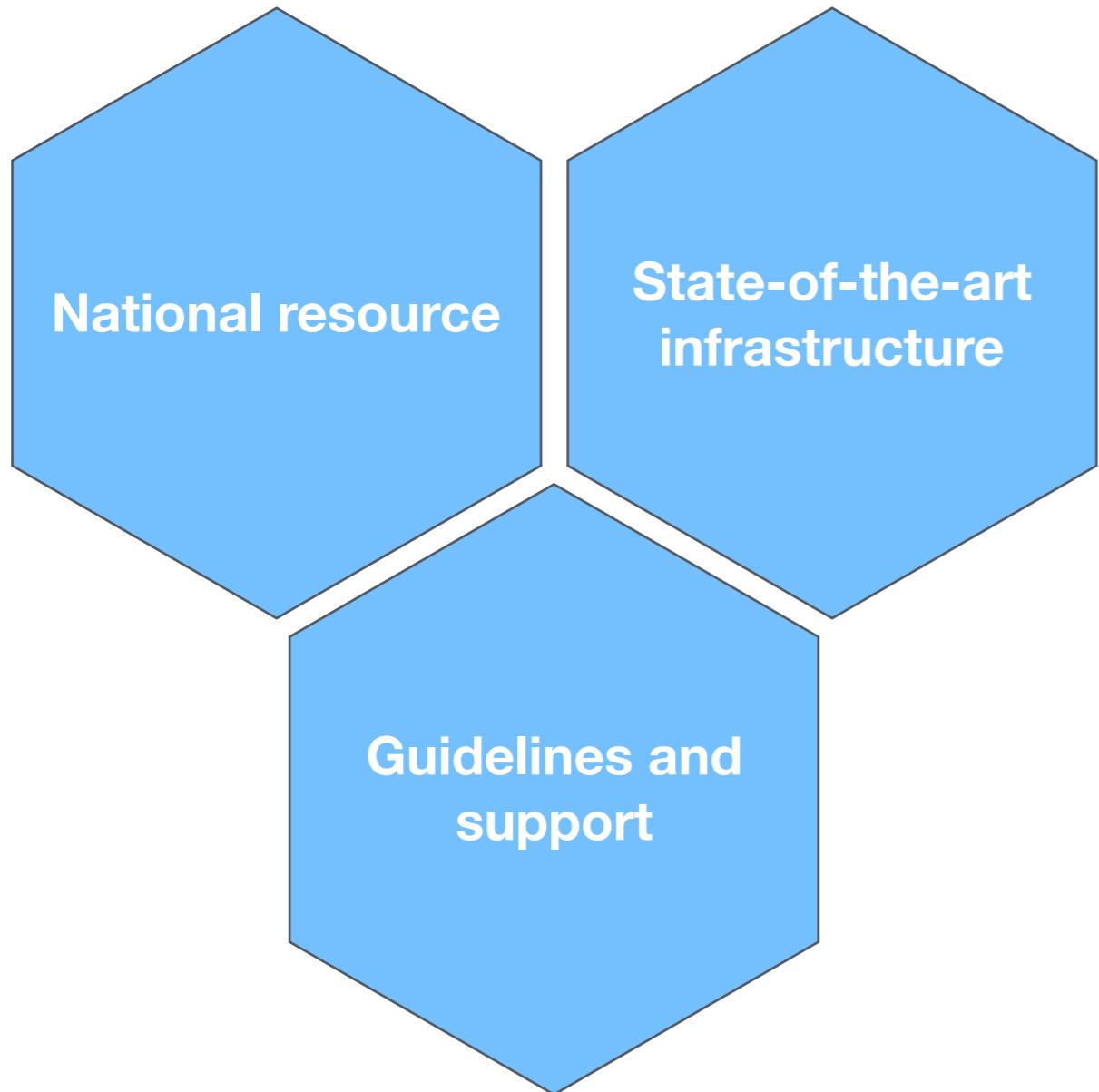
Phil Ewels
phil.ewels@scilifelab.se
NBIS RNA-seq tutorial
2017-11-09

SciLifeLab NGI



Our mission is to offer a
state-of-the-art infrastructure
for massively parallel DNA sequencing
and SNP genotyping, available to
researchers all over Sweden

SciLifeLab NGI



We provide
guidelines and support
for sample collection, study
design, protocol selection and
bioinformatics analysis

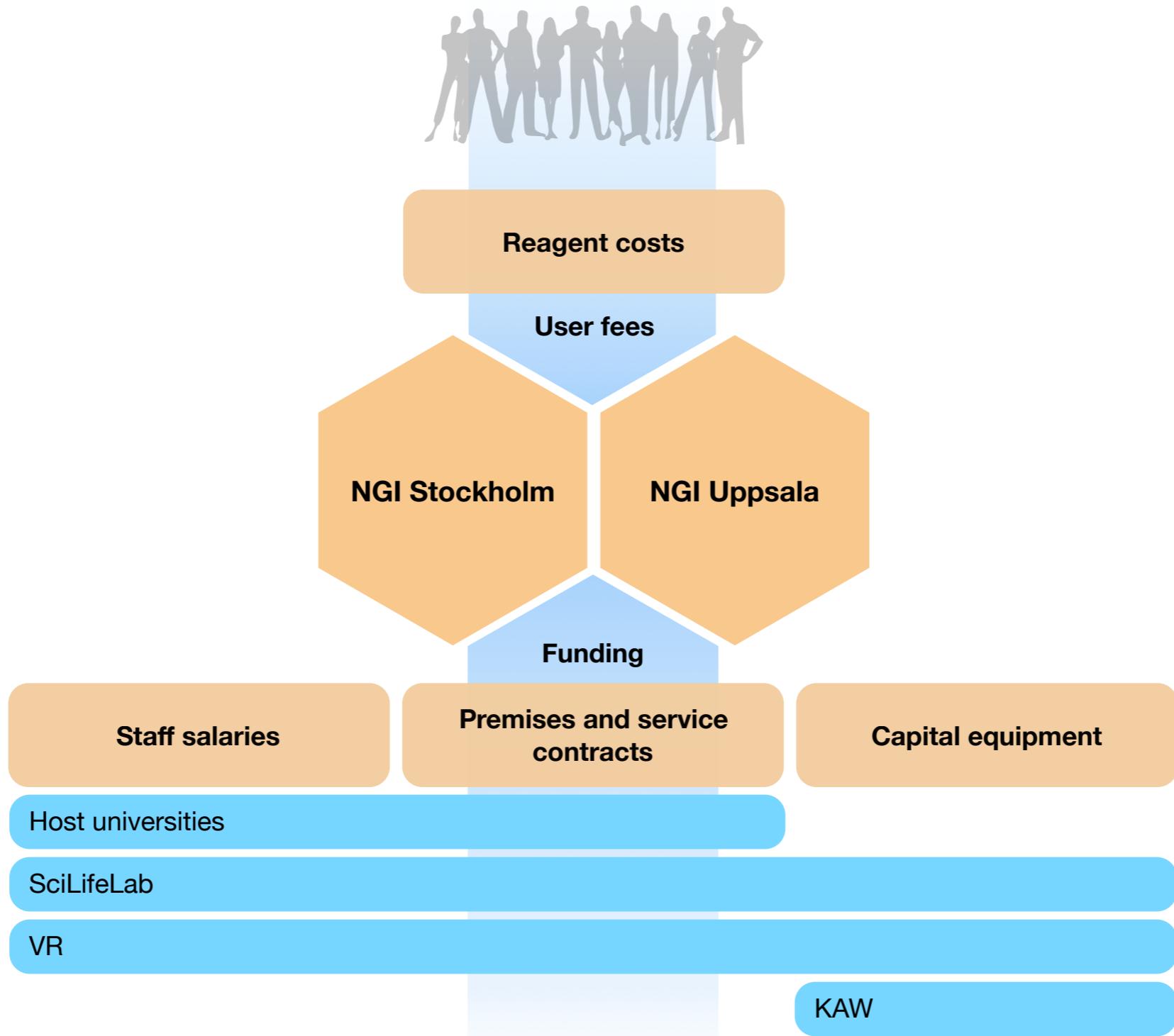
- NGI Organisation



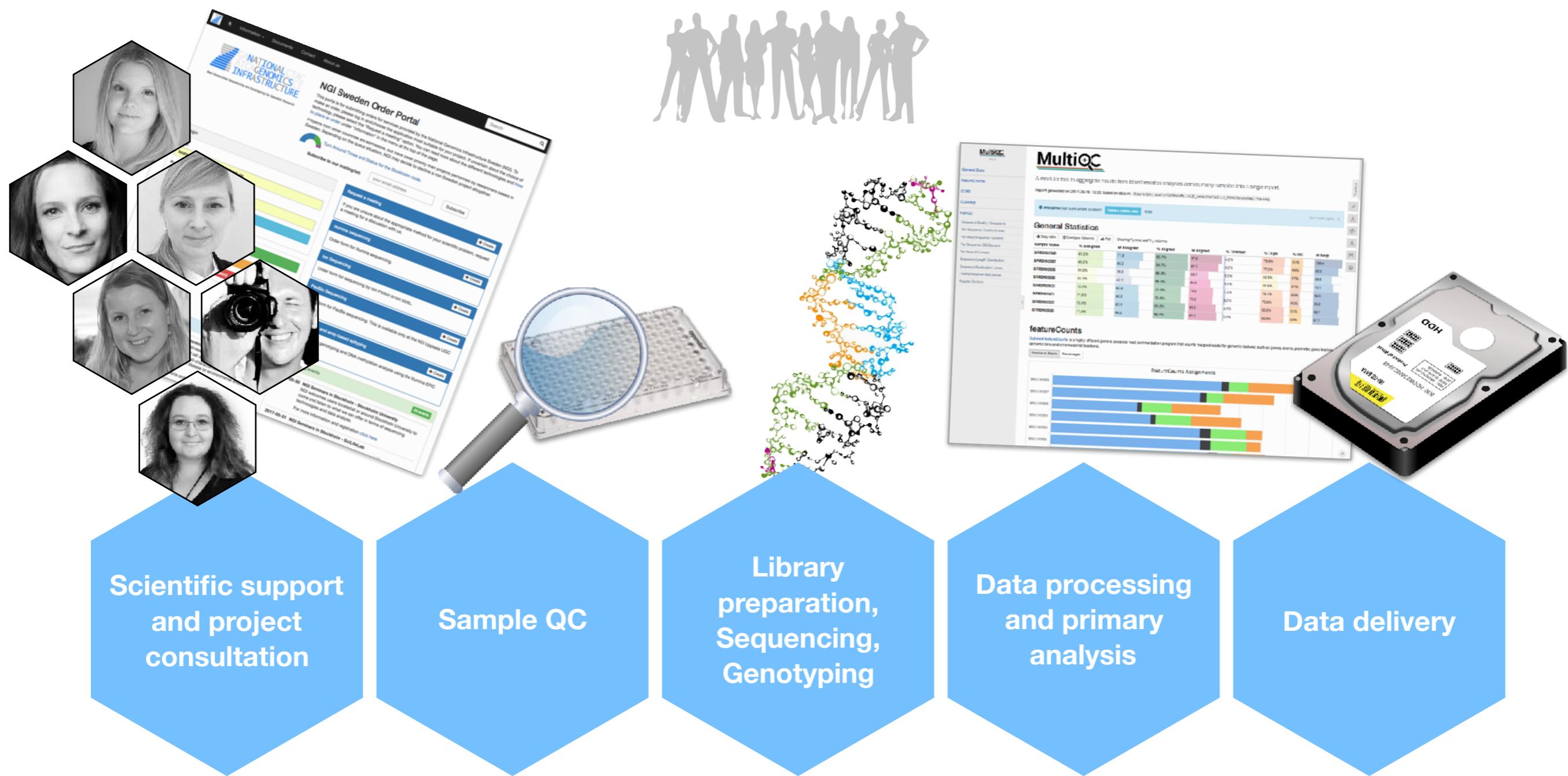
SciLifeLab

 NGI stockholm

NGI Organisation



Project timeline



SciLifeLab

NGI stockholm

Methods offered at NGI

Accredited methods



Ackred. nr 1850
Provning
ISO/IEC 17025

Data analysis included for **FREE**

Whole Genome seq

RNA-seq

de novo

Just Sequencing

Nanopore sequencing

Exome sequencing

Metagenomics

RAD-seq

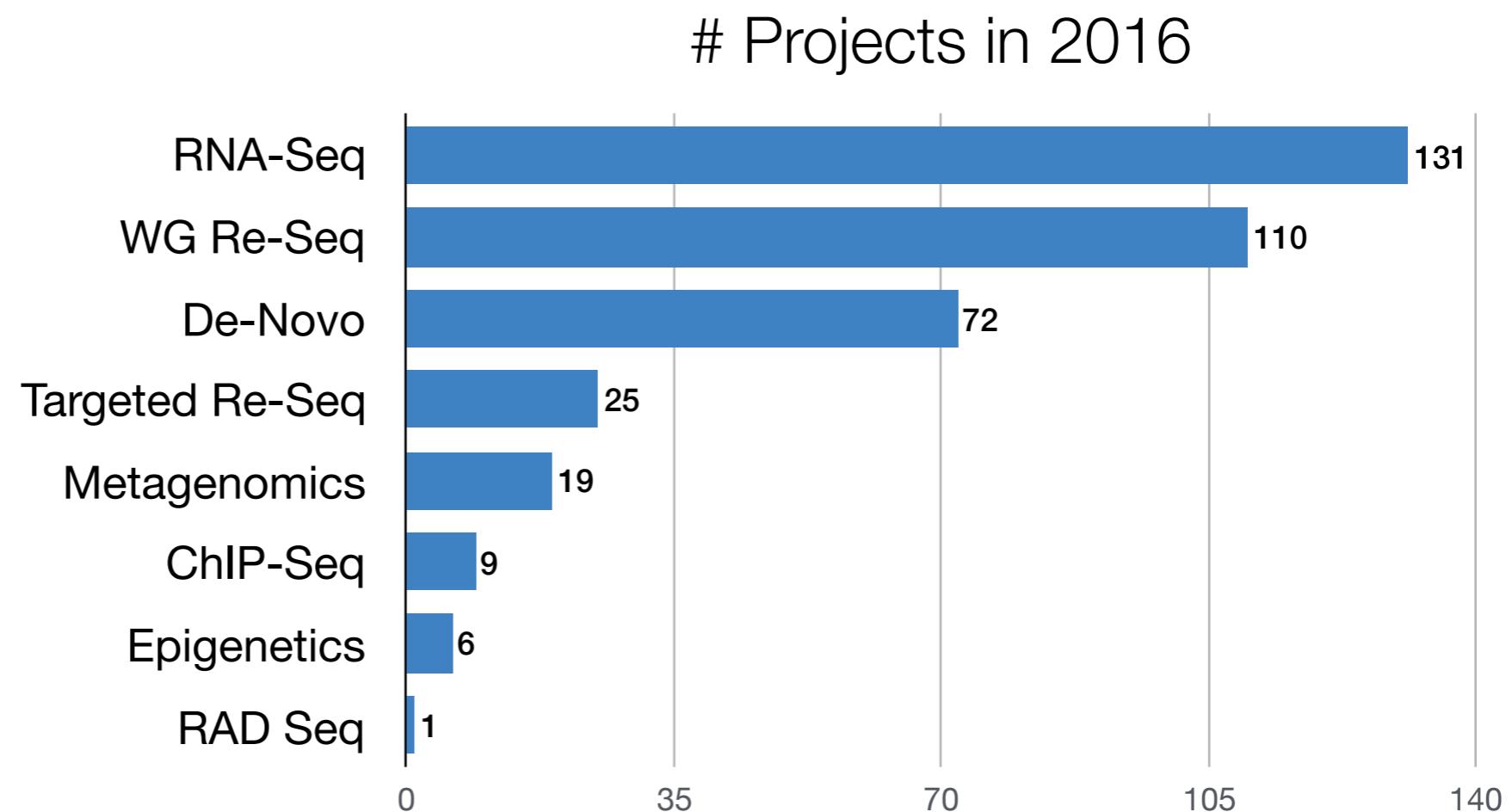
Bisulphite sequencing

ChIP-seq

ATAC-seq

- RNA-Seq: NGI Stockholm

- RNA-seq is the most common project type



RNA-Seq: NGI Stockholm

- RNA-seq is the most common project type

- Production protocols:

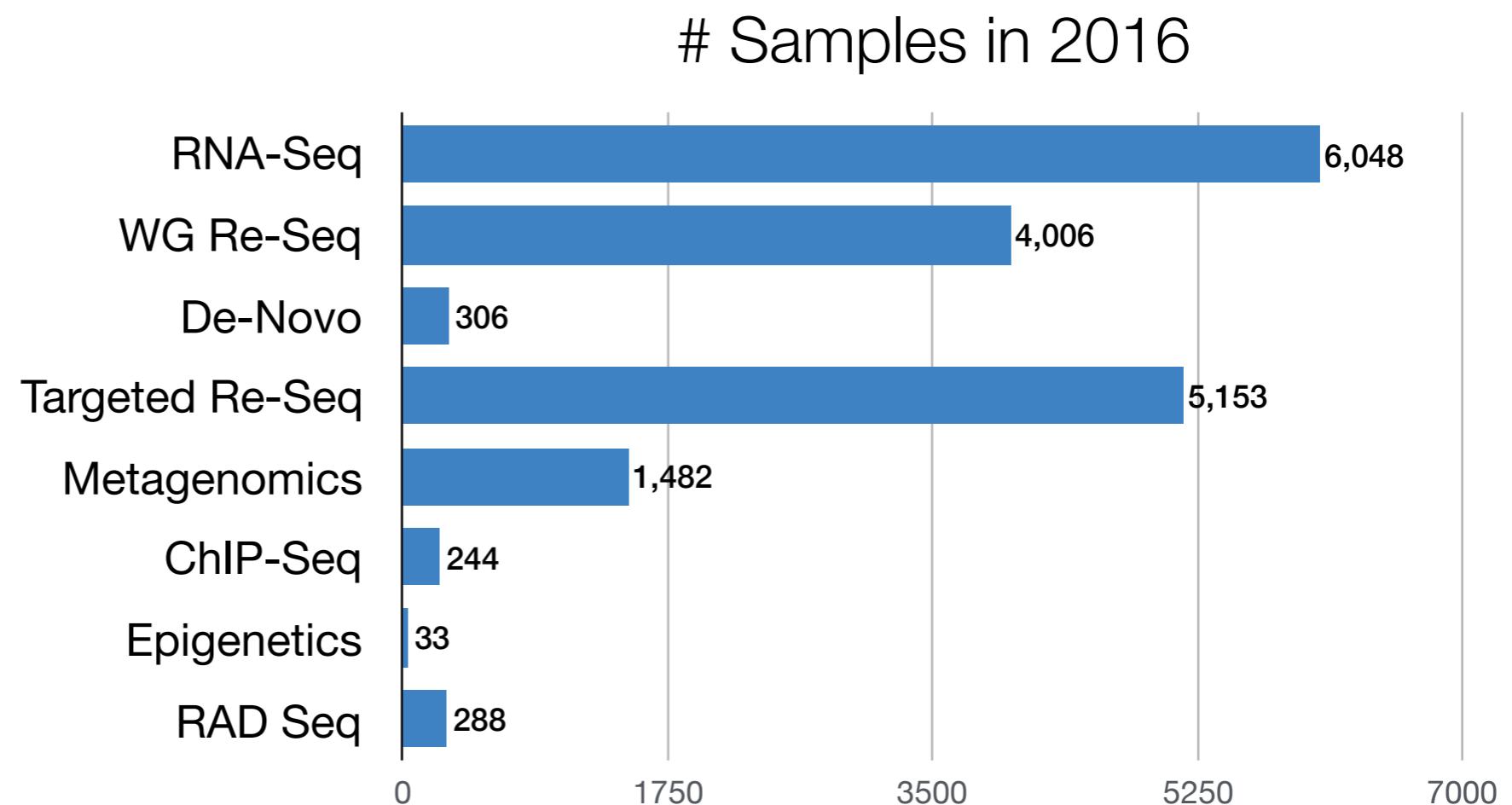
- TruSeq (poly-A)

- RiboZero

- In development:

- SMARTer Pico

- RNA Access



RNA-Seq: NGI Stockholm

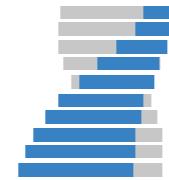
- RNA-seq is the most common project type
- Production protocols:
 - TruSeq (poly-A)
 - RiboZero
- In development:
 - SMARTer Pico
 - RNA Access



RNA-Seq Pipeline

- Takes raw FastQ sequencing data as input
- Provides range of results
 - Alignments (BAM)
 - Gene counts (Counts, FPKM)
 - Quality Control
- First RNA Pipeline running since 2012
- Second RNA Pipeline in use since April 2017

RNA-Seq Pipeline



NGI-RNAseq

FastQC

Sequence QC

TrimGalore!

Read trimming

STAR

Alignment

dupRadar

Duplication QC

featureCounts

Gene counts

StringTie

Normalised FPKM

RSeQC

Alignments QC

Preseq

Library complexity

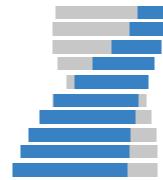
edgeR

Heatmap, clustering

MultiQC

Reporting

RNA-Seq Pipeline



NGI-RNAseq

FastQ

BAM

TSV

HTML

FastQC

TrimGalore!

STAR

dupRadar

featureCounts

StringTie

RSeQC

Preseq

edgeR

MultiQC

Sequence QC

Read trimming

Alignment

Duplication QC

Gene counts

Normalised FPKM

Alignments QC

Library complexity

Heatmap, clustering

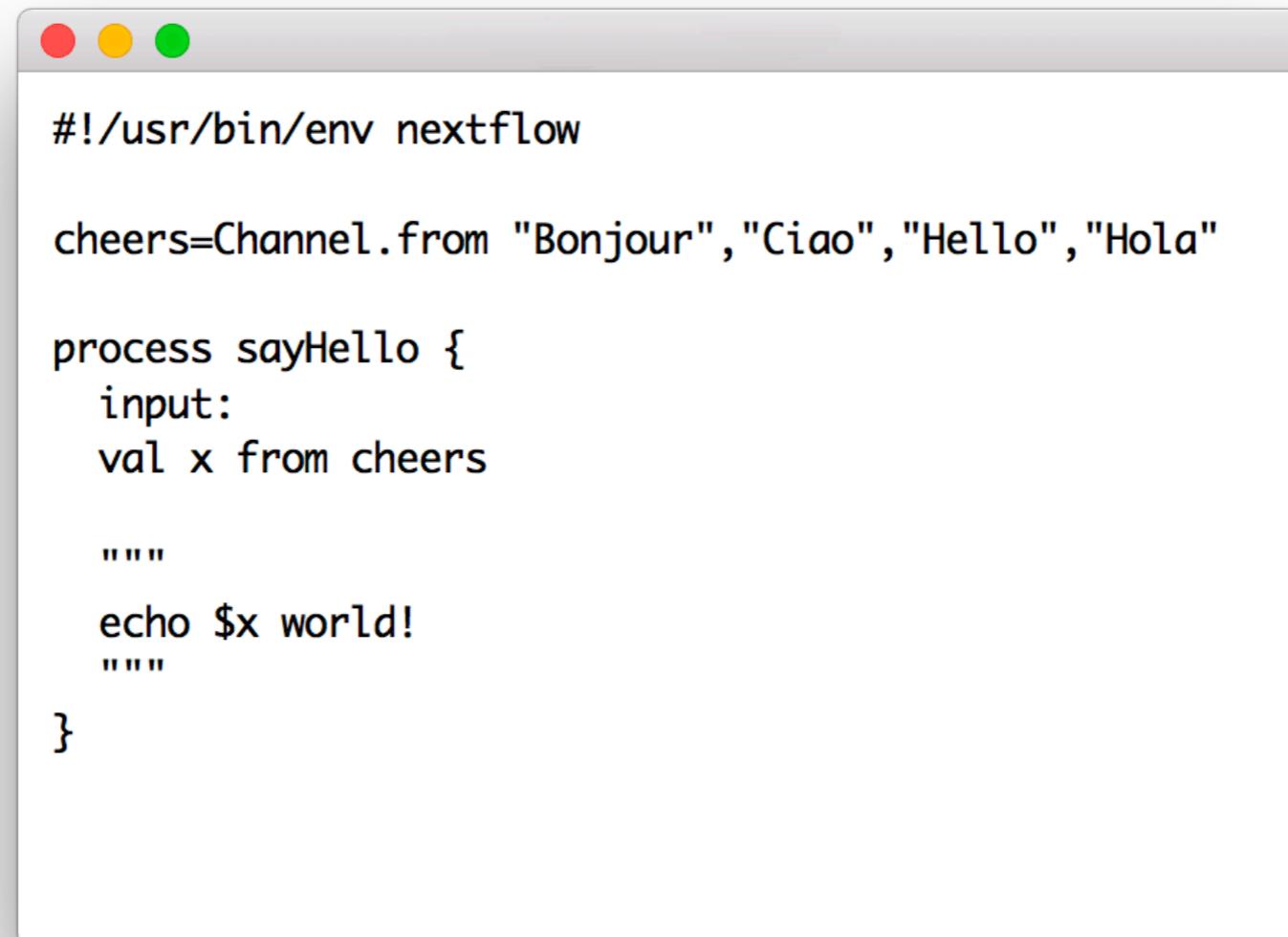
Reporting

- Nextflow

The logo for Nextflow, featuring the word "nextflow" in a bold, sans-serif font. The "e" and "x" are colored green, while the rest of the letters are black.

- Tool to manage computational pipelines
- Handles interaction with compute infrastructure
- Easy to learn how to run, minimal oversight required

Nextflow

The Nextflow logo, featuring the word "nextflow" in a bold, sans-serif font. The "n" is green and stylized with a thick, curved stroke that overlaps the "e". The remaining letters "extflow" are in black.A screenshot of a terminal window with a light gray background and a dark gray border. The window title bar is visible at the top. Inside, there is a single line of code:

```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow
```

```
cheers=Channel.from "Bonjour", "Ciao", "Hello", "Hola"

process sayHello {
    input:
        val x from cheers

    """
    echo $x world!
    """
}
```

- Nextflow

nextflow

```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow

input = Channel.fromFilePairs( params.reads )
process fastqc {
    input:
        file reads from input

    output:
        file "*_fastqc.{zip,html}" into results

    script:
    """
        fastqc -q $reads
    """

}
```

Nextflow

```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow

input = Channel.fromFilePairs( params.reads )
process fastqc {
    input:
        file reads from input

    output:
        file "*_fastqc.{zip,html}" into results

    script:
    """
    fastqc -q $reads
    """
}
```

Default: Run locally, assume software is installed

```
process {

    executor = 'slurm'
    clusterOptions = { "-A b2017123" }

    cpus = 1
    memory = 8.GB
    time = 2.h

    $fastqc {
        module = ['bioinfo-tools', 'FastQC']
    }
}
```

Submit jobs to SLURM queue
Use environment modules



Nextflow

```
#!/usr/bin/env nextflow

input = Channel.fromFilePairs( params.reads )
process fastqc {
    input:
        file reads from input

    output:
        file "*_fastqc.{zip,html}" into results

    script:
        """
        fastqc -q $reads
        """
}
```

```
docker {
    enabled = true
}

process {
    container = 'biocontainers/fastqc'

    cpus = 1
    memory = 8.GB
    time = 2.h
}

process {
    executor = 'slurm'
    clusterOptions = {
        cpus = 1
        memory = 8.GB
        time = 2.h
    }

    $fastqc {
        module = ['bioinfo-tools', 'FastQC']
    }
}
```



Run locally, use docker container for all software dependencies



SciLifeLab

NGI stockholm

NGI-RNAseq

This repository Search Pull requests Issues Marketplace Explore

SciLifeLab / NGI-RNAseq forked from ewels/NGI-RNAseq

Unwatch 13 Unstar 23 Fork 19

Code Issues 13 Pull requests 1 Insights Settings

Nextflow RNA-Seq Best Practice analysis pipeline, used at the SciLifeLab National Genomics Infrastructure. [Edit](https://ngisweden.scilifelab.se/)

bioinformatics rna-seq rnaseq rna-sequencing pipeline nextflow Manage topics

598 commits 3 branches 12 releases 8 contributors MIT

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find file Clone or download

This branch is even with ewels:master. Pull request Compare

ewels Merge pull request #162 from na399/na399-patch-1 ... Latest commit 6dbb58a 5 days ago

assets Got software version stuff working. 4 months ago

bin Dynamically generate base64 images for pipeline report. New 'assets' ... 6 months ago

conf Merge branch 'master' of github.com:Scilifelab/NGI-RNAseq 26 days ago

NGI-RNAseq

📄 README.md

NGI-RNAseq Documentation

The NGI-RNAseq documentation is split into a few different files:

- [installation.md](#)
 - Pipeline installation and configuration instructions
- [usage.md](#)
 - Instructions on how to run the NGI-RNAseq pipeline
- [output.md](#)
 - Document describing all of the results produced by the pipeline, and how to interpret them.
- [amazon_web_services.md](#)
 - Docs about running the pipeline in the cloud with AWS.

SciLifeLab

GA NATIONAL CTAC
ATCAC GENOMICS

Running NGI-RNAseq

Step 1: Install Nextflow

- Uppmax - load the Nextflow module
`module load nextflow`
- Anywhere (including Uppmax) - install Nextflow
`curl -s https://get.nextflow.io | bash`



Step 2: Try running NGI-RNAseq pipeline

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq --help
```

Running NGI-RNAseq

Step 3: Choose your reference

- Common organism - use iGenomes
 - genome GRCh37
- Custom genome - Fasta + GTF (minimum)
 - fasta genome.fa --gtf genes.gtf

Step 4: Organise your data

- One (if single-end) or two (if paired-end) FastQ per sample
- Everything in one directory, simple filenames help!

Running NGI-RNAseq

Step 5: Run the pipeline on your data

- Remember to run detached from your terminal
screen / tmux / nohup

Step 6: Check your results

- Read the Nextflow log and check the MultiQC report

Step 7: Delete temporary files

- Delete the ./work directory, which holds all intermediates

Typical pipeline output



Using UPPMAX

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq  
  --project b2017123  
  --genome GRCh37  
  --reads "data/*_R{1,2}.fastq.gz"
```



- Default config is for UPPMAX
 - Knows about central iGenomes references
 - Uses centrally installed software

Using other clusters

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq  
  -profile hebbe  
  --fasta genome.fa --gtf genes.gtf  
  --reads "data/*_R{1,2}.fastq.gz"
```



- Can run just about anywhere
 - Supports local, SGE, LSF, SLURM, PBS/Torque, HTCondor, DRMAA, DAnexus, Ignite, Kubernetes

Using Docker

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq  
  -profile docker  
  --fasta genome.fa --gtf genes.gtf  
  --reads "data/*_R{1,2}.fastq.gz"
```



- Can run anywhere with Docker
 - Downloads required software and runs in a container
 - Portable and reproducible.

Using AWS

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq  
  -profile aws  
  --genome GRCh37  
  --reads "s3://my-bucket/*_{1,2}.fq.gz"  
  --outdir "s3://my-bucket/results/"
```



- Runs on the AWS cloud with Docker
 - Pay-as-you go, flexible computing
 - Can launch from anywhere with minimal configuration

Input data

```
ERROR ~ Cannot find any reads matching: XXXX  
NB: Path needs to be enclosed in quotes!  
NB: Path requires at least one * wildcard!  
If this is single-end data, please specify  
--singleEnd on the command line.
```

--reads '*_R{1,2}.fastq.gz'

--reads '*.fastq.gz' --singleEnd



--reads sample.fastq.gz
--reads *_R{1,2}.fastq.gz
--reads '*.fastq.gz'



Read trimming

- Pipeline runs TrimGalore! to remove adapter contamination and low quality bases automatically
- Some library preps also include additional adapters
 - Will get poor alignment rates without additional trimming

```
--clip_r1 [int]  
--clip_r2 [int]  
--three_prime_clip_r1 [int]  
--three_prime_clip_r2 [int]
```

Library strandedness

- Most RNA-seq data is strand-specific now
 - Can be "forward-stranded" (same as transcript) or "reverse-stranded" (opposite to transcript)
- UPPMAX config runs as reverse stranded by default
- If wrong, QC will say most reads don't fall within genes
 - forward_stranded
 - reverse_stranded
 - unstranded

— Lib-prep presets

- There are some presets for common kits
- Clontech SMARTer PICO
 - Forward stranded, needs R1 5' 3bp and R2 3' 3bp trimming
- Please suggest others!

Saving intermediates

- By default, the pipeline doesn't save some intermediate files to your final results directory
 - Reference genome indices that have been built
 - FastQ files from TrimGalore!
 - BAM files from STAR (we have BAMs from Picard)

--saveReference

--saveTrimmed

--saveAlignedIntermediates

Resuming pipelines

- If something goes wrong, you can resume a stopped pipeline

- Will use cached versions of completed processes
- NB: Only one hyphen!

-resume

- Can resume specific past runs

- Use **nextflow log** to find job names

-resume job_name

Customising output

`-name`

Give a name to your run. Used in logs and reports

`--outdir`

Specify the directory for saved results

`--aligner hisat2`

Use HiSAT2 instead of STAR for alignment

`--email`

Get e-mailed a summary report when the pipeline finishes

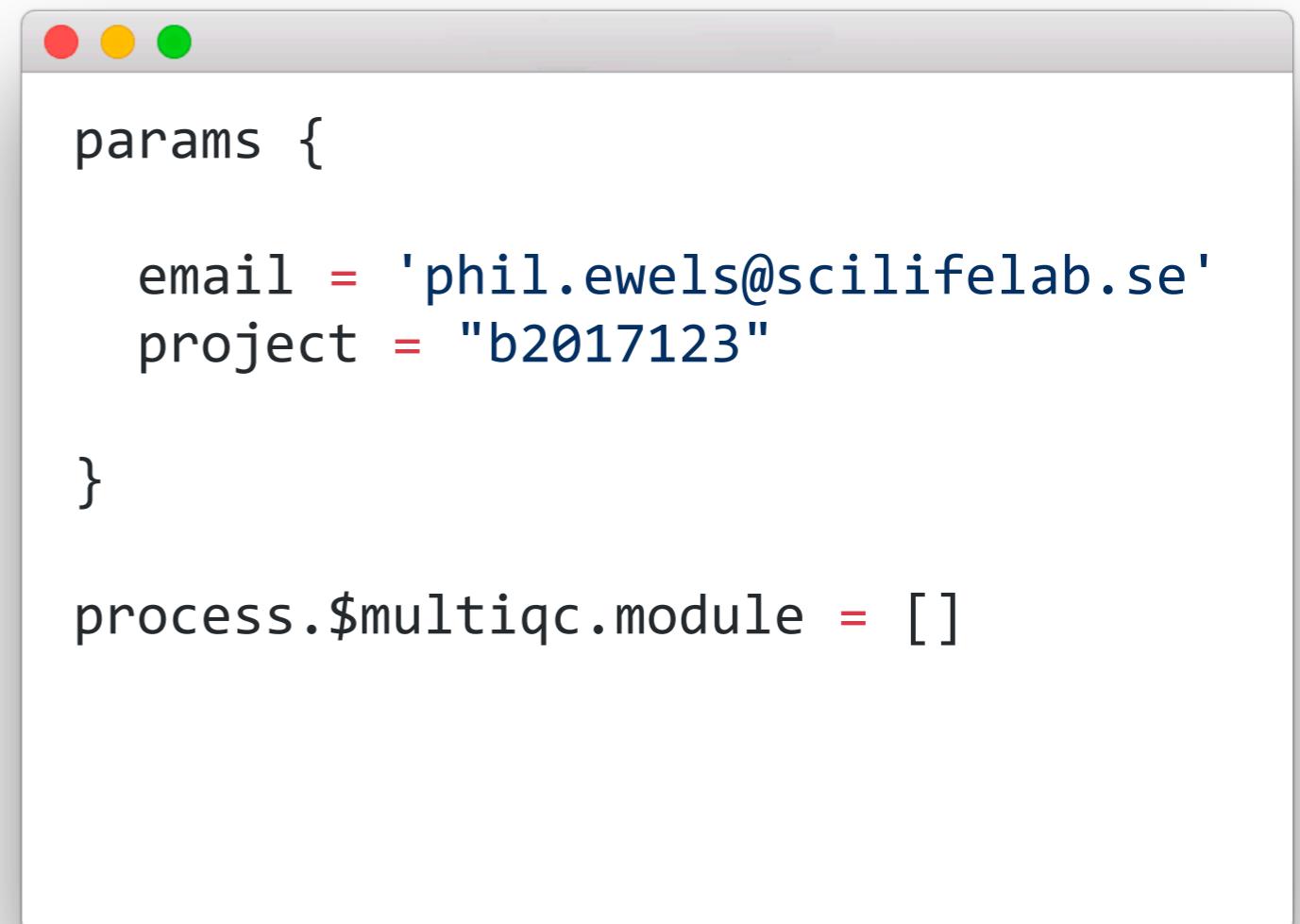
Nextflow config files

- Can save a config file with defaults
 - Anything with two hyphens is a params

`./nextflow.config`

`~/.nextflow/config`

`-c /path/to/my.config`



```
params {  
    email = 'phil.ewels@scilifelab.se'  
    project = "b2017123"  
}  
  
process.$multiqc.module = []
```

NGI-RNAseq config

```
N E X T F L O W ~ version 0.25.5
Launching `/home/phil/GitHub/NGI-RNAseq/main.nf` [amazing_laplace] - revision: 8b9f416d01
=====
NGI-RNAseq : RNA-Seq Best Practice v1.3.1
=====
Run Name      : amazing_laplace
Reads         : data/7_111116_AD0341ACXX_137_*_{1,2}.fastq.gz
Data Type     : Paired-End
Genome        : GRCh37
Strandedness   : Reverse
Trim R1       : 0
Trim R2       : 0
Trim 3' R1    : 0
Trim 3' R2    : 0
Aligner       : STAR
STAR Index    : /sw/data/uppnex/igenomes//Homo_sapiens/Ensembl/GRCh37/Sequence/STARIndex/
GTF Annotation: /sw/data/uppnex/igenomes//Homo_sapiens/Ensembl/GRCh37/Annotation/Genes/genes.gtf
BED Annotation: /sw/data/uppnex/igenomes//Homo_sapiens/Ensembl/GRCh37/Annotation/Genes/genes.bed
Save Reference: Yes
Save Trimmed   : No
Save Intermeds: No
Output dir     : ./results
Working dir    : /pica/h1/phil/nbis_rnaseq/work
Current home   : /home/phil
Current user   : phil
Current path   : /home/phil/nbis_rnaseq
R libraries    : /home/phil/R/nxtflow_libs/
Script dir     : /home/phil/GitHub/NGI-RNAseq
Config Profile : UPPMAX
UPPMAX Project : b2017123
E-mail Address : phil.ewels@scilifelab.se
=====
```

Version control

The screenshot shows a Docker registry interface. At the top, there are tabs for "Releases" (selected) and "Tags". A "Draft a new release" button is in the top right. The main header includes a Docker logo, a search bar, and navigation links for "Explore", "Help", "Sign up", and "Sign In". The repository name "scilifelab/ngi-rnaseq" is displayed with a star icon. Below it, the text "Last pushed: 5 days ago" is shown. The "Tags" tab is selected, displaying a table of tags:

Tag Name	Compressed Size	Last Updated
latest	1 GB	5 days ago
1.3.1	1 GB	19 days ago
1.3	1 GB	25 days ago

A modal window titled "Downloads" is open, listing several command-line scripts:

- \$makeSTARin
- \$makeHisatS
- \$makeHISATi
- \$fastqc.mod
- \$trim_galore
- 'TrimGalore'
- \$star.modul

In the bottom left corner, there is a logo for "SciLifeLab NGI stockholm".

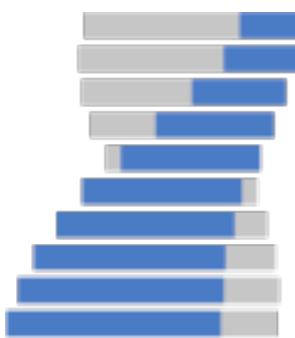
Version control

- Pipeline is always released under a stable version tag
- Software versions and code reproducible
- For full reproducibility, specify version revision when running the pipeline

```
nextflow run SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq -r v1.3.1
```

Conclusion

- Use NGI-RNAseq to prepare your data if you want:
 - To not have to remember every parameter for STAR
 - Extreme reproducibility
 - Ability to run on virtually any environment
- Now running for all RNA projects at NGI-Stockholm

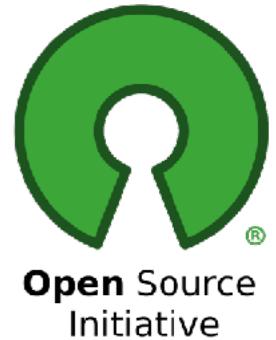


NGI-RNAseq

Conclusion



<https://github.com/>



SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq



SciLifeLab/NGI-smRNAseq



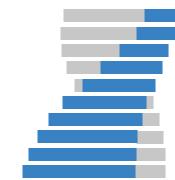
SciLifeLab/NGI-MethylSeq



SciLifeLab/NGI-ChIPseq

MIT Licence

SciLifeLab



NGI stockholm

Conclusion



<https://github.com/>



SciLifeLab/NGI-RNAseq



SciLifeLab/NGI-smRNAseq



SciLifeLab/NGI-MethylSeq



SciLifeLab/NGI-ChIPseq

Acknowledgements

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Development Group

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<http://opensource.scilifelab.se>

SciLifeLab

