RIT VEXU Core API

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Core

This is the host repository for the custom VEX libraries used by the RIT VEXU team

Automatically updated documentation is available at here. There is also a downloadable reference manual.

1.1 Getting Started

In order to simply use this repo, you can either clone it into your VEXcode project folder, or download the .zip and place it into a core/ subfolder. Then follow the instructions for setting up compilation at Wiki/BuildSystem

If you wish to contribute, follow the instructions at Wiki/ProjectSetup

1.2 Features

Here is the current feature list this repo provides:

Subsystems (See Wiki/Subsystems):

- Tank drivetrain (user control / autonomous)
- Mecanum drivetrain (user control / autonomous)
- Odometry
- Flywheel
- Lift
- · Custom encoders

Utilities (See Wiki/Utilites):

- · PID controller
- FeedForward controller
- · Trapezoidal motion profile controller
- Pure Pursuit
- · Generic auto program builder
- Auto program UI selector
- Mathematical classes (Vector2D, Moving Average)

2 Core

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

AutoCommand
Async
BasicSolenoidSet
BasicSpinCommand
BasicStopCommand
Branch
DelayCommand
DriveForwardCommand
DriveStopCommand
DriveToPointCommand
FlywheelStopCommand
FlywheelStopMotorsCommand
FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand
FunctionCommand
InOrder
OdomSetPosition
Parallel
PurePursuitCommand
RepeatUntil
SpinRPMCommand
TurnDegreesCommand
TurnToHeadingCommand
WaitUntilCondition
WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand
screen::ButtonConfig
screen::ButtonWidget
screen::CheckboxConfig
CommandController
Condition
AndCondition
FunctionCondition
IfTimePassed
OrCondition
TimesTestedCondition
vex::encoder

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StateMachine < System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >
TankDrive
screen::TextConfig
trapezoid_profile_segment_t
TrapezoidProfile
Vector2D
screen: WidgetConfig

6 Hierarchical Index

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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Async runs a command asynchronously will simply let it go and never look back THIS HAS A	
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ated at runtime	. 63
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IfTimePassed tests based on time since the command controller was constructed. Returns true	
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Widget that updates a double value. Updates by reference so watch out for race conditions cuz	
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StateMachine < System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::State	146
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File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

include/robot_specs.h	
include/subsystems/custom_encoder.h	
include/subsystems/flywheel.h	
include/subsystems/layout.h	
include/subsystems/lift.h	
include/subsystems/mecanum_drive.h	
include/subsystems/screen.h	
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include/subsystems/fun/pl_mpeg.h	184
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include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_3wheel.h	
include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h	
include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_tank.h	
include/utils/auto_chooser.h	
include/utils/generic_auto.h	
include/utils/geometry.h	
include/utils/graph_drawer.h	
include/utils/logger.h	
include/utils/math_util.h	
include/utils/moving_average.h	
include/utils/pure_pursuit.h	
include/utils/serializer.h	
include/utils/state_machine.h	
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Class Documentation

5.1 AndCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for AndCondition:



Public Member Functions

- AndCondition (Condition *A, Condition *B)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.1.1 Member Function Documentation

5.1.1.1 test()

```
bool AndCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

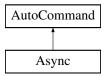
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5.2 Async Class Reference

Async runs a command asynchronously will simply let it go and never look back THIS HAS A VERY NICHE USE CASE. THINK ABOUT IF YOU REALLY NEED IT.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Async:



Public Member Functions

- Async (AutoCommand *cmd)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Async runs a command asynchronously will simply let it go and never look back THIS HAS A VERY NICHE USE CASE. THINK ABOUT IF YOU REALLY NEED IT.

5.2.2 Member Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 run()

```
bool Async::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

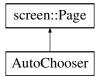
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.3 AutoChooser Class Reference

```
#include <auto_chooser.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AutoChooser:



Classes

• struct entry_t

Public Member Functions

- AutoChooser (std::vector< std::string > paths, size_t def=0)
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)
 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)
- size_t get_choice ()

Protected Attributes

- size_t choice
- std::vector< entry_t > list

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Static Protected Attributes

- static const size_t width = 380
- static const size_t height = 220

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Autochooser is a utility to make selecting robot autonomous programs easier source: RIT VexU Wiki During a season, we usually code between 4 and 6 autonomous programs. Most teams will change their entire robot program as a way of choosing autonomi but this may cause issues if you have an emergency patch to upload during a competition. This class was built as a way of using the robot screen to list autonomous programs, and the touchscreen to select them.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 AutoChooser()

Initialize the auto-chooser. This class places a choice menu on the brain screen, so the driver can choose which autonomous to run.

Parameters

brain the brain on which to draw the selection boxes

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.3.3.2 get_choice()

```
size_t AutoChooser::get_choice ( )
```

Get the currently selected auto choice

Returns

the identifier to the auto path

Return the selected autonomous

5.3.3.3 update()

```
void AutoChooser::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y) [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.3.4 Member Data Documentation

5.3.4.1 choice

```
size_t AutoChooser::choice [protected]
```

the current choice of auto

5.3.4.2 list

```
std::vector<entry_t> AutoChooser::list [protected]
```

< a list of all possible auto choices

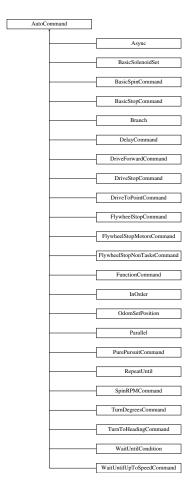
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/auto_chooser.h
- src/utils/auto_chooser.cpp

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5.4 AutoCommand Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for AutoCommand:



Public Member Functions

- virtual bool run ()
- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Public Attributes

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.4.1 Member Function Documentation

5.4.1.1 on timeout()

```
virtual void AutoCommand::on_timeout ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented in InOrder, Parallel, Branch, RepeatUntil, DriveForwardCommand, TurnDegreesCommand, TurnToHeadingCommand, PurePursuitCommand, and DriveStopCommand.

5.4.1.2 run()

```
virtual bool AutoCommand::run ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented in FunctionCommand, WaitUntilCondition, InOrder, Parallel, Branch, Async, RepeatUntil, BasicSpinCommand, BasicStopCommand, BasicSolenoidSet, DelayCommand, DriveForwardCommand, TurnDegreesCommand, DriveToPointCommand, TurnToHeadingCommand, PurePursuitCommand, DriveStopCommand, OdomSetPosition, SpinRPMCommand, WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand, FlywheelStopCommand, and FlywheelStopMotorsCommand

5.4.2 Member Data Documentation

5.4.2.1 timeout seconds

```
double AutoCommand::timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

How long to run until we cancel this command. If the command is cancelled, on_timeout() is called to allow any cleanup from the function. If the timeout_seconds <= 0, no timeout will be applied and this command will run forever A timeout can come in handy for some commands that can not reach the end due to some physical limitation such as

- · a drive command hitting a wall and not being able to reach its target
- a command that waits until something is up to speed that never gets up to speed because of battery voltage
- something else...

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.5 BangBang Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BangBang:



Public Member Functions

- BangBang (double thresshold, double low, double high)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel=0.0, double end_vel=0.0) override
- double update (double val) override
- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override

5.5.1 Member Function Documentation

5.5.1.1 get()

```
double BangBang::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value	
set_pt	where the sensor value should be	
start_vel Movement starting velocity		
end_vel	Movement ending velocity	

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.3 is_on_target()

```
bool BangBang::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.5 update()

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

```
val value from the sensor
```

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

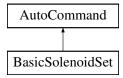
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/bang_bang.h
- src/utils/controls/bang_bang.cpp

5.6 BasicSolenoidSet Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicSolenoidSet:



Public Member Functions

• BasicSolenoidSet (vex::pneumatics &solenoid, bool setting)

Construct a new BasicSolenoidSet Command.

· bool run () override

Runs the BasicSolenoidSet Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true to end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.6.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicSolenoidSet Using the Vex hardware functions

5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.2.1 BasicSolenoidSet()

Construct a new BasicSolenoidSet Command.

Parameters

solenoid	Solenoid being set
setting	Setting of the solenoid in boolean (true,false)

5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

5.6.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicSolenoidSet::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicSolenoidSet Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Returns

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

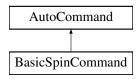
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/basic_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/basic_command.cpp

5.7 BasicSpinCommand Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicSpinCommand:



Public Types

enum type { percent , voltage , veocity }

Public Member Functions

 BasicSpinCommand (vex::motor &motor, vex::directionType dir, BasicSpinCommand::type setting, double power)

Construct a new BasicSpinCommand.

• bool run () override

Runs the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true to end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout seconds = default timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.7.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicSpinCommand using the vex hardware functions

5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.2.1 BasicSpinCommand()

```
BasicSpinCommand::BasicSpinCommand (
    vex::motor & motor,
    vex::directionType dir,
    BasicSpinCommand::type setting,
    double power )
```

Construct a new BasicSpinCommand.

a BasicMotorSpin Command

Parameters

motor	Motor to spin
direc	Direction of motor spin
setting	Power setting in volts,percentage,velocity
power	Value of desired power
motor	Motor port to spin
dir	Direction for spining
setting	Power setting in volts,percentage,velocity
power	Value of desired power

5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

5.7.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicSpinCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Run the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Returns

True Async running command

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

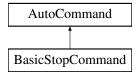
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command_structure/basic_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/basic_command.cpp

5.8 BasicStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- BasicStopCommand (vex::motor &motor, vex::brakeType setting)
 - Construct a new BasicMotorStop Command.
- bool run () override

Runs the BasicMotorStop Command Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true to end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.8.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicStopCommand Using the Vex hardware functions

5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.8.2.1 BasicStopCommand()

Construct a new BasicMotorStop Command.

Construct a BasicMotorStop Command.

Parameters

motor	The motor to stop
setting	The brake setting for the motor
motor	Motor to stop
setting	Braketype setting brake,coast,hold

5.8.3 Member Function Documentation

5.8.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicMotorStop Command Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Runs the BasicMotorStop command Ovverides run command from AutoCommand.

Returns

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

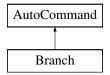
- · include/utils/command structure/basic command.h
- · src/utils/command structure/basic command.cpp

5.9 Branch Class Reference

Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Branch:



Public Member Functions

- Branch (Condition *cond, AutoCommand *false choice, AutoCommand *true choice)
- · bool run () override
- · void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE.

5.9.2 Member Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void Branch::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.9.2.2 run()

```
bool Branch::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.10 screen::ButtonConfig Struct Reference

Public Attributes

• std::function < void() > onclick

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.11 screen::ButtonWidget Class Reference

Widget that does something when you tap it. The function is only called once when you first tap it.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Public Member Functions

ButtonWidget (std::function < void(void) > onpress, Rect rect, std::string name)

Create a Button widget.

• ButtonWidget (void(*onpress)(), Rect rect, std::string name)

Create a Button widget.

bool update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

responds to user input

• void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)

draws the button to the screen

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Widget that does something when you tap it. The function is only called once when you first tap it.

5.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.11.2.1 ButtonWidget() [1/2]

Create a Button widget.

Parameters

onpress	the function to be called when the button is tapped
rect	the area the button should take up on the screen
name	the label put on the button

5.11.2.2 ButtonWidget() [2/2]

Create a Button widget.

Parameters

onpress	the function to be called when the button is tapped
rect	the area the button should take up on the screen
name	the label put on the button

5.11.3 Member Function Documentation

5.11.3.1 update()

```
bool screen::ButtonWidget::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y)
```

responds to user input

Parameters

was_pressed	if the screen is pressed
X	x position if the screen was pressed
У	y position if the screen was pressed

Returns

true if the button was pressed

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.12 screen::CheckboxConfig Struct Reference

Public Attributes

• std::function< void(bool)> onupdate

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/screen.h

5.13 CommandController Class Reference

```
#include <command_controller.h>
```

Public Member Functions

CommandController ()

Create an empty CommandController. Add Command with CommandController::add()

CommandController (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)

Create a CommandController with commands pre added. More can be added with CommandController::add()

- void add (std::vector< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- void add (AutoCommand *cmd, double timeout seconds=10.0)
- void add (std::vector< AutoCommand * > cmds, double timeout_sec)
- void add_delay (int ms)
- void add_cancel_func (std::function< bool(void)> true_if_cancel)

add cancel func specifies that when this func evaluates to true, to cancel the command controller

- void run ()
- · bool last_command_timed_out ()

5.13.1 Detailed Description

File: command_controller.h Desc: A CommandController manages the AutoCommands that make up an autonomous route. The AutoCommands are kept in a queue and get executed and removed from the queue in FIFO order.

5.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.13.2.1 CommandController()

```
\label{lem:commandController} \mbox{CommandController (} \\ std::initializer\_list<\mbox{AutoCommand} \ * > cmds \mbox{) [inline]}
```

Create a CommandController with commands pre added. More can be added with CommandController::add()

Parameters

cmds

5.13.3 Member Function Documentation

5.13.3.1 add() [1/3]

```
void CommandController::add (
          AutoCommand * cmd,
          double timeout_seconds = 10.0 )
```

File: command_controller.cpp Desc: A CommandController manages the AutoCommands that make up an autonomous route. The AutoCommands are kept in a queue and get executed and removed from the queue in FIFO order. Adds a command to the queue

Parameters

cmd	the AutoCommand we want to add to our list
	the number of seconds we will let the command run for. If it exceeds this, we cancel it and
Generated by Doxygen	run on_timeout

5.13.3.2 add() [2/3]

```
void CommandController::add ( {\tt std::vector} < {\tt AutoCommand} \ * \ > \ cmds \ )
```

Adds a command to the queue

Parameters

cmd	the AutoCommand we want to add to our list
timeout_seconds	the number of seconds we will let the command run for. If it exceeds this, we cancel it and
	run on_timeout. if it is <= 0 no time out will be applied

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

cmds the AutoCommands we want to a	dd to our list
------------------------------------	----------------

5.13.3.3 add() [3/3]

```
void CommandController::add (
    std::vector< AutoCommand * > cmds,
    double timeout_sec )
```

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.
cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list
timeout_sec	timeout in seconds to apply to all commands if they are still the default

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list
timeout	timeout in seconds to apply to all commands if they are still the default

5.13.3.4 add_cancel_func()

add_cancel_func specifies that when this func evaluates to true, to cancel the command controller

Parameters

true_if_cancel	a function that returns true when we want to cancel the command controller	

5.13.3.5 add_delay()

Adds a command that will delay progression of the queue

Parameters

ms - number of milliseconds to wait before continuing execution of autonomous

5.13.3.6 last_command_timed_out()

```
bool CommandController::last_command_timed_out ( )
```

last_command_timed_out tells how the last command ended Use this if you want to make decisions based on the end of the last command

Returns

true if the last command timed out. false if it finished regularly

5.13.3.7 run()

```
void CommandController::run ( )
```

Begin execution of the queue Execute and remove commands in FIFO order

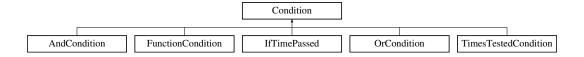
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command structure/command controller.h
- src/utils/command_structure/command_controller.cpp

5.14 Condition Class Reference

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Condition:



Public Member Functions

```
Condition * Or (Condition *b)Condition * And (Condition *b)
```

• virtual bool test ()=0

5.14.1 Detailed Description

File: auto_command.h Desc: Interface for module-specifc commands A Condition is a function that returns true or false is_even is a predicate that would return true if a number is even For our purposes, a Condition is a choice to be made at runtime drive_sys.reached_point(10, 30) is a predicate time.has_elapsed(10, vex::seconds) is a predicate extend this class for different choices you wish to make

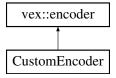
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command structure/auto command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.15 CustomEncoder Class Reference

```
#include <custom_encoder.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CustomEncoder:



Public Member Functions

- CustomEncoder (vex::triport::port &port, double ticks_per_rev)
- void setRotation (double val, vex::rotationUnits units)
- void setPosition (double val, vex::rotationUnits units)
- double rotation (vex::rotationUnits units)
- double position (vex::rotationUnits units)
- double velocity (vex::velocityUnits units)

5.15.1 Detailed Description

A wrapper class for the vex encoder that allows the use of 3rd party encoders with different tick-per-revolution values.

5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.15.2.1 CustomEncoder()

Construct an encoder with a custom number of ticks

Parameters

port	the triport port on the brain the encoder is plugged into
ticks_per_rev	the number of ticks the encoder will report for one revolution

5.15.3 Member Function Documentation

5.15.3.1 position()

get the position that the encoder is at

Parameters

units the unit we want the retur	n value to be in
----------------------------------	------------------

Returns

the position of the encoder in the units specified

5.15.3.2 rotation()

get the rotation that the encoder is at

Parameters

units	the unit we want the return value to be in
-------	--

Returns

the rotation of the encoder in the units specified

5.15.3.3 setPosition()

sets the stored position of the encoder. Any further movements will be from this value

Parameters

val	the numerical value of the position we are setting to
units	the unit of val

5.15.3.4 setRotation()

sets the stored rotation of the encoder. Any further movements will be from this value

Parameters

val	the numerical value of the angle we are setting to
units	the unit of val

5.15.3.5 velocity()

get the velocity that the encoder is moving at

Parameters

units the unit we want the return	n value to be in
-----------------------------------	------------------

Returns

the velocity of the encoder in the units specified

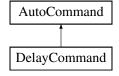
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/custom encoder.h
- src/subsystems/custom_encoder.cpp

5.16 DelayCommand Class Reference

```
#include <delay_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DelayCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DelayCommand (int ms)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    virtual void on timeout ()
```

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.16.1 Detailed Description

File: delay_command.h Desc: A DelayCommand will make the robot wait the set amount of milliseconds before continuing execution of the autonomous route

5.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.16.2.1 DelayCommand()

Construct a delay command

Parameters

ms the number of milliseconds to delay for

5.16.3 Member Function Documentation

5.16.3.1 run()

```
bool DelayCommand::run ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Delays for the amount of milliseconds stored in the command Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when complete

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/delay_command.h

5.17 DriveForwardCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveForwardCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveForwardCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double inches, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- · void on timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.17.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the drive_forward function in the TankDrive class

5.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.17.2.1 DriveForwardCommand()

File: drive_commands.h Desc: Holds all the AutoCommand subclasses that wrap (currently) TankDrive functions

Currently includes:

- · drive_forward
- · turn_degrees
- · drive_to_point
- · turn_to_heading
- stop

Also holds AutoCommand subclasses that wrap OdometryBase functions

Currently includes:

set_position Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive
inches	how far forward to drive
dir	the direction to drive
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.17.3 Member Function Documentation

5.17.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void DriveForwardCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we timeout

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.17.3.2 run()

```
bool DriveForwardCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run drive_forward Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- · src/utils/command structure/drive commands.cpp

5.18 DriveStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveStopCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.18.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stop() function in the TankDrive class

5.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.18.2.1 DriveStopCommand()

Construct a DriveStop Command

Parameters

drive_sys the drive system we are commanding

5.18.3 Member Function Documentation

5.18.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void DriveStopCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.18.3.2 run()

```
bool DriveStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Stop the drive system Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Stop the drive train Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

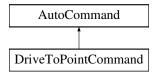
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.19 DriveToPointCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveToPointCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveToPointCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double x, double y, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- DriveToPointCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, point_t point, directionType dir, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- · bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.19.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the drive_to_point function in the TankDrive class

5.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.19.2.1 DriveToPointCommand() [1/2]

Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive
X	where to drive in the x dimension
У	where to drive in the y dimension
dir	the direction to drive
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.19.2.2 DriveToPointCommand() [2/2]

Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive
point	the point to drive to
dir	the direction to drive
max_speed Generated by Doxyo	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.19.3 Member Function Documentation

5.19.3.1 run()

```
bool DriveToPointCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run drive_to_point Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.20 AutoChooser::entry_t Struct Reference

```
#include <auto_chooser.h>
```

Public Attributes

- Rect rect
- std::string name

5.20.1 Detailed Description

entry_t is a datatype used to store information that the chooser knows about an auto selection button

5.20.2 Member Data Documentation

5.20.2.1 name

```
std::string AutoChooser::entry_t::name
```

name of the auto repretsented by the block

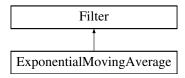
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/auto_chooser.h

5.21 Exponential Moving Average Class Reference

#include <moving_average.h>

Inheritance diagram for ExponentialMovingAverage:



Public Member Functions

- ExponentialMovingAverage (int buffer_size)
- ExponentialMovingAverage (int buffer_size, double starting_value)
- · void add_entry (double n) override
- double get_value () const override
- int get size ()

5.21.1 Detailed Description

ExponentialMovingAverage

An exponential moving average is a way of smoothing out noisy data. For many sensor readings, the noise is roughly symmetric around the actual value. This means that if you collect enough samples those that are too high are cancelled out by the samples that are too low leaving the real value.

A simple mobing average lags significantly with time as it has to counteract old samples. An exponential moving average keeps more up to date by weighting newer readings higher than older readings so it is more up to date while also still smoothed.

The ExponentialMovingAverage class provides an simple interface to do this smoothing from our noisy sensor values.

5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.21.2.1 ExponentialMovingAverage() [1/2]

Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value

Parameters

buffer_size The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading

5.21.2.2 ExponentialMovingAverage() [2/2]

Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value

Parameters

buffer_size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
starting_value	The value that the average will be before any data is added

5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

5.21.3.1 add_entry()

```
void ExponentialMovingAverage::add_entry ( \label{eq:condition} \texttt{double} \ n \ ) \ \ [\texttt{override}] \text{, [virtual]}
```

Add a reading to the buffer Before: [1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2 $^{\wedge}$ After: [2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16 $^{\wedge}$

Parameters

n the sample that will be added to the moving average.

Implements Filter.

5.21.3.2 get_size()

```
int ExponentialMovingAverage::get_size ( )
```

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

5.21.3.3 get_value()

```
double ExponentialMovingAverage::get_value ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the average based off of all the samples collected so far

Returns

the calculated average. sum(samples)/numsamples

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

Implements Filter.

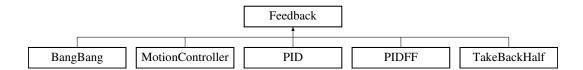
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/moving_average.h
- src/utils/moving_average.cpp

5.22 Feedback Class Reference

```
#include <feedback_base.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Feedback:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel=0.0, double end_vel=0.0)=0
- virtual double update (double val)=0
- virtual double get ()=0
- virtual void set_limits (double lower, double upper)=0
- virtual bool is_on_target ()=0

5.22.1 Detailed Description

Interface so that subsystems can easily switch between feedback loops

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

9/25/2022

5.22.2 Member Function Documentation

5.22.2.1 get()

```
virtual double Feedback::get ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.22.2.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value
set_pt	where the sensor value should be
start_vel	Movement starting velocity
end_vel	Movement ending velocity

Implemented in MotionController, PIDFF, PID, BangBang, and TakeBackHalf.

5.22.2.3 is_on_target()

```
virtual bool Feedback::is_on_target ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.22.2.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.22.2.5 update()

```
virtual double Feedback::update ( \mbox{double } val \mbox{ ) } \mbox{ [pure virtual]}
```

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

val value from the sensor

Returns

feedback loop result

Implemented in MotionController, PID, BangBang, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h

5.23 FeedForward Class Reference

```
#include <feedforward.h>
```

Classes

• struct ff_config_t

Public Member Functions

- FeedForward (ff_config_t &cfg)
- double calculate (double v, double a, double pid_ref=0.0)

Perform the feedforward calculation.

5.23.1 Detailed Description

FeedForward

Stores the feedfoward constants, and allows for quick computation. Feedfoward should be used in systems that require smooth precise movements and have high inertia, such as drivetrains and lifts.

This is best used alongside a PID loop, with the form: output = pid.get() + feedforward.calculate(v, a);

In this case, the feedforward does the majority of the heavy lifting, and the pid loop only corrects for inconsistencies

For information about tuning feedforward, I reccommend looking at this post: $https://www. \leftarrow chiefdelphi.com/t/paper-frc-drivetrain-characterization/160915$ (yes I know it's for FRC but trust me, it's useful)

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

6/13/2022

5.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.23.2.1 FeedForward()

Creates a FeedForward object.

Parameters

```
cfg Configuration Struct for tuning
```

5.23.3 Member Function Documentation

5.23.3.1 calculate()

Perform the feedforward calculation.

This calculation is the equation: F = kG + kS*sgn(v) + kV*v + kA*a

Parameters

V	Requested velocity of system
а	Requested acceleration of system

Returns

A feedforward that should closely represent the system if tuned correctly

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/feedforward.h

5.24 FeedForward::ff_config_t Struct Reference

#include <feedforward.h>

Public Attributes

- double kS
- double kV
- double kA
- double kG

5.24.1 Detailed Description

ff_config_t holds the parameters to make the theoretical model of a real world system equation is of the form kS if the system is not stopped, 0 otherwise

- kV * desired velocity
- · kA * desired acceleration
- kG

5.24.2 Member Data Documentation

5.24.2.1 kA

double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kA

kA - Acceleration coefficient: the power required to change the mechanism's speed. Multiplied by the requested acceleration.

5.24.2.2 kG

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kG
```

kG - Gravity coefficient: only needed for lifts. The power required to overcome gravity and stay at steady state.

5.24.2.3 kS

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kS
```

Coefficient to overcome static friction: the point at which the motor *starts* to move.

5.24.2.4 kV

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kV
```

Veclocity coefficient: the power required to keep the mechanism in motion. Multiplied by the requested velocity.

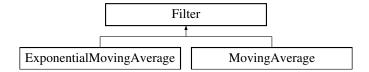
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/feedforward.h

5.25 Filter Class Reference

```
#include <moving_average.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Filter:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void add_entry (double n)=0
- virtual double get_value () const =0

5.25.1 Detailed Description

Interface for filters Use add_entry to supply data and get_value to retrieve the filtered value

5.25.2 Member Function Documentation

5.25.2.1 add entry()

```
virtual void Filter::add_entry ( double n ) [pure virtual]
```

 $Implemented\ in\ Moving Average,\ and\ Exponential Moving Average.$

5.25.2.2 get_value()

```
virtual double Filter::get_value ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Implemented in MovingAverage, and ExponentialMovingAverage.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/moving_average.h

5.26 Flywheel Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Flywheel (vex::motor_group &motors, Feedback &feedback, FeedForward &helper, const double ratio, Filter &filt)
- double get_target () const
- double getRPM () const
- vex::motor_group & get_motors () const
- void spin_manual (double speed, directionType dir=fwd)
- void spin_rpm (double rpm)
- void stop ()
- bool is_on_target ()

check if the feedback controller thinks the flywheel is on target

• screen::Page * Page () const

Creates a page displaying info about the flywheel.

AutoCommand * SpinRpmCmd (int rpm)

Creates a new auto command to spin the flywheel at the desired velocity.

AutoCommand * WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd ()

Creates a new auto command that will hold until the flywheel has its target as defined by its feedback controller.

Friends

- class FlywheelPage
- int spinRPMTask (void *wheelPointer)

5.26.1 Detailed Description

a Flywheel class that handles all control of a high inertia spinning disk It gives multiple options for what control system to use in order to control wheel velocity and functions alerting the user when the flywheel is up to speed. Flywheel is a set and forget class. Once you create it you can call spin_rpm or stop on it at any time and it will take all necessary steps to accomplish this

5.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.26.2.1 Flywheel()

Create the Flywheel object using PID + feedforward for control.

Parameters

motors	pointer to the motors on the fly wheel
feedback	a feedback controleller
helper	a feedforward config (only kV is used) to help the feedback controller along
ratio	ratio of the gears from the motor to the flywheel just multiplies the velocity
filter	the filter to use to smooth noisy motor readings

5.26.3 Member Function Documentation

5.26.3.1 get_motors()

```
motor_group & Flywheel::get_motors ( ) const
```

Returns the motors

Returns

the motors used to run the flywheel

5.26.3.2 get_target()

```
double Flywheel::get_target ( ) const
```

Return the target_rpm that the flywheel is currently trying to achieve

Returns

target_rpm the target rpm

Return the current value that the target_rpm should be set to

5.26.3.3 getRPM()

```
double Flywheel::getRPM ( ) const
```

return the velocity of the flywheel

5.26.3.4 is_on_target()

```
bool Flywheel::is_on_target ( ) [inline]
```

check if the feedback controller thinks the flywheel is on target

Returns

true if on target

5.26.3.5 Page()

```
screen::Page * Flywheel::Page ( ) const
```

Creates a page displaying info about the flywheel.

Returns

the page should be used for `screen::start_screen(screen, {fw.Page()});

5.26.3.6 spin_manual()

Spin motors using voltage; defaults forward at 12 volts FOR USE BY OPCONTROL AND AUTONOMOUS - this only applies if the target_rpm thread is not running

Parameters

speed - speed (between -1 and 1) to set the motor	
dir	- direction that the motor moves in; defaults to forward

Spin motors using voltage; defaults forward at 12 volts FOR USE BY OPCONTROL AND AUTONOMOUS - this only applies if the RPM thread is not running

Parameters

speed	- speed (between -1 and 1) to set the motor	1
dir	- direction that the motor moves in; defaults to forward]

5.26.3.7 spin_rpm()

starts or sets the target_rpm thread at new value what control scheme is dependent on control_style

Parameters

```
rpm - the target_rpm we want to spin at
```

starts or sets the RPM thread at new value what control scheme is dependent on control_style

Parameters

```
input_rpm - set the current RPM
```

5.26.3.8 SpinRpmCmd()

Creates a new auto command to spin the flywheel at the desired velocity.

Parameters

```
rpm the rpm to spin at
```

Returns

an auto command to add to a command controller

5.26.3.9 stop()

```
void Flywheel::stop ( )
```

Stops the motors. If manually spinning, this will do nothing just call spin_mainual(0.0) to send 0 volts stop the RPM thread and the wheel

5.26.3.10 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd()

```
AutoCommand * Flywheel::WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new auto command that will hold until the flywheel has its target as defined by its feedback controller.

Returns

an auto command to add to a command controller

5.26.4 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

5.26.4.1 spinRPMTask

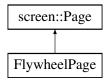
Runs a thread that keeps track of updating flywheel RPM and controlling it accordingly

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/flywheel.h
- src/subsystems/flywheel.cpp

5.27 FlywheelPage Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelPage:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelPage (const Flywheel &fw)
- void update (bool, int, int) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool, unsigned int) override

Static Public Attributes

• static const size_t window_size = 40

5.27.1 Member Function Documentation

5.27.1.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.27.1.2 update()

```
void FlywheelPage::update (
          bool ,
          int ,
          int ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/subsystems/flywheel.cpp

5.28 FlywheelStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelStopCommand (Flywheel &flywheel)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
    double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.28.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stop function in the Flywheel class

5.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.28.2.1 FlywheelStopCommand()

```
FlywheelStopCommand::FlywheelStopCommand (  Flywheel \ \& \ flywheel \ )
```

Construct a FlywheelStopCommand

Parameters

5.28.3 Member Function Documentation

5.28.3.1 run()

```
bool FlywheelStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run stop Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

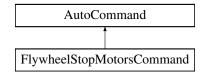
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command structure/flywheel commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.29 FlywheelStopMotorsCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopMotorsCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelStopMotorsCommand (Flywheel &flywheel)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.29.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stopMotors function in the Flywheel class

5.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.29.2.1 FlywheelStopMotorsCommand()

```
\label{lem:flywheelStopMotorsCommand::FlywheelStopMotorsCommand (} Flywheel & flywheel )
```

Construct a FlywheeStopMotors Command

Parameters

```
flywheel the flywheel system we are commanding
```

5.29.3 Member Function Documentation

5.29.3.1 run()

```
bool FlywheelStopMotorsCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run stop Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

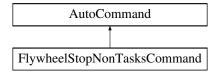
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.30 FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand:



Additional Inherited Members

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.30.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stopNonTasks function in the Flywheel class

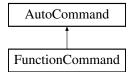
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.31 FunctionCommand Class Reference

#include <auto_command.h>

Inheritance diagram for FunctionCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionCommand (std::function< bool(void)> f)
- bool run ()

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.31.1 Detailed Description

FunctionCommand is fun and good way to do simple things Printing, launching nukes, and other quick and dirty one time things

5.31.2 Member Function Documentation

5.31.2.1 run()

```
bool FunctionCommand::run ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

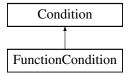
• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.32 FunctionCondition Class Reference

FunctionCondition is a quick and dirty Condition to wrap some expression that should be evaluated at runtime.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FunctionCondition:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionCondition (std::function< bool()> cond, std::function< void(void)> timeout=[]() {})
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.32.1 Detailed Description

FunctionCondition is a quick and dirty Condition to wrap some expression that should be evaluated at runtime.

5.32.2 Member Function Documentation

5.32.2.1 test()

```
bool FunctionCondition::test ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

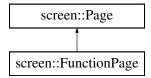
- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.33 screen::FunctionPage Class Reference

Simple page that stores no internal data. the draw and update functions use only global data rather than storing anything.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::FunctionPage:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionPage (update_func_t update_f, draw_func_t draw_t)
 Creates a function page.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override

update uses the supplied update function to update this page

void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

draw uses the supplied draw function to draw to the screen

5.33.1 Detailed Description

Simple page that stores no internal data. the draw and update functions use only global data rather than storing anything.

5.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.33.2.1 FunctionPage()

Creates a function page.

FunctionPage.

Parameters

update⊷	the function called every tick to respond to user input or do data collection
_f	
draw_t	the function called to draw to the screen
update⊷	drawing function
_f	
draw_f	drawing function

5.33.3 Member Function Documentation

5.33.3.1 draw()

draw uses the supplied draw function to draw to the screen

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.33.3.2 update()

update uses the supplied update function to update this page

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.34 GenericAuto Class Reference

```
#include <generic_auto.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool run (bool blocking)
- void add (state_ptr new_state)
- void add async (state ptr async state)
- void add_delay (int ms)

5.34.1 Detailed Description

GenericAuto provides a pleasant interface for organizing an auto path steps of the path can be added with add() and when ready, calling run() will begin executing the path

5.34.2 Member Function Documentation

5.34.2.1 add()

Add a new state to the autonomous via function point of type "bool (ptr*)()"

Parameters

```
new_state the function to run
```

5.34.2.2 add_async()

Add a new state to the autonomous via function point of type "bool (ptr*)()" that will run asynchronously

Parameters

```
async_state the function to run
```

5.34.2.3 add_delay()

add_delay adds a period where the auto system will simply wait for the specified time

Parameters

ms	how long to wait in milliseconds

5.34.2.4 run()

The method that runs the autonomous. If 'blocking' is true, then this method will run through every state until it finished.

If blocking is false, then assuming every state is also non-blocking, the method will run through the current state in the list and return immediately.

Parameters

block	ing	Whether or not to block the thread until all states have run
-------	-----	--

Returns

true after all states have finished.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/generic_auto.h
- src/utils/generic_auto.cpp

5.35 GraphDrawer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• GraphDrawer (int num_samples, double lower_bound, double upper_bound, std::vector< vex::color > colors, size_t num_series=1)

Creates a graph drawer with the specified number of series (each series is a separate line)

- void add_samples (std::vector< point_t > sample)
- void add_samples (std::vector< double > sample)
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, int x, int y, int width, int height)

5.35.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.35.1.1 GraphDrawer()

```
GraphDrawer::GraphDrawer (
        int num_samples,
        double lower_bound,
        double upper_bound,
        std::vector< vex::color > colors,
        size_t num_series = 1 )
```

Creates a graph drawer with the specified number of series (each series is a separate line)

Parameters

num_samples	the number of samples to graph at a time (40 will graph the last 40 data points)
lower_bound	the bottom of the window when displaying (if upper_bound = lower_bound, auto calculate bounds)
upper_bound	the top of the window when displaying (if upper_bound = lower_bound, auto calculate bounds)
colors	the colors of the series. must be of size num_series
num_series	the number of series to graph

5.35.2 Member Function Documentation

5.35.2.1 add_samples() [1/2]

add_samples adds a point to the graph, removing one from the back

Parameters

sample	a y coordinate of the next point to graph, the x coordinate is gotten from vex::timer::system(); (time in	
	ms)	

5.35.2.2 add_samples() [2/2]

add_samples adds a point to the graph, removing one from the back

Parameters

```
sample an x, y coordinate of the next point to graph
```

5.35.2.3 draw()

draws the graph to the screen in the constructor

Parameters

Parameters

У	y position of the top left of the graphed region
width	the width of the graphed region
height	the height of the graphed region

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/graph_drawer.h
- · src/utils/graph_drawer.cpp

5.36 PurePursuit::hermite_point Struct Reference

#include <pure_pursuit.h>

Public Member Functions

- point_t getPoint () const
- Vector2D getTangent () const

Public Attributes

- double x
- double y
- double dir
- · double mag

5.36.1 Detailed Description

a position along the hermite path contains a position and orientation information that the robot would be at at this point

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

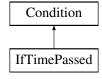
• include/utils/pure_pursuit.h

5.37 IfTimePassed Class Reference

 $\label{limePassed} \textbf{IfTimePassed} \ \ \textbf{tests} \ \ \textbf{based} \ \ \textbf{on time since the command controller was constructed}. \ \ \textbf{Returns true if elapsed time} > \\ \textbf{time_s}.$

#include <auto_command.h>

Inheritance diagram for IfTimePassed:



Public Member Functions

- IfTimePassed (double time_s)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

```
• Condition * Or (Condition *b)
```

• Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.37.1 Detailed Description

IfTimePassed tests based on time since the command controller was constructed. Returns true if elapsed time > time_s.

5.37.2 Member Function Documentation

5.37.2.1 test()

```
bool IfTimePassed::test ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

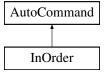
- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.38 InOrder Class Reference

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for InOrder:



Public Member Functions

- InOrder (const InOrder &other)=default
- InOrder (std::queue < AutoCommand * > cmds)
- InOrder (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.38.1 Detailed Description

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

5.38.2 Member Function Documentation

5.38.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void InOrder::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.38.2.2 run()

```
bool InOrder::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.39 screen::LabelConfig Struct Reference

Public Attributes

· std::string label

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.40 Lift< T > Class Template Reference

```
#include <lift.h>
```

Classes

struct lift_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

- void control_continuous (bool up_ctrl, bool down_ctrl)
- void control_manual (bool up_btn, bool down_btn, int volt_up, int volt_down)
- void control_setpoints (bool up_step, bool down_step, vector< T > pos_list)
- bool set_position (T pos)
- bool set_setpoint (double val)
- double get_setpoint ()
- void hold ()
- void home ()
- bool get_async ()
- void set_async (bool val)
- void set_sensor_function (double(*fn_ptr)(void))
- void set sensor reset (void(*fn ptr)(void))

5.40.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> class Lift< T >
```

LIFT A general class for lifts (e.g. 4bar, dr4bar, linear, etc) Uses a PID to hold the lift at a certain height under load, and to move the lift to different heights

Author

Ryan McGee

5.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.40.2.1 Lift()

Construct the Lift object and begin the background task that controls the lift.

Usage example: /code{.cpp} enum Positions {UP, MID, DOWN}; map<Positions, double> setpt_map { {DOWN, 0.0}, {MID, 0.5}, {UP, 1.0} }; Lift<Positions> my_lift(motors, lift_cfg, setpt_map); /endcode

Parameters

lift_motors	A set of motors, all set that positive rotation correlates with the lift going up
lift_cfg	Lift characterization information; PID tunings and movement speeds
setpoint_map	A map of enum type T, in which each enum entry corresponds to a different lift height

5.40.3 Member Function Documentation

5.40.3.1 control_continuous()

Control the lift with an "up" button and a "down" button. Use PID to hold the lift when letting go.

Parameters

up_ctrl	Button controlling the "UP" motion
down_ctrl	Button controlling the "DOWN" motion

5.40.3.2 control_manual()

Control the lift with manual controls (no holding voltage)

Parameters

up_btn	Raise the lift when true
down_btn	Lower the lift when true
volt_up	Motor voltage when raising the lift
volt_down	Motor voltage when lowering the lift

5.40.3.3 control_setpoints()

Control the lift in "steps". When the "up" button is pressed, the lift will go to the next position as defined by pos_list. Order matters!

Parameters

up_step	A button that increments the position of the lift.
down_step	A button that decrements the position of the lift.
pos_list	A list of positions for the lift to go through. The higher the index, the higher the lift should be (generally).

5.40.3.4 get_async()

```
template<typename T >
bool Lift< T >::get_async ( ) [inline]
```

Returns

whether or not the background thread is running the lift

5.40.3.5 get_setpoint()

```
template<typename T >
double Lift< T >::get_setpoint ( ) [inline]
```

Returns

The current setpoint for the lift

5.40.3.6 hold()

```
template<typename T >
void Lift< T >::hold ( ) [inline]
```

Target the class's setpoint. Calculate the PID output and set the lift motors accordingly.

5.40.3.7 home()

```
template<typename T >
void Lift< T >::home ( ) [inline]
```

A blocking function that automatically homes the lift based on a sensor or hard stop, and sets the position to 0. A watchdog times out after 3 seconds, to avoid damage.

5.40.3.8 set_async()

Enables or disables the background task. Note that running the control functions, or set_position functions will immediately re-enable the task for autonomous use.

Parameters

val Whether or not the background thread should run the lift

5.40.3.9 set position()

Enable the background task, and send the lift to a position, specified by the setpoint map from the constructor.

Parameters

```
pos A lift position enum type
```

Returns

True if the pid has reached the setpoint

5.40.3.10 set_sensor_function()

Creates a custom hook for any other type of sensor to be used on the lift. Example: /code{.cpp} my_lift.set_ sensor_function([](){return my_sensor.position();}); /endcode

Parameters

fn_ptr | Pointer to custom sensor function

5.40.3.11 set_sensor_reset()

Creates a custom hook to reset the sensor used in set_sensor_function(). Example: /code{.cpp} my_lift.set_← sensor reset(my_sensor.resetPosition); /endcode

5.40.3.12 set_setpoint()

Manually set a setpoint value for the lift PID to go to.

Parameters

val Lift setpoint, in motor revolutions or sensor units defined by get_sensor. Cannot be outside the softstops.

Returns

True if the pid has reached the setpoint

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/lift.h

5.41 Lift< T >::lift cfg t Struct Reference

```
#include <lift.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double up_speed
- double down_speed
- · double softstop_up
- double softstop_down
- PID::pid_config_t lift_pid_cfg

5.41.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct Lift< T>::lift_cfg_t
```

lift_cfg_t holds the physical parameter specifications of a lify system. includes:

- · maximum speeds for the system
- · softstops to stop the lift from hitting the hard stops too hard

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/lift.h

5.42 Logger Class Reference

Class to simplify writing to files.

```
#include <logger.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• Logger (const std::string &filename)

Create a logger that will save to a file.

• Logger (const Logger &I)=delete

copying not allowed

• Logger & operator= (const Logger &I)=delete

copying not allowed

void Log (const std::string &s)

Write a string to the log.

• void Log (LogLevel level, const std::string &s)

Write a string to the log with a loglevel.

void LogIn (const std::string &s)

Write a string and newline to the log.

void LogIn (LogLevel level, const std::string &s)

Write a string and a newline to the log with a loglevel.

void Logf (const char *fmt,...)

Write a formatted string to the log.

void Logf (LogLevel level, const char *fmt,...)

Write a formatted string to the log with a loglevel.

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr int MAX_FORMAT_LEN = 512

maximum size for a string to be before it's written

5.42.1 Detailed Description

Class to simplify writing to files.

5.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.42.2.1 Logger()

```
Logger::Logger (

const std::string & filename ) [explicit]
```

Create a logger that will save to a file.

Parameters

filename the file to save to

5.42.3 Member Function Documentation

5.42.3.1 Log() [1/2]

```
void Logger::Log ( {\tt const\ std::string\ \&\ s\ )}
```

Write a string to the log.

Parameters

s the string to write

5.42.3.2 Log() [2/2]

```
void Logger::Log ( \label{logLevel level,} \mbox{LogLevel level,} \\ \mbox{const std::string & $s$ )}
```

Write a string to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
s	the string to write

5.42.3.3 Logf() [1/2]

Write a formatted string to the log.

Parameters

fm	it	the format string (like printf)
		the args

5.42.3.4 Logf() [2/2]

Write a formatted string to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

	level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
	fmt	the format string (like printf)
Ī		the args

5.42.3.5 LogIn() [1/2]

```
void Logger::Logln ( const std::string & s )
```

Write a string and newline to the log.

Parameters

```
s the string to write
```

5.42.3.6 LogIn() [2/2]

Write a string and a newline to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
s	the string to write

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/logger.h
- src/utils/logger.cpp

5.43 MotionController::m_profile_cfg_t Struct Reference

```
#include <motion_controller.h>
```

Public Attributes

double max_v

the maximum velocity the robot can drive

· double accel

the most acceleration the robot can do

• PID::pid_config_t pid_cfg

configuration parameters for the internal PID controller

• FeedForward::ff_config_t ff_cfg

configuration parameters for the internal

5.43.1 Detailed Description

m_profile_config holds all data the motion controller uses to plan paths When motion pofile is given a target to drive to, max_v and accel are used to make the trapezoid profile instructing the controller how to drive pid_cfg, ff_cfg are used to find the motor outputs necessary to execute this path

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/controls/motion controller.h

5.44 Mat2 Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

• point_t operator* (const point_t p) const

Static Public Member Functions

• static Mat2 FromRotationDegrees (double degrees)

Public Attributes

- · double X11
- double X12
- double X21
- · double X22

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/geometry.h

5.45 StateMachine < System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::MaybeMessage Class Reference

MaybeMessage a message of Message type or nothing MaybeMessage $m = \{\}$; // empty MaybeMessage $m = \{\}$ Message::EnumField1.

#include <state_machine.h>

Public Member Functions

• MaybeMessage ()

Empty message - when theres no message.

MaybeMessage (Message msg)

Create a maybemessage with a message.

• bool has_message ()

check if the message is here

• Message message ()

Get the message stored. The return value is invalid unless has_message returned true.

5.45.1 Detailed Description

template<typename System, typename IDType, typename Message, int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log = false> class StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::MaybeMessage

MaybeMessage a message of Message type or nothing MaybeMessage $m = \{\}$; // empty MaybeMessage $m = \{\}$ Message::EnumField1.

5.45.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.45.2.1 MaybeMessage()

Create a maybemessage with a message.

Parameters

msg the message to hold on to

5.45.3 Member Function Documentation

5.45.3.1 has_message()

```
template<typename System , typename IDType , typename Message , int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log
= false>
bool StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::MaybeMessage::has_message ( )
[inline]
```

check if the message is here

Returns

true if there is a message

5.45.3.2 message()

```
template<typename System , typename IDType , typename Message , int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log
= false>
Message StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::MaybeMessage::message ()
[inline]
```

Get the message stored. The return value is invalid unless has message returned true.

Returns

The message if it exists. Undefined otherwise

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/state_machine.h

5.46 MecanumDrive Class Reference

```
#include <mecanum_drive.h>
```

Classes

· struct mecanumdrive_config_t

Public Member Functions

- MecanumDrive (vex::motor &left_front, vex::motor &right_front, vex::motor &left_rear, vex::motor &right_rear, vex::rotation *lateral_wheel=NULL, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, mecanumdrive_config_t *config=NULL)
- void drive_raw (double direction_deg, double magnitude, double rotation)
- void drive (double left_y, double left_x, double right_x, int power=2)
- bool auto_drive (double inches, double direction, double speed, bool gyro_correction=true)
- bool auto_turn (double degrees, double speed, bool ignore_imu=false)

5.46.1 Detailed Description

A class representing the Mecanum drivetrain. Contains 4 motors, a possible IMU (intertial), and a possible undriven perpendicular wheel.

5.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.46.2.1 MecanumDrive()

```
MecanumDrive::MecanumDrive (
    vex::motor & left_front,
    vex::motor & right_front,
    vex::motor & left_rear,
    vex::motor & right_rear,
    vex::rotation * lateral_wheel = NULL,
    vex::inertial * imu = NULL,
    mecanumdrive_config_t * config = NULL )
```

Create the Mecanum drivetrain object

5.46.3 Member Function Documentation

5.46.3.1 auto_drive()

Drive the robot in a straight line automatically. If the inertial was declared in the constructor, use it to correct while driving. If the lateral wheel was declared in the constructor, use it for more accurate positioning while strafing.

Parameters

inches	How far the robot should drive, in inches
direction	What direction the robot should travel in, in degrees. 0 is forward, +/-180 is reverse, clockwise is positive.
speed	The maximum speed the robot should travel, in percent: -1.0->+1.0
gyro_correction	=true Whether or not to use the gyro to help correct while driving. Will always be false if no gyro was declared in the constructor.

Drive the robot in a straight line automatically. If the inertial was declared in the constructor, use it to correct while driving. If the lateral wheel was declared in the constructor, use it for more accurate positioning while strafing.

Parameters

inches	How far the robot should drive, in inches
direction	What direction the robot should travel in, in degrees. 0 is forward, +/-180 is reverse, clockwise is positive.
speed	The maximum speed the robot should travel, in percent: -1.0->+1.0
gyro_correction	= true Whether or not to use the gyro to help correct while driving. Will always be false if no gyro was declared in the constructor.

Returns

Whether or not the maneuver is complete.

5.46.3.2 auto_turn()

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees over it's center point. Uses a closed loop for control.

Parameters

degrees	How many degrees to rotate the robot. Clockwise postive.
speed	What percentage to run the motors at: 0.0 -> 1.0
ignore_imu Generated by Doxy	=false Whether or not to use the Inertial for determining angle. Will instead use circumference gen formula + robot's wheelbase + encoders to determine.

Returns

whether or not the robot has finished the maneuver

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees over it's center point. Uses a closed loop for control.

Parameters

degrees	How many degrees to rotate the robot. Clockwise postive.
speed	What percentage to run the motors at: 0.0 -> 1.0
ignore_imu	= false Whether or not to use the Inertial for determining angle. Will instead use circumference formula + robot's wheelbase + encoders to determine.

Returns

whether or not the robot has finished the maneuver

5.46.3.3 drive()

Drive the robot with a mecanum-style / arcade drive. Inputs are in percent (-100.0 \rightarrow 100.0) straight from the controller. Controls are mixed, so the robot can drive forward / strafe / rotate all at the same time.

Parameters

left_y	left joystick, Y axis (forward / backwards)
left_x	left joystick, X axis (strafe left / right)
right←	right joystick, X axis (rotation left / right)
_X	
power	=2 how much of a "curve" there should be on drive controls; better for low speed maneuvers. Leave
	blank for a default curve of 2 (higher means more fidelity)

Drive the robot with a mecanum-style / arcade drive. Inputs are in percent (-100.0 \rightarrow 100.0) straight from the controller. Controls are mixed, so the robot can drive forward / strafe / rotate all at the same time.

Parameters

left_y	left joystick, Y axis (forward / backwards)
left_x	left joystick, X axis (strafe left / right)
right←	right joystick, X axis (rotation left / right)
_X	
power	= 2 how much of a "curve" there should be on drive controls; better for low speed maneuvers. Leave
	blank for a default curve of 2 (higher means more fidelity)

5.46.3.4 drive_raw()

Drive the robot using vectors. This handles all the math required for mecanum control.

Parameters

direction_deg	the direction to drive the robot, in degrees. 0 is forward, 180 is back, clockwise is positive, counterclockwise is negative.	
magnitude	How fast the robot should drive, in percent: 0.0->1.0	
rotation	How fast the robot should rotate, in percent: -1.0->+1.0	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/mecanum_drive.h
- src/subsystems/mecanum_drive.cpp

5.47 MecanumDrive::mecanumdrive_config_t Struct Reference

```
#include <mecanum_drive.h>
```

Public Attributes

- PID::pid_config_t drive_pid_conf
- PID::pid_config_t drive_gyro_pid_conf
- PID::pid_config_t turn_pid_conf
- double drive_wheel_diam
- double lateral_wheel_diam
- double wheelbase_width

5.47.1 Detailed Description

Configure the Mecanum drive PID tunings and robot configurations

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/mecanum_drive.h

5.48 motion_t Struct Reference

```
#include <trapezoid_profile.h>
```

Public Attributes

· double pos

1d position at this point in time

· double vel

1d velocity at this point in time

double accel

1d acceleration at this point in time

5.48.1 Detailed Description

motion t is a description of 1 dimensional motion at a point in time.

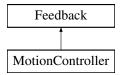
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h

5.49 MotionController Class Reference

```
#include <motion_controller.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for MotionController:



Classes

• struct m_profile_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

• MotionController (m_profile_cfg_t &config)

Construct a new Motion Controller object.

- void init (double start_pt, double end_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override
 Initialize the motion profile for a new movement This will also reset the PID and profile timers.
- double update (double sensor_val) override

Update the motion profile with a new sensor value.

- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override
- motion_t get_motion () const
- screen::Page * Page ()

Static Public Member Functions

• static FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward (TankDrive &drive, OdometryTank &odometry, double pct=0.6, double duration=2)

Friends

· class MotionControllerPage

5.49.1 Detailed Description

Motion Controller class

This class defines a top-level motion profile, which can act as an intermediate between a subsystem class and the motors themselves

This takes the constants kS, kV, kA, kP, kI, kD, max_v and acceleration and wraps around a feedforward, PID and trapezoid profile. It does so with the following formula:

```
out = feedfoward.calculate(motion\_profile.get(time\_s)) + pid.get(motion\_profile.get(time\_s)) \\
```

For PID and Feedforward specific formulae, see pid.h, feedforward.h, and trapezoid_profile.h

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

7/13/2022

5.49.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.49.2.1 MotionController()

Construct a new Motion Controller object.

Parameters

config	The definition of how the robot is able to move max_v Maximum velocity the movement is capable of
	accel Acceleration / deceleration of the movement pid_cfg Definitions of kP, kl, and kD ff_cfg
	Definitions of kS, kV, and kA

5.49.3 Member Function Documentation

5.49.3.1 get()

```
double MotionController::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.49.3.2 get_motion()

```
motion_t MotionController::get_motion ( ) const
```

Returns

The current postion, velocity and acceleration setpoints

5.49.3.3 init()

Initialize the motion profile for a new movement This will also reset the PID and profile timers.

Parameters

start_pt	Movement starting position
end_pt	Movement ending posiiton
start_vel	Movement starting velocity
end_vel	Movement ending velocity

Implements Feedback.

5.49.3.4 is_on_target()

```
bool MotionController::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

Whether or not the movement has finished, and the PID confirms it is on target

Implements Feedback.

5.49.3.5 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied. if limits are applied, the controller will not target any value below lower or above upper

Parameters

lower	upper limit	
upper	lower limiet	

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.49.3.6 tune_feedforward()

This method attempts to characterize the robot's drivetrain and automatically tune the feedforward. It does this by first calculating the kS (voltage to overcome static friction) by slowly increasing the voltage until it moves.

Next is kV (voltage to sustain a certain velocity), where the robot will record it's steady-state velocity at 'pct' speed.

Finally, kA (voltage needed to accelerate by a certain rate), where the robot will record the entire movement's velocity and acceleration, record a plot of [X=(pct-kV*V-kS), Y=(Acceleration)] along the movement, and since kA*Accel = pct-kV*V-kS, the reciprocal of the linear regression is the kA value.

Parameters

drive	The tankdrive to operate on
odometry	The robot's odometry subsystem
pct	Maximum velocity in percent (0->1.0)
duration	Amount of time the robot should be moving for the test

Returns

A tuned feedforward object

5.49.3.7 update()

Update the motion profile with a new sensor value.

Parameters

```
sensor_val Value from the sensor
```

Returns

the motor input generated from the motion profile

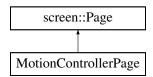
Implements Feedback.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/controls/motion controller.h
- src/utils/controls/motion_controller.cpp

5.50 MotionControllerPage Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for MotionControllerPage:



Public Member Functions

- MotionControllerPage (const MotionController &mc)
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)
 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

5.50.1 Member Function Documentation

5.50.1.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.50.1.2 update()

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/utils/controls/motion_controller.cpp

5.51 MovingAverage Class Reference

```
#include <moving_average.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for MovingAverage:



Public Member Functions

- MovingAverage (int buffer_size)
- MovingAverage (int buffer_size, double starting_value)
- void add_entry (double n) override
- double get_value () const override
- int get_size () const

5.51.1 Detailed Description

MovingAverage

A moving average is a way of smoothing out noisy data. For many sensor readings, the noise is roughly symmetric around the actual value. This means that if you collect enough samples those that are too high are cancelled out by the samples that are too low leaving the real value.

The MovingAverage class provides a simple interface to do this smoothing from our noisy sensor values.

WARNING: because we need a lot of samples to get the actual value, the value given by the MovingAverage will 'lag' behind the actual value that the sensor is reading. Using a MovingAverage is thus a tradeoff between accuracy and lag time (more samples) vs. less accuracy and faster updating (less samples).

5.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.51.2.1 MovingAverage() [1/2]

Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value

Parameters

buffer_size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
-------------	---

5.51.2.2 MovingAverage() [2/2]

Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value

Parameters

buffer_size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
starting_value	The value that the average will be before any data is added

5.51.3 Member Function Documentation

5.51.3.1 add_entry()

Add a reading to the buffer Before: $[112233] = 2^{\land}$ After: $[212233] = 2.16^{\land}$

Parameters

n the sample that will be added to the moving average.

Implements Filter.

5.51.3.2 get_size()

```
int MovingAverage::get_size ( ) const
```

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

5.51.3.3 get_value()

```
double MovingAverage::get_value ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the average based off of all the samples collected so far

Returns

the calculated average. sum(samples)/numsamples

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

Implements Filter.

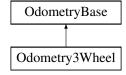
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/moving_average.h
- src/utils/moving_average.cpp

5.52 Odometry3Wheel Class Reference

```
#include <odometry_3wheel.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Odometry3Wheel:



Classes

· struct odometry3wheel_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

- Odometry3Wheel (CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, CustomEncoder &rside_fwd, CustomEncoder &off_axis, odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg, bool is_async=true)
- pose t update () override
- void tune (vex::controller &con, TankDrive &drive)

Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- OdometryBase (bool is_async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- virtual void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- AutoCommand * SetPositionCmd (const pose t &newpos=zero pos)
- void end_async ()
- double get_speed ()
- · double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Additional Inherited Members

Static Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- static int background_task (void *ptr)
- static double pos_diff (pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest angle (double start deg, double end deg)

Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

• bool end task = false

end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down

Static Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x = 0.0L, .y = 0.0L, .rot = 90.0L}

Protected Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

- vex::task * handle
- vex::mutex mut
- · pose_t current_pos
- · double speed
- double accel
- double ang_speed_deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.52.1 Detailed Description

Odometry3Wheel

This class handles the code for a standard 3-pod odometry setup, where there are 3 "pods" made up of undriven (dead) wheels connected to encoders in the following configuration:

Where O is the center of rotation. The robot will monitor the changes in rotation of these wheels and calculate the robot's X, Y and rotation on the field.

This is a "set and forget" class, meaning once the object is created, the robot will immediately begin tracking it's movement in the background.

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

Oct 31 2022

5.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.52.2.1 Odometry3Wheel()

Construct a new Odometry 3 Wheel object

Parameters

lside_fwd	left-side encoder reference
rside_fwd	right-side encoder reference
off_axis	off-axis (perpendicular) encoder reference
cfg	robot odometry configuration
is_async	true to constantly run in the background

5.52.3 Member Function Documentation

5.52.3.1 tune()

A guided tuning process to automatically find tuning parameters. This method is blocking, and returns when tuning has finished. Follow the instructions on the controller to complete the tuning process

Parameters

con	Controller reference, for screen and button control
drive	Drivetrain reference for robot control

A guided tuning process to automatically find tuning parameters. This method is blocking, and returns when tuning has finished. Follow the instructions on the controller to complete the tuning process

It is assumed the gear ratio and encoder PPR have been set correctly

5.52.3.2 update()

```
pose_t Odometry3Wheel::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Update the current position of the robot once, using the current state of the encoders and the previous known location

Returns

the robot's updated position

Implements OdometryBase.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_3wheel.h
- src/subsystems/odometry/odometry_3wheel.cpp

5.53 Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t Struct Reference

```
#include <odometry_3wheel.h>
```

Public Attributes

- · double wheelbase_dist
- double off_axis_center_dist
- · double wheel diam

5.53.1 Detailed Description

odometry3wheel_cfg_t holds all the specifications for how to calculate position with 3 encoders See the core wiki for what exactly each of these parameters measures

5.53.2 Member Data Documentation

5.53.2.1 off_axis_center_dist

```
double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::off_axis_center_dist
```

distance from the center of the robot to the center off axis wheel

5.53.2.2 wheel diam

```
double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::wheel_diam
```

the diameter of the tracking wheel

5.53.2.3 wheelbase dist

```
double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::wheelbase_dist
```

distance from the center of the left wheel to the center of the right wheel

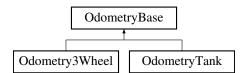
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/odometry/odometry 3wheel.h

5.54 OdometryBase Class Reference

```
#include <odometry_base.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OdometryBase:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryBase (bool is_async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- virtual void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- AutoCommand * SetPositionCmd (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- virtual pose_t update ()=0
- void end_async ()
- double get_speed ()
- double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Static Public Member Functions

- static int background_task (void *ptr)
- static double pos_diff (pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest_angle (double start_deg, double end_deg)

Public Attributes

• bool end task = false

end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x = 0.0L, .y = 0.0L, .rot = 90.0L}

Protected Attributes

- vex::task * handle
- vex::mutex mut
- · pose t current pos
- double speed
- double accel
- double ang_speed_deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.54.1 Detailed Description

OdometryBase

This base class contains all the shared code between different implementations of odometry. It handles the asynchronous management, position input/output and basic math functions, and holds positional types specific to field orientation.

All future odometry implementations should extend this file and redefine update() function.

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

Aug 11 2021

5.54.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.54.2.1 OdometryBase()

```
OdometryBase::OdometryBase (
          bool is_async )
```

Construct a new Odometry Base object

Parameters

١	is async	True to run constantly in the background, false to call update() manually	ĺ

5.54.3 Member Function Documentation

5.54.3.1 background_task()

Function that runs in the background task. This function pointer is passed to the vex::task constructor.

Parameters

```
ptr | Pointer to OdometryBase object
```

Returns

Required integer return code. Unused.

5.54.3.2 end_async()

```
void OdometryBase::end_async ( )
```

End the background task. Cannot be restarted. If the user wants to end the thread but keep the data up to date, they must run the update() function manually from then on.

5.54.3.3 get_accel()

```
double OdometryBase::get_accel ( )
```

Get the current acceleration

Returns

the acceleration rate of the robot (inch/s^2)

5.54.3.4 get_angular_accel_deg()

```
double OdometryBase::get_angular_accel_deg ( )
```

Get the current angular acceleration in degrees

Returns

the angular acceleration at which we are turning (deg/s^2)

5.54.3.5 get_angular_speed_deg()

```
double OdometryBase::get_angular_speed_deg ( )
```

Get the current angular speed in degrees

Returns

the angular velocity at which we are turning (deg/s)

5.54.3.6 get_position()

Gets the current position and rotation

Returns

the position that the odometry believes the robot is at

Gets the current position and rotation

5.54.3.7 get_speed()

```
double OdometryBase::get_speed ( )
```

Get the current speed

Returns

the speed at which the robot is moving and grooving (inch/s)

5.54.3.8 pos_diff()

Get the distance between two points

Parameters

start_pos	distance from this point
end_pos	to this point

Returns

the euclidean distance between start_pos and end_pos

5.54.3.9 rot_diff()

Get the change in rotation between two points

Parameters

pos1	position with initial rotation
pos2	position with final rotation

Returns

change in rotation between pos1 and pos2

Get the change in rotation between two points

5.54.3.10 set_position()

Sets the current position of the robot

Parameters

newpos	the new position that the odometry will believe it is at

Sets the current position of the robot

Reimplemented in OdometryTank.

5.54.3.11 smallest_angle()

Get the smallest difference in angle between a start heading and end heading. Returns the difference between -180 degrees and +180 degrees, representing the robot turning left or right, respectively.

Parameters

start_deg	intitial angle (degrees)
end_deg	final angle (degrees)

Returns

the smallest angle from the initial to the final angle. This takes into account the wrapping of rotations around 360 degrees

Get the smallest difference in angle between a start heading and end heading. Returns the difference between -180 degrees and +180 degrees, representing the robot turning left or right, respectively.

5.54.3.12 update()

```
virtual pose_t OdometryBase::update ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Update the current position on the field based on the sensors

Returns

the location that the robot is at after the odometry does its calculations

Implemented in Odometry3Wheel, and OdometryTank.

5.54.4 Member Data Documentation

5.54.4.1 accel

```
double OdometryBase::accel [protected]
```

the rate at which we are accelerating (inch/s^2)

5.54.4.2 ang_accel_deg

```
double OdometryBase::ang_accel_deg [protected]
```

the rate at which we are accelerating our turn (deg/s^2)

5.54.4.3 ang_speed_deg

```
double OdometryBase::ang_speed_deg [protected]
```

the speed at which we are turning (deg/s)

5.54.4.4 current_pos

```
pose_t OdometryBase::current_pos [protected]
```

Current position of the robot in terms of x,y,rotation

5.54.4.5 handle

```
vex::task* OdometryBase::handle [protected]
```

handle to the vex task that is running the odometry code

5.54.4.6 mut

```
vex::mutex OdometryBase::mut [protected]
```

Mutex to control multithreading

5.54.4.7 speed

```
double OdometryBase::speed [protected]
```

the speed at which we are travelling (inch/s)

5.54.4.8 zero_pos

```
constexpr pose_t OdometryBase::zero_pos = {.x = 0.0L, .y = 0.0L, .rot = 90.0L} [inline],
[static], [constexpr]
```

Zeroed position. X=0, Y=0, Rotation= 90 degrees

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

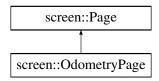
- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h
- src/subsystems/odometry/odometry base.cpp

5.55 screen::OdometryPage Class Reference

a page that shows odometry position and rotation and a map (if an sd card with the file is on)

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::OdometryPage:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryPage (OdometryBase &odom, double robot_width, double robot_height, bool do_trail)
 Create an odometry trail. Make sure odometry is initilized before now.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.55.1 Detailed Description

a page that shows odometry position and rotation and a map (if an sd card with the file is on)

5.55.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.55.2.1 OdometryPage()

```
screen::OdometryPage::OdometryPage (
    OdometryBase & odom,
    double robot_width,
    double robot_height,
    bool do_trail )
```

Create an odometry trail. Make sure odometry is initilized before now.

Parameters

odom	the odometry system to monitor
robot_width	the width (side to side) of the robot in inches. Used for visualization
robot_height	the robot_height (front to back) of the robot in inches. Used for visualization
do_trail	whether or not to calculate and draw the trail. Drawing and storing takes a very <i>slight</i> extra amount of processing power

5.55.3 Member Function Documentation

5.55.3.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.55.3.2 update()

```
void screen::OdometryPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

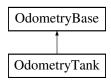
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.56 OdometryTank Class Reference

```
#include <odometry_tank.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OdometryTank:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryTank (CustomEncoder &left_custom_enc, CustomEncoder &right_custom_enc, robot_specs_t &config, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, bool is async=true)
- pose_t update () override
- void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos) override

Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- OdometryBase (bool is_async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- AutoCommand * SetPositionCmd (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- · void end async ()
- double get_speed ()
- double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Additional Inherited Members

Static Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

```
    static int background_task (void *ptr)
```

- static double pos diff (pose t start pos, pose t end pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest_angle (double start_deg, double end_deg)

Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
    bool end_task = false
    end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x = 0.0L, .y = 0.0L, .rot = 90.0L}
```

Protected Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
vex::task * handle
```

- vex::mutex mut
- · pose t current pos
- double speed
- double accel
- double ang_speed_deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.56.1 Detailed Description

OdometryTank defines an odometry system for a tank drivetrain This requires encoders in the same orientation as the drive wheels Odometry is a "start and forget" subsystem, which means once it's created and configured, it will constantly run in the background and track the robot's X, Y and rotation coordinates.

5.56.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.56.2.1 OdometryTank() [1/3]

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_side	The left motors
right_side	The right motors
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.56.2.2 OdometryTank() [2/3]

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_custom_enc	The left custom encoder
right_custom_enc	The right custom encoder
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.56.2.3 OdometryTank() [3/3]

```
OdometryTank::OdometryTank (
    vex::encoder & left_vex_enc,
    vex::encoder & right_vex_enc,
    robot_specs_t & config,
    vex::inertial * imu = NULL,
    bool is_async = true )
```

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_vex_enc	The left vex encoder
right_vex_enc	The right vex encoder
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.56.3 Member Function Documentation

5.56.3.1 set position()

set_position tells the odometry to place itself at a position

Parameters

newpos

Resets the position and rotational data to the input.

Reimplemented from OdometryBase.

5.56.3.2 update()

```
pose_t OdometryTank::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Update the current position on the field based on the sensors

Returns

the position that odometry has calculated itself to be at

Update, store and return the current position of the robot. Only use if not initializing with a separate thread.

Implements OdometryBase.

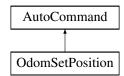
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry tank.h
- src/subsystems/odometry/odometry_tank.cpp

5.57 OdomSetPosition Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OdomSetPosition:



Public Member Functions

- OdomSetPosition (OdometryBase &odom, const pose_t &newpos=OdometryBase::zero_pos)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    virtual void on timeout ()
```

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.57.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the set_position function in the Odometry class

5.57.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.57.2.1 OdomSetPosition()

```
OdomSetPosition::OdomSetPosition (
          OdometryBase & odom,
          const pose_t & newpos = OdometryBase::zero_pos )
```

constructs a new OdomSetPosition command

Parameters

odom	the odometry system we are setting
newpos	the position we are telling the odometry to take. defaults to $(0, 0)$, angle = 90

Construct an Odometry set pos

Parameters

odom	the odometry system we are setting
newpos	the now position to set the odometry to

5.57.3 Member Function Documentation

5.57.3.1 run()

```
bool OdomSetPosition::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run set_position Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.58 OrCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for OrCondition:



Public Member Functions

- OrCondition (Condition *A, Condition *B)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

```
• Condition * Or (Condition *b)
```

• Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.58.1 Member Function Documentation

5.58.1.1 test()

```
bool OrCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

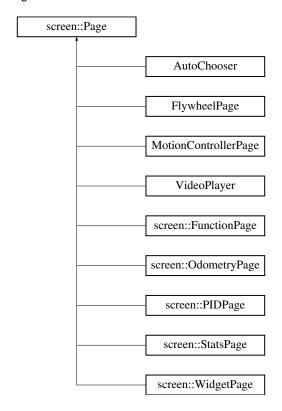
src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.59 screen::Page Class Reference

Page describes one part of the screen slideshow.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::Page:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

 collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))
- virtual void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

5.59.1 Detailed Description

Page describes one part of the screen slideshow.

5.59.2 Member Function Documentation

5.59.2.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented in AutoChooser, screen::WidgetPage, screen::StatsPage, screen::OdometryPage, screen::FunctionPage, screen::PIDPage, MotionControllerPage, VideoPlayer, and FlywheelPage.

5.59.2.2 update()

```
virtual void screen::Page::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y) [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented in AutoChooser, VideoPlayer, screen::WidgetPage, screen::StatsPage, screen::OdometryPage, screen::FunctionPage, screen::PIDPage, MotionControllerPage, and FlywheelPage.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

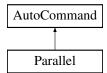
• include/subsystems/screen.h

5.60 Parallel Class Reference

Parallel runs multiple commands in parallel and waits for all to finish before continuing. if none finish before this command's timeout, it will call on_timeout on all children continue.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Parallel:



Public Member Functions

- Parallel (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- bool run () override
- · void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.60.1 Detailed Description

Parallel runs multiple commands in parallel and waits for all to finish before continuing. if none finish before this command's timeout, it will call on timeout on all children continue.

5.60.2 Member Function Documentation

5.60.2.1 on timeout()

```
void Parallel::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.60.2.2 run()

```
bool Parallel::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.61 parallel_runner_info Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- int index
- std::vector< vex::task * > * runners
- AutoCommand * cmd

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.62 PurePursuit::Path Class Reference

```
#include <pure_pursuit.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Path (std::vector< point_t > points, double radius)
- std::vector< point_t > get_points ()
- double get_radius ()
- bool is_valid ()

5.62.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper for a vector of points, checking if any of the points are too close for pure pursuit

5.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.62.2.1 Path()

Create a Path

Parameters

points	the points that make up the path
radius	the lookahead radius for pure pursuit

5.63 PID Class Reference

5.62.3 Member Function Documentation

5.62.3.1 get_points()

```
std::vector< point_t > PurePursuit::Path::get_points ( )
```

Get the points associated with this Path

5.62.3.2 get_radius()

```
double PurePursuit::Path::get_radius ( )
```

Get the radius associated with this Path

5.62.3.3 is_valid()

```
bool PurePursuit::Path::is_valid ( )
```

Get whether this path will behave as expected

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/pure_pursuit.h
- src/utils/pure_pursuit.cpp

5.63 PID Class Reference

```
#include <pid.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PID:



Classes

• struct pid_config_t

Public Types

enum ERROR_TYPE { LINEAR , ANGULAR }

Public Member Functions

- · PID (pid config t &config)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel=0, double end_vel=0) override
- double update (double sensor_val) override
- double get_sensor_val () const

gets the sensor value that we were last updated with

- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override
- void reset ()
- double get_error ()
- double get_target () const
- · void set_target (double target)

Public Attributes

pid_config_t & config

5.63.1 Detailed Description

PID Class

Defines a standard feedback loop using the constants kP, kI, kD, deadband, and on_target_time. The formula is:

```
out = kP*error + kI*integral(d Error) + kD*(dError/dt)
```

The PID object will determine it is "on target" when the error is within the deadband, for a duration of on target time

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

4/3/2020

5.63.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.63.2.1 ERROR_TYPE

```
enum PID::ERROR_TYPE
```

An enum to distinguish between a linear and angular caluclation of PID error.

5.63.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.63.3.1 PID()

Create the PID object

5.63 PID Class Reference 117

Parameters

config the configuration data for this controller

Create the PID object

5.63.4 Member Function Documentation

5.63.4.1 get()

```
double PID::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the current PID out value, from when update() was last run

Returns

the Out value of the controller (voltage, RPM, whatever the PID controller is controlling)

Gets the current PID out value, from when update() was last run

Implements Feedback.

5.63.4.2 get_error()

```
double PID::get_error ( )
```

Get the delta between the current sensor data and the target

Returns

the error calculated. how it is calculated depends on error_method specified in pid_config_t

Get the delta between the current sensor data and the target

5.63.4.3 get_sensor_val()

```
double PID::get_sensor_val ( ) const
```

gets the sensor value that we were last updated with

Returns

sensor_val

5.63.4.4 get_target()

```
double PID::get_target ( ) const
```

Get the PID's target

Returns

the target the PID controller is trying to achieve

5.63.4.5 init()

Inherited from Feedback for interoperability. Update the setpoint and reset integral accumulation

start_pt can be safely ignored in this feedback controller

Parameters

start_pt	commpletely ignored for PID. necessary to satisfy Feedback base
set_pt	sets the target of the PID controller
start_vel	completely ignored for PID. necessary to satisfy Feedback base
end_vel	sets the target end velocity of the PID controller

Implements Feedback.

5.63.4.6 is_on_target()

```
bool PID::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Checks if the PID controller is on target.

Returns

true if the loop is within [deadband] for [on_target_time] seconds

Returns true if the loop is within [deadband] for [on_target_time] seconds

Implements Feedback.

5.63.4.7 reset()

```
void PID::reset ( )
```

Reset the PID loop by resetting time since 0 and accumulated error.

5.63 PID Class Reference 119

5.63.4.8 set_limits()

Set the limits on the PID out. The PID out will "clip" itself to be between the limits.

Parameters

lower	the lower limit. the PID controller will never command the output go below lower
upper	the upper limit. the PID controller will never command the output go higher than upper

Set the limits on the PID out. The PID out will "clip" itself to be between the limits.

Implements Feedback.

5.63.4.9 set_target()

Set the target for the PID loop, where the robot is trying to end up

Parameters

	target	the sensor reading we would like to achieve
--	--------	---

Set the target for the PID loop, where the robot is trying to end up

5.63.4.10 update()

Update the PID loop by taking the time difference from last update, and running the PID formula with the new sensor data

Parameters

,	
sensor vai	the distance, angle, encoder position or whatever it is we are measuring

Returns

the new output. What would be returned by PID::get()

Implements Feedback.

5.63.5 Member Data Documentation

5.63.5.1 config

```
pid_config_t& PID::config
```

configuration struct for this controller. see pid_config_t for information about what this contains

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/controls/pid.h
- src/utils/controls/pid.cpp

5.64 PID::pid_config_t Struct Reference

```
#include <pid.h>
```

Public Attributes

• double **p**

proportional coeffecient p * error()

• double i

integral coeffecient i * integral(error)

• double d

derivitave coeffecient d * derivative(error)

· double deadband

at what threshold are we close enough to be finished

- double on_target_time
- ERROR_TYPE error_method

5.64.1 Detailed Description

pid_config_t holds the configuration parameters for a pid controller In addition to the constant of proportional, integral and derivative, these parameters include:

- · deadband -
- on_target_time for how long do we have to be at the target to stop As well, pid_config_t holds an error type
 which determines whether errors should be calculated as if the sensor position is a measure of distance or
 an angle

5.64.2 Member Data Documentation

5.64.2.1 error_method

```
ERROR_TYPE PID::pid_config_t::error_method
```

Linear or angular. wheter to do error as a simple subtraction or to wrap

5.65 PIDFF Class Reference 121

5.64.2.2 on_target_time

```
double PID::pid_config_t::on_target_time
```

the time in seconds that we have to be on target for to say we are officially at the target

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/pid.h

5.65 PIDFF Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for PIDFF:



Public Member Functions

- PIDFF (PID::pid_config_t &pid_cfg, FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override
- void set_target (double set_pt)
- double get_target () const
- double get_sensor_val () const
- double update (double val) override
- double update (double val, double vel_setpt, double a_setpt=0)
- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override
- void reset ()

Public Attributes

PID pid

5.65.1 Member Function Documentation

5.65.1.1 get()

```
double PIDFF::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.65.1.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value
set_pt	where the sensor value should be
start_vel	the current rate of change of the sensor value
end_vel	the desired ending rate of change of the sensor value

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start⊷	the current sensor value
_pt	
set_pt	where the sensor value should be

Implements Feedback.

5.65.1.3 is_on_target()

```
bool PIDFF::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.65.1.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.65.1.5 set_target()

Set the target of the PID loop

Parameters

set⊷	Setpoint / target value
_pt	

5.65.1.6 update() [1/2]

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value. Only kS for feedfoward will be applied.

Parameters

```
val value from the sensor
```

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

5.65.1.7 update() [2/2]

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

val	value from the sensor
vel_setpt	Velocity for feedforward
a_setpt	Acceleration for feedfoward

Returns

feedback loop result

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

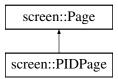
- · include/utils/controls/pidff.h
- src/utils/controls/pidff.cpp

5.66 screen::PIDPage Class Reference

PIDPage provides a way to tune a pid controller on the screen.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::PIDPage:



Public Member Functions

- PIDPage (PID &pid, std::string name, std::function < void(void) > onchange=[]() {})
 Create a PIDPage.
- PIDPage (PIDFF &pidff, std::string name, std::function < void(void) > onchange=[]() {})
- void update (bool was pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.66.1 Detailed Description

PIDPage provides a way to tune a pid controller on the screen.

5.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.66.2.1 PIDPage()

```
screen::PIDPage::PIDPage (
          PID & pid,
          std::string name,
          std::function< void(void)> onchange = []() {} )
```

Create a PIDPage.

Parameters

pid	the pid controller we're changing
name	a name to recognize this pid controller if we've got multiple pid screens
onchange	a function that is called when a tuning parameter is changed. If you need to update stuff on that change register a handler here

5.66.3 Member Function Documentation

5.66.3.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.66.3.2 update()

```
void screen::PIDPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.67 plm_frame_t Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- double time
- · unsigned int width
- unsigned int height
- plm_plane_t y
- plm plane t cr
- plm_plane_t cb

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/fun/pl_mpeg.h

5.68 plm_packet_t Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- int type
- · double pts
- size_t length
- uint8_t * data

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/fun/pl_mpeg.h

5.69 plm_plane_t Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- · unsigned int width
- · unsigned int height
- uint8 t * data

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/fun/pl mpeg.h

5.70 plm_samples_t Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- · double time
- · unsigned int count
- float interleaved [PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME *2]

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/fun/pl_mpeg.h

5.71 point_t Struct Reference

#include <geometry.h>

Public Member Functions

```
    double dist (const point_t other) const
    point_t operator+ (const point_t &other) const
    point_t operator- (const point_t &other) const
    point_t operator* (double s) const
```

- point_t operator/ (double s) const
- point_t operator- () const
- point_t operator+ () const
- bool operator== (const point_t &rhs)

Public Attributes

• double x

the x position in space

double y

the y position in space

5.71.1 Detailed Description

Data structure representing an X,Y coordinate

5.71.2 Member Function Documentation

5.71.2.1 dist()

dist calculates the euclidian distance between this point and another point using the pythagorean theorem

Parameters

other the point to measure the distance from

Returns

the euclidian distance between this and other

5.71.2.2 operator+()

Vector2D addition operation on points

Parameters

other	the point to add on to this
-------	-----------------------------

Returns

```
this + other (this.x + other.x, this.y + other.y)
```

5.71.2.3 operator-()

Vector2D subtraction operation on points

Parameters

```
other the point_t to subtract from this
```

Returns

```
this - other (this.x - other.x, this.y - other.y)
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/geometry.h

5.72 pose_t Struct Reference

```
#include <geometry.h>
```

Public Member Functions

point_t get_point ()

Public Attributes

• double **x**

x position in the world

• double y

y position in the world

double rot

rotation in the world

5.72.1 Detailed Description

Describes a single position and rotation

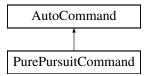
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/geometry.h

5.73 PurePursuitCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PurePursuitCommand:



Public Member Functions

- PurePursuitCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default timeout** = 10.0

5.73.1 Detailed Description

Autocommand wrapper class for pure pursuit function in the TankDrive class

5.74 Rect Struct Reference 131

5.73.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.73.2.1 PurePursuitCommand()

Construct a Pure Pursuit AutoCommand

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order	
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards	
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed	
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)	

5.73.3 Member Function Documentation

5.73.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void PurePursuitCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Reset the drive system when it times out

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.73.3.2 run()

```
bool PurePursuitCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Direct call to TankDrive::pure_pursuit

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.74 Rect Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

- point t dimensions () const
- point_t center () const
- double width () const
- double height () const
- bool contains (point_t p) const

Static Public Member Functions

static Rect from_min_and_size (point_t min, point_t size)

Public Attributes

- point_t min
- point_t max

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/geometry.h

5.75 RepeatUntil Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RepeatUntil:



Public Member Functions

- RepeatUntil (InOrder cmds, size_t repeats)
 - RepeatUntil that runs a fixed number of times.
- RepeatUntil (InOrder cmds, Condition *true_to_end)

RepeatUntil the condition.

- bool run () override
- void on timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.75.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.75.1.1 RepeatUntil() [1/2]

RepeatUntil that runs a fixed number of times.

Parameters

cmds	the cmds to repeat
repeats	the number of repeats to do

5.75.1.2 RepeatUntil() [2/2]

RepeatUntil the condition.

Parameters

cmds	the cmds to run
true_to_end	we will repeat until true_or_end.test() returns true

5.75.2 Member Function Documentation

5.75.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void RepeatUntil::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.75.2.2 run()

```
bool RepeatUntil::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.76 robot specs t Struct Reference

#include <robot_specs.h>

Public Attributes

- · double robot_radius
- double odom_wheel_diam

the diameter of the wheels used for

double odom_gear_ratio

the ratio of the odometry wheel to the encoder reading odometry data

· double dist between wheels

the distance between centers of the central drive wheels

- · double drive correction cutoff
- Feedback * drive_feedback

the default feedback for autonomous driving

Feedback * turn_feedback

the defualt feedback for autonomous turning

PID::pid_config_t correction_pid

the pid controller to keep the robot driving in as straight a line as possible

5.76.1 Detailed Description

Main robot characterization struct. This will be passed to all the major subsystems that require info about the robot. All distance measurements are in inches.

5.76.2 Member Data Documentation

5.76.2.1 drive_correction_cutoff

```
double robot_specs_t::drive_correction_cutoff
```

the distance at which to stop trying to turn towards the target. If we are less than this value, we can continue driving forward to minimize our distance but will not try to spin around to point directly at the target

5.76.2.2 robot_radius

```
double robot_specs_t::robot_radius
```

if you were to draw a circle with this radius, the robot would be entirely contained within it

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/robot specs.h

5.77 screen::ScreenData Struct Reference

The ScreenData class holds the data that will be passed to the screen thread you probably shouldnt have to use it.

Public Member Functions

• ScreenData (const std::vector< Page * > &m_pages, int m_page, vex::brain::lcd &m_screen)

Public Attributes

- std::vector< Page * > pages
- int **page** = 0
- vex::brain::lcd screen

5.77.1 Detailed Description

The ScreenData class holds the data that will be passed to the screen thread you probably shouldnt have to use it.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.78 screen::ScreenRect Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- uint32_t x1
- uint32_t y1
- uint32_t x2
- uint32_t y2

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.79 Serializer Class Reference

Serializes Arbitrary data to a file on the SD Card.

```
#include <serializer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

∼Serializer ()

Save and close upon destruction (bc of vex, this doesnt always get called when the program ends. To be sure, call save_to_disk)

Serializer (const std::string &filename, bool flush_always=true)

create a Serializer

• void save_to_disk () const

saves current Serializer state to disk

· void set_int (const std::string &name, int i)

Setters - not saved until save_to_disk is called.

• void set_bool (const std::string &name, bool b)

sets a bool by the name of name to b. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

· void set double (const std::string &name, double d)

sets a double by the name of name to d. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

• void set_string (const std::string &name, std::string str)

sets a string by the name of name to s. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

int int_or (const std::string &name, int otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not found, sets the value to otherwise

• bool bool or (const std::string &name, bool otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

· double double or (const std::string &name, double otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

std::string string_or (const std::string &name, std::string otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

5.79.1 Detailed Description

Serializes Arbitrary data to a file on the SD Card.

5.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.79.2.1 Serializer()

create a Serializer

Parameters

filename	the file to read from. If filename does not exist we will create that file
flush_always	If true, after every write flush to a file. If false, you are responsible for calling save_to_disk

5.79.3 Member Function Documentation

5.79.3.1 bool_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.79.3.2 double_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.79.3.3 int or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not found, sets the value to otherwise

Getters Return value if it exists in the serializer

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.79.3.4 save_to_disk()

```
void Serializer::save_to_disk ( ) const
```

saves current Serializer state to disk

forms data bytes then saves to filename this was openned with

5.79.3.5 set_bool()

sets a bool by the name of name to b. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of bool
b	value of bool

5.79.3.6 set_double()

sets a double by the name of name to d. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of double
d	value of double

5.79.3.7 set_int()

Setters - not saved until save_to_disk is called.

sets an integer by the name of name to i. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of integer
i	value of integer

5.79.3.8 set_string()

sets a string by the name of name to s. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of string
i	value of string

5.79.3.9 string_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/serializer.h
- src/utils/serializer.cpp

5.80 screen::SizedWidget Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- int size
- WidgetConfig & widget

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.81 SliderCfg Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- · double & val
- · double min
- · double max

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/layout.h

5.82 screen::SliderConfig Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- · double & val
- · double low
- · double high

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.83 screen::SliderWidget Class Reference

Widget that updates a double value. Updates by reference so watch out for race conditions cuz the screen stuff lives on another thread.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• SliderWidget (double &val, double low, double high, Rect rect, std::string name)

Creates a slider widget.

bool update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

responds to user input

void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)

Page::draws the slide to the screen

5.83.1 Detailed Description

Widget that updates a double value. Updates by reference so watch out for race conditions cuz the screen stuff lives on another thread.

5.83.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.83.2.1 SliderWidget()

Creates a slider widget.

Parameters

val	reference to the value to modify
low	minimum value to go to
high	maximum value to go to
rect	rect to draw it
name	name of the value

5.83.3 Member Function Documentation

5.83.3.1 update()

responds to user input

Parameters

was_pressed	if the screen is pressed
X	x position if the screen was pressed
У	y position if the screen was pressed

Returns

true if the value updated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.84 SpinRPMCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SpinRPMCommand:



Public Member Functions

- SpinRPMCommand (Flywheel &flywheel, int rpm)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    virtual void on timeout ()
```

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.84.1 Detailed Description

File: flywheel_commands.h Desc: [insert meaningful desc] AutoCommand wrapper class for the spin_rpm function in the Flywheel class

5.84.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.84.2.1 SpinRPMCommand()

Construct a SpinRPM Command

Parameters

flywheel	the flywheel sys to command
rpm	the rpm that we should spin at

File: flywheel_commands.cpp Desc: [insert meaningful desc]

5.84.3 Member Function Documentation

5.84.3.1 run()

```
bool SpinRPMCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run spin_manual Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.85 PurePursuit::spline Struct Reference

```
#include <pure_pursuit.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• double **getY** (double x)

Public Attributes

- double a
- double **b**
- double c
- double d
- double x start
- double x_end

5.85.1 Detailed Description

Represents a piece of a cubic spline with $s(x) = a(x-xi)^3 + b(x-xi)^2 + c(x-xi) + d$ The x_start and x_end shows where the equation is valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/pure_pursuit.h

5.86 StateMachine < System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::State Struct Reference

#include <state_machine.h>

Public Member Functions

- virtual void entry (System &)
- virtual MaybeMessage work (System &)
- virtual void exit (System &)
- virtual State * respond (System &s, Message m)=0
- virtual IDType id () const =0

5.86.1 Detailed Description

template<typename System, typename IDType, typename Message, int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log = false> struct StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::State

Abstract class that all states for this machine must inherit from States MUST override respond() and id() in order to function correctly (the compiler won't have it any other way)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/state machine.h

5.87 StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log > Class Template Reference

State Machine :)))))) A fun fun way of controlling stateful subsystems - used in the 2023-2024 Over Under game for our overly complex intake-cata subsystem (see there for an example) The statemachine runs in a background thread and a user thread can interact with it through current_state and send_message.

```
#include <state_machine.h>
```

Classes

- class MaybeMessage
 - MaybeMessage a message of Message type or nothing MaybeMessage $m = \{\}$; // empty MaybeMessage m = Message::EnumField1.
- struct State

Public Types

using thread_data = std::pair<State *, StateMachine *>

Public Member Functions

StateMachine (State *initial)

Construct a state machine and immediatly start running it.

• IDType current_state () const

retrieve the current state of the state machine. This is safe to call from external threads

void send_message (Message msg)

send a message to the state machine from outside

5.87.1 Detailed Description

template<typename System, typename IDType, typename Message, int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log = false> class StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >

State Machine :)))))) A fun fun way of controlling stateful subsystems - used in the 2023-2024 Over Under game for our overly complex intake-cata subsystem (see there for an example) The statemachine runs in a background thread and a user thread can interact with it through current state and send message.

Designwise: the System class should hold onto any motors, feedback controllers, etc that are persistent in the system States themselves should hold any data that *only* that state needs. For example if a state should be exitted after a certain amount of time, it should hold a timer rather than the System holding that timer. (see Junder from 2024 for an example of this design)

Template Parameters

System	The system that this is the base class of class Thing: public	
	StateMachine <thing> @tparam IDType The ID enum that recognizes</thing>	
	states. Hint hint, use an enum class `	
Message	the message enum that a state or an outside can send and that states respond to	
delay_ms	the delay to wait between each state processing to allow other threads to work	
do_log	true if you want print statements describing incoming messages and current states. If true, it is expected that IDType and Message have a function called to_string that takes them as its only parameter and returns a std::string	

5.87.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.87.2.1 StateMachine()

Construct a state machine and immediatly start running it.

Parameters

initial	the state that the machine will begin in

5.87.3 Member Function Documentation

5.87.3.1 current_state()

```
template<typename System , typename IDType , typename Message , int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log
= false>
IDType StateMachine< System, IDType, Message, delay_ms, do_log >::current_state ( ) const
[inline]
```

retrieve the current state of the state machine. This is safe to call from external threads

Returns

the current state

5.87.3.2 send_message()

send a message to the state machine from outside

Parameters

```
msg the message to send This is safe to call from external threads
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

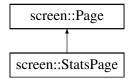
• include/utils/state_machine.h

5.88 screen::StatsPage Class Reference

Draws motor stats and battery stats to the screen.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::StatsPage:



Public Member Functions

- StatsPage (std::map< std::string, vex::motor & > motors)
 Creates a stats page.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.88.1 Detailed Description

Draws motor stats and battery stats to the screen.

5.88.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.88.2.1 StatsPage()

Creates a stats page.

Parameters

motors a map of string to motor that we want to draw on this page

5.88.3 Member Function Documentation

5.88.3.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.88.3.2 update()

```
void screen::StatsPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

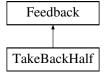
- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.89 TakeBackHalf Class Reference

A velocity controller.

```
#include <take_back_half.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TakeBackHalf:



Public Member Functions

- TakeBackHalf (double TBH_gain, double first_cross_split, double on_target_threshold)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double, double)
- double update (double val) override
- · double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override

Public Attributes

double TBH_gain

tuned parameter

• double first_cross_split

5.89.1 Detailed Description

A velocity controller.

Warning

If you try to use this as a position controller, it will fail.

5.89.2 Member Function Documentation

5.89.2.1 get()

```
double TakeBackHalf::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.89.2.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value
set_pt	where the sensor value should be
start_vel	Movement starting velocity (IGNORED)
end_vel	Movement ending velocity (IGNORED)

Implements Feedback.

5.89.2.3 is_on_target()

```
bool TakeBackHalf::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.89.2.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.89.2.5 update()

```
double TakeBackHalf::update ( \mbox{double } val \mbox{ ) [override], [virtual]}
```

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

```
val value from the sensor
```

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/take_back_half.h
- src/utils/controls/take_back_half.cpp

5.90 TankDrive Class Reference

```
#include <tank_drive.h>
```

Public Types

enum class BrakeType { None , ZeroVelocity , Smart }

Public Member Functions

- TankDrive (motor_group &left_motors, motor_group &right_motors, robot_specs_t &config, OdometryBase *odom=NULL)
- AutoCommand * DriveToPointCmd (point_t pt, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max_speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * DriveToPointCmd (Feedback &fb, point_t pt, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)

- AutoCommand * DriveForwardCmd (Feedback &fb, double dist, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnToHeadingCmd (double heading, double max_speed=1.0, double end_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnToHeadingCmd (Feedback &fb, double heading, double max_speed=1.0, double end_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnToPointCmd (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir=vex::directionType::fwd, double max speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnDegreesCmd (double degrees, double max_speed=1.0, double start_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnDegreesCmd (Feedback &fb, double degrees, double max_speed=1.0, double end
 _speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * PurePursuitCmd (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end speed=0)
- AutoCommand * PurePursuitCmd (Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- Condition * DriveStalledCondition (double stall_time)
- AutoCommand * DriveTankCmd (double left, double right)
- void stop ()
- void drive_tank (double left, double right, int power=1, BrakeType bt=BrakeType::None)
- void drive tank raw (double left, double right)
- void drive_arcade (double forward_back, double left_right, int power=1, BrakeType bt=BrakeType::None)
- bool drive_forward (double inches, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive_forward (double inches, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool turn degrees (double degrees, Feedback &feedback, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- bool turn_degrees (double degrees, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive_to_point (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive_to_point (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool turn to heading (double heading deg, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- void reset auto ()
- bool pure_pursuit (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end speed=0)
- bool pure_pursuit (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)

Static Public Member Functions

static double modify_inputs (double input, int power=2)

5.90.1 Detailed Description

TankDrive is a class to run a tank drive system. A tank drive system, sometimes called differential drive, has a motor (or group of synchronized motors) on the left and right side

5.90.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.90.2.1 BrakeType

enum class TankDrive::BrakeType [strong]

Enumerator

None	just send 0 volts to the motors
ZeroVelocity	try to bring the robot to rest. But don't try to hold position
Smart	bring the robot to rest and once it's stopped, try to hold that position

5.90.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.90.3.1 TankDrive()

```
TankDrive::TankDrive (
    motor_group & left_motors,
    motor_group & right_motors,
    robot_specs_t & config,
    OdometryBase * odom = NULL )
```

Create the TankDrive object

Parameters

left_motors	left side drive motors
right_motors	right side drive motors
config	the configuration specification defining physical dimensions about the robot. See robot_specs_t for more info
odom	an odometry system to track position and rotation. this is necessary to execute autonomous paths

5.90.4 Member Function Documentation

5.90.4.1 drive_arcade()

Drive the robot using arcade style controls. forward_back controls the linear motion, left_right controls the turning.

forward_back and left_right are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

Parameters

forward_back	the percent to move forward or backward
left_right	the percent to turn left or right
power	modifies the input velocities left^power, right^power
bt	breaktype. What to do if the driver lets go of the sticks

Drive the robot using arcade style controls. forward_back controls the linear motion, left_right controls the turning.

left_motors and right_motors are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

5.90.4.2 drive_forward() [1/2]

Autonomously drive the robot forward a certain distance

Parameters

inches	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Autonomously drive the robot forward a certain distance

Parameters

inches	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw	
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward	
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power	
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion	

Returns

true if we have finished driving to our point

5.90.4.3 drive_forward() [2/2]

Use odometry to drive forward a certain distance using a custom feedback controller

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

inches	the distance to drive forward

Parameters

dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward	
feedback	the custom feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and	
	drive.	
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power	
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion	

Returns

true when we have reached our target distance

Use odometry to drive forward a certain distance using a custom feedback controller

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

inches	the distance to drive forward	
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward	
feedback	the custom feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and	
	drive.	
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power	
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion	

5.90.4.4 drive_tank()

Drive the robot using differential style controls. left_motors controls the left motors, right_motors controls the right motors.

left_motors and right_motors are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

Parameters

left	the percent to run the left motors
right	the percent to run the right motors
power	modifies the input velocities left^power, right^power
bt	breaktype. What to do if the driver lets go of the sticks

5.90.4.5 drive_tank_raw()

```
void TankDrive::drive_tank_raw (
```

```
double left,
double right )
```

Drive the robot raw-ly

Parameters

left	the percent to run the left motors (-1, 1)
right	the percent to run the right motors (-1, 1)

5.90.4.6 drive_to_point() [1/2]

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot. Here we use the default feedback controller from the drive_sys

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot. Here we use the default feedback controller from the drive_sys

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target point

5.90.4.7 drive_to_point() [2/2]

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot.

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target	
У	the y position of the target	
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward	
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive	
max_speed	ax_speed the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power	
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion	

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot.

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target point

5.90.4.8 modify_inputs()

Create a curve for the inputs, so that drivers have more control at lower speeds. Curves are exponential, with the default being squaring the inputs.

Parameters

input	the input before modification
power	the power to raise input to

Returns

input ^ power (accounts for negative inputs and odd numbered powers)

Modify the inputs from the controller by squaring / cubing, etc Allows for better control of the robot at slower speeds

Parameters

input	the input signal -1 -> 1
power	the power to raise the signal to

Returns

input^power accounting for any sign issues that would arise with this naive solution

5.90.4.9 pure_pursuit() [1/2]

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Use the default drive feedback

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

True when the path is complete

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Use the default drive feedback

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)

Returns

True when the path is complete

5.90.4.10 pure_pursuit() [2/2]

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

True when the path is complete

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)

Returns

True when the path is complete

5.90.4.11 reset_auto()

```
void TankDrive::reset_auto ( )
```

Reset the initialization for autonomous drive functions

5.90.4.12 stop()

```
void TankDrive::stop ( )
```

Stops rotation of all the motors using their "brake mode"

5.90.4.13 turn_degrees() [1/2]

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the defualt turning feedback of the drive system.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the defualt turning feedback of the drive system.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we turned te target number of degrees

5.90.4.14 turn_degrees() [2/2]

```
Feedback & feedback,
double max_speed = 1,
double end_speed = 0 )
```

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses PID + Feedforward for it's control.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the specified feedback for it's control.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have turned our target number of degrees

5.90.4.15 turn_to_heading() [1/2]

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward. Uses the defualt turn feedback of the drive system

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward. Uses the defualt turn feedback of the drive system

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target heading

5.90.4.16 turn_to_heading() [2/2]

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward.

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn	
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.	
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power	
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion	

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward.

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target heading

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/tank_drive.h
- src/subsystems/tank_drive.cpp

5.91 screen::TextConfig Struct Reference

Public Attributes

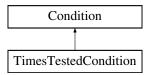
std::function< std::string()> text

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/screen.h

5.92 TimesTestedCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for TimesTestedCondition:



Public Member Functions

- TimesTestedCondition (size_t N)
- · bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

```
    Condition * Or (Condition *b)
```

Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.92.1 Member Function Documentation

5.92.1.1 test()

```
bool TimesTestedCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.93 trapezoid_profile_segment_t Struct Reference

#include <trapezoid_profile.h>

Public Attributes

· double pos_after

1d position after this segment concludes

· double vel_after

1d velocity after this segment concludes

· double accel

1d acceleration during the segment

· double duration

duration of the segment

5.93.1 Detailed Description

trapezoid_profile_segment_t is a description of one constant acceleration segment of a trapezoid motion profile

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h

5.94 TrapezoidProfile Class Reference

```
#include <trapezoid_profile.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• TrapezoidProfile (double max_v, double accel)

Construct a new Trapezoid Profile object.

motion_t calculate (double time_s, double pos_s)

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time and distance that's elapsed.

motion_t calculate_time_based (double time_s)

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time that's elapsed.

• void set_endpts (double start, double end)

set_endpts defines a start and end position

void set_vel_endpts (double start, double end)

set start and end velocities

void set accel (double accel)

set_accel sets the acceleration this profile will use (the left and right legs of the trapezoid)

void set_max_v (double max_v)

sets the maximum velocity for the profile (the height of the top of the trapezoid)

double get_movement_time () const

uses the kinematic equations to and specified accel and max_v to figure out how long moving along the profile would take

- double get_max_v () const
- double get_accel () const

5.94.1 Detailed Description

Trapezoid Profile

This is a motion profile defined by:

- · maximum acceleration
- · maximum velocity
- start position and velocity
- · end position and velocity

Using this information, a parametric function is generated, with a period of acceleration, constant velocity, and deceleration. The velocity graph usually looks like a trapezoid, giving it its name.

If the maximum velocity is set high enough, this will become a S-curve profile, with only acceleration and decelera-

If the initial velocity is in the wrong direction, the profile will first come to a stop, then continue a normal trapezoid profile.

If the initial velocity is higher than the maximum velocity, the profile will first try to achieve the maximum velocity.

If the end velocity is not achievable, the profile will try to get as close as possible. The end velocity must be in the direction of the end point.

This class is designed for use in properly modelling the motion of the robots to create a feedfoward and target for PID. Acceleration and Maximum velocity should be measured on the robot and tuned down slightly to account for battery drop.

Here are the equations graphed for ease of understanding: https://www.desmos.com/calculator/rkm3ivulyk

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

7/12/2022

5.94.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.94.2.1 TrapezoidProfile()

Construct a new Trapezoid Profile object.

Parameters

max⊷	Maximum velocity the robot can run at
_ <i>v</i>	
accel	Maximum acceleration of the robot

5.94.3 Member Function Documentation

5.94.3.1 calculate()

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time and distance that's elapsed.

Parameters

time⊷	Time since start of movement
_s	
pos⊷	The current position
_s	

Returns

motion_t Position, velocity and acceleration

5.94.3.2 calculate_time_based()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} motion\_t & TrapezoidProfile::calculate\_time\_based ( \\ & double & time\_s ) \end{tabular}
```

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time that's elapsed.

Parameters

time⊷	Time since start of movement
_s	

Returns

motion_t Position, velocity and acceleration

5.94.3.3 get_movement_time()

```
double TrapezoidProfile::get_movement_time ( ) const
```

uses the kinematic equations to and specified accel and max_v to figure out how long moving along the profile would take

Returns

the time the path will take to travel

5.94.3.4 set_accel()

set_accel sets the acceleration this profile will use (the left and right legs of the trapezoid)

Parameters

accel	the acceleration amount to use
-------	--------------------------------

5.94.3.5 set_endpts()

set_endpts defines a start and end position

Parameters

start	the starting position of the path
end	the ending position of the path

5.94.3.6 set_max_v()

sets the maximum velocity for the profile (the height of the top of the trapezoid)

Parameters

max⊷	the maximum velocity the robot can travel at
_ <i>v</i>	

5.94.3.7 set_vel_endpts()

set start and end velocities

Parameters

start	the starting velocity of the path
end	the ending velocity of the path

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h
- src/utils/trapezoid_profile.cpp

5.95 TurnDegreesCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TurnDegreesCommand:



Public Member Functions

- TurnDegreesCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double degrees, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.95.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the turn_degrees function in the TankDrive class

5.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.95.2.1 TurnDegreesCommand()

Construct a TurnDegreesCommand Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the turn
degrees	how many degrees to rotate
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.95.3 Member Function Documentation

5.95.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void TurnDegreesCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we timeout

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.95.3.2 run()

```
bool TurnDegreesCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run turn_degrees Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

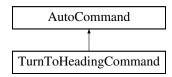
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.96 TurnToHeadingCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TurnToHeadingCommand:



Public Member Functions

- TurnToHeadingCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double heading_deg, double speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.96.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the turn to heading() function in the TankDrive class

5.96.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.96.2.1 TurnToHeadingCommand()

Construct a TurnToHeadingCommand Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive
heading_deg	the heading to turn to in degrees
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.96.3 Member Function Documentation

5.96.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void TurnToHeadingCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we don't hit our target

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.96.3.2 run()

```
bool TurnToHeadingCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run turn_to_heading Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.97 Vector2D Class Reference

#include <vector2d.h>

Public Member Functions

- Vector2D (double dir, double mag)
- Vector2D (point_t p)
- double get_dir () const
- double get_mag () const
- double get_x () const
- double get_y () const
- Vector2D normalize ()
- point_t point ()
- Vector2D operator* (const double &x)
- Vector2D operator+ (const Vector2D &other)
- Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &other)

5.97.1 Detailed Description

Vector2D is an x,y pair Used to represent 2D locations on the field. It can also be treated as a direction and magnitude

5.97.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.97.2.1 Vector2D() [1/2]

Construct a vector object.

Parameters

dir	Direction, in radians. 'foward' is 0, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.
mag	Magnitude.

5.97.2.2 Vector2D() [2/2]

Construct a vector object from a cartesian point.

Parameters

```
p point_t.x , point_t.y
```

5.97.3 Member Function Documentation

5.97.3.1 get_dir()

```
double Vector2D::get_dir ( ) const
```

Get the direction of the vector, in radians. '0' is forward, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.

Use r2d() to convert.

Returns

the direction of the vetctor in radians

Get the direction of the vector, in radians. '0' is forward, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.

Use r2d() to convert.

5.97.3.2 get_mag()

```
double Vector2D::get_mag ( ) const
```

Returns

the magnitude of the vector

Get the magnitude of the vector

5.97.3.3 get_x()

```
double Vector2D::get_x ( ) const
```

Returns

the X component of the vector; positive to the right.

Get the X component of the vector; positive to the right.

5.97.3.4 get_y()

```
double Vector2D::get_y ( ) const
```

Returns

the Y component of the vector, positive forward.

Get the Y component of the vector, positive forward.

5.97.3.5 normalize()

```
Vector2D Vector2D::normalize ( )
```

Changes the magnitude of the vector to 1

Returns

the normalized vector

Changes the magnetude of the vector to 1

5.97.3.6 operator*()

Scales a Vector2D by a scalar with the * operator

Parameters

x the value to scale the vector by

Returns

the this Vector2D scaled by x

5.97.3.7 operator+()

Add the components of two vectors together $\frac{\text{Vector2D}}{\text{Vector2D}} = (\text{this.x} + \text{other.x}, \text{this.y} + \text{other.y})$

Parameters

other the vector to add to this

Returns

the sum of the vectors

5.97.3.8 operator-()

Subtract the components of two vectors together Vector2D - Vector2D = (this.x - other.x, this.y - other.y)

Parameters

other the vector to subtract from this
--

Returns

the difference of the vectors

5.97.3.9 point()

```
point_t Vector2D::point ( )
```

Returns a point from the vector

Returns

the point represented by the vector

Convert a direction and magnitude representation to an x, y representation

Returns

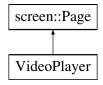
the x, y representation of the vector

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/vector2d.h
- src/utils/vector2d.cpp

5.98 VideoPlayer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for VideoPlayer:



Public Member Functions

- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override
 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

5.98.1 Member Function Documentation

5.98.1.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.98.1.2 update()

```
void VideoPlayer::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

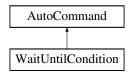
- include/subsystems/fun/video.h
- src/subsystems/fun/video.cpp

5.99 WaitUntilCondition Class Reference

Waits until the condition is true.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for WaitUntilCondition:



Public Member Functions

- WaitUntilCondition (Condition *cond)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.99.1 Detailed Description

Waits until the condition is true.

5.99.2 Member Function Documentation

5.99.2.1 run()

```
bool WaitUntilCondition::run ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.100 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand:



Public Member Functions

- WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand (Flywheel &flywheel, int threshold_rpm)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    virtual void on timeout ()
```

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.100.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand that listens to the Flywheel and waits until it is at its target speed +/- the specified threshold

5.100.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.100.2.1 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand()

Creat a WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand

Parameters

flywheel	the flywheel system we are commanding
threshold_rpm	the threshold over and under the flywheel target RPM that we define to be acceptable

5.100.3 Member Function Documentation

5.100.3.1 run()

```
bool WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run spin_manual Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.101 screen::WidgetConfig Struct Reference

Public Types

```
    enum Type {
    Col , Row , Slider , Button ,
    Checkbox , Label , Text , Graph }
```

Public Attributes

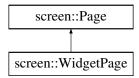
```
    Type type
    union {
        std::vector < SizedWidget > widgets
        SliderConfig slider
        ButtonConfig button
        CheckboxConfig checkbox
        LabelConfig label
        TextConfig text
        GraphDrawer * graph
    } config
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/screen.h

5.102 screen::WidgetPage Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for screen::WidgetPage:



Public Member Functions

- WidgetPage (WidgetConfig &cfg)
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override
 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

5.102.1 Member Function Documentation

5.102.1.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.102.1.2 update()

```
void screen::WidgetPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/screen.h

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 robot_specs.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00004
00011 typedef struct {
00012
         double robot_radius;
00014
00015 double odom_wheel_diam;
00016 double odom_gear_ratio;
00017 double dist_between_wheels;
00018
00019
         double drive_correction_cutoff;
00022
00023
         Feedback *drive feedback;
00024
         Feedback *turn_feedback;
00025
         PID::pid_config_t correction_pid;
00026
00027 } robot_specs_t;
```

6.2 custom_encoder.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "vex.h"
00003
00008 class CustomEncoder : public vex::encoder {
00009 typedef vex::encoder super;
00010
00011 public:
00018
       CustomEncoder(vex::triport::port &port, double ticks_per_rev);
00019
00026
       void setRotation(double val, vex::rotationUnits units);
00027
00034
       void setPosition(double val, vex::rotationUnits units);
00035
00041
       double rotation(vex::rotationUnits units);
00042
00048
       double position(vex::rotationUnits units);
00049
00055
       double velocity(vex::velocityUnits units);
00056
00057 private:
00058
       double tick_scalar;
00059 };
```

6.3 flywheel.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
```

```
00004 #include "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00007 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00008 #include "vex.h"
00009 #include <atomic>
00020 class Flywheel {
00021
00022 public:
        // CONSTRUCTORS, GETTERS, AND SETTERS
00023
        Flywheel(vex::motor_group &motors, Feedback &feedback, FeedForward &helper, const double ratio,
00034
      Filter &filt);
00035
00040
        double get_target() const;
00041
00045
        double getRPM() const;
00046
00050
        vex::motor_group &get_motors() const;
00051
00059
        void spin_manual(double speed, directionType dir = fwd);
00060
00066
        void spin_rpm(double rpm);
00067
00072
        void stop();
00073
00078
        bool is_on_target() { return fb.is_on_target(); }
00079
00085
        screen::Page *Page() const;
00086
00093
        AutoCommand *SpinRpmCmd(int rpm) {
00094
00095
           return new FunctionCommand([this, rpm]() {
00096
            spin_rpm(rpm);
00097
             return true;
00098
          });
00099
        }
00100
00106
        AutoCommand *WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd() {
00107
          return new WaitUntilCondition(new FunctionCondition([this]() { return is_on_target(); }));
00108
00109
00110 private:
00111
        friend class FlywheelPage;
00112
        friend int spinRPMTask(void *wheelPointer);
00113
00114
        vex::motor_group &motors;
00115
        bool task_running = false;
        Feedback &fb;
00116
00117
        FeedForward &ff;
00118
        vex::mutex fb_mut;
00119
        double ratio;
00121
         std::atomic<double> target_rpm;
00122
        task rpm_task;
00123
        Filter &avger;
00124
00125
        // Functions for internal use only
        void set_target(double value);
00130
00135
        double measure_RPM();
00136
00143
        void spin raw(double speed, directionType dir = fwd);
00144 };
```

6.4 pl_mpeg.h

```
00001 #include "vex.h"
00002 /
00003 PL MPEG - MPEG1 Video decoder, MP2 Audio decoder, MPEG-PS demuxer
00004
00005 Dominic Szablewski - https://phoboslab.org
00007
00008 -- LICENSE: The MIT License (MIT)
00009
00010 Copyright (c) 2019 Dominic Szablewski
00011
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00014 the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to
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00016 of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do 00017 so, subject to the following conditions:
00018 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
```

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```
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00025 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00026 SOFTWARE.
00027
00028
00029
00030
00031 -- Synopsis
00032
00033 // Define `PL_MPEG_IMPLEMENTATION' in \starone* C/C++ file before including this
00034 // library to create the implementation.
00035
00036 #define PL_MPEG_IMPLEMENTATION 00037 #include "plmpeg.h"
00039 // This function gets called for each decoded video frame
00040 void my_video_callback(plm_t *plm, plm_frame_t *frame, void *user) {
00041
              // Do something with frame->y.data, frame->cr.data, frame->cb.data
00042
00043
00044 \!\!\!// This function gets called for each decoded audio frame
00045 void my_audio_callback(plm_t *plm, plm_samples_t *frame, void *user) {
00046
              // Do something with samples->interleaved
00047 }
00048
00049 // Load a .mpg (MPEG Program Stream) file
00050 plm_t *plm = plm_create_with_filename("some-file.mpg");
00051
00052 // Install the video & audio decode callbacks
{\tt 00053~plm\_set\_video\_decode\_callback(plm, my\_video\_callback, my\_data);}
00054 plm_set_audio_decode_callback(plm, my_audio_callback, my_data);
00055
00057 // Decode
00058 do {
00059
              plm_decode(plm, time_since_last_call);
00060 } while (!plm_has_ended(plm));
00061
00062 // All done
00063 plm_destroy(plm);
00064
00065
00066
00067 -- Documentation
00068
00069 This library provides several interfaces to load, demux and decode MPEG video
00070 and audio data. A high-level API combines the demuxer, video & audio decoders
00071 in an easy to use wrapper.
00072
00073 Lower-level APIs for accessing the demuxer, video decoder and audio decoder,
00074 as well as providing different data sources are also available.
00076 Interfaces are written in an object oriented style, meaning you create object
00077 instances via various different constructor functions (plm_*create()),
00078 do some work on them and later dispose them via plm_*destroy().
00079
00080 plm_{\pm} ....... the high-level interface, combining demuxer and decoders
00081 plm_buffer_* .. the data source used by all interfaces
00082 plm_demux_* ... the MPEG-PS demuxer
00083 plm_video_* ... the MPEG1 Video ("mpeg1") decoder
00084 plm_audio_* ... the MPEG1 Audio Layer II ("mp2") decoder
00085
00086
00087 With the high-level interface you have two options to decode video & audio:
00089 1. Use plm_decode() and just hand over the delta time since the last call.
00090
          It will decode everything needed and call your callbacks (specified through
00091
          plm_set_{video|audio}_decode_callback()) any number of times.
00092
00093 2. Use plm decode video() and plm decode audio() to decode exactly one
00094
         frame of video or audio data at a time. How you handle the synchronization
00095
          of both streams is up to you.
00096
00097 If you only want to decode video *or* audio through these functions, you should
00098 disable the other stream (plm_set_{video|audio}_enabled(FALSE))
00099
00100 Video data is decoded into a struct with all 3 planes (Y, Cr, Cb) stored in
00101 separate buffers. You can either convert this to RGB on the CPU (slow) via the
00102 plm_frame_to_rgb() function or do it on the GPU with the following matrix:
00103
```

```
1.16438, -0.39176, -0.81297, 0.52959,
              1.16438, 2.01723, 0.00000, -1.08139, 0, 0, 0, 1
00107
00108
00109):
00110 gl_FragColor = vec4(y, cb, cr, 1.0) * bt601;
00111
00112 Audio data is decoded into a struct with either one single float array with the
00113 samples for the left and right channel interleaved, or if the
00114 PLM_AUDIO_SEPARATE_CHANNELS is defined *before* including this library, into
00115 two separate float arrays - one for each channel.
00116
00117
00118 Data can be supplied to the high level interface, the demuxer and the decoders
00119 in three different ways:
00120
00121 1. Using plm_create_from_filename() or with a file handle with
         plm_create_from_file().
00122
00123
00124 2. Using plm_create_with_memory() and supplying a pointer to memory that
00125
         contains the whole file.
00126
00127 3. Using plm_create_with_buffer(), supplying your own plm_buffer_t instance and
        periodically writing to this buffer.
00128
00129
00130 When using your own plm_buffer_t instance, you can fill this buffer using
00131 plm_buffer_write(). You can either monitor plm_buffer_get_remaining() and push
00132 data when appropriate, or install a callback on the buffer with
00133 plm_buffer_set_load_callback() that gets called whenever the buffer needs more
00134 data.
00135
00136 A buffer created with plm_buffer_create_with_capacity() is treated as a ring
00137 buffer, meaning that data that has already been read, will be discarded. In
00138 contrast, a buffer created with plm_buffer_create_for_appending() will keep all
00139 data written to it in memory. This enables seeking in the already loaded data.
00140
00141
00142 There should be no need to use the lower level plm_demux_*, plm_video_* and 00143 plm_audio_* functions, if all you want to do is read/decode an MPEG-PS file.
00144 However, if you get raw mpeglvideo data or raw mp2 audio data from a different
00145 source, these functions can be used to decode the raw data directly. Similarly,
00146 if you only want to analyze an MPEG-PS file or extract raw video or audio
00147 packets from it, you can use the plm_demux_* functions.
00148
00149
00150 This library uses malloc(), realloc() and free() to manage memory. Typically
00151 all allocation happens up-front when creating the interface. However, the
00152 default buffer size may be too small for certain inputs. In these cases plmpeg
00153 will realloc() the buffer with a larger size whenever needed. You can configure
00154 the default buffer size by defining PLM_BUFFER_DEFAULT_SIZE *before*
00155 including this library.
00157 You can also define PLM_MALLOC, PLM_REALLOC and PLM_FREE to provide your own
00158 memory management functions.
00159
00160
00161 See below for detailed the API documentation.
00163 */
00164
00165 #ifndef PL MPEG H
00166 #define PL_MPEG_H
00167
00168 #include <stdint.h>
00169 // #include <stdio.h>
00170
00171 #ifdef __cplusplus
00172 extern "C" {
00173 #endif
00174
00176 // Public Data Types
00177
00178 \!\!\!// Object types for the various interfaces
00179
00180 typedef struct plm t plm t;
00181 typedef struct plm_buffer_t plm_buffer_t;
00182 typedef struct plm_demux_t plm_demux_t;
00183 typedef struct plm_video_t plm_video_t;
00184 typedef struct plm_audio_t plm_audio_t;
00185
00186 // Demuxed MPEG PS packet
00187 // The type maps directly to the various MPEG-PES start codes. PTS is the
00188 // presentation time stamp of the packet in seconds. Note that not all packets
00189 // have a PTS value, indicated by PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS.
00190
00191 #define PLM PACKET INVALID TS -1
00192
```

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```
00193 typedef struct {
00194
       int type;
00195
       double pts;
00196
       size_t length;
00197
       uint8 t *data;
00198 } plm_packet_t;
00199
00200 // Decoded Video Plane
00201 // The byte length of the data is width * height. Note that different planes
00202 // have different sizes: the Luma plane (Y) is double the size of each of
00203 // the two Chroma planes (Cr, Cb) - i.e. 4 times the byte length.
00204 // Also note that the size of the plane does *not* denote the size of the
00205 // displayed frame. The sizes of planes are always rounded up to the nearest
00206 // macroblock (16px).
00207
00208 typedef struct {
00209
       unsigned int width;
00210
       unsigned int height;
00211
       uint8_t *data;
00212 } plm_plane_t;
00213
00214 // Decoded Video Frame
00215 // width and height denote the desired display size of the frame. This may be
00216 // different from the internal size of the 3 planes.
00217
00218 typedef struct {
00219
       double time;
00220
       unsigned int width;
00221
       unsigned int height;
00222
       plm_plane_t y;
00223
       plm_plane_t cr;
00224
       plm_plane_t cb;
00225 } plm_frame_t;
00226
00227 // Callback function type for decoded video frames used by the high-level
00228 // plm_* interface
00229
00230 typedef void (*plm_video_decode_callback)(plm_t *self, plm_frame_t *frame, void *user);
00231
00232 // Decoded Audio Samples
00233 // Samples are stored as normalized (-1, 1) float either interleaved, or if
00234 // PLM_AUDIO_SEPARATE_CHANNELS is defined, in two separate arrays.
00235 // The `count` is always PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME and just there for
00236 // convenience.
00237
00238 #define PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME 1152
00239
00240 typedef struct {
00241
       double time:
00242
       unsigned int count:
00243 #ifdef PLM_AUDIO_SEPARATE_CHANNELS
00244 float left[PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME];
00245
       float right[PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME];
00246 #else
00247 float interleaved[PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME * 2];
00248 #endif
00249 } plm_samples_t;
00250
00251 // Callback function type for decoded audio samples used by the high-level
00252 // plm_* interface
00253
00254 typedef void (*plm_audio_decode_callback) (plm_t *self, plm_samples_t *samples, void *user);
00256 // Callback function for plm\_buffer when it needs more data
00257
00258 typedef void (*plm_buffer_load_callback)(plm_buffer_t *self, void *user);
00259
00260 // -
00261 // plm * public API
00262 // High-Level API for loading/demuxing/decoding MPEG-PS data
00263
00264 // Create a plmpeg instance with a filename. Returns NULL if the file could not
00265 // be opened.
00266
00267 plm_t *plm_create_with_filename(const char *filename);
00269 // Create a plmpeg instance with a file handle. Pass TRUE to close_when_done to
00270 // let plmpeg call fclose() on the handle when plm_destroy() is called.
00271
00272 plm_t *plm_create_with_file(FIL *fh, int close_when_done);
00273
00274 // Create a plmpeg instance with a pointer to memory as source. This assumes the
00275 // whole file is in memory. The memory is not copied. Pass TRUE to
00276 // free_when_done to let plmpeg call free() on the pointer when plm_destroy()
00277 // is called.
00278
00279 plm t *plm create with memory(uint8 t *bytes, size t length, int free when done);
```

```
00281 // Create a plmpeg instance with a plm_buffer as source. Pass TRUE to
00282 // destroy_when_done to let plmpeg call plm_buffer_destroy() on the buffer when
00283 // plm_destroy() is called.
00284
00285 plm_t *plm_create_with_buffer(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done);
00287 // Destroy a plmpeg instance and free all data.
00288
00289 void plm_destroy(plm_t *self);
00290
00291 // Get whether we have headers on all available streams and we can accurately
00292 // report the number of video/audio streams, video dimensions, framerate and
00293 // audio samplerate.
00294 // This returns FALSE if the file is not an MPEG-PS file or - when not using a
00295 // file as source - when not enough data is available yet.
00296
00297 int plm has headers(plm t *self);
00298
00299 // Get or set whether video decoding is enabled. Default TRUE.
00300
00301 int plm_get_video_enabled(plm_t *self);
00302 void plm_set_video_enabled(plm_t *self, int enabled);
00303
00304 // Get the number of video streams (0--1) reported in the system header.
00305
00306 int plm_get_num_video_streams(plm_t *self);
00307
00308 // Get the display width/height of the video stream.
00309
00310 int plm_get_width(plm_t *self);
00311 int plm_get_height(plm_t *self);
00312
00313 // Get the framerate of the video stream in frames per second.
00314
00315 double plm_get_framerate(plm_t *self);
00316
00317 // Get or set whether audio decoding is enabled. Default TRUE.
00318
00319 int plm_get_audio_enabled(plm_t *self);
00320 void plm_set_audio_enabled(plm_t *self, int enabled);
00321
00322 // Get the number of audio streams (0--4) reported in the system header.
00323
00324 int plm_get_num_audio_streams(plm_t *self);
00325
00326 // Set the desired audio stream (0--3). Default 0.
00327
00328 void plm set audio stream(plm t *self, int stream index);
00329
00330 // Get the samplerate of the audio stream in samples per second.
00331
00332 int plm_get_samplerate(plm_t *self);
00333
00334 // Get or set the audio lead time in seconds - the time in which audio samples
00335 // are decoded in advance (or behind) the video decode time. Typically this
00336 // should be set to the duration of the buffer of the audio API that you use
00337 // for output. E.g. for SDL2: (SDL_AudioSpec.samples / samplerate)
00338
00339 double plm_get_audio_lead_time(plm_t *self);
00340 void plm_set_audio_lead_time(plm_t *self, double lead_time);
00341
00342 // Get the current internal time in seconds.
00343
00344 double plm_get_time(plm_t *self);
00345
00346 // Get the video duration of the underlying source in seconds.
00347
00348 double plm_get_duration(plm_t *self);
00350 // Rewind all buffers back to the beginning.
00351
00352 void plm_rewind(plm_t *self);
00353
00354 // Get or set looping. Default FALSE.
00355
00356 int plm_get_loop(plm_t *self);
00357 void plm_set_loop(plm_t *self, int loop);
00358
00359 // Get whether the file has ended. If looping is enabled, this will always
00360 // return FALSE.
00361
00362 int plm has ended(plm t *self);
00363
00364 // Set the callback for decoded video frames used with plm_decode(). If no
00365 // callback is set, video data will be ignored and not be decoded. The *user
00366 // Parameter will be passed to your callback.
```

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```
00367
00368 void plm set video decode callback(plm t *self, plm video decode callback fp, void *user);
00369
00370 // Set the callback for decoded audio samples used with plm_decode(). If no
00371 // callback is set, audio data will be ignored and not be decoded. The *user
00372 // Parameter will be passed to your callback.
00374 void plm_set_audio_decode_callback(plm_t *self, plm_audio_decode_callback fp, void *user);
00375
00376 // Advance the internal timer by seconds and decode video/audio up to this time.
00377 // This will call the video_decode_callback and audio_decode_callback any number
00378 // of times. A frame-skip is not implemented, i.e. everything up to current time
00379 // will be decoded.
00380
00381 void plm_decode(plm_t *self, double seconds);
00382
00383 // Decode and return one video frame. Returns NULL if no frame could be decoded
00384 // (either because the source ended or data is corrupt). If you only want to
00385 // decode video, you should disable audio via plm_set_audio_enabled().
00386 // The returned plm_frame_t is valid until the next call to plm_decode_video()
00387 // or until plm_destroy() is called.
00388
00389 plm_frame_t *plm_decode_video(plm_t *self);
00390
00391 // Decode and return one audio frame. Returns NULL if no frame could be decoded
00392 // (either because the source ended or data is corrupt). If you only want to
00393 // decode audio, you should disable video via plm_set_video_enabled().
00394 // The returned plm_samples_t is valid until the next call to plm_decode_audio()
00395 // or until plm_destroy() is called.
00396
00397 plm_samples_t *plm_decode_audio(plm_t *self);
00398
00399 // Seek to the specified time, clamped between 0 -- duration. This can only be
00400 // used when the underlying plm_buffer is seekable, i.e. for files, fixed
00401 // memory buffers or \_for\_appending buffers.
00402 // If seek_exact is TRUE this will seek to the exact time, otherwise it will
00403 // seek to the last intra frame just before the desired time. Exact seeking can
00404 // be slow, because all frames up to the seeked one have to be decoded on top of
00405 // the previous intra frame.
00406 // If seeking succeeds, this function will call the video_decode_callback
00407 // exactly once with the target frame. If audio is enabled, it will also call
00408 // the audio_decode_callback any number of times, until the audio_lead_time is
00409 // satisfied.
00410 // Returns TRUE if seeking succeeded or FALSE if no frame could be found.
00411
00412 int plm_seek(plm_t *self, double time, int seek_exact);
00413
00414 // Similar to plm_seek(), but will not call the video_decode_callback,
00415 // audio_decode_callback or make any attempts to sync audio. 00416 // Returns the found frame or NULL if no frame could be found.
00417
00418 plm_frame_t *plm_seek_frame(plm_t *self, double time, int seek_exact);
00419
00420 // ----
00421 // plm_buffer public API
00422 // Provides the data source for all other plm_* interfaces
00424 // The default size for buffers created from files or by the high-level API
00425
00426 #ifndef PLM_BUFFER_DEFAULT_SIZE
00427 #define PLM_BUFFER_DEFAULT_SIZE (128 * 1024)
00428 #endif
00429
00430 // Create a buffer instance with a filename. Returns NULL if the file could not
00431 // be opened.
00432
00433 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_filename(const char *filename);
00434
00435 // Create a buffer instance with a file handle. Pass TRUE to close_when_done
00436 // to let plmpeg call fclose() on the handle when plm_destroy() is called.
00437
00438 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_file(FIL *fh, int close_when_done);
00439
00440 // Create a buffer instance with a pointer to memory as source. This assumes
00441 // the whole file is in memory. The bytes are not copied. Pass 1 to
00442 // free_when_done to let plmpeg call free() on the pointer when plm_destroy()
00443 // is called.
00444
00445 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_memory(uint8_t *bytes, size_t length, int free_when_done);
00446
00447 // Create an empty buffer with an initial capacity. The buffer will grow
00448 // as needed. Data that has already been read, will be discarded.
00449
00450 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_capacity(size_t capacity);
00451
00452 // Create an empty buffer with an initial capacity. The buffer will grow
00453 // as needed. Decoded data will *not* be discarded. This can be used when
```

```
00454 // loading a file over the network, without needing to throttle the download.
00455 // It also allows for seeking in the already loaded data.
00456
00457 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_for_appending(size_t initial_capacity);
00458
00459 // Destroy a buffer instance and free all data
00460
00461 void plm_buffer_destroy(plm_buffer_t *self);
00462
00463 // Copy data into the buffer. If the data to be written is larger than the
00464 // available space, the buffer will realloc() with a larger capacity.
00465 // Returns the number of bytes written. This will always be the same as the
00466 // passed in length, except when the buffer was created _with_memory() for 00467 // which _write() is forbidden.
00468
00469 size_t plm_buffer_write(plm_buffer_t *self, uint8_t *bytes, size_t length);
00470
00471 // Mark the current byte length as the end of this buffer and signal that no
00472 // more data is expected to be written to it. This function should be called
00473 // just after the last plm_buffer_write().
00474 // For _with_capacity buffers, this is cleared on a plm_buffer_rewind().
00475
00476 void plm_buffer_signal_end(plm_buffer_t *self);
00477
00478 // Set a callback that is called whenever the buffer needs more data
00480 void plm_buffer_set_load_callback(plm_buffer_t *self, plm_buffer_load_callback fp, void *user);
00481
00482 // Rewind the buffer back to the beginning. When loading from a file handle,
00483 // this also seeks to the beginning of the file.
00484
00485 void plm_buffer_rewind(plm_buffer_t *self);
00486
00487 // Get the total size. For files, this returns the file size. For all other
00488 // types it returns the number of bytes currently in the buffer.
00489
00490 size t plm buffer get size(plm buffer t *self);
00492 // Get the number of remaining (yet unread) bytes in the buffer. This can be
00493 // useful to throttle writing.
00494
00495 size_t plm_buffer_get_remaining(plm_buffer_t *self);
00496
00497 // Get whether the read position of the buffer is at the end and no more data
00498 // is expected.
00499
00500 int plm_buffer_has_ended(plm_buffer_t *self);
00501
00502 // --
00503 // plm_demux public API
00504 // Demux an MPEG Program Stream (PS) data into separate packages
00505
00506 // Various Packet Types
00507
00508 static const int PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_PRIVATE = 0xBD;
00509 static const int PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_1 = 0xCO;
00510 static const int PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_2 = 0xC1;
00511 static const int PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_3 = 0xC2;
00512 static const int PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_4 = 0xC2;
00513 static const int PLM DEMUX PACKET VIDEO 1 = 0xE0:
00514
00515 // Create a demuxer with a plm_buffer as source. This will also attempt to read
00516 // the pack and system headers from the buffer.
00517
00518 plm_demux_t *plm_demux_create(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done);
00519
00520 // Destroy a demuxer and free all data.
00521
00522 void plm_demux_destroy(plm_demux_t *self);
00524 // Returns TRUE/FALSE whether pack and system headers have been found. This will
00525 // attempt to read the headers if non are present yet.
00526
00527 int plm demux has headers(plm demux t *self);
00528
00529 // Returns the number of video streams found in the system header. This will
00530 // attempt to read the system header if non is present yet.
00531
00532 int plm_demux_get_num_video_streams(plm_demux_t *self);
00533
00534 // Returns the number of audio streams found in the system header. This will
00535 // attempt to read the system header if non is present yet.
00536
00537 int plm_demux_get_num_audio_streams(plm_demux_t *self);
00538
00539 // Rewind the internal buffer. See plm_buffer_rewind().
00540
```

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```
00541 void plm_demux_rewind(plm_demux_t *self);
00542
00543 // Get whether the file has ended. This will be cleared on seeking or rewind.
00544
00545 int plm demux has ended(plm demux t *self);
00546
00547 // Seek to a packet of the specified type with a PTS just before specified time.
00548 // If force_intra is TRUE, only packets containing an intra frame will be
00549 // considered - this only makes sense when the type is PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_VIDEO_1
00550 // Note that the specified time is considered 0-based, regardless of the first
00551 // PTS in the data source.
00552
00553 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_seek(plm_demux_t *self, double time, int type, int force_intra);
00554
00555 // Get the PTS of the first packet of this type. Returns PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS
00556 \text{ // if not packet of this packet type can be found.}
00557
00558 double plm demux get start time (plm demux t *self, int type);
00560 // Get the duration for the specified packet type - i.e. the span between the
00561 // the first PTS and the last PTS in the data source. This only makes sense when
00562 // the underlying data source is a file or fixed memory.
00563
00564 double plm_demux_get_duration(plm_demux_t *self, int type);
00565
00566 // Decode and return the next packet. The returned packet_t is valid until
00567 // the next call to plm_demux_decode() or until the demuxer is destroyed.
00568
00569 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_decode(plm_demux_t *self);
00570
00571 //
00572 // plm_video public API
00573 // Decode MPEG1 Video ("mpeg1") data into raw YCrCb frames
00574
00575 // Create a video decoder with a plm_buffer as source.
00576
00577 \ \texttt{plm\_video\_t *plm\_video\_create\_with\_buffer(plm\_buffer\_t *buffer, int destroy\_when\_done);}
00578
00579 // Destroy a video decoder and free all data.
00580
00581 void plm_video_destroy(plm_video_t *self);
00582
00583 // Get whether a sequence header was found and we can accurately report on
00584 // dimensions and framerate.
00585
00586 int plm_video_has_header(plm_video_t *self);
00587
00588 // Get the framerate in frames per second.
00589
00590 double plm video get framerate(plm video t *self);
00591
00592 // Get the display width/height.
00593
00594 int plm_video_get_width(plm_video_t *self);
00595 int plm_video_get_height(plm_video_t *self);
00596
00597 // Set "no delay" mode. When enabled, the decoder assumes that the video does
00598 // *not* contain any B-Frames. This is useful for reducing lag when streaming.
00599 // The default is FALSE.
00600
00601 void plm_video_set_no_delay(plm_video_t *self, int no_delay);
00602
00603 // Get the current internal time in seconds.
00604
00605 double plm_video_get_time(plm_video_t *self);
00606
00607 // Set the current internal time in seconds. This is only useful when you
00608 \!\!\!// manipulate the underlying video buffer and want to enforce a correct
00609 // timestamps.
00610
00611 void plm_video_set_time(plm_video_t *self, double time);
00612
00613 // Rewind the internal buffer. See plm_buffer_rewind().
00614
00615 void plm video rewind(plm video t *self);
00616
00617 // Get whether the file has ended. This will be cleared on rewind.
00618
00619 int plm_video_has_ended(plm_video_t *self);
00620
00621 // Decode and return one frame of video and advance the internal time by
00622 // 1/framerate seconds. The returned frame_t is valid until the next call of
00623 // plm_video_decode() or until the video decoder is destroyed.
00624
00625 plm_frame_t *plm_video_decode(plm_video_t *self);
00626
00627 // Convert the YCrCb data of a frame into interleaved R G B data. The stride
```

```
00628 // specifies the width in bytes of the destination buffer. I.e. the number of
00629 // bytes from one line to the next. The stride must be at least
00630 // (frame->width * bytes_per_pixel). The buffer pointed to by *dest must have a
00631 // size of at least (stride * frame->height).
00632 // Note that the alpha component of the dest buffer is always left untouched.
00633
00634 void plm_frame_to_rgb(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00635 void plm_frame_to_bgr(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00636 void plm_frame_to_rgba(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00637 void plm_frame_to_bgra(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00638 void plm_frame_to_argb(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00639 void plm_frame_to_abgr(plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *dest, int stride);
00640
00641 // -
00642 // plm_audio public API
00643 // Decode MPEG-1 Audio Layer II ("mp2") data into raw samples
00644
00645 // Create an audio decoder with a plm buffer as source.
00646
00647 plm_audio_t *plm_audio_create_with_buffer(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done);
00648
00649 // Destroy an audio decoder and free all data.
00650
00651 void plm_audio_destroy(plm_audio_t *self);
00652
00653 // Get whether a frame header was found and we can accurately report on
00654 // samplerate.
00655
00656 int plm_audio_has_header(plm_audio_t *self);
00657
00658 // Get the samplerate in samples per second.
00659
00660 int plm_audio_get_samplerate(plm_audio_t *self);
00661
00662 // Get the current internal time in seconds.
00663
00664 double plm audio get time(plm audio t *self);
00666 // Set the current internal time in seconds. This is only useful when you
00667 // manipulate the underlying video buffer and want to enforce a correct
00668 // timestamps.
00669
00670 void plm audio set time(plm audio t *self. double time):
00671
00672 // Rewind the internal buffer. See plm_buffer_rewind().
00673
00674 void plm_audio_rewind(plm_audio_t *self);
00675
00676 // Get whether the file has ended. This will be cleared on rewind.
00677
00678 int plm_audio_has_ended(plm_audio_t *self);
00679
00680 // Decode and return one "frame" of audio and advance the internal time by
00681 // (PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME/samplerate) seconds. The returned samples_t
00682 // is valid until the next call of plm_audio_decode() or until the audio
00683 // decoder is destroyed.
00685 plm_samples_t *plm_audio_decode(plm_audio_t *self);
00686
00687 #ifdef __cplusplus
00688 }
00689 #endif
00690
00691 #endif // PL MPEG H
00692
00693 // -----
00694 // -----
00695 // IMPLEMENTATION
00696
00697 #ifdef PL_MPEG_IMPLEMENTATION
00698
00699 #include <stdlib.h>
00700 #include <string.h>
00701
00702 #ifndef TRUE
00703 #define TRUE 1
00704 #define FALSE 0
00705 #endif
00706
00707 #ifndef PLM MALLOC
00708 #define PLM_MALLOC(sz) malloc(sz)
00709 #define PLM_FREE(p) free(p)
00710 #define PLM_REALLOC(p, sz) realloc(p, sz)
00711 #endif
00712
00713 #define PLM_UNUSED(expr) (void)(expr)
00714
```

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```
00716 // plm (high-level interface) implementation
00717
00718 struct plm_t {
00719
       plm_demux_t *demux;
00720
        double time;
00721
        int has_ended;
00722
        int loop;
00723
       int has_decoders;
00724
00725
        int video_enabled;
00726
       int video_packet_type;
00727
       plm_buffer_t *video_buffer;
00728
       plm_video_t *video_decoder;
00729
00730
        int audio_enabled;
00731
       int audio_stream_index;
00732
       int audio_packet_type;
00733
       double audio_lead_time;
00734
        plm_buffer_t *audio_buffer;
00735
       plm_audio_t *audio_decoder;
00736
00737
        plm_video_decode_callback video_decode_callback;
00738
        void *video_decode_callback_user_data;
00739
00740
       plm_audio_decode_callback audio_decode_callback;
00741
        void *audio_decode_callback_user_data;
00742 };
00743
00744 int plm_init_decoders(plm_t *self);
00745 void plm_handle_end(plm_t *self);
00746 void plm_read_video_packet(plm_buffer_t *buffer, void *user);
00747 void plm_read_audio_packet(plm_buffer_t *buffer, void *user);
00748 void plm_read_packets(plm_t *self, int requested_type);
00749
00750 plm_t *plm_create_with_filename(const char *filename) {
00751
       plm_buffer_t *buffer = plm_buffer_create_with_filename(filename);
if (!buffer) {
00752
00753
         return NULL;
00754
00755
        return plm_create_with_buffer(buffer, TRUE);
00756 }
00757
00758 plm_t *plm_create_with_file(FIL *fh, int close_when_done) {
00759
      plm_buffer_t *buffer = plm_buffer_create_with_file(fh, close_when_done);
        return plm_create_with_buffer(buffer, TRUE);
00760
00761 }
00762
00763 plm_t *plm_create_with_memory(uint8_t *bytes, size_t length, int free_when_done) {
00764 plm_buffer_t *buffer = plm_buffer_create_with_memory(bytes, length, free_when_done);
00765
        return plm_create_with_buffer(buffer, TRUE);
00766 }
00767
00768 plm_t *plm_create_with_buffer(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done) {
00769
       plm_t *self = (plm_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_t));
00770
       memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_t));
00771
00772
        self->demux = plm_demux_create(buffer, destroy_when_done);
       self->video_enabled = TRUE;
self->audio_enabled = TRUE;
00773
00774
00775
       plm_init_decoders(self);
00776
00777
        return self;
00778 }
00779
00780 int plm_init_decoders(plm_t *self) {
00781
       if (self->has_decoders) {
00782
         return TRUE:
00783
00784
00785
        if (!plm_demux_has_headers(self->demux)) {
00786
         return FALSE;
00787
00788
00789
        if (plm demux get num video streams(self->demux) > 0) {
         if (self->video_enabled) {
00790
            self->video_packet_type = PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_VIDEO_1;
00791
00792
          self->video_buffer = plm_buffer_create_with_capacity(PLM_BUFFER_DEFAULT_SIZE);
00793
00794
          plm_buffer_set_load_callback(self->video_buffer, plm_read_video_packet, self);
00795
00796
00797
        if (plm_demux_get_num_audio_streams(self->demux) > 0) {
00798
             (self->audio_enabled) {
00799
           self->audio_packet_type = PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_1 + self->audio_stream_index;
00800
00801
          self->audio buffer = plm buffer create with capacity (PLM BUFFER DEFAULT SIZE);
```

```
plm_buffer_set_load_callback(self->audio_buffer, plm_read_audio_packet, self);
00803
00804
00805
        if (self->video_buffer) {
00806
         self->video_decoder = plm_video_create_with_buffer(self->video_buffer, TRUE);
00807
00808
00809
        if (self->audio_buffer) {
00810
         self->audio_decoder = plm_audio_create_with_buffer(self->audio_buffer, TRUE);
00811
00812
00813
        self->has decoders = TRUE;
00814
       return TRUE;
00815 }
00816
00817 void plm_destroy(plm_t *self) {
00818
       if (self->video_decoder) {
00819
         plm_video_destroy(self->video_decoder);
00820
00821
       if (self->audio_decoder) {
00822
         plm_audio_destroy(self->audio_decoder);
00823
00824
00825
        plm_demux_destroy(self->demux);
00826
        PLM_FREE(self);
00827 }
00828
00829 int plm_get_audio_enabled(plm_t *self) { return self->audio_enabled; }
00830
00831 int plm_has_headers(plm_t *self) {
00832
       if (!plm_demux_has_headers(self->demux)) {
00833
         return FALSE;
00834
00835
00836
       if (!plm_init_decoders(self)) {
00837
         return FALSE;
00838
00839
00840
        if ((self->video_decoder && !plm_video_has_header(self->video_decoder)) ||
00841
            (self->audio_decoder && !plm_audio_has_header(self->audio_decoder))) {
00842
         return FALSE;
       }
00843
00844
00845
       return TRUE;
00846 }
00847
00848 void plm_set_audio_enabled(plm_t *self, int enabled) {
00849
       self->audio_enabled = enabled;
00850
00851
        if (!enabled) {
        self->audio_packet_type = 0;
00852
00853
00854
00855
00856
        self->audio_packet_type =
00857
            (plm init decoders(self) && self->audio decoder) ? PLM DEMUX PACKET AUDIO 1 +
      self->audio_stream_index : 0;
00858 }
00859
00860 void plm_set_audio_stream(plm_t *self, int stream_index) {
00861
       if (stream_index < 0 || stream_index > 3) {
00862
         return;
00863
00864
       self->audio_stream_index = stream_index;
00865
00866
        // Set the correct audio_packet_type
00867
        plm_set_audio_enabled(self, self->audio_enabled);
00868 }
00869
00870 int plm_get_video_enabled(plm_t *self) { return self->video_enabled; }
00871
00872 void plm_set_video_enabled(plm_t *self, int enabled) {
00873
       self->video_enabled = enabled;
00874
00875
        if (!enabled) {
00876
        self->video_packet_type = 0;
00877
         return;
00878
00879
        self->video_packet_type = (plm_init_decoders(self) && self->video_decoder) ?
00880
     PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_VIDEO_1 : 0;
00881 }
00882
00883 int plm_get_num_video_streams(plm_t *self) { return plm_demux_get_num_video_streams(self->demux); }
00884
00885 int plm_get_width(plm_t *self)
       return (plm_init_decoders(self) && self->video_decoder) ? plm_video_get_width(self->video_decoder) :
00886
```

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```
0;
00887 }
00888
00889 int plm_get_height(plm_t *self) {
00890
       return (plm_init_decoders(self) && self->video_decoder) ? plm_video_get_height(self->video_decoder)
      : 0;
00891 }
00892
00893 double plm_get_framerate(plm_t *self) {
00894
        return (plm_init_decoders(self) && self->video_decoder) ?
      {\tt plm\_video\_get\_framerate(self->video\_decoder)} \; : \; 0;
00895 }
00896
00897 int plm_get_num_audio_streams(plm_t *self) {    return plm_demux_get_num_audio_streams(self->demux); }
00898
00899 int plm_get_samplerate(plm_t *self) {
        return (plm_init_decoders(self) && self->audio_decoder) ?
00900
      plm_audio_get_samplerate(self->audio_decoder) : 0;
00901 }
00902
00903 double plm_get_audio_lead_time(plm_t *self) { return self->audio_lead_time; }
00904
00905 void plm_set_audio_lead_time(plm_t *self, double lead_time) { self->audio_lead_time = lead_time; }
00906
00907 double plm_get_time(plm_t *self) { return self->time; }
00909 double plm_get_duration(plm_t *self) { return plm_demux_get_duration(self->demux,
     PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_VIDEO_1); }
00910
00911 void plm_rewind(plm_t *self) {
00912
       if (self->video_decoder) {
00913
         plm_video_rewind(self->video_decoder);
00914
00915
00916
       if (self->audio_decoder) {
00917
         plm_audio_rewind(self->audio_decoder);
00918
00919
00920
       plm_demux_rewind(self->demux);
00921
       self->time = 0;
00922 }
00923
00924 int plm get loop(plm t *self) { return self->loop; }
00925
00926 void plm_set_loop(plm_t *self, int loop) { self->loop = loop; }
00927
00928 int plm_has_ended(plm_t *self) { return self->has_ended; }
00929
00930 void plm_set_video_decode_callback(plm_t *self, plm_video_decode_callback fp, void *user) {
00931 self->video decode callback = fp;
00932
       self->video_decode_callback_user_data = user;
00933 }
00934
00935 void plm_set_audio_decode_callback(plm_t *self, plm_audio_decode_callback fp, void *user) {
00936
       self->audio_decode_callback = fp;
00937
       self->audio_decode_callback_user_data = user;
00938 }
00939
00940 void plm_decode(plm_t *self, double tick) {
00941
       if (!plm_init_decoders(self)) {
00942
         return;
00943
00944
00945
        int decode_video = (self->video_decode_callback && self->video_packet_type);
00946
        int decode_audio = (self->audio_decode_callback && self->audio_packet_type);
00947
00948
        if (!decode_video && !decode_audio) {
        // Nothing to do here
00949
00950
         return:
00951
00952
00953
        int did_decode = FALSE;
00954
        int decode_video_failed = FALSE;
00955
        int decode_audio_failed = FALSE;
00956
00957
        double video_target_time = self->time + tick;
        double audio_target_time = self->time + tick + self->audio_lead_time;
00958
00959
00960
        do {
00961
         did decode = FALSE:
00962
00963
          if (decode_video && plm_video_get_time(self->video_decoder) < video_target_time) {</pre>
00964
            plm_frame_t *frame = plm_video_decode(self->video_decoder);
00965
            if (frame) {
00966
              self->video_decode_callback(self, frame, self->video_decode_callback_user_data);
00967
              did_decode = TRUE;
00968
            } else {
```

```
decode_video_failed = TRUE;
00970
00971
00972
00973
          if (decode_audio && plm_audio_get_time(self->audio_decoder) < audio_target_time) {</pre>
00974
            plm_samples_t *samples = plm_audio_decode(self->audio_decoder);
            if (samples) {
00976
              self->audio_decode_callback(self, samples, self->audio_decode_callback_user_data);
00977
              did_decode = TRUE;
00978
00979
              decode_audio_failed = TRUE;
00980
            }
00981
00982
        } while (did_decode);
00983
00984
        \ensuremath{//} Did all sources we wanted to decode fail and the demuxer is at the end?
00985
        if ((!decode_video || decode_video_failed) && (!decode_audio || decode_audio_failed) &&
00986
            plm demux has ended(self->demux)) {
00987
         plm_handle_end(self);
00988
         return;
00989
00990
00991
       self->time += tick;
00992 }
00993
00994 plm_frame_t *plm_decode_video(plm_t *self) {
00995
          (!plm_init_decoders(self)) {
00996
         return NULL;
00997
00998
        if (!self->video_packet_type) {
00999
01000
         return NULL;
01001
01002
01003
        plm_frame_t *frame = plm_video_decode(self->video_decoder);
01004
        if (frame) {
         self->time = frame->time;
01005
       } else if (plm_demux_has_ended(self->demux)) {
       plm_handle_end(self);
}
01007
01008
01009
        return frame;
01010 }
01011
01012 plm_samples_t *plm_decode_audio(plm_t *self) {
01013
       if (!plm_init_decoders(self)) {
01014
         return NULL;
01015
01016
       if (!self->audio_packet_type) {
01017
01018
         return NULL:
01019
01020
01021
        plm_samples_t *samples = plm_audio_decode(self->audio_decoder);
        if (samples) {
  self->time = samples->time;
01022
01023
01024
       } else if (plm_demux_has_ended(self->demux)) {
01025
         plm_handle_end(self);
01026
01027
        return samples;
01028 }
01029
01030 void plm_handle_end(plm_t *self) {
01031
       if (self->loop) {
01032
         plm_rewind(self);
01033
01034
         self->has_ended = TRUE;
01035
01036 }
01037
01038 void plm_read_video_packet(plm_buffer_t *buffer, void *user) {
01039
       PLM_UNUSED(buffer);
01040
        plm_t *self = (plm_t *)user;
01041
       plm_read_packets(self, self->video_packet_type);
01042 }
01043
01044 void plm_read_audio_packet(plm_buffer_t *buffer, void *user) {
       PLM_UNUSED(buffer);
01045
01046
        plm_t *self = (plm_t *)user;
01047
       plm_read_packets(self, self->audio_packet_type);
01048 }
01049
01050 void plm_read_packets(plm_t *self, int requested_type) {
01051
       plm_packet_t *packet;
01052
        while ((packet = plm_demux_decode(self->demux))) {
01053
         if (packet->type == self->video_packet_type) {
01054
           plm_buffer_write(self->video_buffer, packet->data, packet->length);
01055
         } else if (packet->type == self->audio_packet_type) {
```

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```
plm_buffer_write(self->audio_buffer, packet->data, packet->length);
01057
01058
01059
         if (packet->type == requested_type) {
01060
            return;
         }
01061
01062
01063
01064
        if (plm_demux_has_ended(self->demux)) {
01065
         if
            (self->video_buffer) {
01066
           plm_buffer_signal_end(self->video_buffer);
01067
01068
         if (self->audio_buffer) {
01069
           plm_buffer_signal_end(self->audio_buffer);
01070
01071
01072 }
01073
01074 plm_frame_t *plm_seek_frame(plm_t *self, double time, int seek_exact) {
01075
       if (!plm_init_decoders(self)) {
01076
         return NULL;
01077
01078
01079
        if (!self->video_packet_type) {
01080
         return NULL;
01081
01082
01083
       int type = self->video_packet_type;
01084
01085
       double start_time = plm_demux_qet_start_time(self->demux, type);
01086
       double duration = plm_demux_get_duration(self->demux, type);
01087
01088
        if (time < 0) {
       time = 0;
} else if (time > duration) {
01089
01090
         time = duration;
01091
01092
01093
01094
        plm_packet_t *packet = plm_demux_seek(self->demux, time, type, TRUE);
01095
        if (!packet) {
01096
         return NULL;
01097
01098
01099
       // Disable writing to the audio buffer while decoding video
01100
        int previous_audio_packet_type = self->audio_packet_type;
01101
        self->audio_packet_type = 0;
01102
01103
       // Clear video buffer and decode the found packet
        plm_video_rewind(self->video_decoder);
01104
01105
        plm_video_set_time(self->video_decoder, packet->pts - start_time);
01106
        plm_buffer_write(self->video_buffer, packet->data, packet->length);
01107
        plm_frame_t *frame = plm_video_decode(self->video_decoder);
01108
01109
        // If we want to seek to an exact frame, we have to decode all frames
01110
        \ensuremath{//} on top of the intra frame we just jumped to.
01111
        if (seek exact) {
         while (frame && frame->time < time) {</pre>
01112
01113
            frame = plm_video_decode(self->video_decoder);
01114
01115
01116
01117
        // Enable writing to the audio buffer again?
01118
        self->audio_packet_type = previous_audio_packet_type;
01119
01120
        if (frame) {
01121
         self->time = frame->time;
01122
01123
01124
       self->has_ended = FALSE;
01125
       return frame;
01126 }
01127
01128 int plm_seek(plm_t *self, double time, int seek_exact) {
01129
       plm_frame_t *frame = plm_seek_frame(self, time, seek_exact);
01130
01131
       if (!frame) {
01132
         return FALSE;
01133
01134
        if (self->video decode callback) {
01135
01136
         self->video_decode_callback(self, frame, self->video_decode_callback_user_data);
01137
01138
01139
        // If audio is not enabled we are done here.
01140
        if (!self->audio_packet_type) {
01141
         return TRUE;
01142
```

```
01143
01144
        // Sync up Audio. This demuxes more packets until the first audio packet
01145
        // with a PTS greater than the current time is found. plm_decode() is then
01146
        // called to decode enough audio data to satisfy the audio_lead_time.
01147
01148
        double start time = plm demux get start time(self->demux, self->video packet type);
01149
        plm_audio_rewind(self->audio_decoder);
01150
01151
        plm_packet_t *packet = NULL;
01152
        while ((packet = plm_demux_decode(self->demux))) {
01153
         if (packet->type == self->video_packet_type) {
01154
            plm_buffer_write(self->video_buffer, packet->data, packet->length);
          plm_outit_winte(serr >indeo_outite, packet >ada, packet >rengin, )
else if (packet->type == self->audio_packet_type && packet->pts - start_time > self->time) {
   plm_audio_set_time(self->audio_decoder, packet->pts - start_time);
01155
01156
01157
             plm_buffer_write(self->audio_buffer, packet->data, packet->length);
01158
            plm_decode(self, 0);
01159
            break:
01160
          }
01161
01162
01163
        return TRUE;
01164 }
01165
01166 //
01167 // plm_buffer implementation
01168
01169 enum plm_buffer_mode { PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FILE, PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FIXED_MEM, PLM_BUFFER_MODE_RING,
     PLM_BUFFER_MODE_APPEND };
01170
01171 struct plm_buffer_t {
01172 size_t bit_index;
01173
        size_t capacity;
01174
        size_t length;
01175
        size_t total_size;
01176
        int discard_read_bytes;
01177
        int has_ended;
01178
        int free when done;
01179
        int close_when_done;
01180
        FIL *fh:
        plm_buffer_load_callback load_callback;
01181
01182
        void *load_callback_user_data;
       uint8_t *bytes;
01183
01184
        enum plm_buffer_mode mode;
01185 };
01186
01187 typedef struct {
01188 int16_t index;
01189 int16_t value;
01190 } plm_vlc_t;
01191
01192 typedef struct {
01193 int16_t index;
01194
        uint16_t value;
01195 } plm_vlc_uint_t;
01196
01197 void plm buffer seek(plm buffer t *self, size t pos);
01198 size_t plm_buffer_tell(plm_buffer_t *self);
01199 void plm_buffer_discard_read_bytes(plm_buffer_t *self);
01200 void plm_buffer_load_file_callback(plm_buffer_t *self, void *user);
01201
01202 int plm buffer has(plm buffer t *self, size t count);
01203 int plm_buffer_read(plm_buffer_t *self, int count);
01204 void plm_buffer_align(plm_buffer_t *self);
01205 void plm_buffer_skip(plm_buffer_t *self, size_t count);
01206 int plm_buffer_skip_bytes(plm_buffer_t *self, uint8_t v);
01207 int plm_buffer_next_start_code(plm_buffer_t *self);
01208 int plm_buffer_find_start_code(plm_buffer_t *self, int code);
01209 int plm_buffer_no_start_code(plm_buffer_t *self);
01210 int16_t plm_buffer_read_vlc(plm_buffer_t *self, const plm_vlc_t *table);
01211 uint16_t plm_buffer_read_vlc_uint(plm_buffer_t *self, const plm_vlc_uint_t *table);
01212
01213 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_filename(const char *filename) {
01214
      FIL *fh = vexFileOpen(filename, "rb"); // fopen(filename, "rb");
        if (!fh) {
01215
01216
         return NULL;
01217
01218
        return plm_buffer_create_with_file(fh, TRUE);
01219 }
01220
01221 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_file(FIL *fh, int close_when_done) {
01222 plm_buffer_t *self = plm_buffer_create_with_capacity(PLM_BUFFER_DEFAULT_SIZE);
01223 self->fh = fh;
01224
        self->close_when_done = close_when_done;
01225
        self->mode = PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FILE;
01226
       self->discard_read_bytes = TRUE;
01227
01228
       vexFileSeek(self->fh, 0, SEEK END);
```

```
self->total_size = vexFileTell(self->fh);
        vexFileSeek(self->fh, 0, SEEK_SET);
01230
01231
01232
        plm_buffer_set_load_callback(self, plm_buffer_load_file_callback, NULL);
01233
        return self;
01234 }
01235
01236 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_memory(uint8_t *bytes, size_t length, int free_when_done) {
01237
       plm_buffer_t *self = (plm_buffer_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_buffer_t));
01238
        memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_buffer_t));
        self->capacity = length;
self->length = length;
01239
01240
01241
        self->total_size = length;
01242
        self->free_when_done = free_when_done;
01243
        self->bytes = bytes;
        self->mode = PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FIXED_MEM;
01244
01245
        self->discard_read_bytes = FALSE;
01246
        return self;
01247 }
01248
01249 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_with_capacity(size_t capacity) {
01250
        plm_buffer_t *self = (plm_buffer_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_buffer_t));
        memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_buffer_t));
self->capacity = capacity;
01251
01252
01253
        self->free_when_done = TRUE;
        self->bytes = (uint8_t *)PLM_MALLOC(capacity);
01254
01255
        self->mode = PLM_BUFFER_MODE_RING;
01256
        self->discard_read_bytes = TRUE;
01257
        return self;
01258 }
01259
01260 plm_buffer_t *plm_buffer_create_for_appending(size_t initial_capacity) {
01261 plm_buffer_t *self = plm_buffer_create_with_capacity(initial_capacity);
01262
        self->mode = PLM_BUFFER_MODE_APPEND;
01263
        self->discard_read_bytes = FALSE;
01264
        return self;
01265 }
01266
01267 void plm_buffer_destroy(plm_buffer_t *self) {
01268
       if (self->fh && self->close_when_done) {
01269
          vexFileClose(self->fh);
01270
01271
        if (self->free_when_done) {
01272
         PLM_FREE(self->bytes);
01273
01274
        PLM_FREE(self);
01275 }
01276
01277 size_t plm_buffer_get_size(plm_buffer_t *self) {
01278
        return (self->mode == PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FILE) ? self->total_size : self->length;
01280
01281 size_t plm_buffer_get_remaining(plm_buffer_t *self) { return self->length - (self->bit_index » 3); }
01282
01283 size_t plm_buffer_write(plm_buffer_t *self, uint8_t *bytes, size_t length) {
01284
       if (self->mode == PLM BUFFER MODE FIXED MEM) {
          return 0;
01285
01286
01287
01288
        if (self->discard_read_bytes) {
        // This should be a ring buffer, but instead it just shifts all unread // data to the beginning of the buffer and appends new data at the end.
01289
01290
01291
          // Seems to be good enough.
01292
01293
          plm_buffer_discard_read_bytes(self);
01294
          if (self->mode == PLM_BUFFER_MODE_RING) {
01295
            self->total_size = 0;
01296
01297
01298
01299
        \ensuremath{//} Do we have to resize to fit the new data?
01300
        size_t bytes_available = self->capacity - self->length;
01301
        if (bytes_available < length) {</pre>
         size_t new_size = self->capacity;
01302
01303
          do {
01304
           new_size \star= 2;
01305
          } while (new_size - self->length < length);</pre>
01306
          self->bytes = (uint8_t *)PLM_REALLOC(self->bytes, new_size);
01307
          self->capacity = new_size;
01308
01309
01310
        memcpy(self->bytes + self->length, bytes, length);
        self->length += length;
01311
01312
        self->has_ended = FALSE;
01313
        return length;
01314 }
01315
```

```
01316 void plm_buffer_signal_end(plm_buffer_t *self) { self->total_size = self->length; }
01318 void plm_buffer_set_load_callback(plm_buffer_t *self, plm_buffer_load_callback fp, void *user) {
01319
       self->load_callback = fp;
        self->load_callback_user_data = user;
01320
01321 }
01322
01323 void plm_buffer_rewind(plm_buffer_t *self) { plm_buffer_seek(self, 0); }
01324
01325 void plm_buffer_seek(plm_buffer_t *self, size_t pos) {
01326
       self->has_ended = FALSE;
01327
01328
       if (self->mode == PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FILE) {
01329
        vexFileSeek(self->fh, pos, SEEK_SET);
01330
         self->bit_index = 0;
01331
         self->length = 0;
       } else if (self->mode == PLM_BUFFER_MODE_RING) {
  if (pos != 0) {
01332
01333
01334
           // Seeking to non-0 is forbidden for dynamic-mem buffers
           return;
01335
01336
01337
         self->bit_index = 0;
01338
         self->length = 0;
         self->total_size = 0;
01339
01340
       } else if (pos < self->length) {
         self->bit_index = pos « 3;
01341
01342
01343 }
01344
01345 size_t plm_buffer_tell(plm_buffer_t *self) {
       return self->mode == PLM_BUFFER_MODE_FILE ? vexFileTell(self->fh) + (self->bit_index » 3) -
01346
     self->length
01347
                                                   : self->bit_index » 3;
01348 }
01349
01350 void plm_buffer_discard_read_bytes(plm_buffer_t *self) {
       size_t byte_pos = self->bit_index » 3;
01351
       if (byte_pos == self->length) {
01352
        self->bit_index = 0;
self->length = 0;
01353
01354
01355
       } else if (byte_pos > 0) {
01356
        memmove(self->bytes, self->bytes + byte_pos, self->length - byte_pos);
01357
         self->bit index -= byte pos « 3;
         self->length -= byte_pos;
01358
01359
01360 }
01361
01362 void plm_buffer_load_file_callback(plm_buffer_t *self, void *user) {
       PLM UNUSED (user);
01363
01364
01365
        if (self->discard_read_bytes) {
01366
         plm_buffer_discard_read_bytes(self);
01367
01368
       size_t bytes_available = self->capacity - self->length;
01369
        size_t bytes_read = vexFileRead((char *)self->bytes + self->length, 1, bytes_available, self->fh);
01370
01371
        self->length += bytes_read;
01372
01373
        if (bytes_read == 0)
01374
         self->has_ended = TRUE;
       }
01375
01376 }
01377
01378 int plm_buffer_has_ended(plm_buffer_t *self) { return self->has_ended; }
01379
01380 int plm_buffer_has(plm_buffer_t *self, size_t count)
       if (((self->length « 3) - self->bit_index) >= count) {
01381
         return TRUE;
01382
01383
01384
01385
       if (self->load_callback) {
01386
         self->load_callback(self, self->load_callback_user_data);
01387
         if (((self->length « 3) - self->bit_index) >= count) {
01388
01389
           return TRUE;
01390
01391
01392
       ..... /cocal_size != 0
self->has_ended = TRUE;
}
        if (self->total_size != 0 && self->length == self->total_size) {
01393
01394
01395
01396
       return FALSE;
01397 }
01398
01399 int plm_buffer_read(plm_buffer_t *self, int count) {
01400
       if (!plm_buffer_has(self, count)) {
01401
         return 0:
```

```
01402
       }
01403
01404
        int value = 0;
01405
        while (count) {
01406
         int current byte = self->bytes[self->bit index » 3];
01407
          int remaining = 8 - (self->bit_index & 7);
01408
                                                            // Remaining bits in byte
01409
          int read = remaining < count ? remaining : count; // Bits in self run</pre>
01410
          int shift = remaining - read;
          int mask = (0xff \gg (8 - read));
01411
01412
01413
          value = (value « read) | ((current byte & (mask « shift)) » shift);
01414
01415
          self->bit_index += read;
01416
          count -= read;
01417
01418
01419
        return value;
01420 }
01422 void plm_buffer_align(plm_buffer_t *self) {
01423
       self->bit_index = ((self->bit_index + 7) » 3) « 3; // Align to next byte
01424 }
01425
01426 void plm_buffer_skip(plm_buffer_t *self, size_t count) {
01427 if (plm_buffer_has(self, count)) {
01428
         self->bit_index += count;
01429
01430 }
01431
01432 int plm_buffer_skip_bytes(plm_buffer_t *self, uint8_t v) {
01433
       plm_buffer_align(self);
01434
        int skipped = 0;
01435
        while (plm_buffer_has(self, 8) && self->bytes[self->bit_index » 3] == v) {
01436
        self->bit_index += 8;
01437
          skipped++;
01438
01439
       return skipped;
01440 }
01441
01442 int plm_buffer_next_start_code(plm_buffer_t *self) {
01443 plm_buffer_align(self);
01444
01445
       while (plm_buffer_has(self, (5 « 3))) {
        size_t byte_index = (self->bit_index) » 3;
01447
          if (self->bytes[byte_index] == 0x00 && self->bytes[byte_index + 1] == 0x00 &&
     self->bytes[byte_index + 2] == 0x01) {
    self->bit_index = (byte_index + 4) « 3;
    return self->bytes[byte_index + 3];
01448
01449
01450
01451
         self->bit_index += 8;
01452
01453
        return -1;
01454 }
01455
01456 int plm buffer find start code(plm buffer t *self, int code) {
      int current = 0;
01458
       while (TRUE) {
01459
        current = plm_buffer_next_start_code(self);
01460
          if (current == code || current == -1) {
           return current;
01461
01462
         }
01463
01464
        return -1;
01465 }
01466
01467 int plm_buffer_has_start_code(plm_buffer_t *self, int code) {
        size_t previous_bit_index = self->bit_index;
01468
01469
       int previous_discard_read_bytes = self->discard_read_bytes;
01470
01471
        self->discard_read_bytes = FALSE;
01472
        int current = plm_buffer_find_start_code(self, code);
01473
01474
        self->bit_index = previous_bit_index;
01475
       self->discard_read_bytes = previous_discard_read_bytes;
01476
       return current;
01477 }
01478
01479 int plm_buffer_peek_non_zero(plm_buffer_t *self, int bit_count) {
01480
       if (!plm_buffer_has(self, bit_count)) {
01481
         return FALSE;
01482
01483
01484
       int val = plm_buffer_read(self, bit_count);
01485
       self->bit_index -= bit_count;
01486
        return val != 0;
01487 }
```

```
01489 int16_t plm_buffer_read_vlc(plm_buffer_t *self, const plm_vlc_t *table) {
01490
       plm_vlc_t state = {0, 0};
01491
        do {
01492
         state = table[state.index + plm_buffer_read(self, 1)];
       } while (state.index > 0);
01493
01494
       return state.value;
01495 }
01496
01497 uint16_t plm_buffer_read_vlc_uint(plm_buffer_t *self, const plm_vlc_uint_t *table) {
01500
01501 // ---
01502 // plm_demux implementation
01503
01504 static const int PLM_START_PACK = 0xBA;
01505 static const int PLM_START_END = 0xB9;
01506 static const int PLM_START_SYSTEM = 0xBB;
01508 struct plm_demux_t
01509
       plm_buffer_t *buffer;
01510
        int destroy_buffer_when_done;
01511
       double system_clock_ref;
01512
01513
       size_t last_file_size;
01514
       double last_decoded_pts;
01515
       double start_time;
01516
       double duration;
01517
01518
       int start code:
01519
       int has_pack_header;
01520
       int has_system_header;
01521
       int has_headers;
01522
01523
       int num_audio_streams;
01524
       int num_video_streams;
       plm_packet_t current_packet;
01525
01526
       plm_packet_t next_packet;
01527 };
01528
01529 void plm_demux_buffer_seek(plm_demux_t *self, size_t pos);
01530 double plm_demux_decode_time(plm_demux_t *self);
01531 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_decode_packet(plm_demux_t *self, int type);
01532 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_get_packet(plm_demux_t *self);
01533
01534 plm_demux_t *plm_demux_create(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done) {
      plm_demux_t *self = (plm_demux_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_demux_t));
memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_demux_t));
01535
01536
01537
01538
       self->buffer = buffer;
01539
       self->destroy_buffer_when_done = destroy_when_done;
01540
       self->start_time = PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS;
self->duration = PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS;
01541
01542
01543
       self->start code = -1;
01544
01545
       plm_demux_has_headers(self);
01546
       return self;
01547 }
01548
01549 void plm_demux_destroy(plm_demux_t *self) {
01550
       if (self->destroy_buffer_when_done) {
01551
         plm_buffer_destroy(self->buffer);
01552
01553
       PLM_FREE(self);
01554 }
01555
01556 int plm_demux_has_headers(plm_demux_t *self) {
       if (self->has_headers) {
01558
         return TRUE;
01559
01560
        // Decode pack header
01561
       if (!self->has_pack_header) {
01562
          if (self->start_code != PLM_START_PACK && plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer, PLM_START_PACK)
     == -1) {
01564
           return FALSE;
01565
01566
          self->start_code = PLM_START_PACK;
01567
01568
          if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, 64)) {
01569
           return FALSE;
01570
01571
          self->start\_code = -1;
01572
01573
          if (plm buffer read(self->buffer, 4) != 0x02) {
```

```
01574
           return FALSE;
01575
01576
01577
          self->system_clock_ref = plm_demux_decode_time(self);
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1);
plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 22); // mux_rate * 50
01578
01579
01580
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1);
01581
01582
          self->has_pack_header = TRUE;
01583
01584
01585
        // Decode system header
01586
       if (!self->has_system_header) {
            (self->start_code != PLM_START_SYSTEM && plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer,
     PLM_START_SYSTEM) == -1) {
           return FALSE;
01588
01589
01590
01591
          self->start_code = PLM_START_SYSTEM;
01592
          if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, 56)) {
01593
          return FALSE;
01594
01595
          self->start\_code = -1;
01596
01597
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 16); // header_length
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 24); // rate bound
01598
01599
          self->num_audio_streams = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
01600
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 5); // misc flags
01601
          self->num_video_streams = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 5);
01602
01603
          self->has system header = TRUE;
01604
01605
01606
       self->has_headers = TRUE;
01607
       return TRUE;
01608 }
01609
01610 int plm_demux_get_num_video_streams(plm_demux_t *self) {
       return plm_demux_has_headers(self) ? self->num_video_streams : 0;
01612 }
01613
01614 int plm_demux_get_num_audio_streams(plm_demux_t *self) {
01615
       return plm_demux_has_headers(self) ? self->num_audio_streams : 0;
01616 }
01617
01618 void plm_demux_rewind(plm_demux_t *self) {
01619 plm_buffer_rewind(self->buffer);
01620
        self->current_packet.length = 0;
       self->next_packet.length = 0;
01621
01622
       self->start code = -1;
01623 }
01624
01625 int plm_demux_has_ended(plm_demux_t *self) { return plm_buffer_has_ended(self->buffer); }
01626
01627 void plm_demux_buffer_seek(plm_demux_t *self, size_t pos) {
       plm_buffer_seek(self->buffer, pos);
self->current_packet.length = 0;
01628
01629
01630
       self->next_packet.length = 0;
01631
       self->start_code = -1;
01632 }
01633
return self->start_time;
01636
01637
01638
01639
        int previous_pos = plm_buffer_tell(self->buffer);
01640
        int previous_start_code = self->start_code;
01641
01642
        // Find first video PTS
01643
        plm_demux_rewind(self);
01644
01645
         plm_packet_t *packet = plm_demux_decode(self);
01646
          if (!packet) {
01647
           break;
01648
01649
          if (packet->type == type) {
01650
           self->start_time = packet->pts;
01651
01652
       } while (self->start time == PLM PACKET INVALID TS);
01653
01654
        plm_demux_buffer_seek(self, previous_pos);
01655
        self->start_code = previous_start_code;
01656
        return self->start_time;
01657 }
01658
01659 double plm demux get duration(plm demux t *self, int type) {
```

```
size_t file_size = plm_buffer_get_size(self->buffer);
01661
01662
        if (self->duration != PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS && self->last_file_size == file_size) {
01663
         return self->duration;
01664
01665
01666
        size_t previous_pos = plm_buffer_tell(self->buffer);
        int previous_start_code = self->start_code;
01667
01668
01669
        // Find last video PTS. Start searching 64kb from the end and go further
01670
        // back if needed.
        long start_range = 64 * 1024;
01671
        long max_range = 4096 * 1024;
01672
01673
        for (long range = start_range; range <= max_range; range *= 2) {</pre>
01674
          long seek_pos = file_size - range;
01675
          if (seek_pos < 0) {</pre>
01676
            seek\_pos = 0;
01677
            range = max_range; // Make sure to bail after this round
01678
01679
          plm_demux_buffer_seek(self, seek_pos);
          self->current_packet.length = 0;
01680
01681
01682
          double last_pts = PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS;
01683
          plm_packet_t *packet = NULL;
while ((packet = plm_demux_decode(self))) {
01684
           if (packet->pts != PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS && packet->type == type) {
01685
01686
              last_pts = packet->pts;
01687
           }
01688
01689
          if (last pts != PLM PACKET INVALID TS) {
01690
           self->duration = last_pts - plm_demux_get_start_time(self, type);
01691
            break:
01692
01693
01694
        plm_demux_buffer_seek(self, previous_pos);
01695
01696
        self->start code = previous start code;
        self->last_file_size = file_size;
01697
01698
        return self->duration;
01699 }
01700
01701 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_seek(plm_demux_t *self, double seek_time, int type, int force_intra) {
01702
       if (!plm_demux_has_headers(self)) {
01703
         return NULL;
01704
01705
01706
        // Using the current time, current byte position and the average bytes per
01707
        // second for this file, try to jump to a byte position that hopefully has
        // packets containing timestamps within one second before to the desired
01708
01709
        // seek_time.
01710
        // If we hit close to the seek_time scan through all packets to find the
01711
01712
        // last one (just before the seek_time) containing an intra frame.
01713
        // Otherwise we should at least be closer than before. Calculate the bytes
01714
        \ensuremath{//} per second for the jumped range and jump again.
01715
01716
        // The number of retries here is hard-limited to a generous amount. Usually
01717
        // the correct range is found after 1--5 jumps, even for files with very
01718
        // variable bitrates. If significantly more jumps are needed, there's
01719
        // probably something wrong with the file and we just avoid getting into an
        // infinite loop. 32 retries should be enough for anybody.
01720
01721
01722
        double duration = plm_demux_get_duration(self, type);
01723
        long file_size = plm_buffer_get_size(self->buffer);
01724
        long byterate = file_size / duration;
01725
01726
       double cur_time = self->last_decoded_pts;
01727
       double scan_span = 1;
01728
01729
        if (seek time > duration) {
01730
         seek_time = duration;
01731
       seek_time = 0;
}
        } else if (seek_time < 0) {</pre>
01732
01733
01734
        seek time += self->start time;
01735
01736
        for (int retry = 0; retry < 32; retry++) {</pre>
        int found_packet_with_pts = FALSE;
int found_packet_in_range = FALSE;
01737
01738
01739
          long last_valid_packet_start = -1;
01740
          double first_packet_time = PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS;
01741
01742
          long cur pos = plm buffer tell(self->buffer);
01743
01744
          \ensuremath{//} Estimate byte offset and jump to it.
          long offset = (seek_time - cur_time - scan_span) * byterate;
long seek_pos = cur_pos + offset;
01745
01746
```

```
01747
          if (seek_pos < 0) {</pre>
01748
            seek_pos = 0;
01749
           } else if (seek_pos > file_size - 256) {
01750
            seek_pos = file_size - 256;
01751
01752
01753
          plm_demux_buffer_seek(self, seek_pos);
01754
01755
           // Scan through all packets up to the seek_time to find the last packet
01756
           // containing an intra frame.
01757
           while (plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer, type) != -1) {
01758
            long packet_start = plm_buffer_tell(self->buffer);
01759
             plm_packet_t *packet = plm_demux_decode_packet(self, type);
01760
01761
             // Skip packet if it has no PTS
01762
             if (!packet || packet->pts == PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS) {
01763
               continue;
             }
01764
01765
01766
             // Bail scanning through packets if we hit one that is outside
             // seek_time - scan_span.
01767
01768
             // We also adjust the cur_time and byterate values here so the next
01769
             // iteration can be a bit more precise.
01770
             if (packet->pts > seek_time || packet->pts < seek_time - scan_span) {</pre>
               found_packet_with_pts = TRUE;
byterate = (seek_pos - cur_pos) / (packet->pts - cur_time);
01771
01772
               cur_time = packet->pts;
01773
01774
              break;
01775
01776
01777
             \ensuremath{//} If we are still here, it means this packet is in close range to
             // the seek_time. If this is the first packet for this jump position
01779
             // record the PTS. If we later have to back off, when there was no
01780
             // intra frame in this range, we can lower the seek_time to not scan
01781
             // this range again.
01782
             if (!found_packet_in_range) {
01783
               found_packet_in_range = TRUE;
01784
               first_packet_time = packet->pts;
01785
01786
01787
             // Check if this is an intra frame packet. If so, record the buffer
01788
             // position of the start of this packet. We want to jump back to it // later, when we know it's the last intra frame before desired
01789
01790
             // seek time.
01791
             if (force_intra) {
01792
               for (size_t i = 0; i < packet->length - 6; i++) {
01793
                // Find the START_PICTURE code
01794
                 if (packet->data[i] == 0x00 && packet->data[i + 1] == 0x00 && packet->data[i + 2] == 0x01 &&
                    packet->data[i + 3] == 0x00) {

// Bits 11--13 in the picture header contain the frame
01795
01796
01797
                   // type, where 1=Intra
01798
                   if ((packet->data[i + 5] & 0x38) == 8) {
01799
                     last_valid_packet_start = packet_start;
01800
01801
                   break:
01802
                 }
01803
01804
01805
01806
             // If we don't want intra frames, just use the last PTS found.
01807
            else (
01808
              last_valid_packet_start = packet_start;
01809
01810
01811
01812
           // If there was at least one intra frame in the range scanned above,
01813
           \ensuremath{//} our search is over. Jump back to the packet and decode it again.
           if (last valid packet start != -1) {
01814
01815
            plm_demux_buffer_seek(self, last_valid_packet_start);
01816
             return plm_demux_decode_packet(self, type);
01817
01818
01819
           // If we hit the right range, but still found no intra frame, we have
           // to increases the scan_span. This is done exponentially to also handle // video files with very few intra frames.
01820
01821
           else if (found_packet_in_range) {
01822
01823
            scan_span *= 2;
01824
            seek_time = first_packet_time;
01825
01826
           // If we didn't find any packet with a PTS, it probably means we reached
01827
01828
           // the end of the file. Estimate byterate and cur_time accordingly.
           else if (!found_packet_with_pts) {
01829
            byterate = (seek_pos - cur_pos) / (duration - cur_time);
cur_time = duration;
01830
01831
01832
        1
01833
```

```
01834
01835
        return NULL;
01836 }
01837
01838 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_decode(plm_demux_t *self) {
        if (!plm_demux_has_headers(self)) {
01839
01840
          return NULL;
01841
01842
01843
         if (self->current_packet.length) {
          size_t bits_till_next_packet = self->current_packet.length « 3;
01844
01845
           if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, bits_till_next_packet)) {
01846
             return NULL;
01847
01848
           plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, bits_till_next_packet);
01849
           self->current_packet.length = 0;
01850
01851
01852
        // Pending packet waiting for data?
01853
         if (self->next_packet.length) {
01854
          return plm_demux_get_packet(self);
01855
01856
         // Pending packet waiting for header?
if (self->start_code != -1) {
01857
01858
01859
          return plm_demux_decode_packet(self, self->start_code);
01860
01861
01862
         do {
          self->start_code = plm_buffer_next_start_code(self->buffer);
01863
           if (self->start_code == PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_VIDEO_1 || self->start_code == PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_PRIVATE
01864
      1.1
01865
               (self->start_code >= PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_1 && self->start_code <=</pre>
      PLM_DEMUX_PACKET_AUDIO_4)) {
           return plm_demux_decode_packet(self, self->start_code);
}
01866
01867
01868
         } while (self->start_code != -1);
01869
01870
        return NULL:
01871 }
01872
01873 double plm_demux_decode_time(plm_demux_t *self) {
        int64_t clock = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 3) « 30;
01874
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1);
01875
         clock |= plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 15) « 15;
01876
01877
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1);
01878
         clock |= plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 15);
01879
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1);
01880
         return (double) clock / 90000.0;
01881 }
01882
01883 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_decode_packet(plm_demux_t *self, int type) {
01884
        if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, 16 « 3)) {
01885
          return NULL;
01886
01887
01888
        self->start\_code = -1;
01889
01890
         self->next_packet.type = type;
        self->next_packet.length = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 16);
self->next_packet.length -= plm_buffer_skip_bytes(self->buffer, 0xff); // stuffing
01891
01892
01893
01894
         // skip P-STD
01895
         if (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2) == 0x01) {
01896
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 16);
01897
           self->next_packet.length -= 2;
01898
01899
         int pts_dts_marker = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
if (pts_dts_marker == 0x03) {
01900
01901
         self->next_packet.pts = plm_demux_decode_time(self);
self->last_decoded_pts = self->next_packet.pts;
01902
01903
01904
           plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 40); // skip dts
01905
        self->next_packet.length -= 10;
} else if (pts_dts_marker == 0x02) {
01906
01907
          self->next_packet.pts = plm_demux_decode_time(self);
01908
           self->last_decoded_pts = self->next_packet.pts;
         self->next_packet.length -= 5;
} else if (pts_dts_marker == 0x00) {
  self->next_packet.pts = PLM_PACKET_INVALID_TS;
01909
01910
01911
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 4);
01912
01913
           self->next_packet.length -= 1;
01914
         } else {
01915
           return NULL; // invalid
01916
01917
01918
         return plm demux get packet (self);
```

```
01919 }
01920
01921 plm_packet_t *plm_demux_get_packet(plm_demux_t *self) {
01922
       if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, self->next_packet.length « 3)) {
01923
          return NULL;
01924
01925
01926
       self->current_packet.data = self->buffer->bytes + (self->buffer->bit_index » 3);
01927
       self->current_packet.length = self->next_packet.length;
01928
        self->current_packet.type = self->next_packet.type;
       self->current_packet.pts = self->next_packet.pts;
01929
01930
01931
       self->next packet.length = 0;
01932
       return &self->current_packet;
01933 }
01934
01935 // -----
01936 // plm_video implementation
01937
01938 // Inspired by Java MPEG-1 Video Decoder and Player by Zoltan Korandi
01939 // https://sourceforge.net/projects/javampeglvideo/
01940
01941 static const int PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_INTRA = 1;
01942 static const int PLM VIDEO PICTURE TYPE PREDICTIVE = 2;
01943 static const int PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B = 3;
01944
01945 static const int PLM_START_SEQUENCE = 0xB3;
01946 static const int PLM_START_SLICE_FIRST = 0x01;
01947 static const int PLM_START_SLICE_LAST = 0xAF;
01948 static const int PLM_START_PICTURE = 0x00;
01949 static const int PLM START EXTENSION = 0xB5;
01950 static const int PLM_START_USER_DATA = 0xB2;
01951
01952 #define PLM_START_IS_SLICE(c) (c >= PLM_START_SLICE_FIRST && c <= PLM_START_SLICE_LAST)
01953
01954 static const double PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_RATE[] = {0.000, 23.976, 24.000, 25.000, 29.970, 30.000,
     50.000, 59.940,
                                                      60.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000,
      0.0001;
01956
01957 static const uint8_t PLM_VIDEO_ZIG_ZAG[] = {0, 1, 8, 16, 9, 2, 3, 10, 17, 24, 32, 25, 18, 11, 4,
      5,
01958
                                                  12. 19. 26. 33. 40. 48. 41. 34. 27. 20. 13. 6. 7. 14.
      21, 28,
                                                  35, 42, 49, 56, 57, 50, 43, 36, 29, 22, 15, 23, 30, 37,
     44, 51,
01960
                                                  58, 59, 52, 45, 38, 31, 39, 46, 53, 60, 61, 54, 47, 55,
      62, 63};
01961
01962 static const uint8_t PLM_VIDEO_INTRA_QUANT_MATRIX[] = {8, 16, 19, 22, 26, 27, 29, 34, 16, 16, 22, 24,
      27, 29, 34, 37,
01963
                                                             19, 22, 26, 27, 29, 34, 34, 38, 22, 22, 26, 27,
      29, 34, 37, 40,
01964
                                                              22, 26, 27, 29, 32, 35, 40, 48, 26, 27, 29, 32,
      35, 40, 48, 58,
01965
                                                             26, 27, 29, 34, 38, 46, 56, 69, 27, 29, 35, 38,
      46, 56, 69, 83};
01966
01967 static const uint8_t PLM_VIDEO_NON_INTRA_QUANT_MATRIX[] = {
         01968
01969
01970
         01971
01972 static const uint8_t PLM_VIDEO_PREMULTIPLIER_MATRIX[] = {32, 44, 42, 38, 32, 25, 17, 9, 44, 62, 58,
      52, 44, 35, 24, 12,
01973
                                                               42, 58, 55, 49, 42, 33, 23, 12, 38, 52, 49,
     44, 38, 30, 20, 10,
01974
                                                                32, 44, 42, 38, 32, 25, 17, 9, 25, 35, 33,
      30, 25, 20, 14, 7,
01975
                                                               17, 24, 23, 20, 17, 14, 9, 5, 9, 12, 12,
      10, 9, 7, 5, 2};
01976
01977 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_ADDRESS_INCREMENT[] = {
01978
          {1 « 1, 0}, {0, 1}, // 0: x {2 « 1, 0}, {3 « 1, 0}, // 1: 0x
01979
                      {5 « 1, 0}, // 2: 00x
01980
          {4 \times 1, 0},
                        {0, 2},
                                      11
01981
          {0, 3},
          3: 01:

1, 0}, // 4: 000x

1, 0}, // 5: 001

1, 0}, // 6: 0000

1, 0}, // 6: 0000

1, 0}, // 6: 0000
01982
01983
                                           5: 001x
                                        6: 0000x
01984
          {0, 7}, {0, 6}, // 7: 0001x
{10 « 1, 0}, {11 « 1, 0}, // 8: 0000 0x
{12 « 1, 0}, {13 « 1, 0}, // 9: 0000 1x
01985
01986
01987
          {14 « 1, 0}, {15 « 1, 0}, // 10: 0000 00x
01988
          {16 « 1, 0}, {17 « 1, 0}, // 11: 0000 01x
{18 « 1, 0}, {19 « 1, 0}, // 12: 0000 10x
01989
01990
01991
          {0, 9},
                        {0, 8},
                                     // 13: 0000 11x
```

```
{-1, 0}, {20 « 1, 0}, // 14: 0000 000x 
{-1, 0}, {21 « 1, 0}, // 15: 0000 001x 
{22 « 1, 0}, {23 « 1, 0}, // 16: 0000 010x
           \{-1, 0\},
01993
           01994
01995
01996
01997
01998
01999
02000
02001
02002
02003
02004
02005
02006
            {38 « 1, 0}, {39 « 1, 0}, // 28: 0000 0100 0x
                                           // 29: 0000 0100 1x
// 30: 0000 0101 0x
02007
            {0, 21},
                            {0, 20},
02008
            {0, 19},
                            {0, 18},
                                             // 31: 0000 0101 1x
02009
                            {0, 16},
            {0, 17},
                                            // 32: 0000 0001 00x
02010
           {0, 35},
                            \{-1, 0\},
02011
           \{-1, 0\},
                            {0, 34},
                                                 33: 0000 0001 11x
02012
            {0, 33},
                            {0, 32},
                                             // 34: 0000 0011 00x
02013
            {0, 31},
                            {0, 30},
                                             // 35: 0000 0011 01x
                                            11
02014
           {0, 29},
                            {0, 28},
                                                 36: 0000 0011 10x
            {0, 27},
                                            11
02015
                                                 37: 0000 0011 11x
                            {0, 26},
02016
           {0, 25},
                            {0, 24},
                                                  38: 0000 0100 00x
02017
           {0, 23},
                            {0, 22},
                                                  39: 0000 0100 01x
02018 };
02019
02020 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE_INTRA[] = {
           {1 « 1, 0},
{0, 0x01}, //
02021
02022
                              0: x
02023
            \{-1, 0\},\
02024
           \{0, 0x11\}, // 1: 0x
02025 };
02026
02027 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE_PREDICTIVE[] = {
          {1 « 1, 0}, {0, 0x0a}, // 0: x
{2 « 1, 0}, {0, 0x02}, // 1: 0x
02028
                                               1: 0x
02030
            {3 « 1, 0}, {0, 0x08},
                                          //
02031
            {4 « 1, 0}, {5 « 1, 0}, //
                                              3: 000x
           {6 « 1, 0}, {0, 0x12}, //
{0, 0x1a}, {0, 0x01}, //
02032
                                              4: 0000x
                                         // 5: 0001x
// 6: 0000 0x
02033
02034
           \{-1, 0\},
                          {0, 0x11},
02035 };
02036
02037 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE_B[] = {
        {1 « 1, 0}, {2 « 1, 0}, // 0: x
{3 « 1, 0}, {4 « 1, 0}, // 1: 0:
02038
            {3 « 1, 0}, {4 « 1, 0},
02039
                                               1: 0x
                                           11
                           {0, 0x0e},
            {0, 0x0c},
02040
                                                 2: 1x
                                              3: 00x
            {5 « 1, 0}, {6 « 1, 0}, //
02041
                                           4: 01
// 5: 000x
02042
            {0, 0x04},
                           {0, 0x06},
02043
            {7 « 1, 0}, {8 « 1, 0},
                                         11
02044
            {0, 0x08},
                           {0, 0x0a},
                                                6: 001x
           {9 « 1, 0}, {10 « 1, 0}, // 7: 0000x
{0, 0x1e}, {0, 0x01}, // 8: 0001x
{-1, 0}, {0, 0x11}, // 9: 0000
02045
02046
02047
                                                  9: 0000 0x
           {0, 0x16},
                                           // 10: 0000 1x
02048
                          {0, 0x1a},
02049 };
02050
02051 static const plm_vlc_t *PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE[] = {
02052 NULL, PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE_INTRA, PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE_PREDICTIVE,
      PLM VIDEO MACROBLOCK TYPE B};
02053
02054 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_CODE_BLOCK_PATTERN[] = {
           {1 « 1, 0}, {2 « 1, 0}, // 0: x
{3 « 1, 0}, {4 « 1, 0}, // 1: 0x
02055
02056
02057
            \{5 \ll 1, 0\},\
                          {6 « 1, 0},
                                                 2: 1x
                          {8 « 1, 0}, //
02058
            {7 < 1, 0},
                                                3: 00x
                                               4: 01x
02059
            \{9 \ll 1, 0\}, \{10 \ll 1, 0\}, //
            {11 « 1, 0}, {12 « 1, 0}, //
                                                5: 10x
                                                6: 11x
7: 000x
02061
            {13 « 1, 0}, {0, 60},
02062
            {14 « 1, 0}, {15 « 1, 0}, //
02063
            {16 « 1, 0}, {17 « 1, 0}, //
                                               8: 001x
           {18 « 1, 0}, {19 « 1, 0}, // {20 « 1, 0}, {21 « 1, 0}, //
02064
                                                9: 010x
02065
                                               10: 011x
02066
            {22 « 1, 0}, {23 « 1, 0}, // 11: 100x
                           {0, 16}, // 12: 101x
{0, 4}, // 13: 110x
            {0, 32},
02067
           (0, 8), (0, 4), // 13: 110: (24 « 1, 0), (25 « 1, 0), // 14: 0000x (26 « 1, 0), (27 « 1, 0), // 15: 0001x
02068
02069
02070
02071
            {28 « 1, 0}, {29 « 1, 0}, // 16: 0010x
            {30 « 1, 0}, {31 « 1, 0}, // 17: 0011x
02072
                                          // 18: 0100x
// 19: 0101x
02073
            {0, 62},
                           {0, 2},
02074
            {0, 61},
                            {0, 1},
02075
            {0, 56},
                            {0, 52},
                                           // 20: 0110x
02076
           {0, 44},
{0, 40},
                                            // 21: 0111x
                            {0, 28},
02077
                            {0, 20},
                                                 22: 1000x
```

```
{0, 48},
                                 {0, 12},
                                                     // 23: 1001x
              02079
02080
              {36 « 1, 0}, {37 « 1, 0}, // 26: 0001 0x
02081
              {38 « 1, 0}, {39 « 1, 0}, // 27: 0001 1x
{40 « 1, 0}, {41 « 1, 0}, // 28: 0010 0x
02082
02083
              {42 « 1, 0}, {43 « 1, 0}, // 29: 0010 1x
              {0, 63}, {0, 3}, // 30: 0011 0x {0, 36}, {0, 24}, // 31: 0011 1x
02085
02086
              44 « 1, 0}, {45 « 1, 0}, // 32: 0000 00x

{46 « 1, 0}, {47 « 1, 0}, // 33: 0000 01x

{48 « 1, 0}, {49 « 1, 0}, // 34: 0000 10x

{50 « 1, 0}, {51 « 1, 0}, // 35: 0000 11x
02087
02088
02089
02090
02091
              {52 « 1, 0}, {53 « 1, 0}, // 36: 0001 00x
02092
              {54 « 1, 0}, {55 « 1, 0}, // 37: 0001 01x
                                {57 « 1, 0}, // 38: 0001 10x
{59 « 1, 0}, // 39: 0001 11x
02093
              {56 « 1, 0},
02094
              \{58 \ \text{ < 1, 0}\},\
                                                  // 40: 0010 00x
// 41: 0010 01x
                                 {0, 18},
02095
              {0, 34},
              {0, 10},
                                 {0, 6},
              {0, 33}, {0, 17}, // 42: 0010 01x
{0, 9}, {0, 5}, // 43: 0010 11x
{-1, 0}, {60 \times 1, 0}, // 44: 0000 000x
{61 \times 1, 0}, {62 \times 1, 0}, // 45: 0000 001x
02097
02098
02099
02100
                                                   // 46: 0000 010x
// 47: 0000 011x
              {0, 58},
                                 {0, 54},
02101
02102
              {0, 46},
                                 {0, 30},
                                                     // 48: 0000 100x
02103
              {0, 57},
                                 {0, 53},
02104
              {0, 45},
                                  {0, 29},
                                                     // 49: 0000 101x
02105
              {0, 38},
                                 {0, 26},
                                                     // 50: 0000 110x
                                                     // 51: 0000 111x
02106
              {0, 37},
                                 {0, 25},
                                 {0, 23},
02107
              {0, 43},
                                                     // 52: 0001 000x
02108
              {0, 51}.
                                 {0, 15},
                                                     // 53: 0001 001x
02109
              {0, 42},
                                 {0, 22},
                                                     // 54: 0001 010x
02110
              {0, 50},
                                 {0, 14},
                                                     // 55: 0001 011x
02111
              {0, 41},
                                  {0, 21},
                                                     //
                                                          56: 0001 100x
02112
              {0, 49},
                                 {0, 13},
                                                     // 57: 0001 101x
                                                     11
02113
              \{0, 35\},
                                 {0, 19},
                                                           58: 0001 110x
                                 {0, 7},
{0, 27},
02114
                                                     11
                                                           59: 0001 111x
              {0, 11},
                                                     11
02115
              {0, 39},
                                                           60: 0000 0001x
02116
              {0, 59},
                                 {0, 55},
                                                           61: 0000 0010x
02117
              {0, 47},
                                  {0, 31},
                                                           62: 0000 0011x
02118 };
02119
(0, -1), // 3: 01x

{7 « 1, 0}, // 4: 000~

{0, -2},
              {4 \ll 1, 0},
02123
                               3: 01;

(0, -2), // 4: 000x

(0, -2), // 5: 001

{9 « 1, 0}, // 6: 000

{0, -3},

{11 « 1
02124
              {0, 1},
              {6 « 1, 0},
{0, 2},
02125
02126
                                                           5: 001x
              {8 « 1, 0},
                                                        6: 0000x
02127
              {0, 3}, {0, -3}, // 0: 0000x

{10 « 1, 0}, {11 « 1, 0}, // 8: 0000 0x

{12 « 1, 0}, {13 « 1, 0}, // 9: 0000 1x
02128
02129
02130
             02131
02132
             {17 « 1, 0}, {18 « 1, 0}, // 12: 0000 10x
{0, 4}, {0, -4}, // 13: 0000 11x
{-1, 0}, {19 « 1, 0}, // 14: 0000 001x
{20 « 1, 0}, {21 « 1, 0}, // 15: 0000 010x
{0, 7}, {0, -7}, // 16: 0000 011x
{0, 6}, {0, -6}, // 17: 0000 100x
{0, 5}, {0, -5}, // 18: 0000 101x
{24 « 1, 0}, {23 « 1, 0}, // 20: 0000 0110x
{26 « 1, 0}, {27 « 1, 0}, // 21: 0000 0101x
{28 « 1, 0}, {29 « 1, 0}, // 22: 0000 0011
02133
02135
02136
02137
02138
02139
02140
02141
02142
02143
              {28 « 1, 0}, {29 « 1, 0}, // 22: 0000 0011 0x
              {30 « 1, 0}, {31 « 1, 0}, // 23: 0000 0011 1x
{32 « 1, 0}, {33 « 1, 0}, // 24: 0000 0100 0x
02144
02145
                                 {0, -10},
{0, -9},
              {0, 10},
                                                   // 25: 0000 0100 1x
// 26: 0000 0101 0x
// 27: 0000 0101 1x
02146
02147
              {0, 9},
02148
              {0, 8},
                                  {0, -8},
02149
              {0, 16},
                                  \{0, -16\},\
                                                     // 28: 0000 0011 00x
02150
              {0, 15},
                                 \{0, -15\},
                                                     // 29: 0000 0011 01x
02151
                                                     11
                                                           30: 0000 0011 10x
              {0, 14},
                                 \{0, -14\},
                                 \{0, -13\},\
                                                           31: 0000 0011 11x
02152
              \{0, 13\},
02153
              {0, 12},
                                 {0, -12},
                                                          32: 0000 0100 00x
02154
                                 {0, -11},
                                                     // 33: 0000 0100 01x
              {0, 11},
02155 };
02156
02157 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE_LUMINANCE[] = {
             {1 « 1, 0}, {2 « 1, 0}, // 0: x {0, 1}, {0, 2}, // 1:
02158
                                              // 2: 1x
// 3: 10x
              {3 « 1, 0}, {4 « 1, 0}, //
02160
02161
              {0, 0},
                                {0, 3},
                                {5 « 1, 0}, //
{6 « 1, 0}, //
{7 « 1, 0}, //
02162
              {0, 4},
                                                       4: 11x
                                                       5: 111x
6: 1111x
02163
              {0, 5},
02164
              {0, 6},
```

```
{8 « 1, 0}, // 7: 1111 1x
{-1, 0}, // 8: 1111 11x
            {0, 7},
            {0, 8},
02166
02167 };
02168
02169 static const plm_vlc_t PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE_CHROMINANCE[] = {
             {1 \( \) 1, 0}, {2 \( \) 1, 0}, // 0: x {0, 0}, // 1:
02170
             {0, 0},
                              {0, 1},
                                                    1: 0x
             {0, 2},
                               {3 \ll 1, 0}, //
02172
                                                     2: 1x
02173
             {0, 3},
                               {4 \ll 1, 0}, //
                                                     3: 11x
02174
             {0, 4},
                               {5 « 1, 0}, //
                                                     4: 111x
             {0, 5},
02175
                              {6 « 1, 0}, //
                                                     5: 1111x
                              {7 « 1, 0}, //
02176
             {0, 6},
                                                     6: 1111 1x
02177
             {0, 7},
                              {8 « 1, 0}, //
                                                     7: 1111 11x
02178
             {0, 8},
                               \{-1, 0\},
                                              // 8: 1111 111x
02179 };
02180
02181 static const plm_vlc_t *PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE[] = {PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE_LUMINANCE,
       PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE_CHROMINANCE,
02182
                                                                        PLM VIDEO DCT SIZE CHROMINANCE };
02183
02184 //
            dct coeff bitmap:
              0xff00 run
0x00ff level
02185 //
02186 //
02187
02188 // Decoded values are unsigned. Sign bit follows in the stream.
02190 static const plm_vlc_uint_t PLM_VIDEO_DCT_COEFF[] = {
02191
             \{1 \ « 1, 0\},
                              {0, 0x0001}, // 0: x
02192
             \{2 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {3 \ll 1, 0},
                                                         1: 0x
                                                  //
02193
             \{4 \ \ll 1, \ 0\},\
                                {5 « 1, 0},
                                                         2: 00x
02194
                               {0, 0x0101},
                                                  //
                                                         3: 01x
             \{6 \ll 1, 0\},\
02195
             {7 < 1, 0},
                                {8 « 1, 0},
                                                         4: 000x
02196
             {9 « 1, 0},
                                {10 « 1, 0}, //
                                                         5: 001x
02197
             {0, 0x0002},
                                 {0, 0x0201},
                                                    //
                                                         6: 010x
                               {12 « 1, 0}, // 7: 0000x
{14 « 1, 0}, // 8: 0001x
02198
             \{11 \ \text{< } 1, \ 0\},\
             \{13 \ \text{<<} \ 1, \ 0\},\
02199
                                {0, 0x0003}, // 9: 0010x
{0, 0x0301}, // 10: 0011x
                               {0, 0x0003},
02200
             \{15 \ll 1, 0\},\
             {0, 0x0401},
02202
             \{16 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {0, 0xffff},
                                                    // 11: 0000 0x
02203
             \{17 \ll 1, 0\},\
                               {18 « 1, 0}, // 12: 0000 1x
                               {0, 0x0601}, // 13: 0001 0x

{0, 0x0501}, // 14: 0001 1x

{20 « 1, 0}, // 15: 0010 0x

{22 « 1, 0}, // 16: 0000 00x
02204
             {0, 0x0701},
             {0, 0x0102},
02205
02206
             \{19 \ \ \ \ \ 1, \ \ 0\},
02207
             {21 « 1, 0},
                                {0, 0x0901}, // 17: 0000 10x
{0, 0x0801}, // 18: 0000 11x
             {0, 0x0202},
02208
02209
             {0, 0x0004},
                               {0, 0x0801}, // 18: 0000 11x {24 « 1, 0}, // 19: 0010 00x {26 « 1, 0}, // 20: 0010 01x {28 « 1, 0}, // 21: 0000 000x {30 « 1, 0}, // 22: 0000 001x {0, 0x0006}, // 23: 0010 000x {0, 0x0b01}, // 24: 0010 001x {0, 0x0103}, // 25: 0010 010x {0, 0x0103}, // 26: 0010 011x {32 « 1, 0}, // 27: 0000 0000x {34 « 1, 0}, // 28: 0000 0001x {36 « 1, 0}, // 29: 0000 0010x
02210
             \{23 \ll 1, 0\},\
02211
             \{25 \ \text{ < 1, 0}\},\
             {27 « 1, 0}, {29 « 1, 0},
02212
02213
02214
             {0, 0x0d01},
02215
             {0, 0x0c01},
02216
             {0, 0x0302},
02217
             {0, 0x0005},
             {31 \ « 1, 0},
02218
02219
             \{33 \ll 1, 0\},\
             {35 « 1, 0},
                                {36 « 1, 0},
                                                  // 29: 0000 0010x
02220
             {37 « 1, 0},
                                {38 « 1, 0}, //
                                                        30: 0000 0011x
02221
02222
             {39 « 1, 0},
                                {40 « 1, 0}, // 31: 0000 0000 0x
02223
             \{41 \ \text{ < 1, 0}\},\
                                {42 « 1, 0}, // 32: 0000 0000 1x
                               {44 « 1, 0}, // 33: 0000 0000 1x
{46 « 1, 0}, // 34: 0000 0001 1x
02224
             \{43 \ \ll \ 1, \ 0\},\
02225
             \{45 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {0, 0x0502}, // 35: 0000 0001 1x

{0, 0x0203}, // 36: 0000 0010 1x

{0, 0x0201}, // 36: 0000 0010 1x

{0, 0x0401}, // 37: 0000 0011 0x

{0, 0x0402}, // 38: 0000 0011 1x
02226
             {0, 0x1001},
             {0, 0x0007},
02227
02228
             {0, 0x0104},
02229
             {0, 0x0e01},
                                {48 « 1, 0}, // 39: 0000 0000 00x
{50 « 1, 0}, // 40: 0000 0000 01x
             {47 « 1, 0},
02230
             {49 « 1, 0},
                                {50 « 1, 0},
02231
                                {52 « 1, 0}, // 41: 0000 0000 10x
02232
             \{51 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {54 « 1, 0}, // 42: 0000 0000 11x
02233
             \{53 \ll 1, 0\},\
02234
             \{55 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {56 « 1, 0}, // 43: 0000 0001 00x
             {57 « 1, 0},
02235
                                {58 « 1, 0},
                                                 // 44: 0000 0001 01x
02236
             \{59 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                {60 « 1, 0}, // 45: 0000 0001 10x
                                {62 « 1, 0}, // 46: 0000 0001 11x
             {61 « 1, 0},
02237
                                 {63 « 1, 0}, // 47: 0000 0000 000x
02238
             {-1, 0},
                                {65 « 1, 0}, // 48: 0000 0000 001x
02239
             {64 « 1, 0},
02240
             {66 « 1, 0},
                                {67 « 1, 0}, //
                                                        49: 0000 0000 010x
02241
             {68 « 1, 0},
                                {69 « 1, 0},
                                                  //
                                                        50: 0000 0000 011x
02242
             \{70 \ \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } 1, \ 0\},
                                \{71 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                                        51: 0000 0000 100x
                                                  //
                                                       52: 0000 0000 101x
02243
             \{72 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                \{73 \ll 1, 0\},
                                {75 « 1, 0}, //
                                                        53: 0000 0000 110x
02244
             {74 \times 1, 0},
02245
             {76 « 1, 0},
                                {77 « 1, 0}, //
                                                        54: 0000 0000 111x
                                {0, 0x0802}, // 55: 0000 0001 000x
{0, 0x000a}, // 56: 0000 0001 001x
02246
             {0, 0x000b},
02247
             {0, 0x0403},
                                                     // 57: 0000 0001 010x
// 58: 0000 0001 011x
02248
             {0, 0x0204},
                                 {0, 0x0702},
             {0, 0x1501}, {0, 0x0009},
02249
                                 {0, 0x1401},
02250
                                 {0, 0x1301},
                                                     // 59: 0000 0001 100x
```

```
02251
           {0, 0x1201},
                           {0, 0x0105},
                                            // 60: 0000 0001 101x
                                            // 61: 0000 0001 110x
// 62: 0000 0001 111x
02252
           {0, 0x0303},
                           {0, 0x0008},
02253
           {0, 0x0602},
                            {0, 0x1101},
                                             63: 0000 0000 0001x
02254
           \{78 \ll 1, 0\},\
                           {79 « 1, 0},
                                              64: 0000 0000 0010x
02255
           \{80 \ll 1, 0\},\
                           {81 « 1, 0},
                                          11
                           {83 « 1, 0},
02256
                                              65: 0000 0000 0011x
           {82 « 1, 0},
           {84 « 1, 0},
                           {85 « 1, 0},
                                              66: 0000 0000 0100x
02258
           {86 « 1, 0},
                           {87 « 1, 0},
                                              67: 0000 0000 0101x
02259
           {88 « 1, 0},
                           {89 « 1, 0},
                                              68: 0000 0000 0110x
                                              69: 0000 0000 0111x

70: 0000 0000 1000x
           {90 « 1, 0},
                           {91 « 1, 0},
02260
                                          11
                                          //
                           {0, 0x0902},
02261
           {0, 0x0a02},
                                               71: 0000 0000 1001x
02262
           {0, 0x0503},
                           {0, 0x0304},
                                            11
02263
           \{0, 0x0205\},
                           {0, 0x0107},
                                                72: 0000 0000 1010x
02264
           {0, 0x0106},
                           {0, 0x000f},
                                                73: 0000 0000 1011x
02265
           {0, 0x000e},
                           {0, 0x000d},
                                            //
                                                74: 0000 0000 1100x
02266
           {0, 0x000c},
                           {0, 0x1a01},
                                            11
                                                75: 0000 0000 1101x
                                                76: 0000 0000 1110x
                                            11
02267
           {0, 0x1901},
                           {0, 0x1801},
                            {0, 0x1601},
                                            //
                                               77: 0000 0000 1111x
           {0, 0x1701},
02268
                                              78: 0000 0000 0001 0x
02269
           {92 « 1, 0},
                           {93 « 1, 0}, //
02270
           {94 « 1, 0},
                           {95 « 1, 0},
                                              79: 0000 0000 0001 1x
02271
           {96 « 1, 0},
                           {97 « 1, 0},
                                              80: 0000 0000 0010 0x
02272
           {98 « 1, 0},
                           {99 « 1, 0},
                                              81: 0000 0000 0010 1x
                          {101 « 1, 0}, //
{103 « 1, 0}, //
02273
           \{100 \ll 1, 0\},\
                                              82: 0000 0000 0011 0x
           {102 « 1, 0},
                                              83: 0000 0000 0011 1x
02274
                                           // 84: 0000 0000 0100 0x
// 85: 0000 0000 0100 1x
02275
           {0, 0x001f},
                           {0, 0x001e},
02276
           {0, 0x001d},
                           {0, 0x001c},
02277
           {0, 0x001b},
                           {0, 0x001a},
                                                86: 0000 0000 0101 0x
02278
           {0, 0x0019},
                           {0, 0x0018},
                                                87: 0000 0000 0101 1x
                                            11
02279
           {0, 0x0017},
                           {0, 0x0016},
                                               88: 0000 0000 0110 0x
02280
           {0, 0x0015},
                           {0, 0x0014},
                                            11
                                                89: 0000 0000 0110 1x
02281
           {0, 0x0013},
                           {0, 0x0012},
                                            11
                                                90: 0000 0000 0111 0x
02282
           {0, 0x0011},
                            {0, 0x0010},
                                            //
                                                91: 0000 0000 0111
02283
           {104 « 1, 0},
                           {105 « 1, 0}, //
                                              92: 0000 0000 0001 00x
                           {107 « 1, 0}, //
02284
           {106 « 1, 0},
                                              93: 0000 0000 0001 01x
                          {109 « 1, 0}, //
{111 « 1, 0}, //
02285
           \{108 \ \text{<<} \ 1, \ 0\},\
                                              94: 0000 0000 0001 10x
                                              95: 0000 0000 0001 11x
02286
           \{110 \ll 1, 0\},\
           {0, 0x0028},
                           {0, 0x0027},
                                            11
                                               96: 0000 0000 0010 00x
02287
                           {0, 0x0025},
                                            // 97: 0000 0000 0010 01x
           \{0, 0x0026\},
02289
           {0, 0x0024},
                           {0, 0x0023},
                                            // 98: 0000 0000 0010 10x
                                            // 99: 0000 0000 0010 11x
// 100: 0000 0000 0011 00x
// 101: 0000 0000 0011 01x
02290
           {0, 0x0022},
                            {0, 0x0021},
02291
           {0, 0x0020},
                            {0, 0x010e},
           {0, 0x010d},
02292
                           {0, 0x010c},
                                            // 102: 0000 0000 0011 10x
02293
           \{0.0x010b\}.
                           {0. 0x010a}.
                                            // 103: 0000 0000 0011 11x
02294
           {0, 0x0109},
                           {0, 0x0108},
                            {0, 0x0111},
                                            // 104: 0000 0000 0001
02295
           {0, 0x0112},
                                            // 105: 0000 0000 0001
                                                                      001x
02296
           {0, 0x0110},
                            {0, 0x010f},
                                            // 106: 0000 0000 0001 010x
// 107: 0000 0000 0001 011x
02297
           {0, 0x0603},
                            {0, 0x1002},
02298
           {0, 0x0f02},
                            {0, 0x0e02},
                                            // 108: 0000 0000 0001 100x
02299
           {0, 0x0d02},
                           {0, 0x0c02},
02300
           {0, 0x0b02},
                                            // 109: 0000 0000 0001 101x
                           {0, 0x1f01},
                                            // 110: 0000 0000 0001 110x
           {0, 0x1e01},
                            {0, 0x1d01},
02302
           {0, 0x1c01},
                                            // 111: 0000 0000 0001 111x
                            {0, 0x1b01},
02303 };
02304
02305 typedef struct {
        int full_px;
02306
02307
         int is_set;
02308
         int r_size;
02309
        int h;
02310
        int v:
02311 } plm_video_motion_t;
02312
02313 struct plm_video_t {
        double framerate;
02314
02315
        double time;
02316
        int frames_decoded;
02317
        int width:
02318
        int height:
02319
        int mb width:
02320
         int mb_height;
02321
        int mb_size;
02322
02323
        int luma_width;
02324
        int luma_height;
02325
02326
        int chroma_width;
02327
        int chroma_height;
02328
02329
        int start code:
02330
        int picture_type;
02331
02332
        plm_video_motion_t motion_forward;
02333
        plm_video_motion_t motion_backward;
02334
02335
        int has_sequence_header;
02336
02337
        int quantizer scale;
```

```
02338
        int slice_begin;
02339
        int macroblock_address;
02340
02341
        int mb_row;
02342
        int mb col;
02343
02344
        int macroblock_type;
02345
        int macroblock_intra;
02346
02347
        int dc_predictor[3];
02348
02349
        plm_buffer_t *buffer;
02350
        int destroy buffer when done;
02351
02352
        plm_frame_t frame_current;
02353
        plm_frame_t frame_forward;
02354
        plm_frame_t frame_backward;
02355
        uint8_t *frames_data;
02356
02357
02358
        int block_data[64];
02359
        uint8_t intra_quant_matrix[64];
02360
        uint8_t non_intra_quant_matrix[64];
02361
02362
        int has_reference_frame;
02363
       int assume_no_b_frames;
02364 };
02365
02366 static inline uint8_t plm_clamp(int n) {
02367
       if (n > 255) {
         n = 255;
02368
02369
       } else if (n < 0) {</pre>
02370
         n = 0;
02371
02372
        return n;
02373 }
02374
02375 int plm_video_decode_sequence_header(plm_video_t *self);
02376 void plm_video_init_frame(plm_video_t *self, plm_frame_t *frame, uint8_t *base);
02377 void plm_video_decode_picture(plm_video_t *self);
02378 void plm_video_decode_slice(plm_video_t *self, int slice);
02379 void plm_video_decode_macroblock(plm_video_t \starself);
02380 void plm_video_decode_motion_vectors(plm_video_t *self);
02381 int plm_video_decode_motion_vector(plm_video_t *self, int r_size, int motion);
02382 void plm_video_predict_macroblock(plm_video_t *self);
02383 void plm_video_copy_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, plm_frame_t *s, int motion_h, int motion_v);
02384 void plm_video_interpolate_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, plm_frame_t *s, int motion_h, int motion_v);
02385 void plm_video_process_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, uint8_t *s, uint8_t *d, int mh, int mb, int bs,
      int interp);
02386 void plm_video_decode_block(plm_video_t *self, int block);
02387 void plm_video_idct(int *block);
02388
02389 plm_video_t *plm_video_create_with_buffer(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done) {
02390 plm_video_t *self = (plm_video_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_video_t));
02391 memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_video_t));
02392
02393
        self->buffer = buffer:
02394
        self->destroy_buffer_when_done = destroy_when_done;
02395
02396
        // Attempt to decode the sequence header
        self->start_code = plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer, PLM_START_SEQUENCE);
if (self->start_code != -1) {
02397
02398
02399
         plm_video_decode_sequence_header(self);
02400
02401
        return self;
02402 }
02403
02404 void plm_video_destroy(plm_video_t *self) {
02405 if (self->destroy_buffer_when_done) {
02406
         plm_buffer_destroy(self->buffer);
02407
02408
02409
        if (self->has_sequence_header) {
02410
         PLM_FREE(self->frames_data);
02411
02412
02413
        PLM_FREE(self);
02414 }
02415
02416 double plm video get framerate(plm video t *self) { return plm video has header(self) ?
      self->framerate : 0; }
02417
02418 int plm_video_get_width(plm_video_t *self) { return plm_video_has_header(self) ? self->width : 0; }
02419
02420 int plm_video_get_height(plm_video_t *self) { return plm_video_has_header(self) ? self->height : 0; }
02421
02422 void plm video set no delay(plm video t *self, int no delay) { self->assume no b frames = no delay; }
```

```
02423
02424 double plm_video_get_time(plm_video_t *self) { return self->time; }
02425
02426 void plm_video_set_time(plm_video_t *self, double time) {
02427
       self->frames_decoded = self->framerate * time;
       self->time = time;
02428
02429 }
02430
02431 void plm_video_rewind(plm_video_t *self) {
02432
        plm_buffer_rewind(self->buffer);
02433
        self->time = 0;
        self->frames decoded = 0;
02434
02435
       self->has_reference_frame = FALSE;
02436
       self->start_code = -1;
02437 }
02438
02439 int plm_video_has_ended(plm_video_t *self) { return plm_buffer_has_ended(self->buffer); }
02440
02441 plm_frame_t *plm_video_decode(plm_video_t *self) {
02442
       if (!plm_video_has_header(self)) {
02443
         return NULL;
02444
02445
02446
        plm_frame_t *frame = NULL;
02447
        do {
        if (self->start_code != PLM_START_PICTURE) {
02449
            self->start_code = plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer, PLM_START_PICTURE);
02450
02451
            if (self->start_code == -1) {
             // If we reached the end of the file and the previously decoded
02452
              // frame was a reference frame, we still have to return it.
02453
02454
               if (self->has_reference_frame && !self->assume_no_b_frames &&
     plm_buffer_has_ended(self->buffer) &&
02455
                 (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_INTRA ||
                   self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE)) {
02456
02457
                self->has_reference_frame = FALSE;
02458
                frame = &self->frame_backward;
02459
               break;
02460
02461
              return NULL;
02462
02463
           }
02464
         }
02465
02466
          // Make sure we have a full picture in the buffer before attempting to
02467
          // decode it. Sadly, this can only be done by seeking for the start code
02468
          // of the next picture. Also, if we didn't find the start code for the
02469
          // next picture, but the source has ended, we assume that this last
          \ensuremath{//} picture is in the buffer.
02470
          if (plm_buffer_has_start_code(self->buffer, PLM_START_PICTURE) == -1 &&
02471
      !plm_buffer_has_ended(self->buffer)) {
02472
           return NULL;
02473
02474
          plm_buffer_discard_read_bytes(self->buffer);
02475
02476
         plm video decode picture(self);
02477
02478
          if (self->assume_no_b_frames)
02479
           frame = &self->frame_backward;
02480
         } else if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B) {
           frame = &self->frame_current;
02481
         } else if (self->has_reference_frame) {
02482
02483
           frame = &self->frame_forward;
02484
02485
            self->has_reference_frame = TRUE;
02486
       } while (!frame);
02487
02488
02489
       frame->time = self->time;
02490
        self->frames_decoded++;
02491
        self->time = (double)self->frames_decoded / self->framerate;
02492
02493
        return frame;
02494 }
02495
02496 int plm_video_has_header(plm_video_t *self) {
02497
       if (self->has_sequence_header) {
02498
         return TRUE;
02499
02500
02501
        if (self->start code != PLM START SEQUENCE) {
02502
         self->start_code = plm_buffer_find_start_code(self->buffer, PLM_START_SEQUENCE);
02503
02504
        if (self->start_code == -1) {
02505
         return FALSE;
02506
02507
```

```
if (!plm_video_decode_sequence_header(self)) {
02509
         return FALSE;
02510
02511
02512
       return TRUE:
02513 }
02514
02515 int plm_video_decode_sequence_header(plm_video_t *self) {
       int max_header_size = 64 + 2 * 64 * 8; // 64 bit header + 2x 64 byte matrix
02516
02517
       if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, max_header_size)) {
02518
         return FALSE:
02519
02520
02521
       self->width = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 12);
02522
       self->height = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 12);
02523
       if (self->width <= 0 || self->height <= 0) {
02524
       return FALSE;
}
02525
02526
02527
02528
        // Skip pixel aspect ratio
02529
       plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 4);
02530
02531
       self->framerate = PLM VIDEO PICTURE RATE(plm buffer read(self->buffer, 4));
02532
02533
       // Skip bit_rate, marker, buffer_size and constrained bit
       plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 18 + 1 + 10 + 1);
02534
02535
02536
        // Load custom intra quant matrix?
02537
       if (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1)) {
   for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++) {</pre>
02538
02539
            int idx = PLM_VIDEO_ZIG_ZAG[i];
02540
            self->intra_quant_matrix[idx] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 8);
02541
02542
       } else {
         memcpy(self->intra_quant_matrix, PLM_VIDEO_INTRA_QUANT_MATRIX, 64);
02543
02544
02545
02546
        // Load custom non intra quant matrix?
02547
        if (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1)) {
02548
          for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++)</pre>
           int idx = PLM_VIDEO_ZIG_ZAG[i];
02549
02550
            self->non_intra_quant_matrix[idx] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 8);
02551
02552
         memcpy(self->non_intra_quant_matrix, PLM_VIDEO_NON_INTRA_QUANT_MATRIX, 64);
02553
02554
02555
02556
       self->mb_width = (self->width + 15) » 4;
       self->mb_height = (self->height + 15) » 4;
02557
       self->mb_size = self->mb_width * self->mb_height;
02558
02559
02560
       self->luma_width = self->mb_width « 4;
02561
       self->luma_height = self->mb_height « 4;
02562
02563
       self->chroma width = self->mb width « 3;
02564
       self->chroma_height = self->mb_height « 3;
02565
02566
        // Allocate one big chunk of data for all 3 frames = 9 planes
02567
       size_t luma_plane_size = self->luma_width * self->luma_height;
       size_t chroma_plane_size = self->chroma_width * self->chroma_height;
02568
       size_t frame_data_size = (luma_plane_size + 2 * chroma_plane_size);
02569
02571
       self->frames_data = (uint8_t *)PLM_MALLOC(frame_data_size * 3);
02572
       plm_video_init_frame(self, &self->frame_current, self->frames_data + frame_data_size * 0);
02573
       plm_video_init_frame(self, &self->frame_forward, self->frames_data + frame_data_size * 1);
02574
       plm_video_init_frame(self, &self->frame_backward, self->frames_data + frame_data_size * 2);
02575
02576
       self->has sequence header = TRUE;
02577
       return TRUE;
02578 }
02579
02583
02584
       frame->width = self->width;
       frame->height = self->height;
frame->y.width = self->luma_width;
02585
02586
       frame->y.height = self->luma_height;
02587
02588
       frame->y.data = base;
02589
02590
       frame->cr.width = self->chroma_width;
02591
        frame->cr.height = self->chroma_height;
02592
       frame->cr.data = base + luma_plane_size;
02593
02594
       frame->cb.width = self->chroma width;
```

```
frame->cb.height = self->chroma_height;
       frame->cb.data = base + luma_plane_size + chroma_plane_size;
02596
02597 }
02598
02599 void plm_video_decode_picture(plm_video_t *self) {
        plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 10); // skip temporalReference
02600
        self->picture_type = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 3);
02601
       plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 16); // skip vbv_delay
02602
02603
02604
        // D frames or unknown coding type
        if (self->picture_type <= 0 || self->picture_type > PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B) {
02605
02606
         return:
02607
02608
02609
       // Forward full_px, f_code
02610
        if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE || self->picture_type ==
     PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B) {
02611
         self->motion_forward.full_px = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1);
          int f_code = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 3);
02612
          if (f_code == 0) {
02613
02614
           // Ignore picture with zero f_code
02615
            return;
02616
02617
         self->motion_forward.r_size = f_code - 1;
02618
02619
02620
        // Backward full_px, f_code
02621
        if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B) {
02622
         self->motion_backward.full_px = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1);
          int f_code = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 3);
if (f_code == 0) {
02623
02624
02625
           // Ignore picture with zero f_code
02626
02627
02628
          self->motion_backward.r_size = f_code - 1;
02629
02630
02631
       plm_frame_t frame_temp = self->frame_forward;
02632
           (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_INTRA || self->picture_type ==
     PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE) {
02633
         self->frame_forward = self->frame_backward;
02634
02635
02636
        // Find first slice start code; skip extension and user data
02638
         self->start_code = plm_buffer_next_start_code(self->buffer);
02639
       } while (self->start_code == PLM_START_EXTENSION || self->start_code == PLM_START_USER_DATA);
02640
02641
        // Decode all slices
        while (PLM_START_IS_SLICE(self->start_code)) {
02642
02643
         plm_video_decode_slice(self, self->start_code & 0x000000FF);
02644
          if (self->macroblock_address >= self->mb_size - 2) {
02645
            break;
02646
02647
          self->start_code = plm_buffer_next_start_code(self->buffer);
02648
02649
02650
       // If this is a reference picture rotate the prediction pointers
         f (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_INTRA || self->picture_type ==
     PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE) {
02652
          self->frame backward = self->frame current;
         self->frame_current = frame_temp;
02653
02654
02655 }
02656
02657 void plm_video_decode_slice(plm_video_t *self, int slice) {
02658
       self->slice_begin = TRUE;
        self->macroblock_address = (slice - 1) * self->mb_width - 1;
02659
02660
02661
        \ensuremath{//} Reset motion vectors and DC predictors
02662
        self->motion_backward.h = self->motion_forward.h = 0;
02663
        self->motion_backward.v = self->motion_forward.v = 0;
       self->dc_predictor[0] = 128;
self->dc_predictor[1] = 128;
02664
02665
02666
       self->dc predictor[2] = 128;
02667
02668
       self->quantizer_scale = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 5);
02669
        // Skip extra
02670
       while (plm buffer read(self->buffer, 1)) {
02671
02672
         plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 8);
02673
02674
02675
        do {
02676
         plm_video_decode_macroblock(self);
        } while (self->macroblock_address < self->mb_size - 1 && plm_buffer_peek_non_zero(self->buffer,
02677
      23));
```

```
02678 }
02679
02680 void plm_video_decode_macroblock(plm_video_t *self) {
02681
        // Decode increment
02682
        int increment = 0:
        int t = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_ADDRESS_INCREMENT);
02683
02684
02685
02686
         // macroblock_stuffing
          t = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_ADDRESS_INCREMENT);
02687
02688
        while (t == 35) {
02689
02690
          // macroblock_escape
02691
           increment += 33;
02692
          t = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_ADDRESS_INCREMENT);
02693
02694
        increment += t:
02695
02696
        // Process any skipped macroblocks
02697
        if (self->slice_begin) {
02698
         // The first increment of each slice is relative to beginning of the
02699
           \ensuremath{//} previous row, not the previous macroblock
02700
           self->slice begin = FALSE;
02701
          self->macroblock_address += increment;
02702
        } else {
02703
         if (self->macroblock_address + increment >= self->mb_size) {
02704
            return; // invalid
02705
02706
          if (increment > 1) {
            // Skipped macroblocks reset DC predictors
02707
            self->dc_predictor[0] = 128;
self->dc_predictor[1] = 128;
02708
02709
02710
            self->dc_predictor[2] = 128;
02711
             // Skipped macroblocks in P-pictures reset motion vectors
if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE) {
02712
02713
02714
              self->motion_forward.h = 0;
02715
               self->motion_forward.v = 0;
02716
02717
02718
02719
           // Predict skipped macroblocks
02720
          while (increment > 1) {
02721
            self->macroblock_address++;
02722
             self->mb_row = self->macroblock_address / self->mb_width;
02723
             self->mb_col = self->macroblock_address % self->mb_width;
02724
02725
             plm_video_predict_macroblock(self);
02726
             increment --:
02727
02728
          self->macroblock_address++;
02729
02730
        self->mb_row = self->macroblock_address / self->mb_width;
self->mb_col = self->macroblock_address % self->mb_width;
02731
02732
02733
02734
        if (self->mb_col >= self->mb_width || self->mb_row >= self->mb_height) {
02735
          return; // corrupt stream;
02736
02737
02738
        // Process the current macroblock
        const plm_vlc_t *table = PLM_VIDEO_MACROBLOCK_TYPE[self->picture_type];
02739
        self->macroblock_type = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, table);
02741
02742
        self->macroblock_intra = (self->macroblock_type & 0x01);
        self->motion_forward.is_set = (self->macroblock_type & 0x08);
self->motion_backward.is_set = (self->macroblock_type & 0x04);
02743
02744
02745
02746
        // Ouantizer scale
02747
        if ((self->macroblock_type & 0x10) != 0) {
02748
          self->quantizer_scale = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 5);
02749
02750
        if (self->macroblock_intra) {
02751
02752
              Intra-coded macroblocks reset motion vectors
02753
          self->motion_backward.h = self->motion_forward.h = 0;
           self->motion_backward.v = self->motion_forward.v = 0;
02754
02755
02756
          // Non-intra macroblocks reset DC predictors
          self->dc_predictor[0] = 128;
self->dc_predictor[1] = 128;
02757
02758
02759
          self->dc_predictor[2] = 128;
02760
02761
           plm_video_decode_motion_vectors(self);
02762
          plm_video_predict_macroblock(self);
02763
02764
```

```
// Decode blocks
        int cbp = ((self->macroblock_type & 0x02) != 0) ? plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer,
     PLM_VIDEO_CODE_BLOCK_PATTERN)
02767
                                                          : (self->macroblock_intra ? 0x3f : 0);
02768
02769
        for (int block = 0, mask = 0x20; block < 6; block++) {
02770
         if ((cbp & mask) != 0) {
02771
           plm_video_decode_block(self, block);
02772
02773
         mask \gg = 1;
       }
02774
02775 }
02776
02777 void plm_video_decode_motion_vectors(plm_video_t *self) {
02778
02779
        if (self->motion_forward.is_set) {
02780
02781
         int r size = self->motion forward.r size;
         self->motion_forward.h = plm_video_decode_motion_vector(self, r_size, self->motion_forward.h);
02783
          self->motion_forward.v = plm_video_decode_motion_vector(self, r_size, self->motion_forward.v);
02784
       } else if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_PREDICTIVE) {
02785
         // No motion information in P-picture, reset vectors
02786
         self->motion_forward.h = 0;
02787
         self->motion_forward.v = 0;
02788
02789
02790
        if (self->motion_backward.is_set) {
02791
        int r_size = self->motion_backward.r_size;
02792
          self->motion_backward.h = plm_video_decode_motion_vector(self, r_size, self->motion_backward.h);
         self->motion_backward.v = plm_video_decode_motion_vector(self, r_size, self->motion_backward.v);
02793
02794
02795 }
02796
02797 int plm_video_decode_motion_vector(plm_video_t *self, int r_size, int motion) {
       int fscale = 1 « r_size;
int m_code = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_MOTION);
02798
02799
02800
        int r = 0;
02801
       int d:
02802
02803
        if ((m_code != 0) && (fscale != 1)) {
         r = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, r_size);
d = ((abs(m_code) - 1) « r_size) + r + 1;
02804
02805
         if (m_code < 0) {</pre>
02806
02807
           d = -d;
02808
02809
       } else {
02810
         d = m_code;
02811
02812
        motion += d;
02813
02814
        if (motion > (fscale « 4) - 1) {
       motion -= fscale « 5;
} else if (motion < ((-fscale) « 4)) {
02815
02816
02817
         motion += fscale « 5;
02818
02819
02820
        return motion;
02821 }
02822
02823 void plm_video_predict_macroblock(plm_video_t *self) {
02824
       int fw_h = self->motion_forward.h;
       int fw_v = self->motion_forward.v;
02825
02826
02827
        if (self->motion_forward.full_px) {
02828
         fw_h «= 1;
02829
         fw_v «= 1;
02830
02831
        if (self->picture_type == PLM_VIDEO_PICTURE_TYPE_B) {
02832
         int bw_h = self->motion_backward.h;
02834
         int bw_v = self->motion_backward.v;
02835
02836
          if (self->motion_backward.full_px) {
02837
            bw_h «= 1;
            bw_v «= 1;
02838
02839
02840
02841
          if (self->motion_forward.is_set) {
02842
            plm_video_copy_macroblock(self, &self->frame_forward, fw_h, fw_v);
02843
            if (self->motion_backward.is_set) {
             plm_video_interpolate_macroblock(self, &self->frame_backward, bw_h, bw_v);
02844
02845
02846
          } else {
02847
            plm_video_copy_macroblock(self, &self->frame_backward, bw_h, bw_v);
02848
02849
        } else {
02850
          plm video copy macroblock (self, &self->frame forward, fw h, fw v);
```

```
02851
02852 }
02853
02854 void plm_video_copy_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, plm_frame_t *s, int motion_h, int motion_v) {
02855
          plm_frame_t *d = &self->frame_current;
         plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->y.data, d->y.data, motion_h, motion_v, 16, FALSE);
plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->cr.data, d->cr.data, motion_h / 2, motion_v / 2, 8, FALSE);
plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->cb.data, d->cb.data, motion_h / 2, motion_v / 2, 8, FALSE);
02856
02858
02859 }
02860
02861 void plm_video_interpolate_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, plm_frame_t *s, int motion_h, int motion_v) {
         plm frame t *d = &self->frame current;
02862
02863
          plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->y.data, d->y.data, motion_h, motion_v, 16, TRUE);
          plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->ch.data, d->cr.data, motion_h / 2, motion_v / 2, 8, TRUE);
plm_video_process_macroblock(self, s->ch.data, d->ch.data, motion_h / 2, motion_v / 2, 8, TRUE);
02864
02865
02866 }
02867
02868 #define PLM BLOCK SET(DEST, DEST INDEX, DEST WIDTH, SOURCE INDEX, SOURCE WIDTH, BLOCK SIZE, OP)
02869
          do {
02870
             int dest_scan = DEST_WIDTH - BLOCK_SIZE;
02871
             int source scan = SOURCE WIDTH - BLOCK SIZE:
02872
             for (int y = 0; y < BLOCK_SIZE; y++) {
02873
               for (int x = 0; x < BLOCK_SIZE; x++) {
02874
                  DEST[DEST INDEX] = OP:
02875
                  SOURCE_INDEX++;
02876
                  DEST_INDEX++;
02877
02878
               SOURCE_INDEX += source_scan;
02879
               DEST_INDEX += dest_scan;
02880
02881
          } while (FALSE)
02883 void plm_video_process_macroblock(plm_video_t *self, uint8_t *s, uint8_t *d, int motion_h, int
       motion_v, int block_size,
02884
                                                   int interpolate) {
02885
          int dw = self->mb width * block size;
02886
02887
          int hp = motion_h » 1;
02888
          int vp = motion_v » 1;
02889
          int odd_h = (motion_h \& 1) == 1;
          int odd_v = (motion_v & 1) == 1;
02890
02891
          unsigned int si = ((self->mb_row * block_size) + vp) * dw + (self->mb_col * block_size) + hp; unsigned int di = (self->mb_row * dw + self->mb_col) * block_size;
02892
02893
02894
02895
           unsigned int \ max\_address = (dw * (self->mb\_height * block\_size - block\_size + 1) - block\_size); \\
          if (si > max_address || di > max_address) {
02896
02897
            return; // corrupt video
02898
02899
02900 #define PLM_MB_CASE(INTERPOLATE, ODD_H, ODD_V, OP)
02901
          case ((INTERPOLATE « 2) | (ODD_H « 1) | (ODD_V)):
02902
            PLM BLOCK SET(d, di, dw, si, dw, block size, OP);
02903
            break
02904
02905
          switch ((interpolate « 2) | (odd_h « 1) | (odd_v)) {
02906
            PLM_MB_CASE(0, 0, 0, (s[si]));
            PLM_MB_CASE(0, 0, 1, (s[si] + s[si + dw] + 1) » 1);

PLM_MB_CASE(0, 1, 0, (s[si] + s[si + 1] + 1) » 1);

PLM_MB_CASE(0, 1, 1, (s[si] + s[si + 1] + s[si + dw] + s[si + dw + 1] + 2) » 2);
02907
02908
02909
02910
02911
             PLM_MB_CASE(1, 0, 0, (d[di] + (s[si]) + 1) \gg 1);
            PLM_MB_CASE(1, 0, 1, (d[di] + ((s[si] + s[si + dw] + 1) » 1) + 1) » 1);

PLM_MB_CASE(1, 1, 0, (d[di] + ((s[si] + s[si + 1] + 1) » 1) + 1) » 1);

PLM_MB_CASE(1, 1, 1, (d[di] + ((s[si] + s[si + 1] + s[si + dw] + s[si + dw + 1] + 2) » 2) + 1) »
02912
02913
02914
       1);
02915
02916
02917 #undef PLM_MB_CASE
02918 }
02919
```

```
02920 void plm_video_decode_block(plm_video_t *self, int block) {
02921
02922
        int n = 0;
02923
        uint8_t *quant_matrix;
02924
02925
        // Decode DC coefficient of intra-coded blocks
        if (self->macroblock_intra) {
02926
02927
          int predictor;
02928
          int dct_size;
02929
02930
          // DC prediction
          int plane_index = block > 3 ? block - 3 : 0;
02931
          predictor = self->dc_predictor[plane_index];
02932
02933
          dct_size = plm_buffer_read_vlc(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_DCT_SIZE[plane_index]);
02934
          // Read DC coeff
02935
02936
          if (dct size > 0) {
            int differential = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, dct_size);
if ((differential & (1 « (dct_size - 1))) != 0) {
02937
02938
              self->block_data[0] = predictor + differential;
02939
02940
02941
              self->block_data[0] = predictor + (-(1 « dct_size) | (differential + 1));
02942
          } else {
02943
02944
            self->block_data[0] = predictor;
02945
02946
02947
          // Save predictor value
02948
          self->dc_predictor[plane_index] = self->block_data[0];
02949
02950
          // Dequantize + premultiply
02951
          self->block_data[0] «= (3 + 5);
02952
02953
          quant_matrix = self->intra_quant_matrix;
02954
02955
        } else {
02956
          quant_matrix = self->non_intra_quant_matrix;
02957
02958
02959
        // Decode AC coefficients (+DC for non-intra)
02960
        int level = 0;
        while (TRUE) {
02961
02962
         int run = 0:
02963
          uint16_t coeff = plm_buffer_read_vlc_uint(self->buffer, PLM_VIDEO_DCT_COEFF);
02964
02965
          if ((coeff == 0x0001) && (n > 0) && (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1) == 0)) {
02966
           // end_of_block
02967
            break;
02968
02969
          if (coeff == 0xffff) {
            // escape
02971
            run = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
02972
            level = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 8);
            if (level == 0) {
02973
              level = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 8);
02974
02975
            } else if (level == 128)
02976
              level = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 8) - 256;
02977
            } else if (level > 128) {
02978
              level = level - 256;
02979
02980
          } else {
            run = coeff » 8;
02981
02982
            level = coeff & 0xff;
02983
            if (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1)) {
02984
              level = -level;
02985
            }
02986
          }
02987
02988
          n += run;
02989
          if (n < 0 | | n >= 64) {
02990
            return; // invalid
02991
02992
          int de_zig_zagged = PLM_VIDEO_ZIG_ZAG[n];
02993
02994
          n++;
02995
02996
           // Dequantize, oddify, clip
02997
          level «= 1;
02998
          if (!self->macroblock_intra)
02999
            level += (level < 0 ? -1 : 1);
03000
03001
          level = (level * self->quantizer_scale * quant_matrix[de_zig_zagged]) >> 4;
          if ((level & 1) == 0) {
  level -= level > 0 ? 1 : -1;
03002
03003
03004
          if (level > 2047) {
  level = 2047;
03005
03006
```

```
} else if (level < -2048) {</pre>
03008
            level = -2048;
03009
03010
03011
          // Save premultiplied coefficient
          self->block_data[de_zig_zagged] = level * PLM_VIDEO_PREMULTIPLIER_MATRIX[de_zig_zagged];
03012
03013
03014
03015
        // Move block to its place
        uint8_t *d;
03016
03017
        int dw;
03018
        int di:
03019
03020
        if (block < 4) {</pre>
03021
          d = self->frame_current.y.data;
03022
          dw = self->luma_width;
          di = (self->mb_row * self->luma_width + self->mb_col) « 4;
03023
          if ((block & 1) != 0) {
03024
03025
            di += 8;
03026
03027
          if ((block & 2) != 0) {
03028
            di += self->luma_width « 3;
03029
        } else {
03030
03031
          d = (block == 4) ? self->frame_current.cb.data : self->frame_current.cr.data;
          dw = self->chroma_width;
03032
03033
          di = ((self->mb_row * self->luma_width) « 2) + (self->mb_col « 3);
03034
03035
03036
        int *s = self->block data;
        int si = 0;
03037
03038
        if (self->macroblock_intra) {
03039
          // Overwrite (no prediction)
03040
           if (n == 1) {
03041
             int clamped = plm_clamp((s[0] + 128) \gg 8);
             PLM_BLOCK_SET(d, di, dw, si, 8, 8, clamped);
03042
03043
          s[0] = 0;
} else {
03044
03045
             plm_video_idct(s);
03046
             PLM_BLOCK_SET(d, di, dw, si, 8, 8, plm_clamp(s[si]));
03047
             memset(self->block_data, 0, sizeof(self->block_data));
03048
03049
        } else {
03050
          // Add data to the predicted macroblock
          if (n == 1) {
int value = (s[0] + 128) » 8;
03051
03052
03053
            PLM_BLOCK_SET(d, di, dw, si, 8, 8, plm_clamp(d[di] + value));
03054
            s[0] = 0;
03055
          } else {
03056
            plm video idct(s);
             PLM_BLOCK_SET(d, di, dw, si, 8, 8, plm_clamp(d[di] + s[si]));
03057
03058
             memset(self->block_data, 0, sizeof(self->block_data));
03059
03060
        }
03061 }
03062
03063 void plm_video_idct(int *block) {
03064
        int b1, b3, b4, b6, b7, tmp1, tmp2, m0, x0, x1, x2, x3, x4, y3, y4, y5, y6, y7;
03065
03066
        // Transform columns
        for (int i = 0; i < 8; ++i) {
  b1 = block[4 * 8 + i];
  b3 = block[2 * 8 + i] + block[6 * 8 + i];</pre>
03067
03068
03069
03070
           b4 = block[5 * 8 + i] - block[3 * 8 + i];
03071
           tmp1 = block[1 * 8 + i] + block[7 * 8 + i];
           tmp2 = block[3 * 8 + i] + block[5 * 8 + i];
03072
03073
          b6 = block[1 * 8 + i] - block[7 * 8 + i];
          b7 = tmp1 + tmp2;
03074
          m0 = block[0 * 8 + i];
03075
           x4 = ((b6 * 473 - b4 * 196 + 128) » 8) - b7;
03076
           x0 = x4 - (((tmp1 - tmp2) * 362 + 128) » 8);
x1 = m0 - b1;
03077
03078
           x2 = (((block[2 * 8 + i] - block[6 * 8 + i]) * 362 + 128) * 8) - b3;
03079
           x3 = m0 + b1;
03080
03081
           y3 = x1 + x2;
03082
           y4 = x3 + b3;
          y5 = x1 - x2;

y6 = x3 - b3;
03083
03084
           \bar{y}7 = -x0 - ((b4 * 473 + b6 * 196 + 128) » 8);
03085
          y7 - x0 - (154 * 473 + 56)

block[0 * 8 + i] = b7 + y4;

block[1 * 8 + i] = x4 + y3;
03086
03087
           block[2 * 8 + i] = y5 - x0;
03088
03089
           block[3 * 8 + i] = y6 - y7;
           block[4 * 8 + i] = y6 + y7;
03090
           block[5 * 8 + i] = x0 + y5;
03091
          block[5 \times 6 + 1] = x_0 + y_3,
block[6 \times 8 + 1] = y_3 - x_4;
block[7 \times 8 + 1] = y_4 - b_7;
03092
03093
```

```
03094
        }
03095
03096
         // Transform rows
         for (int i = 0; i < 64; i += 8) {</pre>
03097
          b1 = block[4 + i];
b3 = block[2 + i] + block[6 + i];
03098
03099
           b4 = block[5 + i] - block[3 + i];
03100
03101
           tmp1 = block[1 + i] + block[7 + i];
           tmp2 = block[3 + i] + block[5 + i];
03102
          b6 = block[1 + i] - block[7 + i];
b7 = tmp1 + tmp2;
03103
03104
           m0 = block[0 + i];
03105
           x4 = ((b6 * 473 - b4 * 196 + 128) * 8) - b7;

x0 = x4 - (((tmp1 - tmp2) * 362 + 128) * 8);

x1 = m0 - b1;
03106
03107
03108
03109
           x2 = (((block[2 + i] - block[6 + i]) * 362 + 128) * 8) - b3;
           x3 = m0 + b1;
03110
           y3 = x1 + x2;
03111
03112
           y4 = x3 + b3;
           y5 = x1 - x2;

y6 = x3 - b3;
03113
03114
03115
           y7 = -x0 - ((b4 * 473 + b6 * 196 + 128) » 8);
          block[0 + i] = (b7 + y4 + 128) \gg 8;
block[1 + i] = (x4 + y3 + 128) \gg 8;
0.3116
03117
03118
           block[2 + i] = (y5 - x0 + 128) \gg 8;
           block[3 + i] = (y6 - y7 +
03119
                                       128) »
03120
           block[4 + i] = (y6 + y7 + 128) \gg 8;
03121
           block[5 + i] = (x0 + y5 + 128) \gg 8;
           block[6 + i] = (y3 - x4 + 128) \gg 8;
03122
           block[7 + i] = (y4 - b7 + 128) \gg 8;
03123
03124
03125 }
03126
03127 // YCbCr conversion following the BT.601 standard:
03128 // https://infogalactic.com/info/YCbCr#ITU-R_BT.601_conversion
03129
03130 #define PLM PUT PIXEL(RI, GI, BI, Y OFFSET, DEST OFFSET)
03131
        y = ((frame->y.data[y_index + Y_OFFSET] - 16) * 76309) * 16;
03132
        dest[d_index + DEST_OFFSET + RI] = plm_clamp(y + r);
03133
        dest[d index + DEST OFFSET + GI] = plm clamp(y - q);
03134
        dest[d_index + DEST_OFFSET + BI] = plm_clamp(y + b);
03135
03136 #define PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(NAME, BYTES_PER_PIXEL, RI, GI, BI)
03137
         void NAME(plm frame t *frame, uint8 t *dest, int stride) {
03138
           int cols = frame->width » 1;
03139
           int rows = frame->height » 1;
03140
           int vw = frame->y.width;
03141
           int cw = frame->cb.width;
03142
           for (int row = 0; row < rows; row++) {
03143
             int c index = row * cw;
03144
             int y_index = row * 2 * yw;
03145
             int d_index = row * 2 * stride;
03146
             for (int col = 0; col < cols; col++) {
03147
               int y;
03148
               int cr = frame->cr.data[c_index] - 128;
03149
               int cb = frame->cb.data[c_index] - 128;
03150
               int r = (cr * 104597) \gg 16;
03151
                int g = (cb * 25674 + cr * 53278) * 16;
               int b = (cb * 132201) * 16;
03152
03153
               PLM PUT PIXEL(RI, GI, BI, 0, 0);
03154
               PLM_PUT_PIXEL(RI, GI, BI, 1, BYTES_PER_PIXEL);
03155
               PLM_PUT_PIXEL(RI, GI, BI, yw, stride);
03156
               PLM PUT PIXEL (RI, GI, BI, vw + 1, stride + BYTES PER PIXEL);
```

```
03157
             c index += 1;
03158
             y_index += 2;
03159
             d_index += 2 * BYTES_PER_PIXEL;
03160
03161
03162
03163
03164 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_rgb, 3, 0, 1, 2)
03165 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_bgr, 3, 2, 1, 0)
03166 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_rgba, 4, 0, 1, 2)
03167 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_bgra, 4, 2, 1, 0)
03168 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_argb, 4, 1, 2, 3)
03169 PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION(plm_frame_to_abgr, 4, 3, 2, 1)
03171 #undef PLM_PUT_PIXEL
03172 #undef PLM_DEFINE_FRAME_CONVERT_FUNCTION
0.317.3
03174 /
03175 // plm_audio implementation
03176
03177 // Based on kjmp2 by Martin J. Fiedler
03178 // http://keyj.emphy.de/kjmp2/
0.3179
03180 static const int PLM AUDIO FRAME SYNC = 0x7ff;
03181
03182 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MPEG_2_5 = 0x0;
03183 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MPEG_2 = 0x2;
03184 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MPEG_1 = 0x3;
03185
03186 static const int PLM_AUDIO_LAYER_III = 0x1;
03187 static const int PLM_AUDIO_LAYER_II = 0x2;
03188 static const int PLM_AUDIO_LAYER_I = 0x3;
03190 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MODE_STEREO = 0x0;
03191 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MODE_JOINT_STEREO = 0x1;
03192 static const int PLM_AUDIO_MODE_DUAL_CHANNEL = 0x2;
03193 static const int PLM AUDIO MODE MONO = 0x3;
03194
03195 static const unsigned short PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLE_RATE[] = {
         44100, 48000, 32000, 0, // MPEG-1
22050, 24000, 16000, 0 // MPEG-2
03196
03197
03198 };
03199
03200 static const short PLM_AUDIO_BIT_RATE[] = {
       32, 48, 56, 64, 80, 96, 112, 128, 160, 192, 224, 256, 320, 384, // MPEG-1
8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 80, 96, 112, 128, 144, 160 // MPEG-2
03202
03203 };
03204
03205 static const int PLM_AUDIO_SCALEFACTOR_BASE[] = {0x02000000, 0x01965FEA, 0x01428A30};
03206
03207 static const float PLM_AUDIO_SYNTHESIS_WINDOW[] = {
                                                                                         -1.0,
03208
         0.0.
               -0.5, -0.5, -0.5,
                                                            -0.5.
                                                                     -0.5.
                                                                               -1.0,
                                                                                                    -1.0.
     -1.0,
03209
         -1.5.
                   -1.5.
                             -2.0.
                                       -2.0.
                                                 -2.5,
                                                           -2.5.
                                                                     -3.0.
                                                                               -3.5.
                                                                                         -3.5.
                                                                                                   -4.0.
     -4.5,
         -5.0,
03210
                  -5.5,
                            -6.5,
                                       -7.0,
                                                -8.0,
                                                           -8.5,
                                                                     -9.5,
                                                                              -10.5,
                                                                                         -12.0,
                                                                                                   -13.0,
     -14.5,
                  -17.5,
                           -19.0,
                                       -20.5,
                                               -22.5,
                                                           -24.5,
                                                                      -26.5,
                                                                               -29.0,
                                                                                         -31.5,
                                                                                                    -34.0,
     -36.5,
03212
         -39.5,
                  -42.5,
                             -45.5,
                                       -48.5,
                                                 -52.0,
                                                           -55.5,
                                                                     -58.5,
                                                                               -62.5,
                                                                                         -66.0,
                                                                                                   -69.5,
     -73.5,
-77.0,
03213
                   -80.5,
                                       -88.0,
                                                 -91.5,
                                                                             -101.0,
                             -84.5,
                                                           -95.0,
                                                                     -98.0,
                                                                                        -104.0,
                                                                                                   106.5.
     109.0,
03214
          111.0,
                  112.5,
                             113.5,
                                       114.0,
                                               114.0,
                                                           113.5,
                                                                     112.0,
                                                                               110.5,
                                                                                         107.5,
                                                                                                    104.0,
     100.0,
03215
         94.5,
                  88.5,
                           81.5,
                                       73.0,
                                                63.5,
                                                          53.0,
                                                                      41.5,
                                                                               28.5,
                                                                                         14.5,
                                                                                                   -1.0,
     -18.0,
         -36.0,
                  -55.5, -76.5,
                                       -98.5, -122.0, -147.0,
                                                                     -173.5, -200.5,
03216
                                                                                         -229.5,
                                                                                                   -259.5,
     -290.5,
          -322.5,
                   -355.5, -389.5,
                                       -424.0, -459.5,
03217
                                                          -495.5,
                                                                      -532.0,
                                                                               -568.5,
                                                                                         -605.0,
                                                                                                   -641.5,
     -678.0,
                                                                     -908.5,
03218
         -714.0,
                   -749.0, -783.5,
                                       -817.0,
                                                 -849.0,
                                                          -879.5,
                                                                               -935.0,
                                                                                         -959.5,
                                                                                                   -981.0,
     -1000.5,
03219
         -1016.0, -1028.5, -1037.5, -1042.5, -1043.5, -1040.0, -1031.5, 1018.5,
                                                                                         1000.0.
                                                                                                   976.0.
     946.5,
         911.0,
03220
                   869.5,
                           822.0,
                                       767.5.
                                                 707.0,
                                                          640.0,
                                                                     565.5,
                                                                             485.0,
                                                                                         397.0,
                                                                                                   302.5.
     201.0,
                   -22.5, -144.0, -272.5, -407.0, -547.5, -694.0, -846.0, -1003.0, -1165.0,
03221
         92.5.
     -1331.5,
03222
        -1502.0, -1675.5, -1852.5, -2031.5, -2212.5, -2394.0, -2576.5, -2758.5, -2939.5, -3118.5,
      -3294.5,
```

```
03223
                              -3467.5, \quad -3635.5, \quad -3798.5, \quad -3955.0, \quad -4104.5, \quad -4245.5, \quad -4377.5, \quad -4499.0, \quad -4609.5, \quad -4708.0, \quad -4899.0, 
                  -4792.5,
                             -4863.5, \quad -4919.0, \quad -4958.0, \quad -4979.5, \quad -4983.0, \quad -4967.5, \quad -4931.5, \quad -4875.0, \quad -4796.0, \quad -4694.5, \quad -4883.5, \quad -4889.5, 
03224
                 -4569.5,
 03225
                             -4420.0. -4246.0. -4046.0. -3820.0. -3567.0. 3287.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                            2979.5. 2644.0. 2280.5. 1888.0.
                  1467.5,
                              1018.5,
                                                       541.0,
                                                                                        35.0,
                                                                                                                      -499.0,
                                                                                                                                                  -1061.0, -1650.0, -2266.5, -2909.0, -3577.0, -4270.0,
                  -4987.5,
 03227
                            -5727.5.
                                                         -6490.0, -7274.0, -8077.5, -8899.5, -9739.0, -10594.5, -11464.5, -12347.0,
                 -13241.0, -14144.5,
                              -15056.0, -15973.5, -16895.5, -17820.0, -18744.5, -19668.0, -20588.0, -21503.0, -22410.5,
03228
                  -23308.5, -24195.0,
03229
                               -25068.5, -25926.5, -26767.0, -27589.0, -28389.0, -29166.5, -29919.0, -30644.5, -31342.0,
                  -32009.5, -32645.0,
 03230
                             -33247.0, \ -33814.5, \ -34346.0, \ -34839.5, \ -35295.0, \ -35710.0, \ -36084.5, \ -36417.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -36707.5, \ -367
                  -36954.0, -37156.5,
                             -37315.0, -37428.0, -37496.0, 37519.0, 37496.0, 37428.0, 37315.0, 37156.5, 36954.0, 36707.5,
03231
                 36417.5,
                             36084.5, 35710.0, 35295.0, 34839.5, 34346.0, 33814.5, 33247.0, 32645.0, 32009.5, 31342.0,
                  30644.5,
                              29919.0, 29166.5, 28389.0, 27589.0, 26767.0, 25926.5,
 03233
                                                                                                                                                                                                           25068.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         24195.0, 23308.5, 22410.5,
                 21503.0,
                             20588.0, 19668.0, 18744.5, 17820.0, 16895.5, 15973.5, 15056.0, 14144.5, 13241.0, 12347.0,
03234
                 11464.5,
03235
                              10594.5, 9739.0,
                                                                                        8899.5.
                                                                                                                      8077.5.
                                                                                                                                                    7274.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                6490.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                5727.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            4987.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          4270.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3577.0.
                  2909.0,
03236
                             2266.5,
                                                           1650.0,
                                                                                        1061.0,
                                                                                                                      499.0.
                                                                                                                                                    -35.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                 -541.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                -1018.5, -1467.5, -1888.0, -2280.5,
                  -2644.0,
03237
                             -2979.5, 3287.0,
                                                                                       3567.0,
                                                                                                                      3820.0, 4046.0,
                                                                                                                                                                             4246.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                4420.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       4569.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4694.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4796.0,
                 4875.0,
                                                          4967.5.
                                                                                        4983.0,
                                                                                                                      4979.5.
                                                                                                                                                   4958.0.
                                                                                                                                                                               4919.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                4863.5, 4792.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4708.0,
03238
                             4931.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4609.5.
                  4499.0,
                             4377.5,
                                                           4245.5,
                                                                                        4104.5,
                                                                                                                      3955.0,
                                                                                                                                                   3798.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                3467.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3294.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3118.5,
 03239
                                                                                                                                                                                3635.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2939.5,
                  2758.5,
 03240
                             2576.5,
                                                          2394.0,
                                                                                        2212.5,
                                                                                                                      2031.5,
                                                                                                                                                   1852.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                1675.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                1502.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1331.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1165.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1003.0,
                  846.0.
                             694.0,
                                                                                                                                                    144.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             -201.0,
03241
                                                           547.5,
                                                                                         407.0,
                                                                                                                      272.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                  22.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                -92.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         -302.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -397.0,
                   -485.0.
03242
                              -565.5,
                                                           -640.0.
                                                                                         -707.0,
                                                                                                                       -767.5,
                                                                                                                                                    -822.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                  -869.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                -911.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             -946.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -976.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         -1000.0,
                  1018.5,
                             1031.5,
03243
                                                        1040.0,
                                                                                        1043.5.
                                                                                                                      1042.5.
                                                                                                                                                   1037.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                1028.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                1016.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1000.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         981.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        959.5.
                  935.0.
                                                          879.5.
03244
                              908.5.
                                                                                         849.0.
                                                                                                                      817.0.
                                                                                                                                                    783.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                 749.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                714.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             678.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           641.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        605.0.
                  568.5,
                              532.0,
                                                        495.5,
                                                                                        459.5,
                                                                                                                       424.0,
                                                                                                                                                   389.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                355.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                322.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             290.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           259.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        229.5,
                  200.5,
                             173.5,
03246
                                                        147.0.
                                                                                        122.0.
                                                                                                                       98.5.
                                                                                                                                                    76.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                 55.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                36.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            18.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -14.5.
                  -28.5,
                              -41.5,
03247
                                                           -53.0.
                                                                                                                                                    -81.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -107.5
                                                                                        -63.5.
                                                                                                                       -73.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                 -88.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                -94.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             -100.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           -104.0.
                  -110.5.
03248
                              -112.0,
                                                           -113.5,
                                                                                        -114.0,
                                                                                                                      -114.0,
                                                                                                                                                   -113.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                 -112.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                -111.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -109.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          106.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        104.0,
                  101.0,
03249
                             98.0,
                                                          95.0,
                                                                                         91.5,
                                                                                                                      88.0,
                                                                                                                                                    84.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                 80.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                77.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             73.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           69.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         66.0,
                  62.5,
03250
                             58.5.
                                                          55.5.
                                                                                        52.0,
                                                                                                                      48.5.
                                                                                                                                                  45.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                 42.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                39.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            36.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           34.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        31.5.
                  29.0,
 03251
                                                           24.5.
                                                                                        22.5.
                                                                                                                      20.5.
                                                                                                                                                   19.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                 17.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                15.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            14.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          13.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        12.0.
                 10.5,
                3.5,
                              9.5,
                                                           8.5,
                                                                                        8.0,
                                                                                                                      7.0,
                                                                                                                                                    6.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                  5.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                5.0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             4.5,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           4.0,
03252
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3.5,
03253
                                                           2.5.
                                                                                        2.5.
                                                                                                                      2.0.
                                                                                                                                                    2.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                 1.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                1.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1.0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1.0.
                1.0,
 03254
                             0.5.
                                                          0.5.
                                                                                        0.5.
                                                                                                                      0.5.
                                                                                                                                                    0.5.
                                                                                                                                                                                 0.5};
 03256 // Quantizer lookup, step 1: bitrate classes
03257 static const uint8_t PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_1[2][16] = {
                            // 32, 48, 56, 64, 80, 96,112,128,160,192,224,256,320,384 <- bitrate {0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2}, // mono // 16, 24, 28, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 80, 96,112,128,160,192 <- bitrate / chan
 03258
 03259
03260
                              {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2} // stereo
 03261
 03262 };
03263
03264 // Quantizer lookup, step 2: bitrate class, sample rate -> B2 table idx, sblimit 03265 #define PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_A (27 | 64) // Table 3-B.2a: high-rate, sblimit = 27 03266 #define PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_B (30 | 64) // Table 3-B.2b: high-rate, sblimit = 30
                                                                                                                                      // Table 3-B.2c: low-rate, sblimit = 8
// Table 3-B.2d: low-rate, sblimit = 12
 03267 #define PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_C 8
 03268 #define PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_D 12
 03269
 03270 static const uint8_t QUANT_LUT_STEP_2[3][3] = {
 03271
                                                                                                                                                                               32 kHz
                              // 44.1 kHz.
                                                                                                           48 kHz.
                               {PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_C, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_C, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_D}, // 32 - 48 kbit/sec/ch
 03272
                               {PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_A, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_A, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_A}, // 56 - 80 kbit/sec/ch
 03273
                              {PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_B, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_A, PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB_B} // 96+ kbit/sec/ch
 03274
 03275 };
03276
 03277 // Quantizer lookup, step 3: B2 table, subband \rightarrow nbal, row index
03278 // (upper 4 bits: nbal, lower 4 bits: row index)
```

```
03279 static const uint8_t PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_3[3][32] = {
               // Low-rate table (3-B.2c and 3-B.2d)
03280
03281
                  \{0x44, 0x44, 0x34, 0x34\}
03282
                  // High-rate table (3-B.2a and 3-B.2b)
                  03283
03284
                  \{0x45,\ 0x45,\ 0x45,\ 0x45,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x24,\ 0x34,\ 0x34,\
03286
03287
                    0x24,\ 0x24\}\};
03288
03289 // Quantizer lookup, step 4: table row, allocation[] value -> quant table index 03290 static const uint8_t PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_4[6][16] = {{0, 1, 2, 17},
                                                                                                                   {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 17},
03291
                                                                                                                   {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
03292
          13, 14, 17},
03293
                                                                                                                   {0, 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,
          15, 16, 17},
03294
                                                                                                                   {0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,
          14, 15, 17},
03295
                                                                                                                   {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
          13, 14, 15}};
03296
03297 typedef struct plm_quantizer_spec_t {
03298
             unsigned short levels;
03299
             unsigned char group;
              unsigned char bits;
03300
03301 } plm_quantizer_spec_t;
03302
03303 static const plm_quantizer_spec_t PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB[] = {
                                         //
03304
                 {3, 1, 5}, {5, 1, 7},
                                                     1
                                               11
03305
03306
                  {7, 0, 3},
03307
                  {9, 1, 10},
03308
                  {15, 0, 4},
                  {31, 0, 5}, {63, 0, 6},
03309
03310
03311
                  {127, 0, 7},
                  {255, 0, 8},
03312
03313
                  {511, 0, 9},
03314
                  {1023, 0, 10},
03315
                  {2047, 0, 11},
03316
                  {4095, 0, 12},
                                              // 14
03317
                  {8191, 0, 13},
                  {16383, 0, 14}, // 15
03318
                  {32767, 0, 15}, // 16
03319
03320
                  {65535, 0, 16} // 17
03321 };
03322
03323 struct plm_audio_t {
03324 double time:
03325
              int samples_decoded;
03326
              int samplerate_index;
03327
              int bitrate_index;
03328
              int version;
03329
              int layer;
03330
              int mode;
03331
              int bound;
03332
              int v_pos;
03333
              int next_frame_data_size;
03334
             int has_header;
03335
03336
              plm buffer t *buffer;
03337
              int destroy_buffer_when_done;
03338
03339
              const plm_quantizer_spec_t *allocation[2][32];
03340
             uint8_t scale_factor_info[2][32];
03341
              int scale_factor[2][32][3];
03342
              int sample[2][32][31;
03343
03344
              plm_samples_t samples;
03345
              float D[1024];
03346
             float V[2][1024];
03347
             float U[32];
03348 };
03349
03350 int plm_audio_find_frame_sync(plm_audio_t *self);
03351 int plm_audio_decode_header(plm_audio_t *self);
03352 void plm_audio_decode_frame(plm_audio_t *self);
03353 const plm_quantizer_spec_t *plm_audio_read_allocation(plm_audio_t *self, int sb, int tab3);
03354 void plm_audio_read_samples(plm_audio_t *self, int ch, int sb, int part);
03355 void plm_audio_idct36(int s[32][3], int ss, float *d, int dp);
03356
03357 plm_audio_t *plm_audio_create_with_buffer(plm_buffer_t *buffer, int destroy_when_done) {
03358
              plm_audio_t *self = (plm_audio_t *)PLM_MALLOC(sizeof(plm_audio_t));
03359
              memset(self, 0, sizeof(plm_audio_t));
03360
03361
             self->samples.count = PLM AUDIO SAMPLES PER FRAME;
```

```
03362
        self->buffer = buffer;
03363
        self->destroy_buffer_when_done = destroy_when_done;
03364
        self->samplerate_index = 3; // Indicates 0
03365
        \verb|memcpy(self->D, PLM_AUDIO_SYNTHESIS_WINDOW, 512 * size of (float));|
03366
       memcpy(self->D + 512, PLM_AUDIO_SYNTHESIS_WINDOW, 512 * sizeof(float));
03367
03368
03369
        // Attempt to decode first header
03370
       self->next_frame_data_size = plm_audio_decode_header(self);
03371
03372
       return self;
03373 }
03374
03375 void plm_audio_destroy(plm_audio_t *self) {
03376
       if (self->destroy_buffer_when_done) {
03377
         plm_buffer_destroy(self->buffer);
03378
03379
       PLM FREE(self);
03380 }
03381
03382 int plm_audio_has_header(plm_audio_t *self) {
03383
           (self->has_header) {
03384
         return TRUE;
03385
03386
03387
       self->next_frame_data_size = plm_audio_decode_header(self);
03388
       return self->has_header;
03389 }
03390
03391 int plm_audio_get_samplerate(plm_audio_t *self) {
03392
       return plm_audio_has_header(self) ? PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLE_RATE[self->samplerate_index] : 0;
03393 }
03394
03395 double plm_audio_get_time(plm_audio_t *self) { return self->time; }
03396
03397 void plm_audio_set_time(plm_audio_t *self, double time) {
03398
       self->samples_decoded = time * (double)PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLE_RATE[self->samplerate_index];
03399
       self->time = time;
03400 }
03401
03402 void plm_audio_rewind(plm_audio_t *self) {
03403
       plm_buffer_rewind(self->buffer);
03404
        self->time = 0:
03405
        self->samples_decoded = 0;
03406
       self->next_frame_data_size = 0;
03407 }
03408
03409 int plm_audio_has_ended(plm_audio_t *self) { return plm_buffer_has_ended(self->buffer); }
03410
03411 plm_samples_t *plm_audio_decode(plm_audio_t *self) {
03412
       // Do we have at least enough information to decode the frame header?
03413
       if (!self->next_frame_data_size) {
03414
         if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, 48)) {
03415
           return NULL;
03416
03417
          self->next frame data size = plm audio decode header(self);
03418
03419
        if (self->next_frame_data_size == 0 || !plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, self->next_frame_data_size «
03420
     3)) {
03421
         return NULL;
03422
03423
03424
       plm_audio_decode_frame(self);
03425
        self->next_frame_data_size = 0;
03426
03427
       self->samples.time = self->time;
03428
03429
       self->samples_decoded += PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLES_PER_FRAME;
03430
       self->time = (double)self->samples_decoded / (double)PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLE_RATE[self->samplerate_index];
03431
03432
        return &self->samples;
03433 }
03434
03435 int plm audio find frame sync(plm audio t *self) {
03436
      size_t i;
        for (i = self->buffer->bit_index » 3; i < self->buffer->length - 1; i++) {
03437
         if (self->buffer->bytes[i] == 0xFF && (self->buffer->bytes[i + 1] & 0xFE) == 0xFC) {
    self->buffer->bit_index = ((i + 1) « 3) + 3;
03438
03439
03440
            return TRUE;
03441
03442
        self->buffer->bit_index = (i + 1) « 3;
03443
        return FALSE;
03444
03445 }
03446
03447 int plm audio decode header(plm audio t *self) {
```

```
if (!plm_buffer_has(self->buffer, 48)) {
03449
          return 0;
03450
03451
        plm_buffer_skip_bytes(self->buffer, 0x00);
03452
03453
        int sync = plm buffer read(self->buffer, 11);
03454
03455
        // Attempt to resync if no syncword was found. This sucks balls. The MP2
03456
        // stream contains a syncword just before every frame (11 bits set to 1).
03457
        // However, this syncword is not guaranteed to not occur elsewhere in the
        // stream. So, if we have to resync, we also have to check if the header // (samplerate, bitrate) differs from the one we had before. This all
03458
03459
03460
        // may still lead to garbage data being decoded :/
03461
03462
        if (sync != PLM_AUDIO_FRAME_SYNC && !plm_audio_find_frame_sync(self)) {
03463
          return 0;
03464
03465
03466
        self->version = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
03467
        self->layer = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
03468
        int hasCRC = !plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 1);
03469
03470
        return 0;
        if (self->version != PLM_AUDIO_MPEG_1 || self->layer != PLM_AUDIO_LAYER_II) {
03471
03472
03473
03474
        int bitrate_index = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 4) - 1;
03475
        if (bitrate_index > 13) {
03476
          return 0;
03477
03478
        int samplerate_index = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
if (samplerate_index == 3) {
03479
03480
03481
          return 0;
03482
03483
03484
        int padding = plm buffer read(self->buffer, 1);
        plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 1); // f_private
03485
03486
        int mode = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
03487
03488
        // If we already have a header, make sure the samplerate, bitrate and mode
03489
        // are still the same, otherwise we might have missed sync.
03490
        if (self->has header &&
03491
             (self->bitrate_index != bitrate_index || self->samplerate_index != samplerate_index ||
      self->mode != mode)) {
03492
          return 0;
03493
03494
03495
        self->bitrate index = bitrate index;
03496
        self->samplerate index = samplerate index;
03497
        self->mode = mode;
03498
        self->has_header = TRUE;
03499
        // Parse the mode_extension, set up the stereo bound
if (mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_JOINT_STEREO) {
03500
03501
          self->bound = (plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2) + 1) « 2;
03502
03503
        } else {
03504
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 2);
03505
          self->bound = (mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_MONO) ? 0 : 32;
03506
03507
03508
        // Discard the last 4 bits of the header and the CRC value, if present
        plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 4); // copyright(1), original(1), emphasis(2)
03509
03510
            (hasCRC) {
03511
          plm_buffer_skip(self->buffer, 16);
03512
03513
        // Compute frame size, check if we have enough data to decode the whole
03514
03515
        // frame.
        int bitrate = PLM_AUDIO_BIT_RATE[self->bitrate_index];
        int samplerate = PLM_AUDIO_SAMPLE_RATE[self->samplerate_index];
int frame_size = (144000 * bitrate / samplerate) + padding;
03517
03518
03519
        return frame_size - (hasCRC ? 6 : 4);
03520 }
03521
03522 void plm_audio_decode_frame(plm_audio_t *self) {
03523
        // Prepare the quantizer table lookups
03524
        int tab3 = 0;
03525
        int sblimit = 0;
03526
        int tab1 = (self->mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_MONO) ? 0 : 1;
03527
        int tab2 = PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_1[tab1][self->bitrate_index];
03528
03529
        tab3 = QUANT_LUT_STEP_2[tab2][self->samplerate_index];
03530
        sblimit = tab3 & 63;
03531
        tab3 >= 6;
03532
03533
        if (self->bound > sblimit) {
```

```
self->bound = sblimit;
03535
03536
03537
         // Read the allocation information
         for (int sb = 0; sb < self->bound; sb++) {
   self->allocation[0][sb] = plm_audio_read_allocation(self, sb, tab3);
03538
03539
           self->allocation[1][sb] = plm_audio_read_allocation(self, sb, tab3);
03540
03541
03542
03543
         for (int sb = self->bound; sb < sblimit; sb++)</pre>
          self->allocation[0][sb] = self->allocation[1][sb] = plm_audio_read_allocation(self, sb, tab3);
03544
03545
03546
03547
         // Read scale factor selector information
03548
         int channels = (self->mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_MONO) ? 1 : 2;
         for (int sb = 0; sb < sblimit; sb++) {
   for (int ch = 0; ch < channels; ch++) {</pre>
03549
03550
             if (self->allocation[ch][sb]) {
03551
03552
               self->scale_factor_info[ch][sb] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 2);
03553
03554
03555
           if (self->mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_MONO) {
03556
             self->scale_factor_info[1][sb] = self->scale_factor_info[0][sb];
03557
03558
        }
03559
03560
         // Read scale factors
03561
         for (int sb = 0; sb < sblimit; sb++) {</pre>
           for (int ch = 0; ch < channels; ch++) {</pre>
03562
03563
             if (self->allocation[ch][sb]) {
03564
               int *sf = self->scale factor[ch][sb];
03565
               switch (self->scale_factor_info[ch][sb]) {
03566
               case 0:
03567
                 sf[0] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
                 sf[1] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
sf[2] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03568
03569
03570
                  break;
03571
               case 1:
03572
                 sf[0] = sf[1] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03573
                  sf[2] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03574
                  break;
03575
                case 2:
03576
                 sf[0] = sf[1] = sf[2] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03577
                  break;
                case 3:
03578
03579
                 sf[0] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03580
                  sf[1] = sf[2] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, 6);
03581
                  break;
               }
03582
03583
             }
03584
03585
           if (self->mode == PLM_AUDIO_MODE_MONO) {
             self->scale_factor[1][sb][0] = self->scale_factor[0][sb][0];
self->scale_factor[1][sb][1] = self->scale_factor[0][sb][1];
03586
03587
             self->scale_factor[1][sb][2] = self->scale_factor[0][sb][2];
03588
03589
03590
03591
03592
         // Coefficient input and reconstruction
        int out_pos = 0;
for (int part = 0; part < 3; part++) {</pre>
03593
03594
03595
           for (int granule = 0; granule < 4; granule++) {</pre>
03596
03597
              // Read the samples
03598
              for (int sb = 0; sb < self->bound; sb++) {
03599
                plm_audio_read_samples(self, 0, sb, part);
03600
                plm_audio_read_samples(self, 1, sb, part);
03601
03602
              for (int sb = self->bound; sb < sblimit; sb++) {</pre>
               plm_audio_read_samples(self, 0, sb, part);
03603
                self->sample[1][sb][0] = self->sample[0][sb][0];
self->sample[1][sb][1] = self->sample[0][sb][1];
03604
03605
                self->sample[1][sb][2] = self->sample[0][sb][2];
03606
03607
              for (int sb = sblimit; sb < 32; sb++) {</pre>
03608
               self->sample[0][sb][0] = 0;
03609
                self->sample[0][sb][1] = 0;
03610
03611
                self->sample[0][sb][2] = 0;
03612
                self->sample[1][sb][0] = 0;
                self->sample[1][sb][1] = 0;
03613
                self->sample[1][sb][2] = 0;
03614
03615
03616
03617
              // Synthesis loop
             for (int p = 0; p < 3; p++) {
    // Shifting step
    self->v_pos = (self->v_pos - 64) & 1023;
03618
03619
03620
```

```
for (int ch = 0; ch < 2; ch++) {</pre>
03622
03623
                plm_audio_idct36(self->sample[ch], p, self->V[ch], self->v_pos);
03624
                // Build U, windowing, calculate output
03625
                memset(self->U, 0, sizeof(self->U));
03626
03627
03628
                int d_index = 512 - (self->v_pos » 1);
03629
                int v_index = (self->v_pos % 128)  > 1; 
                while (v_index < 1024) {
  for (int i = 0; i < 32; ++i) {</pre>
03630
03631
                    self->U[i] += self->D[d_index++] * self->V[ch][v_index++];
03632
03633
03634
03635
                  v_index += 128 - 32;
                  d_index += 64 - 32;
03636
03637
03638
03639
                d_{index} -= (512 - 32);
                v_{index} = (128 - 32 + 1024) - v_{index};
03640
03641
                while (v_index < 1024) {</pre>
                  for (int i = 0; i < 32; ++i) {
03642
                    self->U[i] += self->D[d_index++] * self->V[ch][v_index++];
03643
03644
03645
03646
                  v_index += 128 - 32;
03647
                  d_index += 64 - 32;
03648
03649
03650 // Output samples
03651 #ifdef PLM_AUDIO_SEPARATE_CHANNELS
03652
                float *out_channel = ch == 0 ? self->samples.left : self->samples.right;
03653
                for (int j = 0; j < 32; j++) {
03654
                  out_channel[out_pos + j] = self->U[j] / 2147418112.0f;
03655
03656 #else
               for (int j = 0; j < 32; j++) {
03657
                  self->samples.interleaved[((out_pos + j) « 1) + ch] = self->U[j] / 2147418112.0f;
03658
03659
03660 #endif
              \} // End of synthesis channel loop
03661
              out_pos += 32;
03662
03663
            } // End of synthesis sub-block loop
03664
03665
          } // Decoding of the granule finished
03666
03667
03668
       plm_buffer_align(self->buffer);
03669 }
03670
03671 const plm_quantizer_spec_t *plm_audio_read_allocation(plm_audio_t *self, int sb, int tab3) {
      int tab4 = PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_3[tab3][sb];
int qtab = PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_LUT_STEP_4[tab4 & 15][plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, tab4 » 4)];
03672
03673
03674
       return qtab ? (&PLM_AUDIO_QUANT_TAB[qtab - 1]) : 0;
03675 }
03676
03677 void plm_audio_read_samples(plm_audio_t *self, int ch, int sb, int part) {
       const plm_quantizer_spec_t *q = self->allocation[ch][sb];
03678
03679
        int sf = self->scale_factor[ch][sb][part];
03680
        int *sample = self->sample[ch][sb];
03681
       int val = 0;
03682
03683
        if (!q) {
        // No bits allocated for this subband
03684
03685
          sample[0] = sample[1] = sample[2] = 0;
03686
          return;
03687
03688
03689
        // Resolve scalefactor
03690
        if (sf == 63) {
03691
         sf = 0;
        } else {
03692
          int shift = (sf / 3) | 0;
03693
          sf = (PLM_AUDIO_SCALEFACTOR_BASE[sf % 3] + ((1 « shift) » 1)) » shift;
03694
03695
03696
03697
        // Decode samples
03698
        int adj = q->levels;
03699
        if (q->group) {
         // Decode grouped samples
03700
03701
          val = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, q->bits);
03702
          sample[0] = val % adj;
          val /= adj;
03703
03704
          sample[1] = val % adj;
03705
          sample[2] = val / adj;
03706
        } else {
03707
          // Decode direct samples
```

```
sample[0] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, q->bits);
03709
          sample[1] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, q->bits);
03710
          sample[2] = plm_buffer_read(self->buffer, q->bits);
03711
03712
03713
        // Postmultiply samples
int scale = 65536 / (adj + 1);
03714
03715
        adj = ((adj + 1) \gg 1)
03716
03717
        val = (adj - sample[0]) * scale;
       sample[0] = (val * (sf » 12) + ((val * (sf & 4095) + 2048) » 12)) » 12;
03718
03719
03720
       val = (adj - sample[1]) * scale;
03721
       sample[1] = (val * (sf » 12) + ((val * (sf & 4095) + 2048) » 12)) » 12;
03722
03723
       val = (adj - sample[2]) * scale;
       sample[2] = (val * (sf » 12) + ((val * (sf & 4095) + 2048) » 12)) » 12;
03724
03725 }
03727 void plm_audio_idct36(int s[32][3], int ss, float *d, int dp) {
        float t01, t02, t03, t04, t05, t06, t07, t08, t09, t10, t11, t12, t13, t14, t15, t16, t17, t18, t19,
     t20, t21, t22,
03729
            t23, t24, t25, t26, t27, t28, t29, t30, t31, t32, t33;
03730
03731
        t01 = (float)(s[0][ss] + s[31][ss]);
        t02 = (float)(s[0][ss] - s[31][ss]) * 0.500602998235f;
03732
03733
        t03 = (float)(s[1][ss] + s[30][ss]);
03734
        t04 = (float)(s[1][ss] - s[30][ss]) * 0.505470959898f;
        t05 = (float)(s[2][ss] + s[29][ss]);
03735
03736
        t06 = (float)(s[2][ss] - s[29][ss]) * 0.515447309923f;
        t07 = (float)(s[3][ss] + s[28][ss]);
03737
03738
        t08 = (float)(s[3][ss] - s[28][ss]) * 0.53104259109f;
03739
        t09 = (float)(s[4][ss] + s[27][ss]);
        t10 = (float)(s[4][ss] - s[27][ss]) * 0.553103896034f;
03740
03741
        t11 = (float)(s[5][ss] + s[26][ss]);
        t12 = (float)(s[5][ss] - s[26][ss]) * 0.582934968206f;
03742
        t13 = (float)(s[6][ss] + s[25][ss]);
03743
        t14 = (float)(s[6][ss] - s[25][ss]) * 0.622504123036f;
03744
03745
        t15 = (float)(s[7][ss] + s[24][ss]);
03746
        t16 = (float)(s[7][ss] - s[24][ss]) * 0.674808341455f;
03747
        t17 = (float)(s[8][ss] + s[23][ss]);
        t18 = (float)(s[8][ss] - s[23][ss]) * 0.744536271002f;
03748
        t19 = (float)(s[9][ss] + s[22][ss]);
t20 = (float)(s[9][ss] - s[22][ss]) * 0.839349645416f;
03749
03750
        t21 = (float)(s[10][ss] + s[21][ss]);
03751
03752
        t22 = (float)(s[10][ss] - s[21][ss]) * 0.972568237862f;
03753
        t23 = (float)(s[11][ss] + s[20][ss]);
        t24 = (float)(s[11][ss] - s[20][ss]) * 1.16943993343f;
03754
        t25 = (float)(s[12][ss] + s[19][ss]);
03755
03756
        t26 = (float)(s[12][ss] - s[19][ss]) * 1.48416461631f;
        t27 = (float)(s[13][ss] + s[18][ss]);
03758
        t28 = (float)(s[13][ss] - s[18][ss]) * 2.05778100995f;
03759
        t29 = (float)(s[14][ss] + s[17][ss]);
03760
        t30 = (float)(s[14][ss] - s[17][ss]) * 3.40760841847f;
03761
        t31 = (float)(s[15][ss] + s[16][ss]);
03762
        t32 = (float)(s[15][ss] - s[16][ss]) * 10.1900081235f;
03763
03764
        t33 = t01 + t31;
03765
        t31 = (t01 - t31) * 0.502419286188f;
03766
        t01 = t03 + t29;
03767
        t29 = (t.03 - t.29) * 0.52249861494f:
        t03 = t05 + t27;
03768
        t27 = (t05 - t27) * 0.566944034816f;
03770
        t05 = t07 + t25;
03771
        t25 = (t07 - t25) * 0.64682178336f;
03772
        t07 = t09 + t23;
03773
        t23 = (t09 - t23) * 0.788154623451f;
03774
        t09 = t11 + t21;
03775
        t21 = (t11 - t21) * 1.06067768599f;
03776
        t11 = t13 + t19;
03777
        t19 = (t13 - t19) * 1.72244709824f;
03778
        t13 = t15 + t17;
        t17 = (t15 - t17) * 5.10114861869f;
03779
03780
        t15 = t33 + t13;
        t13 = (t33 - t13) * 0.509795579104f;
03781
        t33 = t01 + t11;
03782
        t01 = (t01 - t11) * 0.601344886935f;
03783
03784
        t11 = t03 + t09;
        t09 = (t03 - t09) * 0.899976223136f;
03785
        t.03 = t.05 + t.07:
03786
        t07 = (t05 - t07) * 2.56291544774f;
03787
03788
        t05 = t15 + t03;
03789
        t15 = (t15 - t03) * 0.541196100146f;
03790
        t03 = t33 + t11;
03791
        t11 = (t33 - t11) * 1.30656296488f;
        t33 = t05 + t03;
03792
        t05 = (t05 - t03) * 0.707106781187f;
03793
```

```
t03 = t15 + t11;
03795
        t15 = (t15 - t11) * 0.707106781187f;
03796
        t03 += t15;
03797
        t11 = t13 + t07;
        t13 = (t13 - t07) * 0.541196100146f;
03798
03799
        t07 = t01 + t09;
        t09 = (t01 - t09) * 1.30656296488f;
03801
        t01 = t11 + t07;
03802
        t07 = (t11 - t07) * 0.707106781187f;
        t11 = t13 + t09;
03803
        t13 = (t13 - t09) * 0.707106781187f;
03804
        t11 += t13;
03805
        t01 += t11;
03806
03807
        t11 += t07;
03808
        t07 += t13;
        t09 = t31 + t17;
03809
        t31 = (t31 - t17) * 0.509795579104f;
03810
        t17 = t29 + t19;
03811
03812
        t29 = (t29 - t19) * 0.601344886935f;
        t19 = t27 + t21;
03813
03814
        t21 = (t27 - t21) * 0.899976223136f;
03815
        t27 = t25 + t23;
        t23 = (t25 - t23) * 2.56291544774f;
03816
        t25 = t09 + t27;
03817
03818
        t09 = (t09 - t27) * 0.541196100146f;
        t27 = t17 + t19;
03820
        t19 = (t17 - t19) * 1.30656296488f;
03821
        t17 = t25 + t27;
        t27 = (t25 - t27) * 0.707106781187f;
03822
        t25 = t09 + t19;
03823
        t19 = (t09 - t19) * 0.707106781187f;
03824
03825
        t25 += t19;
03826
        t09 = t31 + t23;
03827
        t31 = (t31 - t23) * 0.541196100146f;
        t23 = t29 + t21;
03828
        t21 = (t29 - t21) * 1.30656296488f;
03829
        t29 = t09 + t23;
03830
        t23 = (t09 - t23) * 0.707106781187f;
03831
03832
        t09 = t31 + t21;
03833
        t31 = (t31 - t21) * 0.707106781187f;
03834
        t09 += t31;

t29 += t09;
03835
        t09 += t23;
03836
03837
        t23 += t31;
        t17 += t29;
03838
        t29 += t25;
03839
03840
        t25 += t09;
        \pm 0.09 += \pm 2.7:
03841
03842
        t27 += t23;
        t23 += t19;
03843
        t19 += t31;
03844
03845
        t21 = t02 + t32;
03846
        t02 = (t02 - t32) * 0.502419286188f;
        t32 = t04 + t30;
03847
        t04 = (t04 - t30) * 0.52249861494f;
03848
        t30 = t06 + t28;
03849
        t28 = (t06 - t28) * 0.566944034816f;
03850
03851
        t06 = t08 + t26;
03852
        t08 = (t08 - t26) * 0.64682178336f;
03853
        t26 = t10 + t24;
        \pm 10 = (\pm 10 - \pm 24) \times 0.788154623451f:
03854
        t24 = t12 + t22;
03855
03856
        t22 = (t12 - t22) * 1.06067768599f;
03857
        t12 = t14 + t20;
03858
        t20 = (t14 - t20) * 1.72244709824f;
        t14 = t16 + t18;
03859
03860
        t16 = (t16 - t18) * 5.10114861869f;
        t18 = t21 + t14;
03861
03862
        t14 = (t21 - t14) * 0.509795579104f;
        t21 = t32 + t12;
03863
03864
        t32 = (t32 - t12) * 0.601344886935f;
        t12 = t30 + t24;
03865
        t24 = (t30 - t24) * 0.899976223136f;
03866
        t30 = t06 + t26;
03867
        t26 = (t06 - t26) * 2.56291544774f;
03868
03869
        t06 = t18 + t30;
03870
        t18 = (t18 - t30) * 0.541196100146f;
03871
        t30 = t21 + t12;
        t12 = (t21 - t12) * 1.30656296488f;
03872
        t21 = t06 + t30;
03873
        t30 = (t06 - t30) * 0.707106781187f;
03874
        t06 = t18 + t12;
03875
03876
        t12 = (t18 - t12) * 0.707106781187f;
03877
        t06 += t12;
03878
        t18 = t14 + t26;
       t26 = (t14 - t26) * 0.541196100146f;
t14 = t32 + t24;
03879
03880
```

```
t24 = (t32 - t24) * 1.30656296488f;
03882
        t32 = t18 + t14;
        t14 = (t18 - t14) * 0.707106781187f;
03883
        t18 = t26 + t24;
03884
        t24 = (t26 - t24) * 0.707106781187f;
03885
03886
        t18 += t24;
        t32 += t18;
03887
03888
        t18 += t14;
03889
        t26 = t14 + t24;
03890
        t14 = t02 + t16;
        t02 = (t02 - t16) * 0.509795579104f;
03891
        t16 = t04 + t20;
03892
        t04 = (t04 - t20) * 0.601344886935f;
03893
03894
        t20 = t28 + t22;
03895
        t22 = (t28 - t22) * 0.899976223136f;
        t28 = t08 + t10;
03896
        t10 = (t08 - t10) * 2.56291544774f;
03897
        t08 = t14 + t28;
03898
        t14 = (t14 - t28) * 0.541196100146f;
03899
        t28 = t16 + t20;
03900
03901
        t20 = (t16 - t20) * 1.30656296488f;
03902
        t16 = t08 + t28;
        t28 = (t08 - t28) * 0.707106781187f;
03903
        t08 = t14 + t20;
03904
03905
        t20 = (t14 - t20) * 0.707106781187f;
        t08 += t20;
03906
03907
        t14 = t02 + t10;
        t02 = (t02 - t10) * 0.541196100146f;
03908
        t10 = t04 + t22;
03909
        t22 = (t04 - t22) * 1.30656296488f;
03910
03911
        t04 = t14 + t10;
03912
        t10 = (t14 - t10) * 0.707106781187f;
03913
        t14 = t02 + t22;
03914
        t02 = (t02 - t22) * 0.707106781187f;
        t14 += t02;
03915
        t04 += t14;
03916
        t14 += t10;
03917
        t10 += t02;
03918
03919
        t16 += t04;
03920
        t04 += t08;
03921
        t08 += t14;
        t.14 += t.28:
03922
        t28 += t10;
03923
03924
        t10 += t20;
03925
        t20 += t02;
        t21 += t16;
03926
03927
        t16 += t32;
        t32 += t04;
03928
        t04 += t06;
03929
03930
        t06 += t08;
        t08 += t18;
03931
03932
        t18 += t14;
03933
        t14 += t30;
03934
        t30 += t28:
        t28 += t26;
03935
03936
        t26 += t10;
        t10 += t12;
03938
        t12 += t20;
03939
        t20 += t24;
03940
        t24 += t02;
03941
03942
        d[dp + 48] = -t33;
03943
        d[dp + 49] = d[dp + 47] = -t21;
03944
        d[dp + 50] = d[dp + 46] = -t17;
03945
        d[dp + 51] = d[dp + 45] = -t16;
03946
        d[dp + 52] = d[dp + 44] = -t01;
03947
        d[dp + 53] = d[dp + 43] = -t32;
        d[dp + 54] = d[dp + 42] = -t29;
03948
        d[dp + 55] = d[dp + 41] = -t04;
03949
        d[dp + 56] = d[dp + 40] = -t03;
03950
03951
        d[dp + 57] = d[dp + 39] = -t06;
03952
        d[dp + 58] = d[dp + 38] = -t25;
        d[dp + 59] = d[dp + 37] = -t08;
03953
        d[dp + 60] = d[dp + 36] = -t11;
03954
03955
        d[dp + 61] = d[dp + 35] = -t18;
03956
        d[dp + 62] = d[dp + 34] = -t09;
03957
        d[dp + 63] = d[dp + 33] = -t14;
03958
        d[dp + 32] = -t05;
        d[dp + 0] = t05;
03959
        d[dp + 31] = -t30;
03960
        d[dp + 1] = t30;
03961
        d[dp + 30] = -t27;
03962
        d[dp + 2] = t27;
03963
03964
        d[dp + 29] = -t28;
       d[dp + 3] = t28;

d[dp + 28] = -t07;

d[dp + 4] = t07;
03965
03966
03967
```

```
d[dp + 27] = -t26;
03968
        d[dp + 5] = t26;

d[dp + 5] = -t23;
03969
03970
        d[dp + 6] = t23;
03971
        d[dp + 25] = -t10;
03972
        d[dp + 23] = -t10;

d[dp + 7] = t10;

d[dp + 24] = -t15;
03973
03974
03975
        d[dp + 8] = t15;
03976
        d[dp + 23] = -t12;
        d[dp + 9] = t12;
03977
        d[dp + 22] = -t19;
03978
03979
        d[dp + 10] = t19;
03980
        d[dp + 21] = -t20;
03981
        d[dp + 11] = t20;
03982
        d[dp + 20] = -t13;
03983
        d[dp + 12] = t13;
        d[dp + 19] = -t24:
03984
03985
        d[dp + 13] = t24;
03986
        d[dp + 18] = -t31;
03987
        d[dp + 14] = t31;
03988
        d[dp + 17] = -t02;
        d[dp + 15] = t02;
03989
       d[dp + 16] = 0.0;
03990
03991 }
03992
03993 #endif // PL_MPEG_IMPLEMENTATION
```

6.5 video.h

```
00001 #include "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00002 #include "pl_mpeg.h"
00003 #include <string>
00004
00006 void set_video(const std::string &filename);
00008 void video_restart();
00009 // plays the video set by set_video()
00010 // because of memory constraints we're limited to one video at a time
00011 class VideoPlayer : public screen::Page {
00012 public:
00013
        VideoPlayer();
       void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00014
00015
       void draw(vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00016
00017 };
```

6.6 layout.h

```
00001 #include <cmath>
00002 #include <functional>
00003
00004 struct SliderCfg {
00005 double &val;
00006 double min;
00007 double max;
00008 };
```

6.7 lift.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include <atomic>
00006 #include <iostream>
00007 #include <map>
00008 #include <vector>
00009
00010 using namespace vex;
00011 using namespace std;
00012
00021 template <typename T> class Lift {
00022 public:
     struct lift_cfg_t {
00029
00030
       double up_speed, down_speed;
00031
         double softstop_up, softstop_down;
```

6.7 lift.h 233

```
00033
          PID::pid_config_t lift_pid_cfg;
00034
00035
00060
        Lift(motor_group &lift_motors, lift_cfg_t &lift_cfg, map<T, double> &setpoint_map, limit
      *homing_switch = NULL)
            : lift_motors(lift_motors), cfg(lift_cfg), lift_pid(cfg.lift_pid_cfg),
      setpoint_map(setpoint_map),
00062
             homing_switch(homing_switch) {
00063
          is_async = true;
setpoint = 0;
00064
00065
00066
00067
          // Create a background task that is constantly updating the lift PID, if
00068
          // requested. Set once, and forget.
00069
00070
              [](void *ptr) {
00071
                Lift &lift = *((Lift *)ptr);
00072
00073
                while (true) {
00074
                  if (lift.get_async())
00075
                    lift.hold();
00076
00077
                  vexDelay(50);
00078
                }
00079
00080
                return 0;
00081
00082
              this);
00083
        }
00084
00093
        void control_continuous(bool up_ctrl, bool down_ctrl) {
00094
          static timer tmr;
00095
00096
          double cur_pos = 0;
00097
00098
          // Check if there's a hook for a custom sensor. If not, use the motors.
          if (get_sensor == NULL)
00099
00100
            cur_pos = lift_motors.position(rev);
00101
00102
            cur_pos = get_sensor();
00103
00104
          if (up_ctrl && cur_pos < cfg.softstop_up) {</pre>
00105
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, cfg.up_speed, volt);
00106
            setpoint = cur_pos + .3;
00107
00108
            // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: UP " « setpoint « ", " « tmr.time(sec) «
            // ", " « cfg.down_speed « "\n";
00109
00110
00111
            // Disable the PID while going UP.
00112
            is_async = false;
00113
          } else if (down_ctrl && cur_pos > cfg.softstop_down) {
00114
            // Lower the lift slowly, at a rate defined by down_speed
00115
            if (setpoint > cfg.softstop_down)
              setpoint = setpoint - (tmr.time(sec) * cfg.down_speed);
00116
            // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: DOWN " « setpoint « ", " « tmr.time(sec) « // ", " « cfg.down_speed « "\n";
00117
00118
00119
            is_async = true;
          } else {
  // Hold the lift at the last setpoint
00120
00121
00122
            is_async = true;
00123
00124
00125
          tmr.reset();
00126
00127
00136
        void control_manual(bool up_btn, bool down_btn, int volt_up, int volt_down) {
00137
          static bool down_hold = false;
00138
          static bool init = true;
00139
00140
          // Allow for setting position while still calling this function
00141
          if (init || up_btn || down_btn) {
00142
            init = false;
00143
            is_async = false;
00144
00145
00146
          double rev = lift_motors.position(rotationUnits::rev);
00147
00148
          if (rev < cfg.softstop_down && down_btn)</pre>
00149
            down_hold = true;
00150
          else if (!down btn)
00151
            down_hold = false;
00152
00153
          if (up_btn && rev < cfg.softstop_up)</pre>
00154
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, volt_up, voltageUnits::volt);
          else if (down_btn && rev > cfg.softstop_down && !down_hold)
00155
00156
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::rev, volt_down, voltageUnits::volt);
```

```
else
00158
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, 0, voltageUnits::volt);
00159
00160
        void control_setpoints(bool up_step, bool down_step, vector<T> pos_list) {
00173
00174
          \ensuremath{//} Make sure inputs are only processed on the rising edge of the button
00175
          static bool up_last = up_step, down_last = down_step;
00176
00177
          bool up_rising = up_step && !up_last;
00178
          bool down_rising = down_step && !down_last;
00179
          up_last = up_step;
00180
00181
          down_last = down_step;
00182
00183
          static int cur_index = 0;
00184
          // Avoid an index overflow. Shouldn't happen unless the user changes
00185
          // pos_list between calls.
if (cur_index >= pos_list.size())
00186
00187
00188
            cur_index = pos_list.size() - 1;
00189
00190
          // Increment or decrement the index of the list, bringing it up or \ensuremath{\mathsf{down}} .
00191
          if (up_rising && cur_index < (pos_list.size() - 1))</pre>
00192
            cur_index++;
00193
          else if (down_rising && cur_index > 0)
00194
           cur_index--;
00195
00196
          // Set the lift to hold the position in the background with the PID loop
00197
          set_position(pos_list[cur_index]);
00198
          is_async = true;
00199
00200
00209
        bool set_position(T pos) {
00210
          this->setpoint = setpoint_map[pos];
00211
          is_async = true;
00212
00213
          return (lift_pid.get_target() == this->setpoint) && lift_pid.is_on_target();
00214
00215
00223
        bool set_setpoint(double val) {
00224
          this->setpoint = val;
          return (lift_pid.get_target() == this->setpoint) && lift_pid.is_on_target();
00225
00226
00227
00231
        double get_setpoint() { return this->setpoint; }
00232
00237
        void hold() {
         lift_pid.set_target(setpoint);
// std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: SETPOINT " « setpoint « "\n";
00238
00239
00240
00241
          if (get_sensor != NULL)
00242
            lift_pid.update(get_sensor());
00243
00244
            lift_pid.update(lift_motors.position(rev));
00245
00246
          // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: ROTATION " « lift_motors.rotation(rev) «
00247
          // "\n\n";
00248
00249
          lift_motors.spin(fwd, lift_pid.get(), volt);
00250
00251
00257
        void home() {
00258
          static timer tmr;
00259
          tmr.reset();
00260
00261
          while (tmr.time(sec) < 3) {</pre>
00262
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::rev, 6, volt);
00263
00264
            if (homing_switch == NULL && lift_motors.current(currentUnits::amp) > 1.5)
00265
              break;
00266
            else if (homing_switch != NULL && homing_switch->pressing())
00267
              break;
00268
          }
00269
00270
          if (reset sensor != NULL)
00271
           reset_sensor();
00272
00273
          lift_motors.resetPosition();
00274
          lift_motors.stop();
00275
00276
00280
        bool get_async() { return is_async; }
00281
00288
        void set_async(bool val) { this->is_async = val; }
00289
        void set_sensor_function(double (*fn_ptr) (void)) { this->get_sensor = fn_ptr; }
00298
00299
```

6.8 mecanum drive.h

```
void set_sensor_reset(void (*fn_ptr)(void)) { this->reset_sensor = fn_ptr; }
00306
00307 private:
00308
       motor_group &lift_motors;
00309
       lift_cfg_t &cfg;
00310
       PID lift pid;
       map<T, double> &setpoint_map;
00311
00312
       limit *homing_switch;
00313
00314
       atomic<double> setpoint;
00315
       atomic<bool> is_async;
00316
00317
       double (*get_sensor)(void) = NULL;
00318 void (*reset_sensor)(void) = NULL;
00319 };
```

6.8 mecanum_drive.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005
00006 #ifndef PI
00007 #define PT 3.141592654
00008 #endif
00009
00015 class MecanumDrive {
00016
00017 public:
00021
       struct mecanumdrive_config_t {
00022
          // PID configurations for autonomous driving
          PID::pid_config_t drive_pid_conf;
00024
          PID::pid_config_t drive_gyro_pid_conf;
00025
         PID::pid_config_t turn_pid_conf;
00026
          // Diameter of the mecanum wheels
00027
00028
          double drive wheel diam;
00029
00030
          // Diameter of the perpendicular undriven encoder wheel
00031
          double lateral_wheel_diam;
00032
00033
          // Width between the center of the left and right wheels
00034
         double wheelbase_width;
00035
00036
00040
       MecanumDrive(vex::motor &left_front, vex::motor &right_front, vex::motor &left_rear, vex::motor
      &right_rear,
00041
                      vex::rotation *lateral_wheel = NULL, vex::inertial *imu = NULL, mecanumdrive_config_t
      *config = NULL);
00042
00053
        void drive_raw(double direction_deg, double magnitude, double rotation);
00054
00067
        void drive(double left_y, double left_x, double right_x, int power = 2);
00068
00084
       bool auto_drive(double inches, double direction, double speed, bool gyro_correction = true);
00085
00097
        bool auto turn(double degrees, double speed, bool ignore imu = false);
00098
00099 private:
00100
        vex::motor &left_front, &right_front, &left_rear, &right_rear;
00101
00102
       mecanumdrive_config_t *config;
vex::rotation *lateral_wheel;
00103
00104
        vex::inertial *imu;
00105
00106
       PID *drive_pid = NULL;
00107
       PID *drive_gyro_pid = NULL;
PID *turn_pid = NULL;
00108
00109
00110
       bool init = true;
00111 };
```

6.9 odometry_3wheel.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/subsystems/custom_encoder.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
```

```
00034 class Odometry3Wheel : public OdometryBase {
00035 public:
00041 typedef struct {
00042
         double wheelbase_dist;
00044
         double off axis center dist:
         double wheel_diam;
00048
       } odometry3wheel_cfg_t;
00049
00059
       Odometry3Wheel(CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, CustomEncoder &rside_fwd, CustomEncoder &off_axis,
     odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg,
                      bool is_async = true);
00060
00061
00068
       pose_t update() override;
00069
00078
       void tune(vex::controller &con, TankDrive &drive);
00079
00080 private:
00097
       static pose_t calculate_new_pos(double lside_delta_deg, double rside_delta_deg, double
     offax_delta_deg,
00098
                                        pose_t old_pos, odometry3wheel_cfg_t cfg);
00099
00100
       CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, &rside_fwd, &off_axis;
00101
       odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg;
00102 };
```

6.10 odometry_base.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00006 #include "vex.h"
00007
00008 #ifndef PI
00009 #define PI 3.141592654
00010 #endif
00011
00026 class OdometryBase {
00027 public:
00034
        OdometryBase(bool is_async);
00035
00040
        pose_t get_position(void);
00041
00046
        virtual void set_position(const pose_t &newpos = zero_pos);
00047
        AutoCommand *SetPositionCmd(const pose_t &newpos = zero_pos);
00053
        virtual pose_t update() = 0;
00054
00062
        static int background task(void *ptr);
00063
00069
        void end_async();
00070
00077
        static double pos_diff(pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos);
00078
00085
        static double rot_diff(pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2);
00086
00096
        static double smallest_angle(double start_deg, double end_deg);
00097
00099
        bool end_task = false;
00100
00105
        double get_speed();
00106
00111
        double get_accel();
00112
00117
        double get_angular_speed_deg();
00118
00123
        double get_angular_accel_deg();
00124
00128
        inline static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x = 0.0L, .y = 0.0L, .rot = 90.0L};
00129
00130 protected:
00134
        vex::task *handle;
00135
00139
        vex::mutex mut;
00140
00144
        pose_t current_pos;
00145
00146
        double speed;
00147
        double accel;
00148
        double ang_speed_deg;
00149
        double ang_accel_deg;
00151 };
```

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6.11 odometry tank.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/subsystems/custom encoder.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry_base.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/moving_average.h"
00007 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
80000
00009 #include "../core/include/robot specs.h"
00010
00011 static int background_task(void *odom_obj);
00012
00020 class OdometryTank : public OdometryBase {
00021 public:
00033
       OdometryTank(vex::motor_group &left_side, vex::motor_group &right_side, robot_specs_t &config,
00034
                     vex::inertial *imu = NULL, bool is_async = true);
00035
00048
       OdometryTank(CustomEncoder &left_custom_enc, CustomEncoder &right_custom_enc, robot_specs_t &config,
00049
                     vex::inertial *imu = NULL, bool is_async = true);
00050
00063
       OdometryTank(vex::encoder &left_vex_enc, vex::encoder &right_vex_enc, robot_specs_t &config,
00064
                    vex::inertial *imu = NULL, bool is_async = true);
00065
00070
       pose_t update() override;
00071
00076
       void set_position(const pose_t &newpos = zero_pos) override;
00077
00078 private:
00083
       static pose_t calculate_new_pos(robot_specs_t &config, pose_t &stored_info, double lside_diff,
     double rside_diff,
00084
                                        double angle deg);
00085
00086
       vex::motor_group *left_side, *right_side;
       CustomEncoder *left_custom_enc, *right_custom_enc;
00087
       vex::encoder *left_vex_enc, *right_vex_enc;
00088
00089
       vex::inertial *imu;
00090
       robot_specs_t &config;
00091
00092
       double rotation_offset = 0;
       ExponentialMovingAverage ema = ExponentialMovingAverage(3);
00093
00094 };
```

6.12 screen.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h" 00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pidff.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/graph_drawer.h
00006 #include "vex.h"
00007 #include <cassert>
00008 #include <functional>
00009 #include <map>
00010 #include <vector>
00012 namespace screen {
00015 class ButtonWidget {
00016 public:
00021 ButtonWidget(std::function<void(void)> onpress, Rect rect, std::string name)
00022
00022 : onpress(onpress), rect(rect), name(name) {}
00027 ButtonWidget(void (*onpress)(), Rect rect, std::string name) : onpress(onpress), rect(rect),
      name(name) {}
00028
00034
        bool update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
00036
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00037
00038 private:
      std::function<void(void)> onpress;
00039
00040
        Rect rect;
00041
        std::string name = "";
00042
        bool was_pressed_last = false;
00043 };
00044
00047 class SliderWidget {
00048 public:
00055
        SliderWidget (double &val, double low, double high, Rect rect, std::string name)
00056
             : value(val), low(low), high(high), rect(rect), name(name) {}
00057
00063
        bool update (bool was pressed, int x, int v);
00065
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
```

```
00067 private:
00068
       double &value;
00069
00070
        double low;
00071
        double high;
00072
00073
       Rect rect;
00074
        std::string name = "";
00075 };
00076
00077 struct WidgetConfig;
00078
00079 struct SliderConfig {
00080 double &val;
00081
        double low;
00082
      double high;
00083 1;
00084 struct ButtonConfig {
00085 std::function<void()> onclick;
00086 };
00087 struct CheckboxConfig {
00088 std::function<void(bool)> onupdate;
00089 1:
00090 struct LabelConfig {
00091
        std::string label;
00092 };
00093
00094 struct TextConfig {
00095 std::function<std::string()> text;
00096 1;
00097 struct SizedWidget {
00098 int size;
00099
       WidgetConfig &widget;
00100 };
00101 struct WidgetConfig {
00102 enum Type {
00103
          Col,
          Row,
00105
          Slider,
00106
          Button,
00107
          Checkbox
00108
          Label,
00109
          Text.
00110
          Graph,
00111
        };
00112
        Type type;
00113
        union {
          std::vector<SizedWidget> widgets;
00114
00115
          SliderConfig slider;
ButtonConfig button;
00116
          CheckboxConfig checkbox;
00117
00118
          LabelConfig label;
00119
          TextConfig text;
00120
          GraphDrawer *graph;
00121
        } config;
00122 };
00124 class Page;
00126 class Page {
00127 public:
        virtual void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
virtual void draw(vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00136
00144
00145 };
00146
00147 struct ScreenRect {
00148 uint32_t x1;
00149
       uint32_t y1;
uint32_t x2;
00150
00151
       uint32_t y2;
00152 };
00153 void draw_widget(WidgetConfig &widget, ScreenRect rect);
00154
00155 class WidgetPage : public Page {
00156 public:
        WidgetPage(WidgetConfig &cfg) : base_widget(cfg) {}
00157
00158
        void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
       void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override {
  draw_widget(base_widget, {.x1 = 20, .y1 = 0, .x2 = 440, .y2 = 240});
}
00159
00160
00161
00162
00163
00164 private:
00165
        WidgetConfig &base_widget;
00166 };
00167
00175 void start_screen(vex::brain::lcd &screen, std::vector<Page *> pages, int first_page = 0);
00176
```

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```
00177 void next_page();
00178 void prev_page();
00179 void goto_page(size_t page);
00180
00183 void stop_screen();
00184
00186 using update_func_t = std::function<void(bool, int, int)>;
00187
00189 using draw_func_t = std::function<void(vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool, unsigned int)>;
00190
00192 class StatsPage : public Page {
00193 public:
00196
        StatsPage(std::map<std::string, vex::motor &> motors);
00198
        void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00200
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00201
00202 private:
00203
        void draw_motor_stats(const std::string &name, vex::motor &mot, unsigned int frame, int x, int y,
00204
                               vex::brain::lcd &scr);
00205
00206
        std::map<std::string, vex::motor &> motors;
00207
        static const int y_start = 0;
       static const int per_column = 4;
static const int row_height = 20;
00208
00209
00210
       static const int row_width = 200;
00211 };
00212
00217 class OdometryPage : public Page {
00218 public:
00228
        OdometryPage (OdometryBase &odom, double robot_width, double robot_height, bool do_trail);
00230
        void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00232
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00233
00234 private:
00235
       static const int path_len = 40;
        static constexpr char const *field_filename = "vex_field_240p.pnq";
00236
00237
00238
        OdometryBase &odom;
00239
        double robot_width;
00240
        double robot_height;
       uint8_t *buf = nullptr;
int buf_size = 0;
00241
00242
00243
        pose t path[path len];
00244
        int path_index = 0;
00245
        bool do_trail;
00246
        GraphDrawer velocity_graph;
00247 };
00248
00251 class FunctionPage : public Page {
00252 public:
        FunctionPage(update_func_t update_f, draw_func_t draw_t);
00259
        void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00261
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00262
00263 private:
00264
       update func t update f;
00265
        draw_func_t draw_f;
00266 };
00267
00269 class PIDPage : public Page {
00270 public:
00278
        PIDPage (
00279
            PID &pid, std::string name, std::function<void(void)> onchange = []() {});
00280
        PIDPage (
00281
            PIDFF &pidff, std::string name, std::function<void(void)> onchange = []() {});
00282
       void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00284
00286
00287
00288 private:
00290
        void zero_d_f() { cfg.d = 0; }
00292
        void zero_i_f() { cfg.i = 0; }
00293
00294
        PID::pid_config_t &cfg;
00295
        PID &pid;
00296
        const std::string name;
00297
        std::function<void(void)> onchange;
00298
00299
        SliderWidget p_slider;
        SliderWidget i_slider;
00300
00301
        SliderWidget d_slider;
        ButtonWidget zero_i;
00302
00303
        ButtonWidget zero_d;
00304
00305
       GraphDrawer graph;
00306 };
00307
```

```
00308 } // namespace screen
```

6.13 tank_drive.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #ifndef PI
00004 #define PI 3.141592654
00005 #endif
00006
00007 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h" 00008 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_tank.h"
00009 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00011 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00012 #include "../core/include/utils/pure_pursuit.h"
00013 #include "vex.h"
00014 #include <vector>
00015
00016 using namespace vex;
00017
00023 class TankDrive {
00024 public:
00025
        enum class BrakeType {
00026
          None,
          ZeroVelocity,
00027
          Smart,
00029
00031
00041
        TankDrive(motor_group &left_motors, motor_group &right_motors, robot_specs_t &config, OdometryBase
      *odom = NULL);
00042
00043
        AutoCommand *DriveToPointCmd(point t pt, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double max speed =
00044
                                       double end_speed = 0.0);
        AutoCommand *DriveToPointCmd(Feedback &fb, point_t pt, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double
00045
      max\_speed = 1.0,
00046
                                      double end_speed = 0.0);
00047
        AutoCommand *DriveForwardCmd(double dist, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double max_speed =
00048
00049
                                       double end_speed = 0.0);
00050
        AutoCommand *DriveForwardCmd(Feedback &fb, double dist, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward,
      double max_speed = 1.0,
00051
                                      double end speed = 0.0);
00052
        AutoCommand *TurnToHeadingCmd(double heading, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
        AutoCommand *TurnToHeadingCmd(Feedback &fb, double heading, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed
00055
        AutoCommand *TurnToPointCmd(double x, double y, vex::directionType dir = vex::directionType::fwd, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
00056
00057
00059
        AutoCommand *TurnDegreesCmd(double degrees, double max_speed = 1.0, double start_speed = 0.0);
00060
        AutoCommand *TurnDegreesCmd(Feedback &fb, double degrees, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed =
      0.0);
00061
        AutoCommand *PurePursuitCmd(PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed = 1, double
00062
      end speed = 0);
        AutoCommand *PurePursuitCmd(Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double
00063
      max\_speed = 1,
00064
                                     double end_speed = 0);
        Condition *DriveStalledCondition(double stall_time);
00065
00066
        AutoCommand *DriveTankCmd(double left, double right);
00067
00071
00072
00083
        void drive_tank(double left, double right, int power = 1, BrakeType bt = BrakeType::None);
00089
        void drive_tank_raw(double left, double right);
00090
00102
        void drive_arcade(double forward_back, double left_right, int power = 1, BrakeType bt =
      BrakeType::None);
00103
00119
        bool drive_forward(double inches, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed = 1,
      double end_speed = 0);
00120
00133
        bool drive_forward(double inches, directionType dir, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00134
00148
        bool turn_degrees (double degrees, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00149
00163
        bool turn_degrees (double degrees, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00164
00180
        bool drive_to_point(double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed
```

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```
00181
                            double end_speed = 0);
00182
00197
       bool drive_to_point(double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, double max_speed = 1, double
     end_speed = 0);
00198
       bool turn_to_heading(double heading_deg, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed
00211
00222
       bool turn_to_heading(double heading_deg, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00223
00227
       void reset auto();
00228
00239
       static double modify_inputs(double input, int power = 2);
00240
00255
       bool pure_pursuit(PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed =
00256
                          double end_speed = 0);
00257
00273
       bool pure_pursuit(PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed
00274
00275 private:
00276
       motor_group &left_motors;
00277
       motor_group &right_motors;
00278
00279
       PID correction_pid;
00281
       Feedback *drive_default_feedback = NULL;
00282
       Feedback *turn_default_feedback = NULL;
00283
00284
       OdometryBase *odometry;
00286
00287
       robot specs t &config:
00289
00290
       bool func_initialized = false;
00293
       bool is_pure_pursuit = false;
00294 };
```

6.14 auto_chooser.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 "jrigam once "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include <string>
00006 #include <vector>
00017 class AutoChooser : public screen::Page {
00018 public:
00024
         AutoChooser(std::vector<std::string> paths, size_t def = 0);
00025
00026
         void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
00027
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00028
00033
        size_t get_choice();
00034
00035 protected:
00040 struct entry_t {
00041 Rect rect;
00042
           std::string name;
00043
00044
00045
        static const size_t width = 380;
00046
        static const size_t height = 220;
00047
        size_t choice;
00049
        std::vector<entry_t> list ;
00050 };
```

6.15 auto_command.h

```
00001
00007 #pragma once
00008
00009 #include "vex.h"
00010 #include <atomic>
00011 #include <functional>
00012 #include <queue>
00013 #include <vector>
00014
00014 tclass Condition {
```

```
00025 public:
00026 Condition *Or(Condition *b);
00027
        Condition *And(Condition *b);
00028
       virtual bool test() = 0;
00029 };
00030
00031 class AutoCommand {
00032 public:
00033
        static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0;
        virtual bool run() { return true; }
virtual void on_timeout() {}
00039
00044
        AutoCommand *withTimeout(double t_seconds) {
00045
          if (this->timeout_seconds < 0) {</pre>
00046
00047
           // should never be timed out
00048
            return this;
00049
00050
          this->timeout_seconds = t_seconds;
00051
          return this;
00052
00053
       AutoCommand *withCancelCondition(Condition *true_to_end) {
00054
        this->true_to_end = true_to_end;
00055
          return this;
00056
00068
        double timeout seconds = default timeout;
00069
        Condition *true_to_end = nullptr;
00070 };
00071
00076 class FunctionCommand : public AutoCommand {
00077 public:
00078
        FunctionCommand(std::function<bool(void)> f) : f(f) {}
00079
        bool run() { return f(); }
08000
00081 private:
00082
       std::function<bool(void)> f;
00083 };
00084
00085 // Times tested 3
00086 // Test 1 -> false
00087 // Test 2 -> false
00088 // Test 3 -> true
00089 // Returns false until the Nth time that it is called
00090 // This is pretty much only good for implementing RepeatUntil 00091 class TimesTestedCondition : public Condition {
00092 public:
        TimesTestedCondition(size_t N) : max(N) {}
00093
00094
        bool test() override {
        count++;
00095
         count >= m
return true;
}
          if (count >= max) {
00096
00097
00098
00099
          return false;
00100 }
00101
00102 private:
00104
        size t max;
00106
00109 class FunctionCondition : public Condition {
00110 public:
00111 FunctionCondition(
            std::function<bool()> cond, std::function<void(void)> timeout = []() {})
00112
       : cond(cond), timeout(timeout) {}
bool test() override;
00113
00114
00115
00116 private:
00117 std::function<bool()> cond;
00118 std::function<void(void)> t
       std::function<void(void)> timeout;
00119 };
00123 class IfTimePassed : public Condition {
00124 public:
00125
        IfTimePassed(double time s);
00126
       bool test() override;
00127
00128 private:
00129
       double time_s;
00130
       vex::timer tmr;
00131 };
00132
00134 class WaitUntilCondition : public AutoCommand {
00135 public:
00136
        WaitUntilCondition(Condition *cond) : cond(cond) {}
00137
        bool run() override { return cond->test(); }
00138
00139 private:
00140
        Condition *cond:
```

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```
00141 };
00142
00146
00150 class InOrder : public AutoCommand {
00151 public:
        InOrder(const InOrder &other) = default;
00152
        InOrder(std::queue<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00153
00154
        InOrder(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00155
        bool run() override;
00156
        void on_timeout() override;
00157
00158 private:
00159
        AutoCommand *current_command = nullptr;
00160
       std::queue<AutoCommand *> cmds;
00161
        vex::timer tmr;
00162 };
00163
00167 class Parallel : public AutoCommand {
00168 public:
        Parallel(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00170
        bool run() override;
00171
        void on_timeout() override;
00172
00173 private:
00174 std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds;
00175 std::vector<vex::task *> runners
        std::vector<vex::task *> runners;
00176 };
00177
00182 class Branch : public AutoCommand {
00183 public:
00184
        Branch(Condition *cond, AutoCommand *false_choice, AutoCommand *true_choice);
00185
         ~Branch();
00186
        bool run() override;
00187
        void on_timeout() override;
00188
00189 private:
        AutoCommand *false choice;
00190
        AutoCommand *true_choice;
00191
00192
        Condition *cond;
        bool choice = false;
bool chosen = false;
00193
00194
00195
       vex::timer tmr;
00196 };
00197
00201 class Async : public AutoCommand {
00202 public:
      Async(AutoCommand *cmd) : cmd(cmd) {}
00203
00204
       bool run() override;
00205
00206 private:
        AutoCommand *cmd = nullptr;
00208 };
00209
00210 class RepeatUntil : public AutoCommand {
00211 public:
        RepeatUntil(InOrder cmds, size_t repeats);
RepeatUntil(InOrder cmds, Condition *true_to_end);
00215
00220
       bool run() override;
00221
       void on_timeout() override;
00222
00223 private:
00224 const InOrder cmds;
00225
        InOrder *working_cmds;
       Condition *cond;
00226
00227 1:
```

6.16 basic_command.h

```
00001
00014 #pragma once
00016 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00017
00018 // Basic Motor Classes-----
00019
00024 class BasicSpinCommand : public AutoCommand {
00025 public:
00026
       // Enumurator for the type of power setting in the motor
00027
       enum type { percent, voltage, veocity };
00028
       BasicSpinCommand(vex::motor &motor, vex::directionType dir, BasicSpinCommand::type setting, double
00037
     power);
00038
```

```
bool run() override;
00046
00047 private:
00048
        vex::motor &motor;
00049
00050
       type setting:
00051
00052
        vex::directionType dir;
00053
00054
       double power;
00055 1:
00060 class BasicStopCommand : public AutoCommand {
00061 public:
00068
        BasicStopCommand(vex::motor &motor, vex::brakeType setting);
00069
00076
       bool run() override;
00077
00078 private:
00079
       vex::motor &motor;
08000
00081
       vex::brakeType setting;
00082 };
00083
00084 // Basic Solenoid Commands-----
00085
00090 class BasicSolenoidSet : public AutoCommand {
00091 public:
00098
       BasicSolenoidSet(vex::pneumatics &solenoid, bool setting);
00099
00106
       bool run() override;
00107
00108 private:
00109
       vex::pneumatics &solenoid;
00110
00111
       bool setting;
00112 };
```

6.17 command_controller.h

```
00001
00010 #pragma once
00011 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00012 #include <queue>
00013 #include <vector>
00014
00015 class CommandController {
00016 public:
00019
       [[deprecated("Empty constructor is bad. Use list constructor "
00020
                     "instead.")]] CommandController()
00021
            : command_queue({}) {}
00022
00026
        CommandController(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds) : command_queue(cmds) {}
       [[deprecated("Use list constructor instead. If you need to make a decision "
00035
                     "before adding new commands, use Branch "
                     "(https://github.com/RIT-VEX-U/Core/wiki/"
00036
                     "3-%7C-Utilites#commandcontroller)")]] void
00037
00038
        add(std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00039
        void add(AutoCommand *cmd, double timeout seconds = 10.0);
00040
00052
        [[deprecated("Use list constructor instead. If you need to make a decision "
00053
                     "before adding new commands, use Branch "
00054
                     "(https://github.com/RIT-VEX-U/Core/wiki/"
                     "3-%7C-Utilites#commandcontroller)")]] void
00055
00056
        add(std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds, double timeout_sec);
00063
        void add delay(int ms);
00064
00069
        void add_cancel_func(std::function<bool(void)> true_if_cancel);
00070
00075
       void run();
00076
00084
       bool last_command_timed_out();
00086 private:
00087
        std::queue<AutoCommand *> command_queue;
00088
        bool command_timed_out = false;
       std::function<bool()> should_cancel = []() { return false; };
00089
00090 };
```

6.18 delay_command.h

00001

6.19 drive_commands.h

```
00008 #pragma once
00009
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00011
00012 class DelayCommand : public AutoCommand {
00013 public:
       DelayCommand(int ms) : ms(ms) {}
00019
00025
       bool run() override {
       vexDelay(ms);
00026
00027
         return true;
00028 }
00029
00030 private:
00031 // amount of milliseconds to wait 00032 int ms;
00033 1:
```

6.19 drive_commands.h

```
00020 #pragma once
00021
00022 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
00023 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h" 00024 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00025 #include "vex.h"
00026
00027 using namespace vex;
00028
00029 // ==== DRIVING ====
00030
00036 class DriveForwardCommand : public AutoCommand {
00037 public:
       DriveForwardCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double inches, directionType dir,
     double max_speed = 1,
00039
                            double end speed = 0):
00040
00046
       bool run() override;
00050
       void on_timeout() override;
00051
00052 private:
00053 \, // drive system to run the function on
00054
       TankDrive &drive_sys;
00055
00056
       // feedback controller to use
00057 Feedback &feedback;
00058
00059
       // parameters for drive_forward
00060
       double inches:
00061
       directionType dir;
00062
       double max_speed;
        double end_speed;
00063
00064 };
00065
00070 class TurnDegreesCommand : public AutoCommand {
00071 public:
00072
        TurnDegreesCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double degrees, double max_speed = 1,
00073
                           double end_speed = 0);
00074
08000
       bool run() override;
00084
       void on_timeout() override;
00085
00086 private:
00087
       // drive system to run the function on
88000
       TankDrive &drive_sys;
00089
00090
       // feedback controller to use
00091
       Feedback &feedback;
00092
00093
       // parameters for turn_degrees
00094
       double degrees;
00095
       double max_speed;
00096
       double end_speed;
00097 1:
00098
00103 class DriveToPointCommand : public AutoCommand {
00104 public:
00105
        DriveToPointCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double x, double y, directionType dir,
00106
                             double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
        DriveToPointCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, point_t point, directionType dir,
00107
     double max_speed = 1,
                            double end_speed = 0);
```

```
00109
00115
       bool run() override;
00116
00117 private:
00118
       // drive system to run the function on
00119
       TankDrive &drive svs:
00120
00124
       void on_timeout() override;
00125
00126
       // feedback controller to use
00127
       Feedback &feedback;
00128
00129
       // parameters for drive_to_point
00130
       double x;
00131
       double y;
00132
       directionType dir;
00133
       double max_speed;
00134
       double end_speed;
00135 };
00136
00142 class TurnToHeadingCommand : public AutoCommand {
00143 public:
       TurnToHeadingCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double heading_deg, double speed = 1,
00144
00145
                             double end_speed = 0);
00146
00152
       bool run() override;
00156
       void on_timeout() override;
00157
00158 private:
00159
       // drive system to run the function on
00160
       TankDrive &drive svs:
00161
00162
       // feedback controller to use
00163
       Feedback &feedback;
00164
       // parameters for turn_to_heading
00165
00166
       double heading_deg;
       double max_speed;
00167
00168
       double end_speed;
00169 };
00170
00174 class PurePursuitCommand : public AutoCommand {
00175 public:
00184
       PurePursuitCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType
     dir,
00185
                           double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00186
00190
       bool run() override;
00191
00195
       void on timeout() override;
00196
00197 private:
00198
       TankDrive &drive_sys;
00199
       PurePursuit::Path path;
00200
       directionType dir;
00201
       Feedback &feedback;
00202
       double max_speed;
00203
       double end_speed;
00204 };
00205
00210 class DriveStopCommand : public AutoCommand {
00211 public:
00212
       DriveStopCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys);
00213
00219
       bool run() override;
00220 void on_timeout() override;
00221
00222 private:
00223
     // drive system to run the function on
00224
       TankDrive &drive_sys;
00225 };
00226
00227 // ==== ODOMETRY ====
00228
00233 class OdomSetPosition : public AutoCommand {
00234 public:
00241
       OdomSetPosition(OdometryBase &odom, const pose_t &newpos = OdometryBase::zero_pos);
00242
00248 bool run() override;
00249
00250 private:
       // drive system with an odometry config
00252
       OdometryBase &odom;
00253
       pose_t newpos;
00254 };
```

6.20 flywheel commands.h

```
00001
00007 #pragma once
00008
00009 #include "../core/include/subsystems/flywheel.h"
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00011
00017 class SpinRPMCommand : public AutoCommand {
00018 public:
        SpinRPMCommand(Flywheel &flywheel, int rpm);
00024
00025
        bool run() override;
00032
00033 private:
00034
        // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00035
       Flywheel &flywheel;
00036
00037
        // parameters for spin_rpm
00038
       int rpm;
00039 };
00040
00046 class WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand : public AutoCommand {
00047 public:
00054
        WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand(Flywheel &flywheel, int threshold_rpm);
00055
00061
        bool run() override;
00062
00063 private:
        // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00064
00065
        Flywheel &flywheel;
00067
       // if the actual speed is equal to the desired speed +/- this value, we are
00068
       // ready to fire
00069
       int threshold_rpm;
00070 }:
00071
00077 class FlywheelStopCommand : public AutoCommand {
00078 public:
00083
        FlywheelStopCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00084
00090
       bool run() override;
00091
00092 private:
00093
        // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00094
       Flywheel &flywheel;
00095 };
00096
00102 class FlywheelStopMotorsCommand : public AutoCommand {
00103 public:
       FlywheelStopMotorsCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00109
00115
       bool run() override;
00116
00117 private:
       // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00118
00119
        Flywheel &flywheel;
00120 };
00121
00127 class FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand : public AutoCommand {
00128 FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00129
       bool run() override;
00136
00137 private:
00138
        // Flywheel instance to run the function on
       Flywheel &flywheel;
00139
00140 };
```

6.21 bang_bang.h

```
00038
        void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00039
00043
       bool is_on_target() override;
00044
00045 private:
      double setpt;
00047
        double sensor_val;
00048
        double lower_bound, upper_bound;
00049
       double last output;
00050
       double threshhold;
00051 };
```

6.22 feedback_base.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00010 class Feedback {
00011 public:
00020
       virtual void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel = 0.0, double end_vel = 0.0) = 0;
00021
00028
       virtual double update(double val) = 0;
00029
00033
       virtual double get() = 0;
00034
00042
       virtual void set_limits(double lower, double upper) = 0;
00043
00047
       virtual bool is_on_target() = 0;
00048 };
```

6.23 feedforward.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/math util.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/moving_average.h"
00005 #include "vex.h"
00006 #include <math.h>
00007 #include <vector>
00008
00029 class FeedForward {
00030 public:
       typedef struct {
00039
00040
          double kS;
00042
         double kV;
00044
          double kA;
00046
          double kG:
00048
       } ff_config_t;
00049
       FeedForward(ff_config_t &cfg) : cfg(cfg) {}
00055
00067
        double calculate(double v, double a, double pid_ref = 0.0) {
        double ks_sign = 0;
if (v != 0)
00068
00069
         ks_sign = sign(v);
else if (pid_ref != 0)
00070
00071
00072
            ks_sign = sign(pid_ref);
00073
00074
          return (cfg.kS * ks_sign) + (cfg.kV * v) + (cfg.kA * a) + cfg.kG;
00075
00076
00077 private:
00078
       ff_config_t &cfg;
00079 };
00080
00089 FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward(vex::motor_group &motor, double pct, double duration);
```

6.24 motion controller.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
```

6.25 pid.h 249

```
00007 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h"
00008
00009 #include "vex.h"
00010
00030 class MotionController : public Feedback {
00031 public:
        typedef struct {
00040
          double max_v;
00041
          double accel;
00042
          PID::pid_config_t pid_cfg;
00043
          FeedForward::ff_config_t ff_cfg;
00044
       } m_profile_cfq_t;
00045
00055
       MotionController(m_profile_cfg_t &config);
00056
00061
        void init(double start_pt, double end_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override;
00062
00069
        double update (double sensor val) override;
00070
00074
        double get() override;
00075
00084
        void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00085
00090
        bool is on target() override;
00091
00095
       motion_t get_motion() const;
00096
00097
        screen::Page *Page();
00098
pct = 0.6,
00121
00120
       static FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward(TankDrive &drive, OdometryTank &odometry, double
                                                          double duration = 2);
00122
00123 private:
00124
        m_profile_cfg_t config;
00125
00126
        PID pid;
00127
        FeedForward ff;
00128
        TrapezoidProfile profile;
00129
00130
       double current_pos;
00131
       double end_pt;
00132
00133
       double lower_limit = 0, upper_limit = 0;
00134
       double out = 0;
00135
        motion_t cur_motion;
00136
00137
       vex::timer tmr;
       friend class MotionControllerPage;
00138
00139 };
```

6.25 pid.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include <cmath>
00006
00007 using namespace vex;
00008
00023 class PID : public Feedback {
00024 public:
       enum ERROR_TYPE {
00029
00030
          LINEAR,
00031
         ANGULAR // assumes degrees
00032
       struct pid_config_t {
00043
00044
         double p;
00045
         double i;
00046
          double d;
00047
          double deadband;
00048
          double on_target_time;
00050
         ERROR_TYPE error_method;
00052
00053
00058
        PID(pid_config_t &config);
00059
00072
        void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel = 0, double end_vel = 0) override;
00073
00081
        double update (double sensor_val) override;
00082
00087
        double get_sensor_val() const;
```

```
00088
00094
        double get() override;
00095
00104
        void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00105
00110
        bool is on target() override;
00111
00115
        void reset();
00116
00122
       double get_error();
00123
00128
       double get_target() const;
00129
00134
       void set_target(double target);
00135
00136
       pid_config_t &config;
00138
00139 private:
00140
       double last_error = 0;
00141
       double accum_error = 0;
00142
00143
       double last_time = 0;
00144
       double on_target_last_time = 0;
00145
00146
       double lower_limit = 0;
00147
       double upper_limit = 0;
00148
00149
        double target = 0;
00151
       double target_vel = 0;
       double sensor_val = 0;
00153
00155
       double out = 0;
00158
00159
       bool is_checking_on_target = false;
00160
00161
       timer pid_timer;
00164 };
```

6.26 pidff.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h" 00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00005
00006 class PIDFF : public Feedback {
00007 public:
        PIDFF(PID::pid_config_t &pid_cfg, FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg);
00008
00009
00018
        void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override;
00019
00024
        void set_target(double set_pt);
00025
00026
        double get_target() const;
00027
        double get_sensor_val() const;
00035
        double update(double val) override;
00036
00045
        double update(double val, double vel_setpt, double a_setpt = 0);
00046
00050
        double get() override;
00051
00059
        void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00060
00064
        bool is_on_target() override;
00065
00066
        void reset();
00067
00068
        PID pid;
00069
00070 private:
00071
       FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg;
00072
00073
        FeedForward ff:
00074
00075
        double out;
00076
        double lower_lim, upper_lim;
00077 };
```

6.27 take_back_half.h

00001 #pragma once

```
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00006 class TakeBackHalf : public Feedback {
00007
00008 public:
00009
        TakeBackHalf(double TBH_gain, double first_cross_split, double on_target_threshold);
        void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double, double);
00025
        double update (double val) override;
00026
00030
        double get() override;
00031
00039
        void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00040
00044
        bool is_on_target() override;
00045
00046
        double TBH_gain;
00047
        double first_cross_split;
00048
00049 private:
00050
        double on_target_threshhold;
00051
00052
        double target = 0.0;
00053
00054
        bool first_cross = true;
00055
        double tbh = 0.0;
00056
        double prev_error = 0.0;
00057
        double output = 0.0;
double lower = 0.0, upper = 0.0;
00058
00059
00060 };
```

6.28 trapezoid_profile.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 const int MAX_TRAPEZOID_PROFILE_SEGMENTS = 4;
00004
00008 typedef struct {
       double pos;
double vel;
00009
00010
00011
        double accel;
00012
00013 } motion_t;
00014
00019 typedef struct {
00020
        double pos_after;
00021
        double vel_after;
00022
        double accel;
00023
       double duration;
00024 } trapezoid_profile_segment_t;
00025
00063 class TrapezoidProfile {
00064 public:
00071
        TrapezoidProfile(double max_v, double accel);
00072
00081
       motion_t calculate(double time_s, double pos_s);
00082
00089
       motion_t calculate_time_based(double time_s);
00090
00097
        void set_endpts(double start, double end);
00098
00105
       void set vel endpts (double start, double end);
00106
00113
        void set_accel(double accel);
00114
00121
        void set_max_v(double max_v);
00122
00129
       double get_movement_time() const;
00130
00131
        double get_max_v() const;
00132
        double get_accel() const;
00133
00134 private:
00135
        double si, sf;
00136
        double vi, vf;
        double max_v;
00137
00138
        double accel;
00139
        double duration;
00140
00141
        trapezoid_profile_segment_t segments[MAX_TRAPEZOID_PROFILE_SEGMENTS];
00142
        int num_acceleration_phases;
00143
00144
        bool precalculated;
```

```
00145
00151 bool precalculate();
00152
00163 trapezoid_profile_segment_t calculate_kinetic_motion(double si, double vi, double v_target);
00164
00172 trapezoid_profile_segment_t calculate_next_segment(double s, double v);
00173 };
```

6.29 generic_auto.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "vex.h"
00004 #include <functional>
00005 #include <map>
00006 #include <queue>
00007
00008 typedef std::function<bool(void)> state_ptr;
00009
00015 class GenericAuto {
00016 public:
       [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]] bool run(bool blocking);
00030
00031
       [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]] void add(state_ptr new_state);
00037
00038
00044
       [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]] void add_async(state_ptr async_state);
00045
00051
       [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]] void add_delay(int ms);
00052
00053 private:
00054 std::queue<state_ptr> state_list;
00055 };
```

6.30 geometry.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <cmath>
00003
00007 struct point_t {
00008
       double x;
00009
       double y;
00010
00017
       double dist(const point_t other) const {
         return std::sqrt(std::pow(this->x - other.x, 2) + pow(this->y - other.y, 2));
00018
00019
00020
00026
       point_t operator+(const point_t &other) const {
        point_t p{.x = this->x + other.x, .y = this->y + other.y};
00027
00028
00029
00030
00036
       point_t operator-(const point_t &other) const {
        point_t p{.x = this->x - other.x, .y = this->y - other.y};
00037
00038
         return p;
00039
00040
       point_t operator*(double s) const { return {x * s, y * s}; }
00041
00042
       point_t operator/(double s) const { return {x / s, y / s}; }
00043
00044
       point_t operator-() const { return {-x, -y}; }
00045
       point_t operator+() const { return {x, y}; }
00046
00047
       bool operator==(const point_t &rhs) { return x == rhs.x && y == rhs.y; }
00048 };
00049
00053 struct pose_t {
00054
       double x;
00055
       double y;
00056
       double rot:
00057
00058
       point_t get_point() { return point_t{.x = x, .y = y}; }
00059 };
00060
00061 struct Rect {
00062 point_t min;
00063
       point t max;
00064
       static Rect from_min_and_size(point_t min, point_t size) { return {min, min + size}; }
       point_t dimensions() const { return max - min; }
00066
       point_t center() const { return (min + max) / 2; }
```

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```
double width() const { return max.x - min.x; }
00068
         double height() const { return max.y - min.y; }
00069
         bool contains(point_t p) const {
          bool xin = p.x > min.x && p.x < max.x;
bool yin = p.y > min.y && p.y < max.y;
return xin && yin;
00070
00071
00072
00073
00074 };
00075
00076 struct Mat2 {
00077
        double X11, X12;
00078
        double X21, X22;
00079
        point_t operator*(const point_t p) const {
         double outx = p.x * X11 + p.y * X12;
double outy = p.x * X21 + p.y * X22;
00080
00081
00082
          return {outx, outy};
00083
00084
        static Mat2 FromRotationDegrees(double degrees) {
        double rad = degrees * (M_PI / 180.0);
00086
00087
           double c = cos(rad);
           double s = sin(rad);
00088
00089
          return {c, -s, s, c};
00090
00091 };
```

6.31 graph_drawer.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
00005 #include "vex.h"
00006 #include <cmath>
00007 #include <stdio.h>
00008 #include <string>
00009 #include <vector>
00010
00011 class GraphDrawer {
00012 public:
00023
       GraphDrawer(int num_samples, double lower_bound, double upper_bound, std::vector<vex::color> colors,
00024
                    size_t num_series = 1);
00029
       void add_samples(std::vector<point_t> sample);
00030
       void add_samples(std::vector<double> sample);
00037
00045
       void draw(vex::brain::lcd &screen, int x, int y, int width, int height);
00046
00047 private:
00048 std::vector<std::vector<point_t» series;
00049
        int sample index = 0;
       std::vector<vex::color> cols;
        vex::color bgcol = vex::transparent;
00051
00052
       bool border;
00053
       double upper;
00054
       double lower;
       bool auto_fit = false;
00055
00056 };
```

6.32 logger.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "vex.h"
00004 #include <cstdarg>
00005 #include <cstdio>
00006 #include <string>
00007
00009 enum LogLevel { DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME };
00010
00012 class Logger {
00013 private:
00014 const std::string filename;
00015
        vex::brain::sdcard sd;
00016
       void write_level(LogLevel 1);
00017
00018 public:
00020 static constexpr int MAX_FORMAT_LEN = 512;
00023 explicit Logger(const std::string &filename);
```

```
00026
        Logger(const Logger &1) = delete;
00028
        Logger &operator=(const Logger &1) = delete;
00029
00032
        void Log(const std::string &s);
00033
        void Log(LogLevel level, const std::string &s);
00039
00042
        void Logln(const std::string &s);
00043
00048
       void Logln(LogLevel level, const std::string &s);
00049
00053
       void Logf(const char *fmt, ...);
00054
00060
       void Logf(LogLevel level, const char *fmt, ...);
00061 };
```

6.33 math_util.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 "pright office"../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00003 #include "math.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include <vector>
00006
00014 double clamp(double value, double low, double high);
00022 double lerp(double a, double b, double t);
00029 double sign(double x);
00030
00031 double wrap_angle_deg(double input);
00032 double wrap_angle_rad(double input);
00034 /*
00035 Calculates the variance of \alpha a set of numbers (needed for linear regression)
00036 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variance
00037 {\tt Qparam} values the values for which the variance is taken
00038 @param mean
                       the average of values
00039 */
00040 double variance(std::vector<double> const &values, double mean);
00041
00042 /*
00043 Calculates the average of a vector of doubles
00044 @param values the list of values for which the average is taken
00046 double mean(std::vector<double> const &values);
00047
00048 /
00049 Calculates the covariance of a set of points (needed for linear regression)
00050 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Covariance
00051
00052 <code>@param</code> points \; the points for which the covariance is taken
00053 @param meanx
                       the mean value of all x coordinates in points
00054 @param meany
                      the mean value of all y coordinates in points
00055 */
00056 double covariance(std::vector<std::pair<double, double const &points, double meanx, double meany);
00057
00058 /
00059 Calculates the slope and y intercept of the line of best fit for the data
00060 @param points the points for the data
00061 */
00062 std::pair<double, double> calculate_linear_regression(std::vector<std::pair<double, double» const
      &points);
00063
00064 double estimate_path_length(const std::vector<point_t> &points);
```

6.34 moving_average.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <vector>
00003
00008 class Filter {
00009 public:
00010    virtual void add_entry(double n) = 0;
00011    virtual double get_value() const = 0;
00012 };
00013
00031 class MovingAverage : public Filter {
00032 public:
```

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```
00034
        * Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value
00035
                               The size of the buffer. The number of samples that
00036
        * @param buffer_size
00037
        * constitute a valid reading
00038
00039
       MovingAverage(int buffer_size);
00040
00041
        \star Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value
00042
        * @param buffer_size
                                The size of the buffer. The number of samples that
        * constitute a valid reading
00043
00044
        \star @param starting_value The value that the average will be before any data is
00045
00046
00047
       MovingAverage(int buffer_size, double starting_value);
00048
00049
        * Add a reading to the buffer
00050
00051
        * Before:
00052
        * [ 1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2
00053
        * After:
00054
        * [ 2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16
00055
00056
00057
        * @param n the sample that will be added to the moving average.
00058
00059
       void add_entry(double n) override;
00060
00065
       double get_value() const override;
00066
00071
       int get_size() const;
00072
00073 private:
00074
       int buffer_index;
                                   // index of the next value to be overridden
       std::vector/double> buffer; // all current data readings we've taken double current_avg; // the current value of the data
00075
00076
00077 };
00078
00096 class ExponentialMovingAverage : public Filter {
00097 public:
00098
00099
        * Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value
00100
00101
        * @param buffer_size
                               The size of the buffer. The number of samples that
00102
        * constitute a valid reading
00103
00104
       ExponentialMovingAverage(int buffer_size);
00105
        * Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value
00106
00107
        00108
        * constitute a valid reading
00109
        * @param starting_value The value that the average will be before any data is
        * added
00110
00111
       ExponentialMovingAverage(int buffer_size, double starting_value);
00112
00113
00114
00115
        * Add a reading to the buffer
00116
        * Before:
        * [ 1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2
00117
00118
00119
        * After:
00120
        * [ 2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16
00121
00122
        * @param n the sample that will be added to the moving average.
00123
00124
       void add_entry(double n) override;
00125
00130
       double get value() const override;
00131
00136
       int get_size();
00137
00138 private:
                                   // index of the next value to be overridden
       int buffer index:
00139
       std::vector<double> buffer; // all current data readings we've taken
00140
00141
                                   // the current value of the data
       double current_avg;
00142 };
```

6.35 pure_pursuit.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
```

```
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
00005 #include "vex.h"
00006 #include <vector>
00007
00008 using namespace vex;
00009
00010 namespace PurePursuit {
00015 class Path {
00016 public:
00022
       Path(std::vector<point_t> points, double radius);
00023
00027
       std::vector<point_t> get_points();
00028
00032
       double get_radius();
00033
00037
       bool is_valid();
00038
00039 private:
00040 std::vector<point_t> points;
00041
        double radius;
00042
       bool valid;
00043 };
00048 struct spline {
       double a, b, c, d, x_start, x_end;
00049
00050
00051
       double getY(double x) { return a * pow((x - x_start), 3) + b * pow((x - x_start), 2) + c * (x -
      x_start) + d; }
00052 };
00058 struct hermite_point {
00059
       double x;
00060
       double y;
00061
       double dir;
00062
       double mag;
00063
00064
       point_t getPoint() const { return {x, y}; }
00065
00066
       Vector2D getTangent() const { return Vector2D(dir, mag); }
00067 };
00068
00074 extern std::vector<point_t> line_circle_intersections(point_t center, double r, point_t point1,
      point_t point2);
00078 extern point_t get_lookahead(const std::vector<point_t> &path, pose_t robot_loc, double radius);
00079
00084 extern std::vector<point_t> inject_path(const std::vector<point_t> &path, double spacing);
00098 extern std::vector<point_t> smooth_path(const std::vector<point_t> &path, double weight_data, double
      weight_smooth,
00099
                                              double tolerance);
00100
00101 extern std::vector<point t> smooth path cubic(const std::vector<point t> &path, double res);
00111 extern std::vector<point_t> smooth_path_hermite(const std::vector<hermite_point> &path, double step);
00112
00124 extern double estimate_remaining_dist(const std::vector<point_t> &path, pose_t robot_pose, double
      radius);
00125
00126 } // namespace PurePursuit
```

6.36 serializer.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <algorithm>
00003 #include <map>
00004 #include <stdio.h>
00005 #include <string>
00006 #include <vector>
00007 #include <vex.h>
80000
00010 const char serialization_separator = '$';
00012 const std::size_t MAX_FILE_SIZE = 4096;
00013
00015 class Serializer {
00016 private:
00017
       bool flush_always;
        std::string filename;
std::map<std::string, int> ints;
00018
00019
00020
        std::map<std::string, bool> bools;
00021
        std::map<std::string, double> doubles;
00022
        std::map<std::string, std::string> strings;
00023
        bool read_from_disk();
00025
00026
00027 public:
```

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```
00030
        ~Serializer() {
00031
00032
          printf("Saving %s\n", filename.c_str());
00033
          fflush(stdout);
00034
00035
        explicit Serializer(const std::string &filename, bool flush_always = true)
00041
00042
            : flush_always(flush_always), filename(filename), ints({}), bools({}), doubles({}), strings({})
00043
00044
00045
         read_from_disk();
00046
00047
00049
        void save_to_disk() const;
00050
00052
00057
        void set_int(const std::string &name, int i);
00058
00063
        void set_bool(const std::string &name, bool b);
00064
00069
        void set_double(const std::string &name, double d);
00070
00075
        void set_string(const std::string &name, std::string str);
00076
00079
00085
        int int_or(const std::string &name, int otherwise);
00086
00092
        bool bool_or(const std::string &name, bool otherwise);
00093
00099
        double double_or(const std::string &name, double otherwise);
00100
00106
       std::string string_or(const std::string &name, std::string otherwise);
00107 };
```

6.37 state machine.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <string>
00003 #include <type_traits>
00004 #include <utility>
00005
00034 template <typename System, typename IDType, typename Message, int32_t delay_ms, bool do_log = false>
00035 class StateMachine {
       static_assert(std::is_enum<Message>::value, "Message should be an enum (it's easier that way)"); static_assert(std::is_enum<IDType>::value, "IDType should be an enum (it's easier that way)");
00036
00038
00039 public:
00046
        class MaybeMessage {
00047
        public:
          MaybeMessage() : exists(false) {}
00051
00056
          MaybeMessage (Message msg) : exists(true), thing(msg) {}
          bool has_message() { return exists; }
00061
00067
          Message message() { return thing; }
00068
00069
        private:
00070
          bool exists;
00071
          Message thing;
00072
00078
        struct State {
00079
          // run once when we enter the state
          virtual void entry(System &) {}
08000
00081
          \ensuremath{//} run continously while in the state
00082
          virtual MaybeMessage work(System &) { return {}; }
          // run once when we exit the state
00083
00084
          virtual void exit(System &) {}
00085
          // respond to a message when one comes in
00086
          virtual State *respond(System &s, Message m) = 0;
00087
          // Identify
00088
          virtual IDTvpe id() const = 0;
00089
00090
           // virtual destructor cuz c++
00091
          virtual ~State() {}
00092
        };
00093
00094
        // Data that gets passed to the runner thread. Don't worry too much about
00095
00096
        using thread_data = std::pair<State *, StateMachine *>;
00097
00102
        StateMachine(State *initial) : runner(thread_runner, new thread_data{initial, this}) {}
00103
00109
        IDType current_state() const {
00110
          mut.lock();
00111
          auto t = cur_type;
```

```
00112
         mut.unlock();
00113
         return t;
00114
00120
       void send_message(Message msg) {
00121
        mut.lock();
00122
          incoming msg = msg;
00123
         mut.unlock();
00124
00125
00126 private:
00127
       vex::task runner;
00128
        mutable vex::mutex mut;
00129
       MaybeMessage incoming_msg;
00130
       IDType cur_type;
00131
00138
        static int thread_runner(void *vptr) {
         thread_data *ptr = static_cast<thread_data *>(vptr);
00139
         State *cur_state = ptr->first;
00140
00141
00142
          StateMachine &sys = *ptr->second;
00143
          System &derived = *static_cast<System *>(&sys);
00144
00145
          cur state->entry(derived);
00146
00147
          sys.cur_type = cur_state->id();
00148
00149
          auto respond_to_message = [&](Message msg) {
           if (do_log) {
00150
              printf("responding to msg: %s\n", to_string(msg).c_str());
00151
00152
              fflush(stdout);
00153
00154
00155
            State *next_state = cur_state->respond(derived, msg);
00156
00157
           if (cur_state != next_state) {
              // switched states
00158
00159
             sys.mut.lock();
00160
00161
              cur_state->exit(derived);
00162
             next_state->entry(derived);
00163
00164
             delete cur state;
00165
00166
              cur_state = next_state;
00167
             sys.cur_type = cur_state->id();
00168
00169
             sys.mut.unlock();
00170
00171
         };
00172
00173
         while (true) {
00174
           if (do_log) {
00175
              std::string str = to_string(cur_state->id());
00176
              std::string str2 = to_string(sys.cur_type);
00177
00178
             printf("state: %s %s\n", str.c_str(), str2.c_str());
00179
00180
00181
            // Internal Message passed
00182
            MaybeMessage internal_msg = cur_state->work(derived);
00183
00184
            if (internal_msg.has_message()) {
00185
             respond_to_message(internal_msg.message());
00186
00187
00188
            // External Message passed
00189
            sys.mut.lock();
00190
            MaybeMessage incoming = sys.incoming_msg;
            sys.incoming_msg = {};
00191
00192
           sys.mut.unlock();
00193
00194
           if (incoming.has_message()) {
           respond_to_message(incoming.message());
}
00195
00196
00197
00198
            vexDelay(delay_ms);
00199
00200
          return 0;
00201
       }
00202 }:
```

6.38 vector2d.h

00001 #pragma once

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```
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00004 #include <cmath>
00005
00006 #ifndef PI
00007 #define PI 3.141592654
00008 #endif
00014 class Vector2D {
00015 public:
        Vector2D(double dir, double mag);
00023
00024
00030
        Vector2D(point_t p);
00031
00039
        double get_dir() const;
00040
00044
00045
        double get_mag() const;
00049
        double get_x() const;
00050
00054
        double get_y() const;
00055
00060
00061
        Vector2D normalize();
00066
        point_t point();
00067
00073
        Vector2D operator*(const double &x);
08000
        Vector2D operator+(const Vector2D &other);
       Vector2D operator-(const Vector2D &other);
00087
00088
00089 private:
00090 double dir, mag;
00091 };
00092
00098 double deg2rad(double deg);
00099
00106 double rad2deg(double r);
```

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