RIT VEXU Core API

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Core

This is the host repository for the custom VEX libraries used by the RIT VEXU team

Automatically updated documentation is available at here. There is also a downloadable reference manual.

1.1 Getting Started

In order to simply use this repo, you can either clone it into your VEXcode project folder, or download the .zip and place it into a core/ subfolder. Then follow the instructions for setting up compilation at Wiki/BuildSystem

If you wish to contribute, follow the instructions at Wiki/ProjectSetup

1.2 Features

Here is the current feature list this repo provides:

Subsystems (See Wiki/Subsystems):

- Tank drivetrain (user control / autonomous)
- Mecanum drivetrain (user control / autonomous)
- Odometry
- Flywheel
- Lift
- · Custom encoders

Utilities (See Wiki/Utilites):

- · PID controller
- FeedForward controller
- · Trapezoidal motion profile controller
- Pure Pursuit
- · Generic auto program builder
- Auto program UI selector
- Mathematical classes (Vector2D, Moving Average)

2 Core

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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VERY NICHE USE CASE. THINK ABOUT IF YOU REALLY NEED IT AutoChooser
AutoCommand BangBang BasicSolenoidSet BasicSpinCommand BasicSpinCommand BasicStopCommand BasicStopCommand Branch Branch Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE Screen::ButtonWidget
AutoCommand BangBang BasicSolenoidSet BasicSpinCommand BasicSpinCommand BasicStopCommand BasicStopCommand Branch Branch Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE screen::ButtonWidget
BasicSolenoidSet
BasicSolenoidSet
BasicSpinCommand
BasicStopCommand
Branch Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE
Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE
choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE
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rather than storing anything	62
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File Index

4.1 File List

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Class Documentation

5.1 AndCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for AndCondition:



Public Member Functions

- AndCondition (Condition *A, Condition *B)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.1.1 Member Function Documentation

5.1.1.1 test()

```
bool AndCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

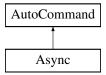
• src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.2 Async Class Reference

Async runs a command asynchronously will simply let it go and never look back THIS HAS A VERY NICHE USE CASE. THINK ABOUT IF YOU REALLY NEED IT.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Async:



Public Member Functions

- Async (AutoCommand *cmd)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Async runs a command asynchronously will simply let it go and never look back THIS HAS A VERY NICHE USE CASE. THINK ABOUT IF YOU REALLY NEED IT.

5.2.2 Member Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 run()

```
bool Async::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

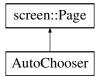
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.3 AutoChooser Class Reference

```
#include <auto_chooser.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AutoChooser:



Classes

• struct entry_t

Public Member Functions

- AutoChooser (std::vector< std::string > paths, size_t def=0)
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)
 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)
- size_t get_choice ()

Protected Attributes

- size_t choice
- std::vector< entry_t > list

Static Protected Attributes

- static const size_t width = 380
- static const size_t height = 220

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Autochooser is a utility to make selecting robot autonomous programs easier source: RIT VexU Wiki During a season, we usually code between 4 and 6 autonomous programs. Most teams will change their entire robot program as a way of choosing autonomi but this may cause issues if you have an emergency patch to upload during a competition. This class was built as a way of using the robot screen to list autonomous programs, and the touchscreen to select them.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 AutoChooser()

Initialize the auto-chooser. This class places a choice menu on the brain screen, so the driver can choose which autonomous to run.

Parameters

```
brain the brain on which to draw the selection boxes
```

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw		true if we just switched to this page
	frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.3.3.2 get_choice()

```
size_t AutoChooser::get_choice ( )
```

Get the currently selected auto choice

Returns

the identifier to the auto path

Return the selected autonomous

5.3.3.3 update()

```
void AutoChooser::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y) [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.3.4 Member Data Documentation

5.3.4.1 choice

```
size_t AutoChooser::choice [protected]
```

the current choice of auto

5.3.4.2 list

```
std::vector<entry_t> AutoChooser::list [protected]
```

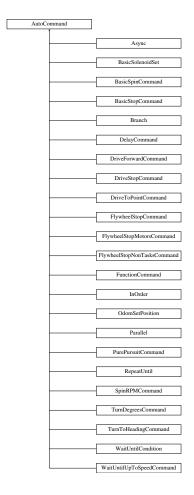
< a list of all possible auto choices

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/auto_chooser.h
- src/utils/auto_chooser.cpp

5.4 AutoCommand Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for AutoCommand:



Public Member Functions

- virtual bool run ()
- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Public Attributes

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.4.1 Member Function Documentation

5.4.1.1 on timeout()

```
virtual void AutoCommand::on_timeout ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented in InOrder, Parallel, Branch, RepeatUntil, DriveForwardCommand, TurnDegreesCommand, TurnToHeadingCommand, PurePursuitCommand, and DriveStopCommand.

5.4.1.2 run()

```
virtual bool AutoCommand::run ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented in FunctionCommand, WaitUntilCondition, InOrder, Parallel, Branch, Async, RepeatUntil, BasicSpinCommand, BasicStopCommand, BasicSolenoidSet, DelayCommand, DriveForwardCommand, TurnDegreesCommand, DriveToPointCommand, TurnToHeadingCommand, PurePursuitCommand, DriveStopCommand, OdomSetPosition, SpinRPMCommand, WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand, FlywheelStopCommand, and FlywheelStopMotorsCommand

5.4.2 Member Data Documentation

5.4.2.1 timeout seconds

```
double AutoCommand::timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

How long to run until we cancel this command. If the command is cancelled, on_timeout() is called to allow any cleanup from the function. If the timeout_seconds <= 0, no timeout will be applied and this command will run forever A timeout can come in handy for some commands that can not reach the end due to some physical limitation such as

- · a drive command hitting a wall and not being able to reach its target
- a command that waits until something is up to speed that never gets up to speed because of battery voltage
- · something else...

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.5 BangBang Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BangBang:



Public Member Functions

- BangBang (double thresshold, double low, double high)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel=0.0, double end_vel=0.0) override
- double update (double val) override
- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override

5.5.1 Member Function Documentation

5.5.1.1 get()

```
double BangBang::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value
set_pt	where the sensor value should be
start_vel	Movement starting velocity
end_vel	Movement ending velocity

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.3 is_on_target()

```
bool BangBang::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.5.1.5 update()

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

```
val value from the sensor
```

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

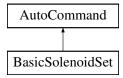
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/bang_bang.h
- src/utils/controls/bang_bang.cpp

5.6 BasicSolenoidSet Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicSolenoidSet:



Public Member Functions

• BasicSolenoidSet (vex::pneumatics &solenoid, bool setting)

Construct a new BasicSolenoidSet Command.

· bool run () override

Runs the BasicSolenoidSet Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true to end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.6.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicSolenoidSet Using the Vex hardware functions

5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.2.1 BasicSolenoidSet()

Construct a new BasicSolenoidSet Command.

Parameters

solenoid	Solenoid being set
setting	Setting of the solenoid in boolean (true,false)

5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

5.6.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicSolenoidSet::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicSolenoidSet Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Returns

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

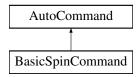
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/basic_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/basic_command.cpp

5.7 BasicSpinCommand Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicSpinCommand:



Public Types

enum type { percent , voltage , veocity }

Public Member Functions

 BasicSpinCommand (vex::motor &motor, vex::directionType dir, BasicSpinCommand::type setting, double power)

Construct a new BasicSpinCommand.

• bool run () override

Runs the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true to end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout seconds = default timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.7.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicSpinCommand using the vex hardware functions

5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.2.1 BasicSpinCommand()

```
BasicSpinCommand::BasicSpinCommand (
    vex::motor & motor,
    vex::directionType dir,
    BasicSpinCommand::type setting,
    double power )
```

Construct a new BasicSpinCommand.

a BasicMotorSpin Command

Parameters

motor	Motor to spin
direc	Direction of motor spin
setting	Power setting in volts,percentage,velocity
power	Value of desired power
motor	Motor port to spin
dir	Direction for spining
setting	Power setting in volts,percentage,velocity
power	Value of desired power

5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

5.7.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicSpinCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Run the BasicSpinCommand Overrides run from Auto Command.

Returns

True Async running command

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

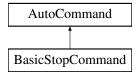
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command_structure/basic_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/basic_command.cpp

5.8 BasicStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <basic_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- BasicStopCommand (vex::motor &motor, vex::brakeType setting)
 - Construct a new BasicMotorStop Command.
- bool run () override

Runs the BasicMotorStop Command Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true to end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.8.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for BasicStopCommand Using the Vex hardware functions

5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.8.2.1 BasicStopCommand()

Construct a new BasicMotorStop Command.

Construct a BasicMotorStop Command.

Parameters

motor	The motor to stop
setting	The brake setting for the motor
motor	Motor to stop
setting	Braketype setting brake,coast,hold

5.8.3 Member Function Documentation

5.8.3.1 run()

```
bool BasicStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Runs the BasicMotorStop Command Overrides run command from AutoCommand.

Runs the BasicMotorStop command Ovverides run command from AutoCommand.

Returns

True Command runs once

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

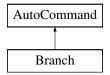
- include/utils/command_structure/basic_command.h
- · src/utils/command structure/basic command.cpp

5.9 Branch Class Reference

Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Branch:



Public Member Functions

- Branch (Condition *cond, AutoCommand *false choice, AutoCommand *true choice)
- · bool run () override
- · void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Branch chooses from multiple options at runtime. the function decider returns an index into the choices vector If you wish to make no choice and skip this section, return NO_CHOICE; any choice that is out of bounds set to NO_CHOICE.

5.9.2 Member Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void Branch::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.9.2.2 run()

```
bool Branch::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.10 screen::ButtonWidget Class Reference

Widget that does something when you tap it. The function is only called once when you first tap it.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- ButtonWidget (std::function < void(void) > onpress, Rect rect, std::string name)
 - Create a Button widget.
- ButtonWidget (void(*onpress)(), Rect rect, std::string name)

Create a Button widget.

bool update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

responds to user input

void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)

draws the button to the screen

5.10.1 Detailed Description

Widget that does something when you tap it. The function is only called once when you first tap it.

5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.10.2.1 ButtonWidget() [1/2]

Create a Button widget.

Parameters

onpress	the function to be called when the button is tapped
rect	the area the button should take up on the screen
name	the label put on the button

5.10.2.2 ButtonWidget() [2/2]

Create a Button widget.

Parameters

onpress	the function to be called when the button is tapped
rect	the area the button should take up on the screen
name	the label put on the button

5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

5.10.3.1 update()

```
bool screen::ButtonWidget::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y )
```

responds to user input

Parameters

was_pressed	if the screen is pressed
X	x position if the screen was pressed
У	y position if the screen was pressed

Returns

true if the button was pressed

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.11 CommandController Class Reference

```
#include <command_controller.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• CommandController ()

Create an empty CommandController. Add Command with CommandController::add()

CommandController (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)

Create a CommandController with commands pre added. More can be added with CommandController::add()

- void add (std::vector< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- void add (AutoCommand *cmd, double timeout_seconds=10.0)
- void add (std::vector< AutoCommand * > cmds, double timeout_sec)
- void add_delay (int ms)
- void add_cancel_func (std::function< bool(void)> true_if_cancel)

add_cancel_func specifies that when this func evaluates to true, to cancel the command controller

- void run ()
- · bool last command timed out ()

5.11.1 Detailed Description

File: command_controller.h Desc: A CommandController manages the AutoCommands that make up an autonomous route. The AutoCommands are kept in a queue and get executed and removed from the queue in FIFO order.

5.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.11.2.1 CommandController()

```
\label{lem:commandController} \mbox{CommandController (} \\ std::initializer\_list<\mbox{AutoCommand} \ * > cmds \mbox{) [inline]}
```

Create a CommandController with commands pre added. More can be added with CommandController::add()

Parameters

cmds

5.11.3 Member Function Documentation

5.11.3.1 add() [1/3]

File: command_controller.cpp Desc: A CommandController manages the AutoCommands that make up an autonomous route. The AutoCommands are kept in a queue and get executed and removed from the queue in FIFO order. Adds a command to the queue

Parameters

cmd	the AutoCommand we want to add to our list
timeout_seconds	the number of seconds we will let the command run for. If it exceeds this, we cancel it and
	run on_timeout

5.11.3.2 add() [2/3]

```
void CommandController::add ( {\tt std::vector} < {\tt AutoCommand} \ * > {\it cmds} \ )
```

Adds a command to the queue

Parameters

cmd	the AutoCommand we want to add to our list
timeout_seconds	the number of seconds we will let the command run for. If it exceeds this, we cancel it and
	run on_timeout. if it is \leq = 0 no time out will be applied

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

```
cmds the AutoCommands we want to add to our list
```

5.11.3.3 add() [3/3]

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.
cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list
timeout_sec	timeout in seconds to apply to all commands if they are still the default

Add multiple commands to the queue. No timeout here.

Parameters

cmds	the AutoCommands we want to add to our list
timeout	timeout in seconds to apply to all commands if they are still the default

5.11.3.4 add_cancel_func()

```
\label{lem:commandController::add_cancel_func (} $$ std::function< bool(void)> true\_if\_cancel )$
```

add_cancel_func specifies that when this func evaluates to true, to cancel the command controller

Parameters

5.11.3.5 add_delay()

Adds a command that will delay progression of the queue

Parameters

ms - number of milliseconds to wait before continuing execution of autonomous

5.11.3.6 last_command_timed_out()

```
bool CommandController::last_command_timed_out ( )
```

last_command_timed_out tells how the last command ended Use this if you want to make decisions based on the end of the last command

Returns

true if the last command timed out. false if it finished regularly

5.11.3.7 run()

```
void CommandController::run ( )
```

Begin execution of the queue Execute and remove commands in FIFO order

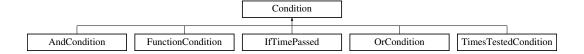
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command structure/command controller.h
- · src/utils/command structure/command controller.cpp

5.12 Condition Class Reference

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Condition:



Public Member Functions

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)
- virtual bool test ()=0

5.12.1 Detailed Description

File: auto_command.h Desc: Interface for module-specifc commands A Condition is a function that returns true or false is_even is a predicate that would return true if a number is even For our purposes, a Condition is a choice to be made at runtime drive_sys.reached_point(10, 30) is a predicate time.has_elapsed(10, vex::seconds) is a predicate extend this class for different choices you wish to make

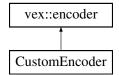
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.13 CustomEncoder Class Reference

```
#include <custom_encoder.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CustomEncoder:



Public Member Functions

- CustomEncoder (vex::triport::port &port, double ticks_per_rev)
- void setRotation (double val, vex::rotationUnits units)
- void setPosition (double val, vex::rotationUnits units)
- double rotation (vex::rotationUnits units)
- double position (vex::rotationUnits units)
- double velocity (vex::velocityUnits units)

5.13.1 Detailed Description

A wrapper class for the vex encoder that allows the use of 3rd party encoders with different tick-per-revolution values.

5.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.13.2.1 CustomEncoder()

Construct an encoder with a custom number of ticks

Parameters

port	the triport port on the brain the encoder is plugged into	
ticks_per_rev	the number of ticks the encoder will report for one revolution	

5.13.3 Member Function Documentation

5.13.3.1 position()

```
double CustomEncoder::position ( {\tt vex::rotationUnits}\ units\ )
```

get the position that the encoder is at

Parameters

units	the unit we want the return value to be in
-------	--

Returns

the position of the encoder in the units specified

5.13.3.2 rotation()

```
double CustomEncoder::rotation ( {\tt vex::rotationUnits}\ units\ )
```

get the rotation that the encoder is at

Parameters

units	the unit we want the return value to be in
-------	--

Returns

the rotation of the encoder in the units specified

5.13.3.3 setPosition()

sets the stored position of the encoder. Any further movements will be from this value

Parameters

val	the numerical value of the position we are setting to
units	the unit of val

5.13.3.4 setRotation()

```
void CustomEncoder::setRotation ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{double $val$,} \\ \mbox{vex::rotationUnits $units$ )}
```

sets the stored rotation of the encoder. Any further movements will be from this value

Parameters

val	the numerical value of the angle we are setting to
units	the unit of val

5.13.3.5 velocity()

get the velocity that the encoder is moving at

Parameters

units the unit we want the return value to be in

Returns

the velocity of the encoder in the units specified

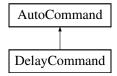
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/custom_encoder.h
- src/subsystems/custom encoder.cpp

5.14 DelayCommand Class Reference

#include <delay_command.h>

Inheritance diagram for DelayCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DelayCommand (int ms)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.14.1 Detailed Description

File: delay_command.h Desc: A DelayCommand will make the robot wait the set amount of milliseconds before continuing execution of the autonomous route

5.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.14.2.1 DelayCommand()

Construct a delay command

Parameters

ms the number of milliseconds to delay for

5.14.3 Member Function Documentation

5.14.3.1 run()

```
bool DelayCommand::run ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Delays for the amount of milliseconds stored in the command Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when complete

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

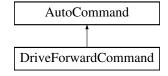
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/delay_command.h

5.15 DriveForwardCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveForwardCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveForwardCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double inches, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- · void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
```

AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.15.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the drive_forward function in the TankDrive class

5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.15.2.1 DriveForwardCommand()

File: drive_commands.h Desc: Holds all the AutoCommand subclasses that wrap (currently) TankDrive functions

Currently includes:

- · drive forward
- · turn_degrees
- · drive_to_point
- · turn_to_heading
- stop

Also holds AutoCommand subclasses that wrap OdometryBase functions

Currently includes:

· set_position Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding	
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive	
inches	how far forward to drive	
dir	the direction to drive	
max_speed	speed 0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive	

5.15.3 Member Function Documentation

5.15.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void DriveForwardCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we timeout

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.15.3.2 run()

```
bool DriveForwardCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run drive_forward Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.16 DriveStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveStopCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys)
- bool run () override
- · void on timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
```

```
    AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)
```

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.16.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stop() function in the TankDrive class

5.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.16.2.1 DriveStopCommand()

Construct a DriveStop Command

Parameters

```
drive_sys the drive system we are commanding
```

5.16.3 Member Function Documentation

5.16.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void DriveStopCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.16.3.2 run()

```
bool DriveStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Stop the drive system Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Stop the drive train Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

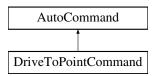
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.17 DriveToPointCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DriveToPointCommand:



Public Member Functions

- DriveToPointCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double x, double y, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- DriveToPointCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, point_t point, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
    Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.17.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the drive_to_point function in the TankDrive class

5.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.17.2.1 DriveToPointCommand() [1/2]

Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding	
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive	
X	where to drive in the x dimension	
У	where to drive in the y dimension	
dir	the direction to drive	
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at	

5.17.2.2 DriveToPointCommand() [2/2]

```
{\tt DriveToPointCommand::DriveToPointCommand} \ \ (
```

```
TankDrive & drive_sys,
Feedback & feedback,
point_t point,
directionType dir,
double max_speed = 1,
double end_speed = 0 )
```

Construct a DriveForward Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding	
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive	
point	the point to drive to	
dir	the direction to drive	
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at	

5.17.3 Member Function Documentation

5.17.3.1 run()

```
bool DriveToPointCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run drive_to_point Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.18 AutoChooser::entry_t Struct Reference

```
#include <auto_chooser.h>
```

Public Attributes

- Rect rect
- std::string name

5.18.1 Detailed Description

entry_t is a datatype used to store information that the chooser knows about an auto selection button

5.18.2 Member Data Documentation

5.18.2.1 name

std::string AutoChooser::entry_t::name

name of the auto repretsented by the block

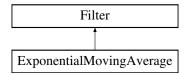
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/auto_chooser.h

5.19 Exponential Moving Average Class Reference

#include <moving_average.h>

Inheritance diagram for ExponentialMovingAverage:



Public Member Functions

- ExponentialMovingAverage (int buffer_size)
- ExponentialMovingAverage (int buffer_size, double starting_value)
- void add_entry (double n)
- double get_value ()
- int get_size ()

Public Member Functions inherited from Filter

• virtual double get_value () const =0

5.19.1 Detailed Description

ExponentialMovingAverage

An exponential moving average is a way of smoothing out noisy data. For many sensor readings, the noise is roughly symmetric around the actual value. This means that if you collect enough samples those that are too high are cancelled out by the samples that are too low leaving the real value.

A simple mobing average lags significantly with time as it has to counteract old samples. An exponential moving average keeps more up to date by weighting newer readings higher than older readings so it is more up to date while also still smoothed.

The ExponentialMovingAverage class provides an simple interface to do this smoothing from our noisy sensor values.

5.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.19.2.1 ExponentialMovingAverage() [1/2]

Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value

Parameters

	buffer size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
--	-------------	---

5.19.2.2 ExponentialMovingAverage() [2/2]

```
\label{thm:proposition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Exponential Moving Average :: Exponential Moving Average ( \\ int buffer\_size, \\ double starting\_value ) \end{tabular}
```

Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value

Parameters

buffer_size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading	
starting_value	ting_value The value that the average will be before any data is added	

5.19.3 Member Function Documentation

5.19.3.1 add_entry()

```
void ExponentialMovingAverage::add_entry ( double n ) [virtual]
```

Add a reading to the buffer Before: [1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2 $^{\wedge}$ After: [2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16 $^{\wedge}$

Parameters

n the sample that will be added to the moving average.

Implements Filter.

5.19.3.2 get_size()

```
int ExponentialMovingAverage::get_size ( )
```

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

5.19.3.3 get_value()

```
double ExponentialMovingAverage::get_value ( )
```

Returns the average based off of all the samples collected so far

Returns

the calculated average. sum(samples)/numsamples

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

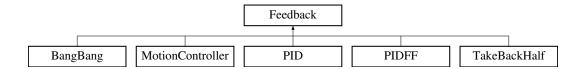
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/moving_average.h
- src/utils/moving_average.cpp

5.20 Feedback Class Reference

```
#include <feedback_base.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Feedback:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void init (double start pt, double set pt, double start vel=0.0, double end vel=0.0)=0
- virtual double update (double val)=0
- virtual double get ()=0
- virtual void set_limits (double lower, double upper)=0
- virtual bool is_on_target ()=0

5.20.1 Detailed Description

Interface so that subsystems can easily switch between feedback loops

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

9/25/2022

5.20.2 Member Function Documentation

5.20.2.1 get()

```
virtual double Feedback::get ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.20.2.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value	
set_pt	where the sensor value should be	
start_vel	Movement starting velocity	
end_vel	Movement ending velocity	

Implemented in MotionController, PIDFF, PID, BangBang, and TakeBackHalf.

5.20.2.3 is_on_target()

```
virtual bool Feedback::is_on_target ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.20.2.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implemented in BangBang, MotionController, PID, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

5.20.2.5 update()

```
virtual double Feedback::update ( \mbox{double } val \mbox{ ) } \mbox{ [pure virtual]}
```

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

val value from the ser	nsor
------------------------	------

Returns

feedback loop result

Implemented in MotionController, PID, BangBang, PIDFF, and TakeBackHalf.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h

5.21 FeedForward Class Reference

```
#include <feedforward.h>
```

Classes

• struct ff_config_t

Public Member Functions

- FeedForward (ff_config_t &cfg)
- double calculate (double v, double a, double pid_ref=0.0)

Perform the feedforward calculation.

5.21.1 Detailed Description

FeedForward

Stores the feedfoward constants, and allows for quick computation. Feedfoward should be used in systems that require smooth precise movements and have high inertia, such as drivetrains and lifts.

This is best used alongside a PID loop, with the form: output = pid.get() + feedforward.calculate(v, a);

In this case, the feedforward does the majority of the heavy lifting, and the pid loop only corrects for inconsistencies

For information about tuning feedforward, I reccommend looking at this post: $https://www. \leftarrow chiefdelphi.com/t/paper-frc-drivetrain-characterization/160915$ (yes I know it's for FRC but trust me, it's useful)

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

6/13/2022

5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.21.2.1 FeedForward()

Creates a FeedForward object.

Parameters

```
cfg Configuration Struct for tuning
```

5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

5.21.3.1 calculate()

```
double FeedForward::calculate ( \label{eq:calculate} \mbox{double } v, \\ \mbox{double } a, \\ \mbox{double } pid\_ref = 0.0 \mbox{) [inline]}
```

Perform the feedforward calculation.

This calculation is the equation: F = kG + kS*sgn(v) + kV*v + kA*a

Parameters

V	Requested velocity of system
а	Requested acceleration of system

Returns

A feedforward that should closely represent the system if tuned correctly

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/feedforward.h

5.22 FeedForward::ff_config_t Struct Reference

#include <feedforward.h>

Public Attributes

- · double kS
- double kV
- double kA
- double kG

5.22.1 Detailed Description

ff_config_t holds the parameters to make the theoretical model of a real world system equation is of the form kS if the system is not stopped, 0 otherwise

- kV * desired velocity
- · kA * desired acceleration
- kG

5.22.2 Member Data Documentation

5.22.2.1 kA

double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kA

kA - Acceleration coefficient: the power required to change the mechanism's speed. Multiplied by the requested acceleration.

5.22.2.2 kG

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kG
```

kG - Gravity coefficient: only needed for lifts. The power required to overcome gravity and stay at steady state.

5.22.2.3 kS

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kS
```

Coefficient to overcome static friction: the point at which the motor *starts* to move.

5.22.2.4 kV

```
double FeedForward::ff_config_t::kV
```

Veclocity coefficient: the power required to keep the mechanism in motion. Multiplied by the requested velocity.

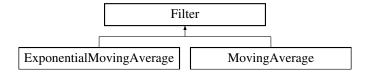
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/feedforward.h

5.23 Filter Class Reference

```
#include <moving_average.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Filter:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void add_entry (double n)=0
- virtual double get_value () const =0

5.23.1 Detailed Description

Interface for filters Use add_entry to supply data and get_value to retrieve the filtered value

5.23.2 Member Function Documentation

5.23.2.1 add entry()

```
virtual void Filter::add_entry ( double n ) [pure virtual]
```

 $Implemented\ in\ Moving Average,\ and\ Exponential Moving Average.$

5.23.2.2 get_value()

```
virtual double Filter::get_value ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Implemented in MovingAverage.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/moving_average.h

5.24 Flywheel Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Flywheel (vex::motor_group &motors, Feedback &feedback, FeedForward &helper, const double ratio, Filter &filt)
- double get_target () const
- double getRPM () const
- vex::motor_group & get_motors () const
- void spin_manual (double speed, directionType dir=fwd)
- void spin_rpm (double rpm)
- void stop ()
- bool is_on_target ()

check if the feedback controller thinks the flywheel is on target

• screen::Page * Page () const

Creates a page displaying info about the flywheel.

AutoCommand * SpinRpmCmd (int rpm)

Creates a new auto command to spin the flywheel at the desired velocity.

AutoCommand * WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd ()

Creates a new auto command that will hold until the flywheel has its target as defined by its feedback controller.

Friends

- class FlywheelPage
- int spinRPMTask (void *wheelPointer)

5.24.1 Detailed Description

a Flywheel class that handles all control of a high inertia spinning disk It gives multiple options for what control system to use in order to control wheel velocity and functions alerting the user when the flywheel is up to speed. Flywheel is a set and forget class. Once you create it you can call spin_rpm or stop on it at any time and it will take all necessary steps to accomplish this

5.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.24.2.1 Flywheel()

Create the Flywheel object using PID + feedforward for control.

Parameters

motors	pointer to the motors on the fly wheel
feedback	a feedback controleller
helper	a feedforward config (only kV is used) to help the feedback controller along
ratio	ratio of the gears from the motor to the flywheel just multiplies the velocity
filter	the filter to use to smooth noisy motor readings

5.24.3 Member Function Documentation

5.24.3.1 get_motors()

```
motor_group & Flywheel::get_motors ( ) const
```

Returns the motors

Returns

the motors used to run the flywheel

5.24.3.2 get_target()

```
double Flywheel::get_target ( ) const
```

Return the target_rpm that the flywheel is currently trying to achieve

Returns

target_rpm the target rpm

Return the current value that the target_rpm should be set to

5.24.3.3 getRPM()

```
double Flywheel::getRPM ( ) const
```

return the velocity of the flywheel

5.24.3.4 is_on_target()

```
bool Flywheel::is_on_target ( ) [inline]
```

check if the feedback controller thinks the flywheel is on target

Returns

true if on target

5.24.3.5 Page()

```
screen::Page * Flywheel::Page ( ) const
```

Creates a page displaying info about the flywheel.

Returns

the page should be used for `screen::start_screen(screen, {fw.Page()});

5.24.3.6 spin manual()

Spin motors using voltage; defaults forward at 12 volts FOR USE BY OPCONTROL AND AUTONOMOUS - this only applies if the target_rpm thread is not running

Parameters

speed	- speed (between -1 and 1) to set the motor
dir	- direction that the motor moves in; defaults to forward

Spin motors using voltage; defaults forward at 12 volts FOR USE BY OPCONTROL AND AUTONOMOUS - this only applies if the RPM thread is not running

Parameters

speed	- speed (between -1 and 1) to set the motor
dir	- direction that the motor moves in; defaults to forward

5.24.3.7 spin_rpm()

starts or sets the target_rpm thread at new value what control scheme is dependent on control_style

Parameters

```
rpm - the target_rpm we want to spin at
```

starts or sets the RPM thread at new value what control scheme is dependent on control_style

Parameters

```
input_rpm - set the current RPM
```

5.24.3.8 SpinRpmCmd()

Creates a new auto command to spin the flywheel at the desired velocity.

Parameters

```
rpm the rpm to spin at
```

Returns

an auto command to add to a command controller

5.24.3.9 stop()

```
void Flywheel::stop ( )
```

Stops the motors. If manually spinning, this will do nothing just call spin_mainual(0.0) to send 0 volts stop the RPM thread and the wheel

5.24.3.10 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd()

```
AutoCommand * Flywheel::WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new auto command that will hold until the flywheel has its target as defined by its feedback controller.

Returns

an auto command to add to a command controller

5.24.4 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

5.24.4.1 spinRPMTask

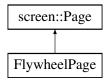
Runs a thread that keeps track of updating flywheel RPM and controlling it accordingly

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/flywheel.h
- src/subsystems/flywheel.cpp

5.25 FlywheelPage Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelPage:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelPage (const Flywheel &fw)
- void update (bool, int, int) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool, unsigned int) override

Static Public Attributes

• static const size_t window_size = 40

5.25.1 Member Function Documentation

5.25.1.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.25.1.2 update()

```
void FlywheelPage::update (
          bool ,
          int ,
          int ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/subsystems/flywheel.cpp

5.26 FlywheelStopCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelStopCommand (Flywheel &flywheel)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.26.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stop function in the Flywheel class

5.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.26.2.1 FlywheelStopCommand()

```
FlywheelStopCommand::FlywheelStopCommand ( Flywheel & flywheel )
```

Construct a FlywheelStopCommand

Parameters

5.26.3 Member Function Documentation

5.26.3.1 run()

```
bool FlywheelStopCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run stop Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

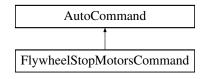
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/command structure/flywheel commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.27 FlywheelStopMotorsCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopMotorsCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FlywheelStopMotorsCommand (Flywheel &flywheel)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.27.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stopMotors function in the Flywheel class

5.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.27.2.1 FlywheelStopMotorsCommand()

```
\label{lem:flywheelStopMotorsCommand::FlywheelStopMotorsCommand (} Flywheel & flywheel )
```

Construct a FlywheeStopMotors Command

Parameters

```
flywheel the flywheel system we are commanding
```

5.27.3 Member Function Documentation

5.27.3.1 run()

```
bool FlywheelStopMotorsCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run stop Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

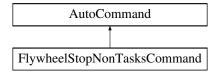
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.28 FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand:



Additional Inherited Members

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.28.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the stopNonTasks function in the Flywheel class

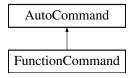
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.29 FunctionCommand Class Reference

#include <auto_command.h>

Inheritance diagram for FunctionCommand:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionCommand (std::function< bool(void)> f)
- bool run ()

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.29.1 Detailed Description

FunctionCommand is fun and good way to do simple things Printing, launching nukes, and other quick and dirty one time things

5.29.2 Member Function Documentation

5.29.2.1 run()

```
bool FunctionCommand::run ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

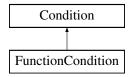
• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.30 FunctionCondition Class Reference

FunctionCondition is a quick and dirty Condition to wrap some expression that should be evaluated at runtime.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FunctionCondition:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionCondition (std::function< bool()> cond, std::function< void(void)> timeout=[]() {})
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.30.1 Detailed Description

FunctionCondition is a quick and dirty Condition to wrap some expression that should be evaluated at runtime.

5.30.2 Member Function Documentation

5.30.2.1 test()

```
bool FunctionCondition::test ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

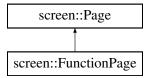
- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.31 screen::FunctionPage Class Reference

Simple page that stores no internal data. the draw and update functions use only global data rather than storing anything.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::FunctionPage:



Public Member Functions

- FunctionPage (update_func_t update_f, draw_func_t draw_t)
 Creates a function page.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override

update uses the supplied update function to update this page

void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

draw uses the supplied draw function to draw to the screen

5.31.1 Detailed Description

Simple page that stores no internal data. the draw and update functions use only global data rather than storing anything.

5.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.31.2.1 FunctionPage()

Creates a function page.

FunctionPage.

Parameters

update⊷	the function called every tick to respond to user input or do data collection
_f	
draw_t	the function called to draw to the screen
update⊷	drawing function
_f	
draw_f	drawing function

5.31.3 Member Function Documentation

5.31.3.1 draw()

draw uses the supplied draw function to draw to the screen

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.31.3.2 update()

```
void screen::FunctionPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

update uses the supplied update function to update this page

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.32 GenericAuto Class Reference

```
#include <generic_auto.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool run (bool blocking)
- void add (state_ptr new_state)
- void add async (state ptr async state)
- void add_delay (int ms)

5.32.1 Detailed Description

GenericAuto provides a pleasant interface for organizing an auto path steps of the path can be added with add() and when ready, calling run() will begin executing the path

5.32.2 Member Function Documentation

5.32.2.1 add()

Add a new state to the autonomous via function point of type "bool (ptr*)()"

Parameters

new_state	the function to run
-----------	---------------------

5.32.2.2 add_async()

Add a new state to the autonomous via function point of type "bool (ptr*)()" that will run asynchronously

Parameters

```
async_state the function to run
```

5.32.2.3 add_delay()

add_delay adds a period where the auto system will simply wait for the specified time

Parameters

ms	how long to wait in milliseconds

5.32.2.4 run()

The method that runs the autonomous. If 'blocking' is true, then this method will run through every state until it finished.

If blocking is false, then assuming every state is also non-blocking, the method will run through the current state in the list and return immediately.

Parameters

Returns

true after all states have finished.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/generic_auto.h
- src/utils/generic_auto.cpp

5.33 GraphDrawer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• GraphDrawer (int num_samples, double lower_bound, double upper_bound, std::vector< vex::color > colors, size_t num_series=1)

Creates a graph drawer with the specified number of series (each series is a separate line)

- void add_samples (std::vector< point_t > sample)
- void add_samples (std::vector< double > sample)
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, int x, int y, int width, int height)

5.33.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.33.1.1 GraphDrawer()

```
GraphDrawer::GraphDrawer (
    int num_samples,
    double lower_bound,
    double upper_bound,
    std::vector< vex::color > colors,
    size_t num_series = 1 )
```

Creates a graph drawer with the specified number of series (each series is a separate line)

Parameters

num_samples	the number of samples to graph at a time (40 will graph the last 40 data points)
lower_bound	the bottom of the window when displaying (if upper_bound = lower_bound, auto calculate bounds)
upper_bound	the top of the window when displaying (if upper_bound = lower_bound, auto calculate bounds)
colors	the colors of the series. must be of size num_series
num_series	the number of series to graph

5.33.2 Member Function Documentation

5.33.2.1 add_samples() [1/2]

add_samples adds a point to the graph, removing one from the back

Parameters

sample	a y coordinate of the next point to graph, the x coordinate is gotten from vex::timer::system(); (time in
	ms)

5.33.2.2 add_samples() [2/2]

add_samples adds a point to the graph, removing one from the back

Parameters

```
sample an x, y coordinate of the next point to graph
```

5.33.2.3 draw()

draws the graph to the screen in the constructor

Parameters

Parameters

У	y position of the top left of the graphed region
width	the width of the graphed region
height	the height of the graphed region

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/graph_drawer.h
- src/utils/graph_drawer.cpp

5.34 PurePursuit::hermite_point Struct Reference

#include <pure_pursuit.h>

Public Member Functions

- point_t getPoint () const
- Vector2D getTangent () const

Public Attributes

- double x
- double y
- double dir
- · double mag

5.34.1 Detailed Description

a position along the hermite path contains a position and orientation information that the robot would be at at this point

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

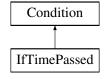
• include/utils/pure_pursuit.h

5.35 IfTimePassed Class Reference

 $\label{limePassed} \textbf{IfTimePassed} \ \ \textbf{tests} \ \ \textbf{based} \ \ \textbf{on time since the command controller was constructed}. \ \ \textbf{Returns true if elapsed time} > \\ \textbf{time_s}.$

#include <auto_command.h>

Inheritance diagram for IfTimePassed:



Public Member Functions

- IfTimePassed (double time_s)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

```
• Condition * Or (Condition *b)
```

• Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.35.1 Detailed Description

IfTimePassed tests based on time since the command controller was constructed. Returns true if elapsed time > time_s.

5.35.2 Member Function Documentation

5.35.2.1 test()

```
bool IfTimePassed::test ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

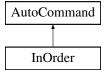
- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.36 InOrder Class Reference

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for InOrder:



Public Member Functions

- InOrder (const InOrder &other)=default
- InOrder (std::queue < AutoCommand * > cmds)
- InOrder (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.36.1 Detailed Description

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

InOrder runs its commands sequentially then continues. How to handle timeout in this case. Automatically set it to sum of commands timouts?

5.36.2 Member Function Documentation

5.36.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void InOrder::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.36.2.2 run()

```
bool InOrder::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.37 Lift < T > Class Template Reference

```
#include <lift.h>
```

Classes

· struct lift_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

- Lift (motor_group &lift_motors, lift_cfg_t &lift_cfg, map< T, double > &setpoint_map, limit *homing_← switch=NULL)
- void control_continuous (bool up_ctrl, bool down_ctrl)
- void control manual (bool up btn, bool down btn, int volt up, int volt down)
- void control_setpoints (bool up_step, bool down_step, vector< T > pos_list)
- bool set_position (T pos)
- bool set_setpoint (double val)
- double get_setpoint ()
- void hold ()
- void home ()
- bool get async ()
- void set_async (bool val)
- void set sensor function (double(*fn ptr)(void))
- void set_sensor_reset (void(*fn_ptr)(void))

5.37.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> class Lift< T >
```

LIFT A general class for lifts (e.g. 4bar, dr4bar, linear, etc) Uses a PID to hold the lift at a certain height under load, and to move the lift to different heights

Author

Ryan McGee

5.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.37.2.1 Lift()

Construct the Lift object and begin the background task that controls the lift.

Usage example: /code{.cpp} enum Positions {UP, MID, DOWN}; map<Positions, double> setpt_map { {DOWN, 0.0}, {MID, 0.5}, {UP, 1.0} }; Lift<Positions> my_lift(motors, lift_cfg, setpt_map); /endcode

Parameters

lift_motors	A set of motors, all set that positive rotation correlates with the lift going up	
lift_cfg	Lift characterization information; PID tunings and movement speeds	
setpoint_map	A map of enum type T, in which each enum entry corresponds to a different lift height	

5.37.3 Member Function Documentation

5.37.3.1 control_continuous()

Control the lift with an "up" button and a "down" button. Use PID to hold the lift when letting go.

Parameters

up_ctrl	Button controlling the "UP" motion
down_ctrl	Button controlling the "DOWN" motion

5.37.3.2 control_manual()

Control the lift with manual controls (no holding voltage)

Parameters

up_btn	Raise the lift when true
down_btn	Lower the lift when true
volt_up	Motor voltage when raising the lift
volt_down	Motor voltage when lowering the lift

5.37.3.3 control_setpoints()

Control the lift in "steps". When the "up" button is pressed, the lift will go to the next position as defined by pos_list. Order matters!

Parameters

up_step	A button that increments the position of the lift.
down_step	A button that decrements the position of the lift.
pos_list	A list of positions for the lift to go through. The higher the index, the higher the lift should be (generally).

5.37.3.4 get_async()

```
template<typename T >
bool Lift< T >::get_async ( ) [inline]
```

Returns

whether or not the background thread is running the lift

5.37.3.5 get_setpoint()

```
template<typename T > double Lift< T >::get_setpoint ( ) [inline]
```

Returns

The current setpoint for the lift

5.37.3.6 hold()

```
template<typename T >
void Lift< T >::hold ( ) [inline]
```

Target the class's setpoint. Calculate the PID output and set the lift motors accordingly.

5.37.3.7 home()

```
template<typename T >
void Lift< T >::home ( ) [inline]
```

A blocking function that automatically homes the lift based on a sensor or hard stop, and sets the position to 0. A watchdog times out after 3 seconds, to avoid damage.

5.37.3.8 set_async()

Enables or disables the background task. Note that running the control functions, or set_position functions will immediately re-enable the task for autonomous use.

Parameters

val Whether or not the background thread should run the lift

5.37.3.9 set_position()

Enable the background task, and send the lift to a position, specified by the setpoint map from the constructor.

Parameters

```
pos A lift position enum type
```

Returns

True if the pid has reached the setpoint

5.37.3.10 set sensor function()

Creates a custom hook for any other type of sensor to be used on the lift. Example: $/code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_function([](){return my_sensor.position();}); /endcode$

Parameters

fn_ptr | Pointer to custom sensor function

5.37.3.11 set_sensor_reset()

Creates a custom hook to reset the sensor used in $set_sensor_function()$. Example: $/code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_reset(my_sensor.resetPosition); <math>/code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_reset(my_sensor.resetPosition); \\ /code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_reset(my_sensor.resetPosition); \\ /code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_reset(my_sensor.resetPosition); \\ /code{.cpp} my_lift.set_{\leftarrow} sensor_reset(my_sensor.reset(my_sens$

5.37.3.12 set_setpoint()

Manually set a setpoint value for the lift PID to go to.

Parameters

val Lift setpoint, in motor revolutions or sensor units defined by get sensor. Cannot be outside the softstops.

Returns

True if the pid has reached the setpoint

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/lift.h

5.38 Lift< T >::lift_cfg_t Struct Reference

```
#include <lift.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double up_speed
- · double down_speed
- double softstop_up
- double softstop_down
- PID::pid_config_t lift_pid_cfg

5.38.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct Lift< T>::lift_cfg_t
```

lift_cfg_t holds the physical parameter specifications of a lify system. includes:

- · maximum speeds for the system
- · softstops to stop the lift from hitting the hard stops too hard

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/subsystems/lift.h

5.39 Logger Class Reference

Class to simplify writing to files.

```
#include <logger.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• Logger (const std::string &filename)

Create a logger that will save to a file.

• Logger (const Logger &I)=delete

copying not allowed

• Logger & operator= (const Logger &I)=delete

copying not allowed

• void Log (const std::string &s)

Write a string to the log.

• void Log (LogLevel level, const std::string &s)

Write a string to the log with a loglevel.

• void LogIn (const std::string &s)

Write a string and newline to the log.

• void LogIn (LogLevel level, const std::string &s)

Write a string and a newline to the log with a loglevel.

• void Logf (const char *fmt,...)

Write a formatted string to the log.

• void Logf (LogLevel level, const char *fmt,...)

Write a formatted string to the log with a loglevel.

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr int MAX_FORMAT_LEN = 512

maximum size for a string to be before it's written

5.39.1 Detailed Description

Class to simplify writing to files.

5.39.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.39.2.1 Logger()

Create a logger that will save to a file.

Parameters

filename the file to save to

5.39.3 Member Function Documentation

5.39.3.1 Log() [1/2]

```
void Logger::Log ( {\tt const \ std::string \ \& \ s} \ )
```

Write a string to the log.

Parameters

```
s the string to write
```

5.39.3.2 Log() [2/2]

```
void Logger::Log (
            LogLevel level,
            const std::string & s )
```

Write a string to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
s	the string to write

5.39.3.3 Logf() [1/2]

Write a formatted string to the log.

Parameters

fmt	the format string (like printf)
	the args

5.39.3.4 Logf() [2/2]

Write a formatted string to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
fmt	the format string (like printf)
	the args

5.39.3.5 LogIn() [1/2]

```
void Logger::Logln ( {\tt const\ std::string\ \&\ s\ )}
```

Write a string and newline to the log.

Parameters

```
s the string to write
```

5.39.3.6 LogIn() [2/2]

Write a string and a newline to the log with a loglevel.

Parameters

Ī	level	the level to write. DEBUG, NOTICE, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL, TIME
ſ	s	the string to write

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/logger.h
- · src/utils/logger.cpp

5.40 MotionController::m_profile_cfg_t Struct Reference

```
#include <motion_controller.h>
```

Public Attributes

double max_v

the maximum velocity the robot can drive

• double accel

the most acceleration the robot can do

• PID::pid_config_t pid_cfg

configuration parameters for the internal PID controller

• FeedForward::ff_config_t ff_cfg

configuration parameters for the internal

5.40.1 Detailed Description

m_profile_config holds all data the motion controller uses to plan paths When motion pofile is given a target to drive to, max_v and accel are used to make the trapezoid profile instructing the controller how to drive pid_cfg, ff_cfg are used to find the motor outputs necessary to execute this path

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/motion controller.h

5.41 Mat2 Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

point_t operator* (const point_t p) const

Static Public Member Functions

• static Mat2 FromRotationDegrees (double degrees)

Public Attributes

- · double X11
- · double X12
- · double X21
- · double X22

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/geometry.h

5.42 MecanumDrive Class Reference

#include <mecanum_drive.h>

Classes

· struct mecanumdrive_config_t

Public Member Functions

- MecanumDrive (vex::motor &left_front, vex::motor &right_front, vex::motor &left_rear, vex::motor &right_rear, vex::rotation *lateral wheel=NULL, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, mecanumdrive config t *config=NULL)
- void drive_raw (double direction_deg, double magnitude, double rotation)
- void drive (double left_y, double left_x, double right_x, int power=2)
- bool auto_drive (double inches, double direction, double speed, bool gyro_correction=true)
- bool auto_turn (double degrees, double speed, bool ignore_imu=false)

5.42.1 Detailed Description

A class representing the Mecanum drivetrain. Contains 4 motors, a possible IMU (intertial), and a possible undriven perpendicular wheel.

5.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.42.2.1 MecanumDrive()

```
MecanumDrive::MecanumDrive (
    vex::motor & left_front,
    vex::motor & right_front,
    vex::motor & left_rear,
    vex::motor & right_rear,
    vex::rotation * lateral_wheel = NULL,
    vex::inertial * imu = NULL,
    mecanumdrive_config_t * config = NULL )
```

Create the Mecanum drivetrain object

5.42.3 Member Function Documentation

5.42.3.1 auto_drive()

Drive the robot in a straight line automatically. If the inertial was declared in the constructor, use it to correct while driving. If the lateral wheel was declared in the constructor, use it for more accurate positioning while strafing.

Parameters

inches	How far the robot should drive, in inches
direction	What direction the robot should travel in, in degrees. 0 is forward, +/-180 is reverse, clockwise is positive.
speed	The maximum speed the robot should travel, in percent: -1.0->+1.0
gyro_correction	=true Whether or not to use the gyro to help correct while driving. Will always be false if no gyro was declared in the constructor.

Drive the robot in a straight line automatically. If the inertial was declared in the constructor, use it to correct while driving. If the lateral wheel was declared in the constructor, use it for more accurate positioning while strafing.

Parameters

inches	How far the robot should drive, in inches
direction	What direction the robot should travel in, in degrees. 0 is forward, +/-180 is reverse,
	clockwise is positive.

Parameters

speed	The maximum speed the robot should travel, in percent: -1.0->+1.0
gyro_correction	= true Whether or not to use the gyro to help correct while driving. Will always be false if no
	gyro was declared in the constructor.

Returns

Whether or not the maneuver is complete.

5.42.3.2 auto_turn()

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees over it's center point. Uses a closed loop for control.

Parameters

degrees	How many degrees to rotate the robot. Clockwise postive.
speed	What percentage to run the motors at: 0.0 -> 1.0
ignore_imu	=false Whether or not to use the Inertial for determining angle. Will instead use circumference
	formula + robot's wheelbase + encoders to determine.

Returns

whether or not the robot has finished the maneuver

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees over it's center point. Uses a closed loop for control.

Parameters

degrees	How many degrees to rotate the robot. Clockwise postive.
speed	What percentage to run the motors at: 0.0 -> 1.0
ignore_imu	= false Whether or not to use the Inertial for determining angle. Will instead use circumference
	formula + robot's wheelbase + encoders to determine.

Returns

whether or not the robot has finished the maneuver

5.42.3.3 drive()

```
double left_x,
double right_x,
int power = 2 )
```

Drive the robot with a mecanum-style / arcade drive. Inputs are in percent (-100.0 -> 100.0) straight from the controller. Controls are mixed, so the robot can drive forward / strafe / rotate all at the same time.

Parameters

left_y	left joystick, Y axis (forward / backwards)
left_x	left joystick, X axis (strafe left / right)
right⊷	right joystick, X axis (rotation left / right)
_X	
power	=2 how much of a "curve" there should be on drive controls; better for low speed maneuvers. Leave
	blank for a default curve of 2 (higher means more fidelity)

Drive the robot with a mecanum-style / arcade drive. Inputs are in percent (-100.0 -> 100.0) straight from the controller. Controls are mixed, so the robot can drive forward / strafe / rotate all at the same time.

Parameters

left_y	left joystick, Y axis (forward / backwards)
left_x	left joystick, X axis (strafe left / right)
right←	right joystick, X axis (rotation left / right)
_X	
power	= 2 how much of a "curve" there should be on drive controls; better for low speed maneuvers. Leave
	blank for a default curve of 2 (higher means more fidelity)

5.42.3.4 drive_raw()

Drive the robot using vectors. This handles all the math required for mecanum control.

Parameters

direction_deg	the direction to drive the robot, in degrees. 0 is forward, 180 is back, clockwise is positive, counterclockwise is negative.
magnitude	How fast the robot should drive, in percent: 0.0->1.0
rotation	How fast the robot should rotate, in percent: -1.0->+1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/mecanum_drive.h
- src/subsystems/mecanum_drive.cpp

5.43 MecanumDrive::mecanumdrive_config_t Struct Reference

#include <mecanum_drive.h>

Public Attributes

- PID::pid_config_t drive_pid_conf
- PID::pid_config_t drive_gyro_pid_conf
- · PID::pid config t turn pid conf
- double drive_wheel_diam
- double lateral_wheel_diam
- double wheelbase_width

5.43.1 Detailed Description

Configure the Mecanum drive PID tunings and robot configurations

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/mecanum_drive.h

5.44 motion t Struct Reference

#include <trapezoid_profile.h>

Public Attributes

• double pos

1d position at this point in time

· double vel

1d velocity at this point in time

• double accel

1d acceleration at this point in time

5.44.1 Detailed Description

motion_t is a description of 1 dimensional motion at a point in time.

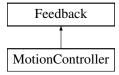
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h

5.45 MotionController Class Reference

#include <motion_controller.h>

Inheritance diagram for MotionController:



Classes

struct m_profile_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

MotionController (m_profile_cfg_t &config)

Construct a new Motion Controller object.

void init (double start_pt, double end_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override

Initialize the motion profile for a new movement This will also reset the PID and profile timers.

• double update (double sensor_val) override

Update the motion profile with a new sensor value.

- · double get () override
- · void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override
- motion_t get_motion ()

Static Public Member Functions

static FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward (TankDrive &drive, OdometryTank &odometry, double pct=0.6, double duration=2)

5.45.1 Detailed Description

Motion Controller class

This class defines a top-level motion profile, which can act as an intermediate between a subsystem class and the motors themselves

This takes the constants kS, kV, kA, kP, kI, kD, max_v and acceleration and wraps around a feedforward, PID and trapezoid profile. It does so with the following formula:

out = feedfoward.calculate(motion_profile.get(time_s)) + pid.get(motion_profile.get(time_s))

For PID and Feedforward specific formulae, see pid.h, feedforward.h, and trapezoid_profile.h

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

7/13/2022

5.45.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.45.2.1 MotionController()

Construct a new Motion Controller object.

Parameters

config	The definition of how the robot is able to move max_v Maximum velocity the movement is capable of
	accel Acceleration / deceleration of the movement pid_cfg Definitions of kP, kI, and kD ff_cfg
	Definitions of kS, kV, and kA

5.45.3 Member Function Documentation

5.45.3.1 get()

```
double MotionController::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.45.3.2 get_motion()

```
motion_t MotionController::get_motion ( )
```

Returns

The current postion, velocity and acceleration setpoints

5.45.3.3 init()

Initialize the motion profile for a new movement This will also reset the PID and profile timers.

Parameters

start_pt	Movement starting position
end_pt	Movement ending posiiton
start_vel	Movement starting velocity
end_vel	Movement ending velocity

Implements Feedback.

5.45.3.4 is on target()

```
bool MotionController::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

Whether or not the movement has finished, and the PID confirms it is on target

Implements Feedback.

5.45.3.5 set limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied. if limits are applied, the controller will not target any value below lower or above upper

Parameters

lower	upper limit
upper	lower limiet

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.45.3.6 tune_feedforward()

This method attempts to characterize the robot's drivetrain and automatically tune the feedforward. It does this by first calculating the kS (voltage to overcome static friction) by slowly increasing the voltage until it moves.

Next is kV (voltage to sustain a certain velocity), where the robot will record it's steady-state velocity at 'pct' speed.

Finally, kA (voltage needed to accelerate by a certain rate), where the robot will record the entire movement's velocity and acceleration, record a plot of [X=(pct-kV*V-kS), Y=(Acceleration)] along the movement, and since kA*Accel = pct-kV*V-kS, the reciprocal of the linear regression is the kA value.

Parameters

drive	The tankdrive to operate on
odometry	The robot's odometry subsystem
pct	Maximum velocity in percent (0->1.0)
duration	Amount of time the robot should be moving for the test

Returns

A tuned feedforward object

5.45.3.7 update()

Update the motion profile with a new sensor value.

Parameters

sensor_val	Value from the sensor
------------	-----------------------

Returns

the motor input generated from the motion profile

Implements Feedback.

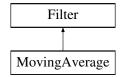
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/motion_controller.h
- src/utils/controls/motion_controller.cpp

5.46 MovingAverage Class Reference

```
#include <moving_average.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for MovingAverage:



Public Member Functions

- MovingAverage (int buffer_size)
- MovingAverage (int buffer_size, double starting_value)
- void add entry (double n)
- · double get_value () const
- int get_size () const

5.46.1 Detailed Description

MovingAverage

A moving average is a way of smoothing out noisy data. For many sensor readings, the noise is roughly symmetric around the actual value. This means that if you collect enough samples those that are too high are cancelled out by the samples that are too low leaving the real value.

The MovingAverage class provides a simple interface to do this smoothing from our noisy sensor values.

WARNING: because we need a lot of samples to get the actual value, the value given by the MovingAverage will 'lag' behind the actual value that the sensor is reading. Using a MovingAverage is thus a tradeoff between accuracy and lag time (more samples) vs. less accuracy and faster updating (less samples).

5.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.46.2.1 MovingAverage() [1/2]

Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value

Parameters

	T
hutter size	e The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
001101_0120	The size of the ballot. The hamber of balliples that constitute a valid reading

5.46.2.2 MovingAverage() [2/2]

Create a moving average calculator with a specified default value

Parameters

buffer_size	The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid reading
starting_value	The value that the average will be before any data is added

5.46.3 Member Function Documentation

5.46.3.1 add_entry()

Add a reading to the buffer Before: [1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2 $^{\wedge}$ After: [2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16 $^{\wedge}$

Parameters

n the sample that will be added to the moving average.

Implements Filter.

5.46.3.2 get_size()

```
int MovingAverage::get_size ( ) const
```

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

5.46.3.3 get_value()

```
double MovingAverage::get_value ( ) const [virtual]
```

Returns the average based off of all the samples collected so far

Returns

the calculated average. sum(samples)/numsamples

How many samples the average is made from

Returns

the number of samples used to calculate this average

Implements Filter.

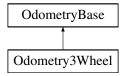
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/moving_average.h
- src/utils/moving_average.cpp

5.47 Odometry3Wheel Class Reference

#include <odometry_3wheel.h>

Inheritance diagram for Odometry3Wheel:



Classes

struct odometry3wheel_cfg_t

Public Member Functions

- Odometry3Wheel (CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, CustomEncoder &rside_fwd, CustomEncoder &off_axis, odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg, bool is_async=true)
- pose_t update () override
- void tune (vex::controller &con, TankDrive &drive)

Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- OdometryBase (bool is_async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- virtual void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- void end_async ()
- double get_speed ()
- double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Additional Inherited Members

Static Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- static int background_task (void *ptr)
- static double pos_diff (pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest_angle (double start_deg, double end_deg)

Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

• bool end_task = false

end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down

Static Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x=0.0L, .y=0.0L, .rot=90.0L}

Protected Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

- vex::task * handle
- vex::mutex mut
- pose_t current_pos
- · double speed
- double accel
- double ang_speed_deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.47.1 Detailed Description

Odometry3Wheel

This class handles the code for a standard 3-pod odometry setup, where there are 3 "pods" made up of undriven (dead) wheels connected to encoders in the following configuration:

Where O is the center of rotation. The robot will monitor the changes in rotation of these wheels and calculate the robot's X, Y and rotation on the field.

This is a "set and forget" class, meaning once the object is created, the robot will immediately begin tracking it's movement in the background.

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

Oct 31 2022

5.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.47.2.1 Odometry3Wheel()

Construct a new Odometry 3 Wheel object

Parameters

lside_fwd	left-side encoder reference
rside_fwd	right-side encoder reference
off_axis	off-axis (perpendicular) encoder reference
cfg	robot odometry configuration
is_async	true to constantly run in the background

5.47.3 Member Function Documentation

5.47.3.1 tune()

A guided tuning process to automatically find tuning parameters. This method is blocking, and returns when tuning has finished. Follow the instructions on the controller to complete the tuning process

Parameters

con	Controller reference, for screen and button control
drive	Drivetrain reference for robot control

A guided tuning process to automatically find tuning parameters. This method is blocking, and returns when tuning has finished. Follow the instructions on the controller to complete the tuning process

It is assumed the gear ratio and encoder PPR have been set correctly

5.47.3.2 update()

```
pose_t Odometry3Wheel::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Update the current position of the robot once, using the current state of the encoders and the previous known location

Returns

the robot's updated position

Implements OdometryBase.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_3wheel.h
- · src/subsystems/odometry/odometry 3wheel.cpp

5.48 Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t Struct Reference

#include <odometry_3wheel.h>

Public Attributes

- · double wheelbase_dist
- double off_axis_center_dist
- · double wheel_diam

5.48.1 Detailed Description

odometry3wheel_cfg_t holds all the specifications for how to calculate position with 3 encoders See the core wiki for what exactly each of these parameters measures

5.48.2 Member Data Documentation

5.48.2.1 off_axis_center_dist

double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::off_axis_center_dist

distance from the center of the robot to the center off axis wheel

5.48.2.2 wheel diam

double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::wheel_diam

the diameter of the tracking wheel

5.48.2.3 wheelbase_dist

double Odometry3Wheel::odometry3wheel_cfg_t::wheelbase_dist

distance from the center of the left wheel to the center of the right wheel

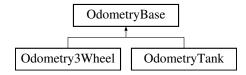
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_3wheel.h

5.49 OdometryBase Class Reference

#include <odometry_base.h>

Inheritance diagram for OdometryBase:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryBase (bool is async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- virtual void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos)
- virtual pose_t update ()=0
- void end_async ()
- double get_speed ()
- double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Static Public Member Functions

- static int background task (void *ptr)
- static double pos_diff (pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest_angle (double start_deg, double end_deg)

Public Attributes

• bool end task = false

end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down

Static Public Attributes

• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x=0.0L, .y=0.0L, .rot=90.0L}

Protected Attributes

- vex::task * handle
- vex::mutex mut
- pose_t current_pos
- double speed
- double accel
- · double ang speed deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.49.1 Detailed Description

OdometryBase

This base class contains all the shared code between different implementations of odometry. It handles the asynchronous management, position input/output and basic math functions, and holds positional types specific to field orientation.

All future odometry implementations should extend this file and redefine update() function.

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

Aug 11 2021

5.49.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.49.2.1 OdometryBase()

```
OdometryBase::OdometryBase (
          bool is_async )
```

Construct a new Odometry Base object

Parameters

is_async True to run constantly in the background, false to call update() manually

5.49.3 Member Function Documentation

5.49.3.1 background_task()

Function that runs in the background task. This function pointer is passed to the vex::task constructor.

Parameters

ptr Pointer to OdometryBase object

Returns

Required integer return code. Unused.

5.49.3.2 end_async()

```
void OdometryBase::end_async ( )
```

End the background task. Cannot be restarted. If the user wants to end the thread but keep the data up to date, they must run the update() function manually from then on.

5.49.3.3 get_accel()

```
double OdometryBase::get_accel ( )
```

Get the current acceleration

Returns

the acceleration rate of the robot (inch/s^2)

5.49.3.4 get_angular_accel_deg()

```
double OdometryBase::get_angular_accel_deg ( )
```

Get the current angular acceleration in degrees

Returns

the angular acceleration at which we are turning (deg/s $^{\wedge}$ 2)

5.49.3.5 get_angular_speed_deg()

```
double OdometryBase::get_angular_speed_deg ( )
```

Get the current angular speed in degrees

Returns

the angular velocity at which we are turning (deg/s)

5.49.3.6 get_position()

Gets the current position and rotation

Returns

the position that the odometry believes the robot is at

Gets the current position and rotation

5.49.3.7 get_speed()

```
double OdometryBase::get_speed ( )
```

Get the current speed

Returns

the speed at which the robot is moving and grooving (inch/s)

5.49.3.8 pos_diff()

Get the distance between two points

Parameters

start_pos	distance from this point
end_pos	to this point

Returns

the euclidean distance between start_pos and end_pos

5.49.3.9 rot_diff()

```
double OdometryBase::rot_diff (
          pose_t pos1,
          pose_t pos2 ) [static]
```

Get the change in rotation between two points

Parameters

pos1	position with initial rotation
pos2	position with final rotation

Returns

change in rotation between pos1 and pos2

Get the change in rotation between two points

5.49.3.10 set_position()

Sets the current position of the robot

Parameters

-		
	newpos	the new position that the odometry will believe it is at

Sets the current position of the robot

Reimplemented in OdometryTank.

5.49.3.11 smallest_angle()

Get the smallest difference in angle between a start heading and end heading. Returns the difference between -180 degrees and +180 degrees, representing the robot turning left or right, respectively.

Parameters

start_deg	intitial angle (degrees)
end_deg	final angle (degrees)

Returns

the smallest angle from the initial to the final angle. This takes into account the wrapping of rotations around 360 degrees

Get the smallest difference in angle between a start heading and end heading. Returns the difference between -180 degrees and +180 degrees, representing the robot turning left or right, respectively.

5.49.3.12 update()

```
virtual pose_t OdometryBase::update ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Update the current position on the field based on the sensors

Returns

the location that the robot is at after the odometry does its calculations

Implemented in Odometry3Wheel, and OdometryTank.

5.49.4 Member Data Documentation

5.49.4.1 accel

```
double OdometryBase::accel [protected]
```

the rate at which we are accelerating (inch/s^2)

5.49.4.2 ang_accel_deg

```
double OdometryBase::ang_accel_deg [protected]
```

the rate at which we are accelerating our turn (deg/s^2)

5.49.4.3 ang_speed_deg

```
double OdometryBase::ang_speed_deg [protected]
```

the speed at which we are turning (deg/s)

5.49.4.4 current_pos

```
pose_t OdometryBase::current_pos [protected]
```

Current position of the robot in terms of x,y,rotation

5.49.4.5 handle

```
vex::task* OdometryBase::handle [protected]
```

handle to the vex task that is running the odometry code

5.49.4.6 mut

```
vex::mutex OdometryBase::mut [protected]
```

Mutex to control multithreading

5.49.4.7 speed

```
double OdometryBase::speed [protected]
```

the speed at which we are travelling (inch/s)

5.49.4.8 zero pos

```
constexpr pose_t OdometryBase::zero_pos = {.x=0.0L, .y=0.0L, .rot=90.0L} [inline], [static],
[constexpr]
```

Zeroed position. X=0, Y=0, Rotation= 90 degrees

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

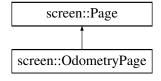
- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h
- src/subsystems/odometry/odometry base.cpp

5.50 screen::OdometryPage Class Reference

a page that shows odometry position and rotation and a map (if an sd card with the file is on)

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::OdometryPage:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryPage (OdometryBase &odom, double robot_width, double robot_height, bool do_trail)
 Create an odometry trail. Make sure odometry is initilized before now.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.50.1 Detailed Description

a page that shows odometry position and rotation and a map (if an sd card with the file is on)

5.50.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.50.2.1 OdometryPage()

```
screen::OdometryPage::OdometryPage (
    OdometryBase & odom,
    double robot_width,
    double robot_height,
    bool do_trail )
```

Create an odometry trail. Make sure odometry is initilized before now.

Parameters

odom	the odometry system to monitor
robot_width	the width (side to side) of the robot in inches. Used for visualization
robot_height	the robot_height (front to back) of the robot in inches. Used for visualization
do_trail	whether or not to calculate and draw the trail. Drawing and storing takes a very <i>slight</i> extra amount of processing power

5.50.3 Member Function Documentation

5.50.3.1 draw()

```
void screen::OdometryPage::draw (
    vex::brain::lcd & scr,
    bool first_draw,
    unsigned int frame_number ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.50.3.2 update()

```
void screen::OdometryPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

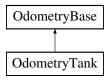
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.51 OdometryTank Class Reference

```
#include <odometry_tank.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OdometryTank:



Public Member Functions

- OdometryTank (CustomEncoder &left_custom_enc, CustomEncoder &right_custom_enc, robot_specs_t &config, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, bool is_async=true)
- pose_t update () override
- void set_position (const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos) override

Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

- OdometryBase (bool is_async)
- pose_t get_position (void)
- void end_async ()
- double get_speed ()
- double get_accel ()
- double get_angular_speed_deg ()
- double get_angular_accel_deg ()

Additional Inherited Members

Static Public Member Functions inherited from OdometryBase

```
    static int background_task (void *ptr)
```

- static double pos diff (pose t start pos, pose t end pos)
- static double rot_diff (pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2)
- static double smallest_angle (double start_deg, double end_deg)

Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
    bool end_task = false
    end_task is true if we instruct the odometry thread to shut down
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
• static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x=0.0L, .y=0.0L, .rot=90.0L}
```

Protected Attributes inherited from OdometryBase

```
vex::task * handle
```

- vex::mutex mut
- · pose t current pos
- double speed
- double accel
- double ang_speed_deg
- double ang_accel_deg

5.51.1 Detailed Description

OdometryTank defines an odometry system for a tank drivetrain This requires encoders in the same orientation as the drive wheels Odometry is a "start and forget" subsystem, which means once it's created and configured, it will constantly run in the background and track the robot's X, Y and rotation coordinates.

5.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.51.2.1 OdometryTank() [1/3]

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_side	The left motors
right_side	The right motors
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.51.2.2 OdometryTank() [2/3]

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_custom_enc	The left custom encoder
right_custom_enc	The right custom encoder
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.51.2.3 OdometryTank() [3/3]

```
OdometryTank::OdometryTank (
    vex::encoder & left_vex_enc,
    vex::encoder & right_vex_enc,
    robot_specs_t & config,
    vex::inertial * imu = NULL,
    bool is_async = true )
```

Initialize the Odometry module, calculating position from the drive motors.

Parameters

left_vex_enc	The left vex encoder
right_vex_enc	The right vex encoder
config	the specifications that supply the odometry with descriptions of the robot. See robot_specs_t for what is contained
imu	The robot's inertial sensor. If not included, rotation is calculated from the encoders.
is_async	If true, position will be updated in the background continuously. If false, the programmer will have to manually call update().

5.51.3 Member Function Documentation

5.51.3.1 set position()

set_position tells the odometry to place itself at a position

Parameters

newpos th	he position the odometry will take
-----------	------------------------------------

Resets the position and rotational data to the input.

Reimplemented from OdometryBase.

5.51.3.2 update()

```
pose_t OdometryTank::update ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Update the current position on the field based on the sensors

Returns

the position that odometry has calculated itself to be at

Update, store and return the current position of the robot. Only use if not initializing with a separate thread.

Implements OdometryBase.

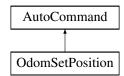
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/odometry/odometry tank.h
- src/subsystems/odometry/odometry_tank.cpp

5.52 OdomSetPosition Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OdomSetPosition:



Public Member Functions

- OdomSetPosition (OdometryBase &odom, const pose_t &newpos=OdometryBase::zero_pos)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.52.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the set_position function in the Odometry class

5.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.52.2.1 OdomSetPosition()

```
OdomSetPosition::OdomSetPosition (
          OdometryBase & odom,
          const pose_t & newpos = OdometryBase::zero_pos )
```

constructs a new OdomSetPosition command

Parameters

(odom	the odometry system we are setting
1	newpos	the position we are telling the odometry to take. defaults to $(0, 0)$, angle = 90

Construct an Odometry set pos

Parameters

odom	the odometry system we are setting	
newpos	the now position to set the odometry to	

5.52.3 Member Function Documentation

5.52.3.1 run()

```
bool OdomSetPosition::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run set_position Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.53 OrCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for OrCondition:



Public Member Functions

- OrCondition (Condition *A, Condition *B)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

```
• Condition * Or (Condition *b)
```

• Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.53.1 Member Function Documentation

5.53.1.1 test()

```
bool OrCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.54 screen::Page Class Reference

Page describes one part of the screen slideshow.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::Page:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)
 collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))
- virtual void draw (vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)

 draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

5.54.1 Detailed Description

Page describes one part of the screen slideshow.

5.54.2 Member Function Documentation

5.54.2.1 draw()

draw stored data to the screen (runs at 10 hz and only runs if this page is in front)

Parameters

first_draw	true if we just switched to this page
frame_number	frame of drawing we are on (basically an animation tick)

Reimplemented in AutoChooser, screen::StatsPage, screen::OdometryPage, screen::FunctionPage, screen::PIDPage, and FlywheelPage.

5.54.2.2 update()

```
int x, int y) [virtual]
```

collect data, respond to screen input, do fast things (runs at 50hz even if you're not focused on this Page (only drawn page gets touch updates))

Parameters

was_pressed	true if the screen has been pressed
X	x position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)
У	y position of screen press (if the screen was pressed)

Reimplemented in AutoChooser, screen::StatsPage, screen::OdometryPage, screen::FunctionPage, screen::PIDPage, and FlywheelPage.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

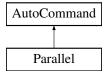
• include/subsystems/screen.h

5.55 Parallel Class Reference

Parallel runs multiple commands in parallel and waits for all to finish before continuing. if none finish before this command's timeout, it will call on_timeout on all children continue.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Parallel:



Public Member Functions

- Parallel (std::initializer_list< AutoCommand * > cmds)
- · bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.55.1 Detailed Description

Parallel runs multiple commands in parallel and waits for all to finish before continuing. if none finish before this command's timeout, it will call on timeout on all children continue.

5.55.2 Member Function Documentation

5.55.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void Parallel::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.55.2.2 run()

```
bool Parallel::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.56 parallel runner info Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- · int index
- std::vector< vex::task * > * runners
- AutoCommand * cmd

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.57 PurePursuit::Path Class Reference

```
#include <pure_pursuit.h>
```

Public Member Functions

```
    Path (std::vector< point_t > points, double radius)
```

```
• std::vector< point_t > get_points ()
```

- double get radius ()
- bool is_valid ()

5.57.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper for a vector of points, checking if any of the points are too close for pure pursuit

5.57.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.57.2.1 Path()

Create a Path

Parameters

points	the points that make up the path
radius	the lookahead radius for pure pursuit

5.57.3 Member Function Documentation

5.57.3.1 get_points()

```
std::vector< point_t > PurePursuit::Path::get_points ( )
```

Get the points associated with this Path

5.57.3.2 get_radius()

```
double PurePursuit::Path::get_radius ( )
```

Get the radius associated with this Path

5.57.3.3 is_valid()

```
bool PurePursuit::Path::is_valid ( )
```

Get whether this path will behave as expected

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/pure_pursuit.h
- · src/utils/pure pursuit.cpp

5.58 PID Class Reference

```
#include <pid.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PID:



Classes

• struct pid_config_t

Public Types

enum ERROR_TYPE { LINEAR , ANGULAR }

Public Member Functions

- · PID (pid config t &config)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel=0, double end_vel=0) override
- double update (double sensor_val) override
- double get_sensor_val ()

gets the sensor value that we were last updated with

- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override
- void reset ()
- double get error ()
- double get_target ()
- void set_target (double target)

5.58 PID Class Reference 111

Public Attributes

pid_config_t & config

configuration struct for this controller. see pid_config_t for information about what this contains

5.58.1 Detailed Description

PID Class

Defines a standard feedback loop using the constants kP, kI, kD, deadband, and on_target_time. The formula is:

```
out = kP*error + kI*integral(d Error) + kD*(dError/dt)
```

The PID object will determine it is "on target" when the error is within the deadband, for a duration of on_target_time

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

4/3/2020

5.58.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.58.2.1 **ERROR_TYPE**

```
enum PID::ERROR_TYPE
```

An enum to distinguish between a linear and angular caluclation of PID error.

5.58.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.58.3.1 PID()

Create the PID object

Parameters

config the configuration data for this controller

Create the PID object

5.58.4 Member Function Documentation

5.58.4.1 get()

```
double PID::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the current PID out value, from when update() was last run

Returns

the Out value of the controller (voltage, RPM, whatever the PID controller is controlling)

Gets the current $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PID}}$ out value, from when $\ensuremath{\mathsf{update}}()$ was last run

Implements Feedback.

5.58.4.2 get_error()

```
double PID::get_error ( )
```

Get the delta between the current sensor data and the target

Returns

the error calculated. how it is calculated depends on error method specified in pid config t

Get the delta between the current sensor data and the target

5.58.4.3 get_sensor_val()

```
double PID::get_sensor_val ( )
```

gets the sensor value that we were last updated with

Returns

sensor_val

5.58.4.4 get_target()

```
double PID::get_target ( )
```

Get the PID's target

Returns

the target the PID controller is trying to achieve

5.58.4.5 init()

Inherited from Feedback for interoperability. Update the setpoint and reset integral accumulation start_pt can be safely ignored in this feedback controller

5.58 PID Class Reference 113

Parameters

start_pt	commpletely ignored for PID. necessary to satisfy Feedback base	
set_pt	sets the target of the PID controller	
start_vel	start_vel completely ignored for PID. necessary to satisfy Feedback base	
end_vel	sets the target end velocity of the PID controller	

Implements Feedback.

5.58.4.6 is_on_target()

```
bool PID::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Checks if the PID controller is on target.

Returns

true if the loop is within [deadband] for [on_target_time] seconds

Returns true if the loop is within [deadband] for [on_target_time] seconds

Implements Feedback.

5.58.4.7 reset()

```
void PID::reset ( )
```

Reset the PID loop by resetting time since 0 and accumulated error.

5.58.4.8 set_limits()

Set the limits on the PID out. The PID out will "clip" itself to be between the limits.

Parameters

lower	the lower limit. the PID controller will never command the output go below lower
upper	the upper limit. the PID controller will never command the output go higher than upper

Set the limits on the PID out. The PID out will "clip" itself to be between the limits.

Implements Feedback.

5.58.4.9 set_target()

Set the target for the PID loop, where the robot is trying to end up

Parameters

```
target the sensor reading we would like to achieve
```

Set the target for the PID loop, where the robot is trying to end up

5.58.4.10 update()

Update the PID loop by taking the time difference from last update, and running the PID formula with the new sensor data

Parameters

sensor_val the distance, angle, encoder position or whatever it is we are measuring

Returns

the new output. What would be returned by PID::get()

Implements Feedback.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/controls/pid.h
- src/utils/controls/pid.cpp

5.59 PID::pid_config_t Struct Reference

```
#include <pid.h>
```

Public Attributes

```
• double p
```

```
proportional coeffecient p * error()
```

• double i

```
integral coeffecient i * integral(error)
```

• double d

5.60 PIDFF Class Reference 115

derivitave coeffecient d * derivative(error)

· double deadband

at what threshold are we close enough to be finished

• double on_target_time

the time in seconds that we have to be on target for to say we are officially at the target

ERROR_TYPE error_method

Linear or angular. wheter to do error as a simple subtraction or to wrap.

5.59.1 Detailed Description

pid_config_t holds the configuration parameters for a pid controller In addtion to the constant of proportional, integral and derivative, these parameters include:

- · deadband -
- on_target_time for how long do we have to be at the target to stop As well, pid_config_t holds an error type
 which determines whether errors should be calculated as if the sensor position is a measure of distance or
 an angle

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/controls/pid.h

5.60 PIDFF Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for PIDFF:



Public Member Functions

- PIDFF (PID::pid_config_t &pid_cfg, FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override
- void set_target (double set_pt)
- double update (double val) override
- double update (double val, double vel_setpt, double a_setpt=0)
- · double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- · bool is_on_target () override

Public Attributes

PID pid

5.60.1 Member Function Documentation

5.60.1.1 get()

```
double PIDFF::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.60.1.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value	
set_pt	where the sensor value should be	
start_vel the current rate of change of the sensor value		
end_vel	the desired ending rate of change of the sensor value	

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start⊷ _pt	the current sensor value
set_pt	where the sensor value should be

Implements Feedback.

5.60.1.3 is_on_target()

```
bool PIDFF::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.60 PIDFF Class Reference 117

5.60.1.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.60.1.5 set_target()

Set the target of the PID loop

Parameters

set⊷	Setpoint / target value
_pt	

5.60.1.6 update() [1/2]

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value. Only kS for feedfoward will be applied.

Parameters

```
val value from the sensor
```

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

5.60.1.7 update() [2/2]

```
double vel_setpt,
double a_setpt = 0 )
```

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

val	value from the sensor
vel_setpt	Velocity for feedforward
a_setpt	Acceleration for feedfoward

Returns

feedback loop result

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

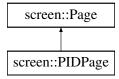
- include/utils/controls/pidff.h
- src/utils/controls/pidff.cpp

5.61 screen::PIDPage Class Reference

PIDPage provides a way to tune a pid controller on the screen.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::PIDPage:



Public Member Functions

- PIDPage (PID &pid, std::string name, std::function < void(void) > onchange=[](){})
 Create a PIDPage.
- PIDPage (PIDFF &pidff, std::string name, std::function < void(void) > onchange=[](){})
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.61.1 Detailed Description

PIDPage provides a way to tune a pid controller on the screen.

5.61.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.61.2.1 PIDPage()

```
screen::PIDPage::PIDPage (
          PID & pid,
          std::string name,
          std::function< void(void) > onchange = [](){} )
```

Create a PIDPage.

Parameters

pid	the pid controller we're changing
name	a name to recognize this pid controller if we've got multiple pid screens
onchange	a function that is called when a tuning parameter is changed. If you need to update stuff on that change register a handler here

5.61.3 Member Function Documentation

5.61.3.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.61.3.2 update()

```
void screen::PIDPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/screen.h
- · src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.62 point_t Struct Reference

```
#include <geometry.h>
```

Public Member Functions

```
    double dist (const point_t other) const
    point_t operator+ (const point_t &other) const
    point_t operator- (const point_t &other) const
```

point_t operator* (double s) const

• point_t operator/ (double s) const

• point_t operator- () const

• point_t operator+ () const

bool operator== (const point_t &rhs)

Public Attributes

• double x

the x position in space

double y

the y position in space

5.62.1 Detailed Description

Data structure representing an X,Y coordinate

5.62.2 Member Function Documentation

5.62.2.1 dist()

dist calculates the euclidian distance between this point and another point using the pythagorean theorem

Parameters

other the point to measure the distance from

Returns

the euclidian distance between this and other

5.62.2.2 operator+()

Vector2D addition operation on points

Parameters

other	the point to add on to this
-------	-----------------------------

Returns

```
this + other (this.x + other.x, this.y + other.y)
```

5.62.2.3 operator-()

Vector2D subtraction operation on points

Parameters

```
other the point_t to subtract from this
```

Returns

```
this - other (this.x - other.x, this.y - other.y)
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/geometry.h

5.63 pose_t Struct Reference

```
#include <geometry.h>
```

Public Member Functions

point_t get_point ()

Public Attributes

• double **x**

x position in the world

 $\bullet \ \ \text{double} \ \boldsymbol{y}$

y position in the world

double rot

rotation in the world

5.63.1 Detailed Description

Describes a single position and rotation

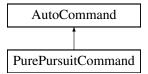
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/geometry.h

5.64 PurePursuitCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PurePursuitCommand:



Public Member Functions

- PurePursuitCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout seconds = default timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.64.1 Detailed Description

Autocommand wrapper class for pure pursuit function in the TankDrive class

5.65 Rect Struct Reference 123

5.64.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.64.2.1 PurePursuitCommand()

Construct a Pure Pursuit AutoCommand

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)

5.64.3 Member Function Documentation

5.64.3.1 on timeout()

```
void PurePursuitCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Reset the drive system when it times out

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.64.3.2 run()

```
bool PurePursuitCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Direct call to TankDrive::pure_pursuit

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.65 Rect Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

- point_t dimensions () const
- point_t center () const
- double width () const
- double height () const
- bool contains (point_t p) const

Static Public Member Functions

static Rect from_min_and_size (point_t min, point_t size)

Public Attributes

- point_t min
- point_t max

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/utils/geometry.h

5.66 RepeatUntil Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RepeatUntil:



Public Member Functions

- RepeatUntil (InOrder cmds, size_t repeats)
 - RepeatUntil that runs a fixed number of times.
- RepeatUntil (InOrder cmds, Condition *true_to_end)

RepeatUntil the condition.

- bool run () override
- void on timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.66.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.66.1.1 RepeatUntil() [1/2]

RepeatUntil that runs a fixed number of times.

Parameters

cmds	the cmds to repeat
repeats	the number of repeats to do

5.66.1.2 RepeatUntil() [2/2]

RepeatUntil the condition.

Parameters

cmds	the cmds to run
true_to_end	we will repeat until true_or_end.test() returns true

5.66.2 Member Function Documentation

5.66.2.1 on_timeout()

```
void RepeatUntil::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

What to do if we timeout instead of finishing. timeout is specified by the timeout seconds in the constructor

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.66.2.2 run()

```
bool RepeatUntil::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h
- src/utils/command_structure/auto_command.cpp

5.67 robot specs t Struct Reference

#include <robot_specs.h>

Public Attributes

· double robot_radius

if you were to draw a circle with this radius, the robot would be entirely contained within it

· double odom wheel diam

the diameter of the wheels used for

• double odom_gear_ratio

the ratio of the odometry wheel to the encoder reading odometry data

· double dist between wheels

the distance between centers of the central drive wheels

double drive correction cutoff

the distance at which to stop trying to turn towards the target. If we are less than this value, we can continue driving forward to minimize our distance but will not try to spin around to point directly at the target

Feedback * drive_feedback

the default feedback for autonomous driving

Feedback * turn_feedback

the defualt feedback for autonomous turning

PID::pid_config_t correction_pid

the pid controller to keep the robot driving in as straight a line as possible

5.67.1 Detailed Description

Main robot characterization struct. This will be passed to all the major subsystems that require info about the robot. All distance measurements are in inches.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/robot_specs.h

5.68 screen::ScreenData Struct Reference

The ScreenData class holds the data that will be passed to the screen thread you probably shouldnt have to use it.

Public Member Functions

• ScreenData (const std::vector< Page * > &m_pages, int m_page, vex::brain::lcd &m_screen)

Public Attributes

- std::vector< Page * > pages
- int **page** = 0
- vex::brain::lcd screen

5.68.1 Detailed Description

The ScreenData class holds the data that will be passed to the screen thread you probably shouldnt have to use it.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.69 Serializer Class Reference

Serializes Arbitrary data to a file on the SD Card.

```
#include <serializer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

∼Serializer ()

Save and close upon destruction (bc of vex, this doesnt always get called when the program ends. To be sure, call save to disk)

• Serializer (const std::string &filename, bool flush_always=true)

create a Serializer

• void save_to_disk () const

saves current Serializer state to disk

void set_int (const std::string &name, int i)

Setters - not saved until save_to_disk is called.

• void set_bool (const std::string &name, bool b)

sets a bool by the name of name to b. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

void set_double (const std::string &name, double d)

sets a double by the name of name to d. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

· void set_string (const std::string &name, std::string str)

sets a string by the name of name to s. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

• int int_or (const std::string &name, int otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not found, sets the value to otherwise

• bool bool_or (const std::string &name, bool otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

• double double_or (const std::string &name, double otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

std::string string_or (const std::string &name, std::string otherwise)

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

5.69.1 Detailed Description

Serializes Arbitrary data to a file on the SD Card.

5.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.69.2.1 Serializer()

create a Serializer

Parameters

filename	the file to read from. If filename does not exist we will create that file
flush_always	If true, after every write flush to a file. If false, you are responsible for calling save_to_disk

5.69.3 Member Function Documentation

5.69.3.1 bool_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.69.3.2 double_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.69.3.3 int_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not found, sets the value to otherwise

Getters Return value if it exists in the serializer

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

5.69.3.4 save_to_disk()

```
void Serializer::save_to_disk ( ) const
```

saves current Serializer state to disk

forms data bytes then saves to filename this was openned with

5.69.3.5 set_bool()

sets a bool by the name of name to b. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of bool
b	value of bool

5.69.3.6 set_double()

sets a double by the name of name to d. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of double
d	value of double

5.69.3.7 set_int()

```
void Serializer::set_int (
```

```
const std::string & name, int i)
```

Setters - not saved until save_to_disk is called.

sets an integer by the name of name to i. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of integer
i	value of integer

5.69.3.8 set_string()

sets a string by the name of name to s. If flush_always == true, this will save to the sd card

Parameters

name	name of string
i	value of string

5.69.3.9 string_or()

gets a value stored in the serializer. If not, sets the value to otherwise

Parameters

name	name of value
otherwise	value if the name is not specified

Returns

the value if found or otherwise

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/serializer.h
- src/utils/serializer.cpp

5.70 screen::SliderWidget Class Reference

Widget that updates a double value. Updates by reference so watch out for race conditions cuz the screen stuff lives on another thread.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• SliderWidget (double &val, double low, double high, Rect rect, std::string name)

Creates a slider widget.

bool update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y)

responds to user input

• void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number)

Page::draws the slide to the screen

5.70.1 Detailed Description

Widget that updates a double value. Updates by reference so watch out for race conditions cuz the screen stuff lives on another thread.

5.70.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.70.2.1 SliderWidget()

Creates a slider widget.

Parameters

val	reference to the value to modify
low	minimum value to go to
high	maximum value to go to
rect	rect to draw it
name	name of the value

5.70.3 Member Function Documentation

5.70.3.1 update()

```
bool screen::SliderWidget::update (
```

```
bool was_pressed,
int x,
int y )
```

responds to user input

Parameters

was_pressed	if the screen is pressed
X	x position if the screen was pressed
У	y position if the screen was pressed

Returns

true if the value updated

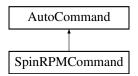
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.71 SpinRPMCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SpinRPMCommand:



Public Member Functions

- SpinRPMCommand (Flywheel &flywheel, int rpm)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.71.1 Detailed Description

File: flywheel_commands.h Desc: [insert meaningful desc] AutoCommand wrapper class for the spin_rpm function in the Flywheel class

5.71.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.71.2.1 SpinRPMCommand()

```
\label{eq:spinRPMCommand:SpinRPMCommand} \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{Flywheel \& flywheel,} \\ \mbox{int } rpm \mbox{ )}
```

Construct a SpinRPM Command

Parameters

flywheel	the flywheel sys to command
rpm	the rpm that we should spin at

File: flywheel_commands.cpp Desc: [insert meaningful desc]

5.71.3 Member Function Documentation

5.71.3.1 run()

```
bool SpinRPMCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run spin_manual Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

5.72 PurePursuit::spline Struct Reference

#include <pure_pursuit.h>

Public Member Functions

• double **getY** (double x)

Public Attributes

- double a
- double **b**
- double c
- double d
- · double x_start
- double x_end

5.72.1 Detailed Description

Represents a piece of a cubic spline with $s(x) = a(x-xi)^3 + b(x-xi)^2 + c(x-xi) + d$ The x_start and x_end shows where the equation is valid.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

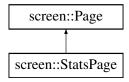
• include/utils/pure_pursuit.h

5.73 screen::StatsPage Class Reference

Draws motor stats and battery stats to the screen.

```
#include <screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for screen::StatsPage:



Public Member Functions

- $\bullet \ \, \textbf{StatsPage} \ (\textbf{std}::\texttt{map}{<} \ \, \textbf{std}::\texttt{string}, \ \, \textbf{vex}::\texttt{motor} \ \, \textbf{\&} > \texttt{motors}) \\$
 - Creates a stats page.
- void update (bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override
- void draw (vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override

5.73.1 Detailed Description

Draws motor stats and battery stats to the screen.

5.73.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.73.2.1 StatsPage()

Creates a stats page.

Parameters

motors a map of string to motor that we want to draw on this page

5.73.3 Member Function Documentation

5.73.3.1 draw()

See also

Page::draw

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

5.73.3.2 update()

```
void screen::StatsPage::update (
          bool was_pressed,
          int x,
          int y ) [override], [virtual]
```

See also

Page::update

Reimplemented from screen::Page.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

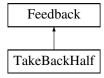
- include/subsystems/screen.h
- src/subsystems/screen.cpp

5.74 TakeBackHalf Class Reference

A velocity controller.

```
#include <take_back_half.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TakeBackHalf:



Public Member Functions

- TakeBackHalf (double TBH_gain, double first_cross_split, double on_target_threshold)
- void init (double start_pt, double set_pt, double, double)
- double update (double val) override
- double get () override
- void set_limits (double lower, double upper) override
- bool is_on_target () override

Public Attributes

· double TBH gain

tuned parameter

· double first_cross_split

5.74.1 Detailed Description

A velocity controller.

Warning

If you try to use this as a position controller, it will fail.

5.74.2 Member Function Documentation

```
5.74.2.1 get()
```

```
double TakeBackHalf::get ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

the last saved result from the feedback controller

Implements Feedback.

5.74.2.2 init()

Initialize the feedback controller for a movement

Parameters

start_pt	the current sensor value	
set_pt where the sensor value should be		
start_vel Movement starting velocity (IGNORE		
end_vel	Movement ending velocity (IGNORED)	

Implements Feedback.

5.74.2.3 is_on_target()

```
bool TakeBackHalf::is_on_target ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Returns

true if the feedback controller has reached it's setpoint

Implements Feedback.

5.74.2.4 set_limits()

Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output. If both are 0, no limits should be applied.

Parameters

lower	Upper limit
upper	Lower limit

Implements Feedback.

5.74.2.5 update()

Iterate the feedback loop once with an updated sensor value

Parameters

val	value from the sensor
vai	value II UIII lile SeliSUI

Returns

feedback loop result

Implements Feedback.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/utils/controls/take back half.h
- src/utils/controls/take back half.cpp

5.75 TankDrive Class Reference

#include <tank_drive.h>

Public Member Functions

- TankDrive (motor_group &left_motors, motor_group &right_motors, robot_specs_t &config, OdometryBase *odom=NULL)
- AutoCommand * DriveToPointCmd (point_t pt, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max_speed=1.0, double end_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * DriveToPointCmd (Feedback &fb, point_t pt, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max_speed=1.0, double end_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * DriveForwardCmd (Feedback &fb, double dist, vex::directionType dir=vex::forward, double max speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnToHeadingCmd (double heading, double max speed=1.0, double end speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnToHeadingCmd (Feedback &fb, double heading, double max_speed=1.0, double end_speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnDegreesCmd (double degrees, double max speed=1.0, double start speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * TurnDegreesCmd (Feedback &fb, double degrees, double max_speed=1.0, double end
 _speed=0.0)
- AutoCommand * PurePursuitCmd (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end speed=0)
- AutoCommand * PurePursuitCmd (Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- void stop ()
- void drive tank (double left, double right, int power=1)
- void drive arcade (double forward back, double left right, int power=1)
- bool drive_forward (double inches, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive forward (double inches, directionType dir, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- bool turn degrees (double degrees, Feedback &feedback, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- bool turn_degrees (double degrees, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive_to_point (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool drive_to_point (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool turn to heading (double heading deg, double max speed=1, double end speed=0)
- void reset_auto ()
- bool pure_pursuit (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool pure_pursuit (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)

Static Public Member Functions

• static double modify_inputs (double input, int power=2)

5.75.1 Detailed Description

TankDrive is a class to run a tank drive system. A tank drive system, sometimes called differential drive, has a motor (or group of synchronized motors) on the left and right side

5.75.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.75.2.1 TankDrive()

Create the TankDrive object

Parameters

left_motors	left side drive motors
right_motors	right side drive motors
config	the configuration specification defining physical dimensions about the robot. See robot_specs_t for more info
odom	an odometry system to track position and rotation. this is necessary to execute autonomous paths

5.75.3 Member Function Documentation

5.75.3.1 drive_arcade()

Drive the robot using arcade style controls. forward_back controls the linear motion, left_right controls the turning.

forward_back and left_right are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

Parameters

forward_back	ward_back the percent to move forward or backward	
left_right	left_right the percent to turn left or right	
power modifies the input velocities left^power, right^p		

Drive the robot using arcade style controls. forward_back controls the linear motion, left_right controls the turning.

left_motors and right_motors are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

5.75.3.2 drive_forward() [1/2]

Autonomously drive the robot forward a certain distance

Parameters

inches	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Autonomously drive the robot forward a certain distance

Parameters

inches	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have finished driving to our point

5.75.3.3 drive_forward() [2/2]

Use odometry to drive forward a certain distance using a custom feedback controller

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

inches	the distance to drive forward
•	

Parameters

dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
feedback	the custom feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and
	drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true when we have reached our target distance

Use odometry to drive forward a certain distance using a custom feedback controller

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

inches	the distance to drive forward
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
feedback	the custom feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and
	drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

5.75.3.4 drive_tank()

Drive the robot using differential style controls. left_motors controls the left motors, right_motors controls the right motors.

left_motors and right_motors are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

Parameters

left	the percent to run the left motors
right	the percent to run the right motors
power	modifies the input velocities left^power, right^power
isdriver	default false. if true uses motor percentage. if false uses plain percentage of maximum voltage

Drive the robot using differential style controls. left_motors controls the left motors, right_motors controls the right motors.

left_motors and right_motors are in "percent": -1.0 -> 1.0

5.75.3.5 drive_to_point() [1/2]

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot. Here we use the default feedback controller from the drive_sys

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot. Here we use the default feedback controller from the drive_sys

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target point

5.75.3.6 drive_to_point() [2/2]

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot.

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

X	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Use odometry to automatically drive the robot to a point on the field. X and Y is the final point we want the robot.

Returns whether or not the robot has reached it's destination.

Parameters

Х	the x position of the target
У	the y position of the target
dir	the direction we want to travel forward and backward
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target point

5.75.3.7 modify_inputs()

Create a curve for the inputs, so that drivers have more control at lower speeds. Curves are exponential, with the default being squaring the inputs.

Parameters

input	the input before modification
power	the power to raise input to

Returns

input ^ power (accounts for negative inputs and odd numbered powers)

Modify the inputs from the controller by squaring / cubing, etc Allows for better control of the robot at slower speeds

Parameters

input	the input signal -1 -> 1
power	the power to raise the signal to

Generated by Doxygen

Returns

input^power accounting for any sign issues that would arise with this naive solution

5.75.3.8 pure_pursuit() [1/2]

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Use the default drive feedback

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

True when the path is complete

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Use the default drive feedback

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)

Returns

True when the path is complete

5.75.3.9 pure_pursuit() [2/2]

```
double max_speed = 1,
double end_speed = 0 )
```

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

True when the path is complete

Drive the robot autonomously using a pure-pursuit algorithm - Input path with a set of waypoints - the robot will attempt to follow the points while cutting corners (radius) to save time (compared to stop / turn / start)

Parameters

path	The list of coordinates to follow, in order
dir	Run the bot forwards or backwards
feedback	The feedback controller determining speed
max_speed	Limit the speed of the robot (for pid / pidff feedbacks)

Returns

True when the path is complete

5.75.3.10 reset_auto()

```
void TankDrive::reset_auto ( )
```

Reset the initialization for autonomous drive functions

5.75.3.11 stop()

```
void TankDrive::stop ( )
```

Stops rotation of all the motors using their "brake mode"

5.75.3.12 turn_degrees() [1/2]

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the defualt turning feedback of the drive system.

Parameters

	degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
	max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
İ	end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the defualt turning feedback of the drive system.

Parameters

degrees degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turn		degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
ma	ax_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end	d_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we turned te target number of degrees

5.75.3.13 turn_degrees() [2/2]

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses PID + Feedforward for it's control.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power

Autonomously turn the robot X degrees to counterclockwise (negative for clockwise), with a maximum motor speed of percent_speed (-1.0 -> 1.0)

Uses the specified feedback for it's control.

Parameters

degrees	degrees by which we will turn relative to the robot (+) turns ccw, (-) turns cw
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have turned our target number of degrees

5.75.3.14 turn_to_heading() [1/2]

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward. Uses the defualt turn feedback of the drive system

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward. Uses the defualt turn feedback of the drive system

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

true if we have reached our target heading

5.75.3.15 turn_to_heading() [2/2]

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward.

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Turn the robot in place to an exact heading relative to the field. 0 is forward.

Parameters

heading_deg	the heading to which we will turn
feedback	the feedback controller we will use to travel. controls the rate at which we accelerate and drive.
max_speed	the maximum percentage of robot speed at which the robot will travel. 1 = full power
end_speed	the movement profile will attempt to reach this velocity by its completion

Returns

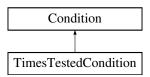
true if we have reached our target heading

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/subsystems/tank_drive.h
- · src/subsystems/tank_drive.cpp

5.76 TimesTestedCondition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for TimesTestedCondition:



Public Member Functions

- TimesTestedCondition (size_t N)
- bool test () override

Public Member Functions inherited from Condition

- Condition * Or (Condition *b)
- Condition * And (Condition *b)

5.76.1 Member Function Documentation

5.76.1.1 test()

```
bool TimesTestedCondition::test ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Implements Condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h

5.77 trapezoid profile segment t Struct Reference

#include <trapezoid_profile.h>

Public Attributes

· double pos after

1d position after this segment concludes

· double vel_after

1d velocity after this segment concludes

· double accel

1d acceleration during the segment

double duration

duration of the segment

5.77.1 Detailed Description

trapezoid_profile_segment_t is a description of one constant acceleration segment of a trapezoid motion profile

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h

5.78 TrapezoidProfile Class Reference

#include <trapezoid_profile.h>

Public Member Functions

TrapezoidProfile (double max_v, double accel)

Construct a new Trapezoid Profile object.

motion_t calculate (double time_s, double pos_s)

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time and distance that's elapsed.

motion_t calculate_time_based (double time_s)

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time that's elapsed.

void set_endpts (double start, double end)

set_endpts defines a start and end position

• void set_vel_endpts (double start, double end)

set start and end velocities

void set_accel (double accel)

set_accel sets the acceleration this profile will use (the left and right legs of the trapezoid)

void set_max_v (double max_v)

sets the maximum velocity for the profile (the height of the top of the trapezoid)

• double get_movement_time ()

uses the kinematic equations to and specified accel and max_v to figure out how long moving along the profile would take

5.78.1 Detailed Description

Trapezoid Profile

This is a motion profile defined by:

- · maximum acceleration
- · maximum velocity
- · start position and velocity
- · end position and velocity

Using this information, a parametric function is generated, with a period of acceleration, constant velocity, and deceleration. The velocity graph usually looks like a trapezoid, giving it its name.

If the maximum velocity is set high enough, this will become a S-curve profile, with only acceleration and deceleration.

If the initial velocity is in the wrong direction, the profile will first come to a stop, then continue a normal trapezoid profile.

If the initial velocity is higher than the maximum velocity, the profile will first try to achieve the maximum velocity.

If the end velocity is not achievable, the profile will try to get as close as possible. The end velocity must be in the direction of the end point.

This class is designed for use in properly modelling the motion of the robots to create a feedfoward and target for PID. Acceleration and Maximum velocity should be measured on the robot and tuned down slightly to account for battery drop.

Here are the equations graphed for ease of understanding: https://www.desmos.com/calculator/rkm3ivulyk

Author

Ryan McGee

Date

7/12/2022

5.78.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.78.2.1 TrapezoidProfile()

Construct a new Trapezoid Profile object.

Parameters

max⇔	Maximum velocity the robot can run at
_ <i>v</i>	
accel	Maximum acceleration of the robot

5.78.3 Member Function Documentation

5.78.3.1 calculate()

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time and distance that's elapsed.

Parameters

time⊷	Time since start of movement
_s	
pos⊷	The current position
_s	

Returns

motion_t Position, velocity and acceleration

5.78.3.2 calculate_time_based()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} motion\_t & TrapezoidProfile::calculate\_time\_based ( \\ & double & time\_s ) \end{tabular}
```

Run the trapezoidal profile based on the time that's elapsed.

Parameters

time←	Time since start of movement
_s	

Returns

motion_t Position, velocity and acceleration

5.78.3.3 get_movement_time()

```
double TrapezoidProfile::get_movement_time ( )
```

uses the kinematic equations to and specified accel and max_v to figure out how long moving along the profile would take

Returns

the time the path will take to travel

5.78.3.4 set_accel()

set_accel sets the acceleration this profile will use (the left and right legs of the trapezoid)

Parameters

accel	the acceleration amount to use
-------	--------------------------------

5.78.3.5 set_endpts()

set_endpts defines a start and end position

Parameters

	start	the starting position of the path
	end	the ending position of the path

5.78.3.6 set_max_v()

sets the maximum velocity for the profile (the height of the top of the trapezoid)

Parameters

max⊷	the maximum velocity the robot can travel at
_ <i>v</i>	

5.78.3.7 set_vel_endpts()

set start and end velocities

Parameters

start	the starting velocity of the path
end	the ending velocity of the path

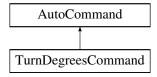
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h
- src/utils/trapezoid profile.cpp

5.79 TurnDegreesCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TurnDegreesCommand:



Public Member Functions

- TurnDegreesCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double degrees, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.79.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the turn_degrees function in the TankDrive class

5.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.79.2.1 TurnDegreesCommand()

Construct a TurnDegreesCommand Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the turn
degrees	how many degrees to rotate
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.79.3 Member Function Documentation

5.79.3.1 on_timeout()

```
void TurnDegreesCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we timeout

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.79.3.2 run()

```
bool TurnDegreesCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run turn_degrees Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

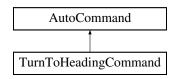
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.80 TurnToHeadingCommand Class Reference

```
#include <drive_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TurnToHeadingCommand:



Public Member Functions

- TurnToHeadingCommand (TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double heading_deg, double speed=1, double end_speed=0)
- bool run () override
- void on_timeout () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.80.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand wrapper class for the turn to heading() function in the TankDrive class

5.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.80.2.1 TurnToHeadingCommand()

Construct a TurnToHeadingCommand Command

Parameters

drive_sys	the drive system we are commanding
feedback	the feedback controller we are using to execute the drive
heading_deg	the heading to turn to in degrees
max_speed	0 -> 1 percentage of the drive systems speed to drive at

5.80.3 Member Function Documentation

5.80.3.1 on timeout()

```
void TurnToHeadingCommand::on_timeout ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Cleans up drive system if we time out before finishing

reset the drive system if we don't hit our target

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

5.80.3.2 run()

```
bool TurnToHeadingCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run turn_to_heading Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/drive_commands.cpp

5.81 Vector2D Class Reference

#include <vector2d.h>

Public Member Functions

- Vector2D (double dir, double mag)
- Vector2D (point_t p)
- double get_dir () const
- double get_mag () const
- double get_x () const
- double get_y () const
- Vector2D normalize ()
- point_t point ()
- Vector2D operator* (const double &x)
- Vector2D operator+ (const Vector2D &other)
- Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &other)

5.81.1 Detailed Description

Vector2D is an x,y pair Used to represent 2D locations on the field. It can also be treated as a direction and magnitude

5.81.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.81.2.1 Vector2D() [1/2]

Construct a vector object.

Parameters

dir	Direction, in radians. 'foward' is 0, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.
mag	Magnitude.

5.81.2.2 Vector2D() [2/2]

Construct a vector object from a cartesian point.

Parameters

```
p point_t.x , point_t.y
```

5.81.3 Member Function Documentation

5.81.3.1 get_dir()

```
double Vector2D::get_dir ( ) const
```

Get the direction of the vector, in radians. '0' is forward, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.

Use r2d() to convert.

Returns

the direction of the vetctor in radians

Get the direction of the vector, in radians. '0' is forward, clockwise positive when viewed from the top.

Use r2d() to convert.

5.81.3.2 get_mag()

```
double Vector2D::get_mag ( ) const
```

Returns

the magnitude of the vector

Get the magnitude of the vector

5.81.3.3 get_x()

```
double Vector2D::get_x ( ) const
```

Returns

the X component of the vector; positive to the right.

Get the X component of the vector; positive to the right.

5.81.3.4 get_y()

```
double Vector2D::get_y ( ) const
```

Returns

the Y component of the vector, positive forward.

Get the Y component of the vector, positive forward.

5.81.3.5 normalize()

```
Vector2D Vector2D::normalize ( )
```

Changes the magnitude of the vector to 1

Returns

the normalized vector

Changes the magnetude of the vector to 1

5.81.3.6 operator*()

Scales a Vector2D by a scalar with the * operator

Parameters

x the value to scale the vector by

Returns

the this Vector2D scaled by x

5.81.3.7 operator+()

Add the components of two vectors together $\frac{\text{Vector2D}}{\text{Vector2D}} = (\text{this.x} + \text{other.x}, \text{this.y} + \text{other.y})$

Parameters

other the vector to add to this

Returns

the sum of the vectors

5.81.3.8 operator-()

Subtract the components of two vectors together Vector2D - Vector2D = (this.x - other.x, this.y - other.y)

Parameters

other	the vector to subtract from this
-------	----------------------------------

Returns

the difference of the vectors

5.81.3.9 point()

```
point_t Vector2D::point ( )
```

Returns a point from the vector

Returns

the point represented by the vector

Convert a direction and magnitude representation to an x, y representation

Returns

the x, y representation of the vector

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

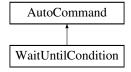
- · include/utils/vector2d.h
- src/utils/vector2d.cpp

5.82 WaitUntilCondition Class Reference

Waits until the condition is true.

```
#include <auto_command.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for WaitUntilCondition:



Public Member Functions

- WaitUntilCondition (Condition *cond)
- bool run () override

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Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

- virtual void on_timeout ()
- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

- double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
- Condition * true_to_end = nullptr

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double default_timeout = 10.0

5.82.1 Detailed Description

Waits until the condition is true.

5.82.2 Member Function Documentation

5.82.2.1 run()

```
bool WaitUntilCondition::run ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Executes the command Overridden by child classes

Returns

true when the command is finished, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

 $\bullet \ \ include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h$

5.83 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand Class Reference

```
#include <flywheel_commands.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand:



Public Member Functions

- WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand (Flywheel &flywheel, int threshold_rpm)
- bool run () override

Public Member Functions inherited from AutoCommand

```
    virtual void on timeout ()
```

- AutoCommand * withTimeout (double t_seconds)
- AutoCommand * withCancelCondition (Condition *true_to_end)

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

```
• double timeout_seconds = default_timeout
```

```
• Condition * true_to_end = nullptr
```

Static Public Attributes inherited from AutoCommand

• static constexpr double **default_timeout** = 10.0

5.83.1 Detailed Description

AutoCommand that listens to the Flywheel and waits until it is at its target speed +/- the specified threshold

5.83.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.83.2.1 WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand()

Creat a WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand

Parameters

flywheel	the flywheel system we are commanding
threshold_rpm	the threshold over and under the flywheel target RPM that we define to be acceptable

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5.83.3 Member Function Documentation

5.83.3.1 run()

```
bool WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand::run ( ) [override], [virtual]
```

Run spin_manual Overrides run from AutoCommand

Returns

true when execution is complete, false otherwise

Reimplemented from AutoCommand.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.h
- src/utils/command_structure/flywheel_commands.cpp

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 robot_specs.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00004
00011 typedef struct
00012 {
00013
         double robot_radius;
00014
00015
        double odom_wheel_diam;
00016
        double odom_gear_ratio;
00017
        double dist_between_wheels;
00018
00019
        double drive correction cutoff:
00020
00021
         Feedback *drive_feedback;
         Feedback *turn_feedback;
00023
        PID::pid_config_t correction_pid;
00024
00025 } robot_specs_t;
```

6.2 custom_encoder.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "vex.h"
00003
00008 class CustomEncoder : public vex::encoder
00009 {
00010
       typedef vex::encoder super;
00011
00012
00018
        CustomEncoder(vex::triport::port &port, double ticks_per_rev);
00019
00025
       void setRotation(double val, vex::rotationUnits units);
00026
00032
       void setPosition(double val, vex::rotationUnits units);
00033
00039
       double rotation(vex::rotationUnits units);
00040
00046
       double position(vex::rotationUnits units);
00047
00053
       double velocity(vex::velocityUnits units);
00054
00055
00056
       private:
00057
       double tick_scalar;
00058 };
```

6.3 flywheel.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00007 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h" 00008 #include "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00009 #include <atomic>
00010
00018 class Flywheel
00019 {
00020
00021 public:
        // CONSTRUCTORS, GETTERS, AND SETTERS
00022
        Flywheel(vex::motor_group &motors, Feedback &feedback, FeedForward &helper, const double ratio,
00031
      Filter &filt);
00032
00037
        double get_target() const;
00038
00042
        double getRPM() const;
00043
00047
        vex::motor_group &get_motors() const;
00048
00055
        void spin_manual(double speed, directionType dir = fwd);
00056
00062
        void spin_rpm(double rpm);
00063
00067
        void stop();
00068
00073
        bool is_on_target()
00074
00075
          return fb.is_on_target();
00076
00077
00082
        screen::Page *Page() const;
00083
00089
        AutoCommand *SpinRpmCmd(int rpm)
00090
00091
00092
          return new FunctionCommand([this, rpm]()
00093
                                      {spin_rpm(rpm); return true; });
00094
00095
00100
        AutoCommand *WaitUntilUpToSpeedCmd()
00101
00102
          return new WaitUntilCondition(
00103
             new FunctionCondition([this]()
00104
                                     { return is_on_target(); }));
00105
00106
00107 private:
        friend class FlywheelPage;
00108
        friend int spinRPMTask(void *wheelPointer);
00109
00110
00111
        vex::motor_group &motors;
00112
        bool task_running = false;
00113
        Feedback &fb;
00114
        FeedForward &ff;
00115
        vex::mutex fb_mut;
00116
        double ratio;
00117
        std::atomic<double> target_rpm;
00118
        task rpm_task;
00119
        Filter &avger;
00120
00121
        // Functions for internal use only
00126
        void set_target(double value);
00130
        double measure_RPM();
00131
00138
        void spin_raw(double speed, directionType dir = fwd);
00139 };
```

6.4 lift.h

```
00001 #pragma once

00002

00003 #include "vex.h"

00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"

00005 #include <iostream>

00006 #include <map>

00007 #include <atomic>
```

6.4 lift.h

```
00008 #include <vector>
00009
00010 using namespace vex;
00011 using namespace std;
00012
00020 template <typename T>
00021 class Lift
00022 {
       public:
00023
00024
00031
        struct lift_cfq_t
00032
00033
          double up speed, down speed;
00034
         double softstop_up, softstop_down;
00035
00036
         PID::pid_config_t lift_pid_cfg;
00037
        };
00038
00060
        Lift(motor_group &lift_motors, lift_cfg_t &lift_cfg, map<T, double> &setpoint_map, limit
      *homing_switch=NULL)
00061
        : lift_motors(lift_motors), cfg(lift_cfg), lift_pid(cfg.lift_pid_cfg), setpoint_map(setpoint_map),
     homing_switch(homing_switch)
00062
00063
00064
          is_async = true;
         setpoint = 0;
00065
00066
00067
          // Create a background task that is constantly updating the lift PID, if requested.
          // Set once, and forget.
00068
         task t([](void* ptr){
00069
00070
            Lift &lift = *((Lift*) ptr);
00071
00072
00073
00074
             if(lift.get_async())
00075
                lift.hold();
00076
00077
              vexDelay(50);
00078
00079
00080
            return 0:
00081
          }, this);
00082
00083
00084
00093
        void control_continuous(bool up_ctrl, bool down_ctrl)
00094
00095
          static timer tmr;
00096
00097
          double cur pos = 0:
00098
00099
          // Check if there's a hook for a custom sensor. If not, use the motors.
00100
          if(get_sensor == NULL)
00101
           cur_pos = lift_motors.position(rev);
          else
00102
00103
            cur pos = get sensor();
00104
00105
          if(up_ctrl && cur_pos < cfg.softstop_up)</pre>
00106
00107
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, cfg.up_speed, volt);
00108
            setpoint = cur_pos + .3;
00109
00110
            // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: UP " « setpoint « ", " « tmr.time(sec) « ", " « cfg.down_speed «
      "\n";
00111
00112
            // Disable the PID while going UP.
00113
            is_async = false;
          } else if(down_ctrl && cur_pos > cfg.softstop_down)
00114
00115
00116
            // Lower the lift slowly, at a rate defined by down_speed
00117
            if(setpoint > cfg.softstop_down)
00118
              setpoint = setpoint - (tmr.time(sec) * cfg.down_speed);
            // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: DOWN " « setpoint « ", " « tmr.time(sec) « ", " « cfg.down_speed «
00119
      "\n";
00120
            is_async = true;
00121
          } else
00122
00123
            // Hold the lift at the last setpoint
00124
            is_async = true;
00125
         }
00126
00127
         tmr.reset();
00128
00129
00138
        void control_manual(bool up_btn, bool down_btn, int volt_up, int volt_down)
00139
00140
          static bool down hold = false;
```

```
00141
          static bool init = true;
00142
00143
          // Allow for setting position while still calling this function
00144
          if(init || up_btn || down_btn)
00145
00146
            init = false:
00147
            is_async = false;
00148
00149
00150
          double rev = lift_motors.position(rotationUnits::rev);
00151
00152
          if(rev < cfg.softstop_down && down_btn)</pre>
00153
            down hold = true;
00154
          else if( !down_btn )
00155
            down_hold = false;
00156
00157
          if(up_btn && rev < cfq.softstop_up)</pre>
          lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, volt_up, voltageUnits::volt);
else if(down_btn && rev > cfg.softstop_down && !down_hold)
00158
00159
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::rev, volt_down, voltageUnits::volt);
00160
00161
00162
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::fwd, 0, voltageUnits::volt);
00163
00164
00165
00177
        void control_setpoints(bool up_step, bool down_step, vector<T> pos_list)
00178
00179
           \ensuremath{//} Make sure inputs are only processed on the rising edge of the button
00180
          static bool up_last = up_step, down_last = down_step;
00181
00182
          bool up_rising = up_step && !up_last;
00183
          bool down_rising = down_step && !down_last;
00184
00185
          up_last = up_step;
00186
          down_last = down_step;
00187
00188
          static int cur index = 0;
00189
00190
          // Avoid an index overflow. Shouldn't happen unless the user changes pos_list between calls.
00191
          if(cur_index >= pos_list.size())
00192
            cur_index = pos_list.size() - 1;
00193
          // Increment or decrement the index of the list, bringing it up or down.
00194
00195
          if(up_rising && cur_index < (pos_list.size() - 1))</pre>
00196
            cur_index++;
00197
          else if(down_rising && cur_index > 0)
00198
            cur_index--;
00199
          // Set the lift to hold the position in the background with the PID loop
00200
00201
          set_position(pos_list[cur_index]);
00202
          is_async = true;
00203
00204
00205
00214
        bool set_position(T pos)
00215
00216
         this->setpoint = setpoint_map[pos];
00217
00218
00219
          return (lift_pid.get_target() == this->setpoint) && lift_pid.is_on_target();
00220
00221
00228
        bool set_setpoint (double val)
00229
00230
          this->setpoint = val;
00231
          return (lift_pid.get_target() == this->setpoint) && lift_pid.is_on_target();
00232
00233
00237
        double get setpoint()
00238
00239
          return this->setpoint;
00240
00241
00246
        void hold()
00247
00248
         lift_pid.set_target(setpoint);
00249
          // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: SETPOINT " « setpoint « "\n";
00250
00251
          if (get_sensor != NULL)
            lift_pid.update(get_sensor());
00252
00253
          else
00254
            lift_pid.update(lift_motors.position(rev));
00255
          // std::cout « "DEBUG OUT: ROTATION " « lift_motors.rotation(rev) « "\n\n";
00256
00257
00258
          lift_motors.spin(fwd, lift_pid.get(), volt);
00259
```

6.5 mecanum drive.h

```
00260
00265
        void home()
00266
00267
          static timer tmr;
00268
          tmr.reset();
00269
00270
          while(tmr.time(sec) < 3)</pre>
00271
00272
            lift_motors.spin(directionType::rev, 6, volt);
00273
00274
            if (homing_switch == NULL && lift_motors.current(currentUnits::amp) > 1.5)
00275
            break;
else if (homing_switch != NULL && homing_switch->pressing())
00276
00277
             break;
00278
00279
          if (reset sensor != NULL)
00280
00281
           reset_sensor();
00282
00283
          lift_motors.resetPosition();
00284
          lift_motors.stop();
00285
00286
00287
00291
        bool get_async()
00292
00293
          return is_async;
00294
00295
00301
        void set_async(bool val)
00302
00303
          this->is_async = val;
00304
00305
00315
        void set_sensor_function(double (*fn_ptr) (void))
00316
00317
          this->get_sensor = fn_ptr;
00318
00319
00326
        void set_sensor_reset(void (*fn_ptr) (void))
00327
00328
          this->reset_sensor = fn_ptr;
00329
00330
00331
        private:
00332
00333
        motor_group &lift_motors;
00334
        lift_cfg_t &cfg;
        PID lift_pid;
00335
00336
        map<T, double> &setpoint_map;
00337
        limit *homing_switch;
00338
00339
        atomic<double> setpoint;
00340
        atomic<bool> is_async;
00341
00342
        double (*get_sensor)(void) = NULL;
00343
        void (*reset_sensor)(void) = NULL;
00344
00345
00346 };
```

6.5 mecanum_drive.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "vex.h" 00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00005
00006 #ifndef PI
00007 #define PI 3.141592654
00008 #endif
00009
00014 class MecanumDrive
00015 {
00016
00017
         public:
00018
00022
          struct mecanumdrive_config_t
00023
            // PID configurations for autonomous driving
00024
            PID::pid_config_t drive_pid_conf;
PID::pid_config_t drive_gyro_pid_conf;
PID::pid_config_t turn_pid_conf;
00025
00026
```

```
00028
00029
          // Diameter of the mecanum wheels
00030
          double drive_wheel_diam;
00031
00032
          // Diameter of the perpendicular undriven encoder wheel
00033
          double lateral wheel diam;
00034
00035
          // Width between the center of the left and right wheels
00036
          double wheelbase_width;
00037
00038
00039
00043
        MecanumDrive(vex::motor &left front, vex::motor &right front, vex::motor &left rear, vex::motor
      &right_rear,
00044
                     vex::rotation *lateral_wheel=NULL, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, mecanumdrive_config_t
      *config=NULL);
00045
00054
        void drive_raw(double direction_deg, double magnitude, double rotation);
00055
00066
        void drive(double left_y, double left_x, double right_x, int power=2);
00067
08000
        bool auto_drive(double inches, double direction, double speed, bool gyro_correction=true);
00081
00092
        bool auto turn(double degrees, double speed, bool ignore imu=false);
00093
00094
        private:
00095
00096
        vex::motor &left_front, &right_front, &left_rear, &right_rear;
00097
00098
        mecanumdrive_config_t *config;
00099
        vex::rotation *lateral_wheel;
00100
        vex::inertial *imu;
00101
00102
        PID *drive_pid = NULL;
00103
        PID *drive_gyro_pid = NULL;
00104
        PID *turn_pid = NULL;
00105
        bool init = true;
00107
00108 };
```

6.6 odometry_3wheel.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_base.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/subsystems/custom_encoder.h"
00005
00032 class Odometry3Wheel : public OdometryBase
00033 {
00034
            public:
00035
00040
            typedef struct
00041
00042
                 double wheelbase dist;
00043
                 double off_axis_center_dist;
00044
                 double wheel_diam;
00046
            } odometry3wheel_cfg_t;
00047
       Odometry3Wheel(CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, CustomEncoder &rside_fwd, CustomEncoder &off_axis, odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg, bool is_async=true);
00057
00058
00065
            pose_t update() override;
00066
00075
            void tune(vex::controller &con, TankDrive &drive);
00076
00077
            private:
00078
00091
            static pose_t calculate_new_pos(double lside_delta_deg, double rside_delta_deg, double
       offax_delta_deg, pose_t old_pos, odometry3wheel_cfg_t cfg);
00092
00093
            CustomEncoder &lside_fwd, &rside_fwd, &off_axis;
00094
            odometry3wheel_cfg_t &cfg;
00095
00096
00097 };
```

6.7 odometry_base.h

00001 #pragma once

6.8 odometry_tank.h 173

```
00002
00003 #include "vex.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
00006
00007 #ifndef PI
00008 #define PI 3.141592654
00009 #endif
00010
00011
00012
00025 class OdometryBase
00026 {
00027 public:
00028
00034
           OdometryBase(bool is_async);
00035
00040
           pose_t get_position(void);
00041
00046
           virtual void set_position(const pose_t& newpos=zero_pos);
00047
00052
           virtual pose_t update() = 0;
00053
00061
           static int background task(void* ptr);
00062
00068
           void end_async();
00069
00076
           static double pos_diff(pose_t start_pos, pose_t end_pos);
00077
00084
           static double rot_diff(pose_t pos1, pose_t pos2);
00085
00094
           static double smallest_angle(double start_deg, double end_deg);
00095
00097
           bool end_task = false;
00098
00103
           double get_speed();
00104
00109
           double get_accel();
00110
00115
           double get_angular_speed_deg();
00116
00121
           double get_angular_accel_deg();
00122
00126
           inline static constexpr pose_t zero_pos = {.x=0.0L, .y=0.0L, .rot=90.0L};
00127
00128 protected:
00132
          vex::task *handle;
00133
00137
           vex::mutex mut;
00138
00142
          pose_t current_pos;
00143
00144
           double speed;
00145
           double accel;
          double ang_speed_deg;
double ang_accel_deg;
00146
00147
```

6.8 odometry_tank.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry_base.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/subsystems/custom_encoder.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
00007 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
00008
00009 static int background_task(void* odom_obj);
00010
00011
00018 class OdometryTank : public OdometryBase
00019 {
00020 public:
00029
         OdometryTank(vex::motor_group &left_side, vex::motor_group &right_side, robot_specs_t &config,
      vex::inertial *imu=NULL, bool is async=true);
00030
00040
          {\tt OdometryTank} \ ({\tt CustomEncoder \& left\_custom\_enc, CustomEncoder \& right\_custom\_enc, robot\_specs\_triangle}) \\
      &config, vex::inertial *imu=NULL, bool is_async=true);
00041
00051
          OdometryTank(vex::encoder &left_vex_enc, vex::encoder &right_vex_enc, robot_specs_t &config,
      vex::inertial *imu=NULL, bool is_async=true);
00052
```

```
pose_t update() override;
00058
00063
          void set_position(const pose_t &newpos=zero_pos) override;
00064
00065
00066
00067 private:
00071
          static pose_t calculate_new_pos(robot_specs_t &config, pose_t &stored_info, double lside_diff,
     double rside_diff, double angle_deg);
00072
00073
          vex::motor_group *left_side, *right_side;
00074
          CustomEncoder *left_custom_enc, *right_custom_enc;
          vex::encoder *left_vex_enc, *right_vex_enc;
00075
00076
          vex::inertial *imu;
00077
         robot_specs_t &config;
00078
00079
         double rotation_offset = 0;
00080
00081 };
```

6.9 screen.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "vex.h"
00003 #include <vector>
00004 #include <functional>
00005 #include <map>
00006 #include <cassert>
00007 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry_base.h"
00008 #include "../core/include/utils/graph_drawer.h" 00009 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pidff.h"
00011
00012 namespace screen
00013 {
00015
          class Page
00016
00017
          public:
00026
               virtual void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
00034
               virtual void draw(vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool first_draw,
00035
                                  unsigned int frame_number);
00036
          };
00037
00039
          class SliderWidget
00040
          public:
00041
              SliderWidget(double &val, double low, double high, Rect rect, std::string name) : value(val),
00048
      low(low), high(high), rect(rect), name(name) {}
00049
              bool update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00055
00057
00058
00059
          private:
00060
              double &value;
00061
00062
               double low:
00063
              double high;
00064
00065
               Rect rect;
00066
               std::string name = "";
00067
          };
00068
00070
          class ButtonWidget
00071
00072
          public:
00077
               ButtonWidget(std::function<void(void)> onpress, Rect rect, std::string name) :
      onpress(onpress), rect(rect), name(name) {}
              ButtonWidget(void (*onpress)(), Rect rect, std::string name) : onpress(onpress), rect(rect),
00082
      name(name) {}
00083
00089
               bool update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
00091
               void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00092
          private:
00093
00094
              std::function<void(void)> onpress;
00095
               Rect rect;
00096
               std::string name = "";
00097
              bool was_pressed_last = false;
00098
00099
00106
          void start_screen(vex::brain::lcd &screen, std::vector<Page *> pages, int first_page = 0);
00107
00109
          void stop_screen();
```

6.9 screen.h 175

```
00110
00112
                   using update_func_t = std::function<void(bool, int, int)>;
00113
00115
                  using draw_func_t = std::function<void(vex::brain::lcd &screen, bool, unsigned int)>;
00116
00117
00119
                  class StatsPage : public Page
00120
00121
                  public:
00124
                          StatsPage(std::map<std::string, vex::motor &> motors);
00126
                          void update(bool was\_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00128
                          void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00129
00130
00131
                          \verb|void draw_motor_stats| (const std::string &name, vex::motor &mot, unsigned int frame, int x, int | void draw_motor_stats| (const std::string &name, vex::motor &mot, unsigned int frame, int x, int | void draw_motor_stats| (const std::string &name, vex::motor &mot, unsigned int frame, int x, int | vex::motor &mot, unsigned int | vex::motor &mot, unsigned | vex::mot, unsigned 
y, vex::brain::lcd &scr);
00132
00133
                          std::map<std::string, vex::motor &> motors;
00134
                          static const int y_start = 0;
00135
                          static const int per_column = 4;
00136
                          static const int row_height = 20;
00137
                          static const int row_width = 200;
00138
                  };
00139
00143
                  class OdometryPage : public Page
00144
00145
                  public:
00151
                          OdometryPage(OdometryBase &odom, double robot_width, double robot_height, bool do_trail);
                          void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00153
00155
00156
00157
                  private:
00158
                         static const int path_len = 40;
00159
                          static constexpr char const *field_filename = "vex_field_240p.png";
00160
00161
                          OdometryBase &odom;
00162
                          double robot width;
                          double robot_height;
00163
00164
                          uint8_t *buf = nullptr;
00165
                          int buf_size = 0;
00166
                          pose_t path[path_len];
00167
                          int path_index = 0;
00168
                         bool do_trail;
00169
                   };
00170
00172
                   class FunctionPage : public Page
00173
00174
                   public:
00178
                          FunctionPage(update_func_t update_f, draw_func_t draw_t);
                         void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y) override;
void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00180
00182
00183
                  private:
00184
00185
                          update_func_t update_f;
00186
                          draw_func_t draw_f;
00187
00188
00190
                   class PIDPage : public Page
00191
                  public:
00192
00197
                          PIDPage(PID &pid, std::string name, std::function<void(void)> onchange = [](){});
00198
                          PIDPage (PIDFF &pidff, std::string name, std::function<void(void)> onchange = [](){});
00199
00201
                          void update(bool was\_pressed, int x, int y) override;
00203
                          void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number) override;
00204
                  private:
00205
                          void zero_d_f() { cfg.d = 0; }
00207
00209
                          void zero_i_f() { cfq.i = 0; }
00210
00211
                          PID::pid_config_t &cfg;
00212
                          PID &pid;
00213
                          const std::string name;
00214
                          std::function<void(void)> onchange;
00215
00216
                          SliderWidget p_slider;
00217
                          SliderWidget i_slider;
00218
                          SliderWidget d_slider;
00219
                          ButtonWidget zero_i;
                          ButtonWidget zero_d;
00220
00221
00222
                          GraphDrawer graph;
00223
                  };
00224
00225 }
```

6.10 tank drive.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #ifndef PI
00004 #define PI 3.141592654
00005 #endif
00006
00007 #include "vex.h"
00008 #include "../core/include/subsystems/odometry/odometry_tank.h" 00009 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00011 #include "../core/include/robot_specs.h"
00012 #include "../core/include/utils/pure_pursuit.h"
00013 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00014 #include <vector>
00015
00016 using namespace vex;
00017
00022 class TankDrive
00023
00024 public:
00032
        TankDrive(motor_group &left_motors, motor_group &right_motors, robot_specs_t &config, OdometryBase
      *odom = NULL);
00033
00034
        AutoCommand *DriveToPointCmd(point_t pt, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double max_speed =
      1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
00035
       AutoCommand *DriveToPointCmd(Feedback &fb, point_t pt, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double
      max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
00036
        AutoCommand *DriveForwardCmd(double dist, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward, double max speed =
00037
      1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
00038
        AutoCommand *DriveForwardCmd(Feedback &fb, double dist, vex::directionType dir = vex::forward,
      double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
00039
00040
        AutoCommand *TurnToHeadingCmd(double heading, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed = 0.0);
        AutoCommand *TurnToHeadingCmd(Feedback &fb, double heading, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed
00041
00042
00043
        AutoCommand *TurnDegreesCmd(double degrees, double max_speed = 1.0, double start_speed = 0.0);
00044
       AutoCommand *TurnDegreesCmd(Feedback &fb, double degrees, double max_speed = 1.0, double end_speed =
      0.0);
00045
        AutoCommand *PurePursuitCmd(PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max_speed=1, double
00046
        AutoCommand *PurePursuitCmd(Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double
00047
      max_speed=1, double end_speed=0);
00048
00052
        void stop();
00053
        void drive_tank(double left, double right, int power=1);
00065
00076
       void drive_arcade(double forward_back, double left_right, int power = 1);
00077
       bool drive_forward(double inches, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max speed = 1.
00089
     double end speed = 0);
00090
00100
        bool drive forward (double inches, directionType dir, double max speed = 1, double end speed = 0);
00101
00112
        bool turn_degrees (double degrees, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00113
00124
        bool turn degrees (double degrees, double max speed = 1, double end speed = 0);
00125
00138
        bool drive_to_point(double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed
      = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00139
00152
        bool drive_to_point (double x, double y, vex::directionType dir, double max_speed = 1, double
      end_speed = 0);
00153
        bool turn_to_heading(double heading_deg, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed
00172
        bool turn_to_heading(double heading_deg, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
00173
00177
        void reset auto();
00178
        static double modify_inputs(double input, int power = 2);
00188
00201
        bool pure_pursuit(PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, Feedback &feedback, double max_speed=1,
      double end_speed=0);
00202
00216
        bool pure pursuit (PurePursuit::Path path, directionType dir, double max speed=1, double
      end_speed=0);
00217
00218 private:
00219
        motor_group &left_motors;
00220
        motor_group &right_motors;
00221
```

6.11 auto_chooser.h

```
PID correction_pid;
00223
        Feedback *drive_default_feedback = NULL;
00224
       Feedback *turn_default_feedback = NULL;
00225
00226
       OdometryBase *odometry;
00227
       robot_specs_t &config;
00229
00230
       bool func_initialized = false;
00231
       bool is_pure_pursuit = false;
00232 };
```

6.11 auto chooser.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "vex.h"
00003 #include <string>
00004 #include <vector>
00005 #include "../core/include/subsystems/screen.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00016 class AutoChooser : public screen::Page
00017 {
00018 public:
00024
        AutoChooser(std::vector<std::string> paths, size t def = 0);
00026
        void update(bool was_pressed, int x, int y);
00027
       void draw(vex::brain::lcd &, bool first_draw, unsigned int frame_number);
00028
00033
        size_t get_choice();
00034
00035 protected:
       struct entry_t
00040
        Rect rect;
00041
00042
          std::string name;
00043
00044
       static const size_t width = 380;
static const size_t height = 220;
00045
00046
00047
00048
       size_t choice;
00049
       std::vector<entry_t> list ;
00050 };
```

6.12 auto command.h

```
00001
00007 #pragma once
80000
00009 #include "vex.h"
00010 #include <functional>
00011 #include <vector>
00012 #include <queue>
00013 #include <atomic>
00014
00015
00025 class Condition
00027 public:
O0028 Condition *Or(Condition *b);
O0029 Condition *And(Condition *b);
00030 virtual bool test() = 0;
00031 };
00033
00034 class AutoCommand
00035 {
00036 public:
00037
        static constexpr double default timeout = 10.0;
         virtual bool run() { return true; }
virtual void on_timeout() {}
00047
00048
        AutoCommand *withTimeout(double t_seconds)
00049
00050
           if (this->timeout_seconds < 0)</pre>
00051
           {
00052
             // should never be timed out
             return this;
00054
```

```
this->timeout_seconds = t_seconds;
00056
          return this;
00057
        AutoCommand *withCancelCondition(Condition *true_to_end){
00058
00059
        this->true_to_end = true_to_end;
00060
          return this:
00071
        double timeout_seconds = default_timeout;
00072
       Condition *true_to_end = nullptr;
00073 };
00074
00079 class FunctionCommand : public AutoCommand
00080 {
00081 public:
00082
        FunctionCommand(std::function<bool(void)> f) : f(f) {}
00083
        bool run()
00084
00085
          return f();
00086
00087
00088 private:
00089
       std::function<bool(void)> f;
00090 };
00091
00092 // Times tested 3
00093 // Test 1 -> false
00094 // Test 2 -> false
00095 // Test 3 -> true
00096 // Returns false until the Nth time that it is called
00097 // This is pretty much only good for implementing RepeatUntil 00098 class TimesTestedCondition : public Condition
00099 {
00100 public:
00101
        TimesTestedCondition(size_t N) : max(N) {}
00102
        bool test() override
00103
00104
          count++;
          if (count >= max)
00106
         {
00107
            return true;
00108
00109
          return false;
00110 }
00111
00112 private:
00115 };
00116
00118 class FunctionCondition : public Condition
00120 public:
      FunctionCondition(
00121
00122
           std::function<bool()> cond, std::function<void(void)> timeout = []() {}) : cond(cond),
     timeout (timeout)
00123
        {
00124
00125
       bool test() override;
00126
00127 private:
00128 std::function<bool()> cond;
00129 std::function<void(void)> t
        std::function<void(void)> timeout;
00130 };
00131
00133 class IfTimePassed : public Condition
00134 {
00135 public:
        IfTimePassed(double time_s);
00136
00136 IfTimePassed(double t
00137 bool test() override;
00138
00139 private:
00140 double time_s;
00141 vex::timer tmr;
00142 };
00143
00145 class WaitUntilCondition : public AutoCommand
00146 {
00147 public:
00148 WaitUntilCondition(Condition *cond) : cond(cond) {}
00149
       bool run() override
00150
       {
00151
         return cond->test();
00152
00153
00154 private:
00155
       Condition *cond;
00156 };
```

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```
00157
00160
00163 class InOrder : public AutoCommand
00164
00165 public:
        InOrder(const InOrder &other) = default;
00166
        InOrder(std::queue<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00167
00168
        InOrder(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00169
       bool run() override;
00170
       void on_timeout() override;
00171
00172 private:
00173
       AutoCommand *current_command = nullptr;
00174
        std::queue<AutoCommand *> cmds;
00175
        vex::timer tmr;
00176 };
00177
00180 class Parallel : public AutoCommand
00181 {
00182 public:
00183
        Parallel(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00184
        bool run() override;
00185
       void on_timeout() override;
00186
00187 private:
      std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds;
00189
        std::vector<vex::task *> runners;
00190 };
00191
00195 class Branch : public AutoCommand
00196 {
00197 public:
00198
       Branch(Condition *cond, AutoCommand *false_choice, AutoCommand *true_choice);
00199
        ~Branch();
00200
       bool run() override;
00201
        void on_timeout() override;
00202
00203 private:
00204
       AutoCommand *false_choice;
00205
        AutoCommand *true_choice;
00206
       Condition *cond;
00207
       bool choice = false;
bool chosen = false;
00208
00209
       vex::timer tmr;
00210 };
00211
00215 class Async : public AutoCommand
00216 {
00217 public:
00218
       Async (AutoCommand *cmd) : cmd (cmd) {}
       bool run() override;
00220
00222 AutoCommand *cmd = nullptr; 00223 };
00224
00225 class RepeatUntil : public AutoCommand
00226 {
00227 public:
00231
        RepeatUntil(InOrder cmds, size_t repeats);
        RepeatUntil(InOrder cmds, Condition *true_to_end);
00235
00236
       bool run() override;
00237
       void on_timeout() override;
00238
00239 private:
00240
      const InOrder cmds;
00241
        InOrder *working_cmds;
       Condition *cond;
00242
00243 };
```

6.13 basic_command.h

```
00028
           enum type {percent, voltage, veocity};
00029
00038
           BasicSpinCommand(vex::motor &motor, vex::directionType dir, BasicSpinCommand::type setting,
     double power);
00039
00046
           bool run() override;
00047
00048
          private:
00049
00050
           vex::motor &motor;
00051
00052
           type setting:
00053
00054
           vex::directionType dir;
00055
00056
           double power;
00057 1:
00062 class BasicStopCommand : public AutoCommand{
00063
          public:
00064
00071
           BasicStopCommand(vex::motor &motor, vex::brakeType setting);
00072
00079
          bool run() override;
00080
00081
          private:
00082
00083
           vex::motor &motor;
00084
00085
           vex::brakeType setting;
00086 };
00087
00088 //Basic Solenoid Commands---
00089
00094 class BasicSolenoidSet : public AutoCommand{
00095
00096
00103
           BasicSolenoidSet(vex::pneumatics &solenoid, bool setting);
00111
           bool run() override;
00112
          private:
00113
00114
00115
           vex::pneumatics &solenoid:
00116
00117
           bool setting;
00118 };
```

6.14 command_controller.h

```
00001
00010 #pragma once
00011 #include <vector>
00012 #include <queue>
00013 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00014
00015 class CommandController
00016 {
00017 public:
00019
       [[deprecated("Use list constructor instead.")]] CommandController() : command_queue({}) {}
00020
00023
       CommandController(std::initializer_list<AutoCommand *> cmds) : command_queue(cmds) {}
00029
       [[deprecated("Use list constructor instead. If you need to make a decision before adding new
      commands, use Branch (https://github.com/RIT-VEX-U/Core/wiki/3-%7C-Utilites#commandcontroller)")]]
      void add(std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds);
00030
        void add(AutoCommand *cmd, double timeout_seconds = 10.0);
00031
00042
        [[deprecated("Use list constructor instead. If you need to make a decision before adding new
      commands, use Branch (https://github.com/RIT-VEX-U/Core/wiki/3-%7C-Utilites#commandcontroller)")]]
00043
        add(std::vector<AutoCommand *> cmds, double timeout sec);
00050
       void add delay(int ms);
00051
00054
        void add_cancel_func(std::function<bool(void)> true_if_cancel);
00055
00060
       void run():
00061
00067
       bool last_command_timed_out();
00068
00069 private:
00070
       std::queue<AutoCommand *> command_queue;
00071
        bool command_timed_out = false;
00072
        std::function<bool()> should cancel = []()
00073
       { return false; };
00074 };
```

6.15 delay_command.h

6.15 delay command.h

```
00001
00008 #pragma once
00009
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00011
00012 class DelayCommand: public AutoCommand {
00013
       public:
00018
         DelayCommand(int ms): ms(ms) {}
00019
00025
         bool run() override {
          vexDelay(ms);
00027
           return true;
00028
00029
       private:
00030
         // amount of milliseconds to wait
00031
00032
         int ms;
00033 };
```

6.16 drive_commands.h

```
00001
00019 #pragma once
00021 #include "vex.h"
00022 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00023 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00024 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
00025
00026 using namespace vex;
00028
00029 // ==== DRIVING ====
00030
00036 class DriveForwardCommand: public AutoCommand
00037 {
00039
          DriveForwardCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double inches, directionType dir,
      double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0);
00040
00046
          bool run() override;
00050
          void on timeout() override;
00051
00052
00053
           // drive system to run the function on
00054
          TankDrive &drive_sys;
00055
00056
           // feedback controller to use
00057
          Feedback &feedback;
00058
00059
           // parameters for drive_forward
00060
          double inches;
00061
          directionType dir;
00062
          double max speed;
00063
          double end_speed;
00064 };
00065
00070 class TurnDegreesCommand: public AutoCommand
00071 {
00072
        public:
00073
          TurnDegreesCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double degrees, double max_speed = 1,
      double end_speed = 0);
00074
08000
          bool run() override;
00084
          void on_timeout() override;
00085
00086
00087
        private:
00088
          // drive system to run the function on
00089
          TankDrive &drive_sys;
00090
00091
           // feedback controller to use
00092
          Feedback &feedback;
00093
00094
           // parameters for turn_degrees
00095
           double degrees;
00096
           double max_speed;
00097
          double end_speed;
00098 };
00104 class DriveToPointCommand: public AutoCommand
```

```
00105 {
00106
00107
         DriveToPointCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double x, double y, directionType
     dir, double max_speed = 1, double end_speed = 0);
         DriveToPointCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, point_t point, directionType dir,
00108
     double max_speed=1, double end_speed = 0);
00109
00115
         bool run() override;
00116
       private:
00117
00118
          // drive system to run the function on
00119
         TankDrive &drive_sys;
00120
00124
         void on_timeout() override;
00125
00126
          // feedback controller to use
00127
00128
         Feedback &feedback;
00129
00130
          // parameters for drive_to_point
          double x;
00131
00132
          double y;
00133
         directionType dir;
00134
         double max speed;
00135
         double end_speed;
00136
00137 };
00138
00144 class TurnToHeadingCommand: public AutoCommand
00145 {
00146
00147
          TurnToHeadingCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, double heading_deg, double speed =
     1, double end_speed = 0);
00148
00154
         bool run() override;
00158
         void on_timeout() override;
00159
00160
00161
       private:
00162
        // drive system to run the function on
00163
         TankDrive &drive_sys;
00164
00165
          // feedback controller to use
00166
         Feedback &feedback;
00167
         // parameters for turn_to_heading
00168
00169
         double heading_deg;
00170
         double max_speed;
00171
         double end_speed;
00172 };
00173
00177 class PurePursuitCommand: public AutoCommand
00178 {
       public:
00179
       PurePursuitCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys, Feedback &feedback, PurePursuit::Path path, directionType
00188
     dir, double max_speed=1, double end_speed=0);
00189
00193
       bool run() override:
00194
00198
       void on_timeout() override;
00199
00200
       private:
00201
        TankDrive &drive_sys;
00202
       PurePursuit::Path path;
00203
       directionType dir;
00204
       Feedback &feedback;
00205
       double max_speed;
00206
       double end_speed;
00207
00208 };
00209
00214 class DriveStopCommand: public AutoCommand
00215 {
       public:
00216
00217
         DriveStopCommand(TankDrive &drive_sys);
00218
00224
         bool run() override;
00225
         void on_timeout() override;
00226
00227
       private:
       // drive system to run the function on
00228
00229
          TankDrive &drive_sys;
00230 };
00231
00232
00233 // ==== ODOMETRY ====
00234
```

```
00239 class OdomSetPosition: public AutoCommand
00240 {
00241
00247
          OdomSetPosition(OdometryBase &odom, const pose_t &newpos=OdometryBase::zero_pos);
00248
00254
          bool run() override;
00255
00256
00257
         // drive system with an odometry config
00258
          OdometryBase &odom;
00259
          pose_t newpos;
00260 1:
```

6.17 flywheel_commands.h

```
00001
00007 #pragma once
80000
00009 #include "../core/include/subsystems/flywheel.h"
00010 #include "../core/include/utils/command_structure/auto_command.h"
00017 class SpinRPMCommand: public AutoCommand {
00018
        SpinRPMCommand(Flywheel &flywheel, int rpm);
00024
00025
00031
         bool run() override;
00032
00033
       private:
00034
          // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00035
         Flywheel &flywheel;
00036
00037
          // parameters for spin rpm
          int rpm;
00038
00039 };
00040
00045 class WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand: public AutoCommand {
00046
00052
          WaitUntilUpToSpeedCommand(Flywheel &flywheel, int threshold_rpm);
00053
00059
          bool run() override;
00060
       private:
00061
          // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00062
00063
          Flywheel &flywheel;
00064
00065
          // if the actual speed is equal to the desired speed +/- this value, we are ready to fire
00066
00067 };
00068
00074 class FlywheelStopCommand: public AutoCommand {
00075
       FlywheelStopCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00081
00087
         bool run() override;
00088
00089
       private:
00090
         // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00091
          Flywheel &flywheel;
00092 };
00093
00099 class FlywheelStopMotorsCommand: public AutoCommand {
00100
00105
       FlywheelStopMotorsCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00112
         bool run() override;
00113
       private:
00114
          // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00115
00116
          Flywheel &flywheel;
00117 };
00118
00124 class FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand: public AutoCommand {
00125
       FlywheelStopNonTasksCommand(Flywheel &flywheel);
00126
00132
         bool run() override;
00133
00134
        private:
00135
          // Flywheel instance to run the function on
00136
          Flywheel &flywheel;
00137 1:
```

6.18 bang bang.h

```
00001 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00002
00003 class BangBang : public Feedback
00004 {
00005
00006 public:
00007
         BangBang(double thresshold, double low, double high);
00016
          void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel [[maybe_unused]] = 0.0, double end_vel
     [[maybe_unused]] = 0.0) override;
00017
          double update (double val) override;
00025
00029
          double get() override;
00030
00037
         void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00038
00042
         bool is_on_target() override;
00043
00044 private:
00045
          double setpt;
00046
          double sensor_val;
00047
          double lower_bound, upper_bound;
00048
          double last_output;
00049
          double threshhold;
00050 };
```

6.19 feedback_base.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00010 class Feedback
00011 {
00012 public:
00021
         virtual void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel = 0.0, double end_vel = 0.0) =
00022
00029
          virtual double update(double val) = 0;
00030
00034
         virtual double qet() = 0;
00035
         virtual void set_limits(double lower, double upper) = 0;
00043
00047
          virtual bool is_on_target() = 0;
00048
00049
00050 };
```

6.20 feedforward.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <math.h>
00004 #include <vector>
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/math_util.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/utils/moving_average.h"
00007 #include "vex.h"
00008
00029 class FeedForward
00030 {
00031
           public:
00032
           typedef struct
00041
00042
00043
                double kS;
               double kV;
00044
00045
                double kA;
00046
               double kG:
           } ff_config_t;
00047
00048
00049
00054
           FeedForward(ff_config_t &cfg) : cfg(cfg) {}
00055
00066
           double calculate(double v, double a, double pid_ref=0.0)
00067
00068
                double ks_sign = 0;
00069
                if(v != 0)
                    ks\_sign = sign(v);
```

```
else if(pid_ref != 0)
00072
              ks_sign = sign(pid_ref);
00073
           00074
00075
       }
00076
00077
       private:
00078
00079
       ff_config_t &cfg;
08000
00081 };
00082
00083
00091 FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward(vex::motor_group &motor, double pct, double duration);
```

6.21 motion controller.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/trapezoid_profile.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00006 #include "../core/include/subsystems/tank_drive.h"
00007 #include "vex.h"
00008
00025 class MotionController : public Feedback
00026 {
00027
00028
00034
          typedef struct
00035
00036
               double max v:
00037
              double accel;
00038
               PID::pid_config_t pid_cfg;
00039
              FeedForward::ff_config_t ff_cfg;
00040
          } m_profile_cfg_t;
00041
00051
          MotionController(m_profile_cfg_t &config);
00052
00057
          void init(double start_pt, double end_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override;
00058
00065
          double update(double sensor_val) override;
00066
00070
          double get() override;
00071
00079
          void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00080
00085
          bool is_on_target() override;
00086
00090
          motion t get motion():
00091
          static FeedForward::ff_config_t tune_feedforward(TankDrive &drive, OdometryTank &odometry, double
00110
     pct=0.6, double duration=2);
00111
          private:
00112
00113
00114
          m_profile_cfg_t config;
00115
00116
00117
          FeedForward ff;
00118
          TrapezoidProfile profile;
00119
00120
          double current_pos;
00121
          double end_pt;
00122
00123
          double lower_limit = 0, upper_limit = 0;
00124
          double out = 0;
00125
          motion_t cur_motion;
00126
00127
          vex::timer tmr;
00128
00129 };
```

6.22 pid.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <cmath>
00004 #include "vex.h"
```

```
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00006
00007 using namespace vex;
80000
00023 class PID : public Feedback
00024 {
00025 public:
00029
        enum ERROR_TYPE{
00030
        LINEAR,
          ANGULAR // assumes degrees
00031
00032
        };
00040
        struct pid_config_t
00041
00042
         double p;
00043
          double i;
00044
          double d;
          double deadband;
00045
00046
          double on_target_time;
00047
          ERROR_TYPE error_method;
00048
        };
00049
00050
00051
00056
        PID(pid_config_t &config);
00057
00058
00069
        void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel = 0, double end_vel = 0) override;
00070
00077
        double update (double sensor_val) override;
00078
00079
00084
        double get_sensor_val();
00085
00086
00091
        double get() override;
00092
00099
        void set limits (double lower, double upper) override;
00100
00105
        bool is_on_target() override;
00106
00110
        void reset();
00111
00116
        double get error();
00117
00122
        double get_target();
00123
00128
        void set_target(double target);
00129
00130
00131
        pid_config_t &config;
00132
00133 private:
00134
00135
00136
        double last_error = 0;
00137
        double accum_error = 0;
00138
00139
        double last_time = 0;
00140
       double on_target_last_time = 0;
00141
       double lower_limit = 0;
double upper_limit = 0;
00142
00143
00144
00145
        double target = 0;
00146
        double target_vel = 0;
00147
        double sensor_val = 0;
00148
        double out = 0;
00149
00150
        bool is_checking_on_target = false;
00151
00152
       timer pid_timer;
00153 };
```

6.23 pidff.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00003 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/pid.h"
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedforward.h"
00005
00006 class PIDFF : public Feedback
00007 {
00008    public:
```

6.24 take_back_half.h

```
00009
00010
          PIDFF(PID::pid_config_t &pid_cfg, FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg);
00011
00020
          void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double start_vel, double end_vel) override;
00021
00026
          void set target (double set pt);
00027
00035
          double update (double val) override;
00036
00045
          double update(double val, double vel_setpt, double a_setpt=0);
00046
00050
          double get() override;
00051
00058
          void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00059
00063
          bool is_on_target() override;
00064
00065
          PID pid;
00066
00067
00068
          private:
00069
00070
          FeedForward::ff_config_t &ff_cfg;
00071
00072
          FeedForward ff;
00073
00074
          double out;
00075
          double lower_lim, upper_lim;
00076
00077 };
```

6.24 take_back_half.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include "../core/include/utils/controls/feedback_base.h"
00003
00006 class TakeBackHalf : public Feedback
00007 {
80000
00009 public:
00010
          TakeBackHalf(double TBH_gain, double first_cross_split, double on_target_threshold);
00019
          void init(double start_pt, double set_pt, double, double);
00026
          double update (double val) override;
00027
00031
          double get() override;
00032
00039
          void set_limits(double lower, double upper) override;
00040
00044
         bool is_on_target() override;
00045
00046
          double TBH_gain;
00047
          double first_cross_split;
00048 private:
00049
          double on_target_threshhold;
00050
00051
          double target = 0.0;
00052
00053
          bool first_cross = true;
00054
          double tbh = 0.0;
00055
          double prev_error = 0.0;
00056
00057
          double output = 0.0;
00058
          double lower = 0.0, upper = 0.0;
00059 };
```

6.25 trapezoid_profile.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 const int MAX_TRAPEZOID_PROFILE_SEGMENTS = 4;
00004
00008 typedef struct
00009 {
00010          double pos;
00011           double vel;
00012           double accel;
00013
00014 } motion_t;
00015
```

```
00019 typedef struct
00020 {
00021
          double pos_after;
00022
          double vel_after;
00023
         double accel;
00024
         double duration:
00025 } trapezoid_profile_segment_t;
00026
00060 class TrapezoidProfile
00061 {
00062
          public:
00063
00070
          TrapezoidProfile(double max_v, double accel);
00071
00079
          motion_t calculate(double time_s, double pos_s);
00080
          motion t calculate time based (double time s);
00087
00088
00095
          void set_endpts(double start, double end);
00096
00103
          void set_vel_endpts(double start, double end);
00104
00110
          void set accel(double accel);
00111
00117
          void set_max_v(double max_v);
00118
00124
          double get_movement_time();
00125
00126
          private:
00127
          double si, sf;
00128
          double vi, vf;
00129
          double max_v;
00130
00131
00132
          trapezoid_profile_segment_t segments[MAX_TRAPEZOID_PROFILE_SEGMENTS];
00133
          int num_acceleration_phases;
00134
00135
          bool precalculated;
00136
00142
          bool precalculate();
00143
00152
          trapezoid_profile_segment_t calculate_kinetic_motion(double si, double vi, double v_target);
00153
00161
          trapezoid_profile_segment_t calculate_next_segment(double s, double v);
00162 };
```

6.26 generic_auto.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <queue>
00004 #include <map>
00005 #include "vex.h"
00006 #include <functional>
00007
00008 typedef std::function<bool(void)> state_ptr;
00009
00014 class GenericAuto
00015 {
00016
       public:
00017
        [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]]
00031
00032
       bool run(bool blocking);
00033
00038
        [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]]
00039
       void add(state_ptr new_state);
00040
00045
        [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]]
00046
        void add asvnc(state ptr asvnc state);
00047
00052
       [[deprecated("Use CommandController instead.")]]
00053
        void add_delay(int ms);
00054
00055
00056
00057
        std::queue<state_ptr> state_list;
00058
00059 };
```

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6.27 geometry.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <cmath>
00003
00007 struct point_t
00008 {
          double x;
00009
00010
          double y;
00011
          double dist(const point_t other) const
00017
00018
              return std::sqrt(std::pow(this->x - other.x, 2) + pow(this->y - other.y, 2));
00020
00021
00027
          point_t operator+(const point_t &other) const
00028
00029
               point_t p{
                  .x = this->x + other.x,
.y = this->y + other.y);
00030
00031
               return p;
00032
00033
          }
00034
00040
          point_t operator-(const point_t &other) const
00041
00042
              point_t p{
00043
                .x = this->x - other.x,
.y = this->y - other.y);
00044
00045
               return p;
00046
          }
00047
00048
          point_t operator*(double s) const
00049
00050
               return {x * s, y * s};
00051
00052
          point_t operator/(double s) const
00053
00054
              return {x / s, y / s};
00055
00056
00057
          point_t operator-() const
00058
00059
              return {-x, -y};
00060
00061
          point_t operator+() const
00062
00063
               return {x, y};
00064
00065
00066
          bool operator == (const point t &rhs)
00067
00068
              return x == rhs.x && y == rhs.y;
00069
00070 };
00071
00075 struct pose_t
00076 {
00077
          double x;
00078
          double y;
00079
          double rot;
08000
00081
          point_t get_point()
00082
00083
              return point_t{.x = x, .y = y};
00084
00085
00086 } ;
00087
00088 struct Rect
00089 {
00090
          point_t min;
00091
          static Rect from_min_and_size(point_t min, point_t size){
00092
00093
              return {min, min+size};
00094
00095
          point_t dimensions() const
00096
00097
               return max - min;
00098
00099
          point_t center() const{
          return (min + max)/2;
}
00100
00101
00102
          double width() const{
           return max.x - min.x;
00103
00104
          double height() const{
00105
00106
              return max.y - min.y;
```

```
00108
             bool contains (point_t p) const
00109
                 bool xin = p.x > min.x && p.x < max.x;
bool yin = p.y > min.y && p.y < max.y;
return xin && yin;</pre>
00110
00111
00112
00113
00114
00115 };
00116
00117 struct Mat2
00118 {
             double X11, X12;
00119
00120
             double X21, X22;
00121
             point_t operator*(const point_t p) const
00122
                 double outx = p.x * X11 + p.y * X12;
double outy = p.x * X21 + p.y * X22;
return {outx, outy};
00123
00124
00126
            }
00127
00128
             static Mat2 FromRotationDegrees (double degrees)
00129
                  double rad = degrees * (M_PI / 180.0);
00130
                  double c = cos(rad);
double s = sin(rad);
00131
00132
00133
                  return {c, -s, s, c};
00134
00135 };
```

6.28 graph_drawer.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <string>
00004 #include <stdio.h>
00005 #include <vector>
00006 #include <cmath>
00007 #include "vex.h"
00008 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00009 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
00010
00011 class GraphDrawer
00012 {
00013 public:
        GraphDrawer(int num_samples, double lower_bound, double upper_bound, std::vector<vex::color> colors,
      size_t num_series = 1);
00025 void add_samples(std::vector<point_t> sample);
00026
00031
        void add samples(std::vector<double> sample);
00032
00040
        void draw(vex::brain::lcd &screen, int x, int y, int width, int height);
00041
00042 private:
00043 std::vector<std::vector<point_t» series;
        int sample_index = 0;
std::vector<vex::color> cols;
00044
00045
00046
        vex::color bgcol = vex::transparent;
00047
        bool border;
00048
        double upper;
        double lower;
00049
        bool auto_fit = false;
00050
00051 };
```

6.29 logger.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <cstdarg>
00004 #include <cstdio>
00005 #include <string>
00006 #include "vex.h"
00007
00009 enum LogLevel
00010 {
          DEBUG,
00011
00012
          NOTICE,
          WARNING,
00014
          ERROR,
```

6.30 math_util.h 191

```
CRITICAL,
00016
00017 };
00018
00020 class Logger
00021 {
00022 private:
00023
          const std::string filename;
00024
          vex::brain::sdcard sd;
00025
          void write_level(LogLevel 1);
00026
00027 public:
00029
          static constexpr int MAX_FORMAT_LEN = 512;
00032
          explicit Logger (const std::string &filename);
00033
00035
          Logger(const Logger &1) = delete;
          Logger &operator=(const Logger &1) = delete;
00037
00038
00039
00042
          void Log(const std::string &s);
00043
00047
          void Log(LogLevel level, const std::string &s);
00048
00051
          void Logln(const std::string &s);
00052
00056
          void Logln(LogLevel level, const std::string &s);
00057
00061
          void Logf(const char *fmt, ...);
00062
00067
          void Logf(LogLevel level, const char *fmt, ...);
00068 1;
```

6.30 math_util.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <vector>
00003 #include "math.h"
00004 #include "vex.h"
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00006
00007
00015 double clamp(double value, double low, double high);
00016
00023 double lerp(double a, double b, double t);
00030 double sign(double x);
00032 double wrap_angle_deg(double input);
00033 double wrap_angle_rad(double input);
00034
00035 /*
00036 Calculates the variance of a set of numbers (needed for linear regression)
00037 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variance
00038 @param values the values for which the variance is taken 00039 @param mean the average of values
00040 */
00041 double variance(std::vector<double> const &values, double mean);
00042
00043
00044 /*
00045 Calculates the average of a vector of doubles
00046 <code>@param</code> values \, the list of values for which the average is taken
00047 */
00048 double mean(std::vector<double> const &values);
00050 /
00051 Calculates the covariance of a set of points (needed for linear regression)
00052 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Covariance
00053
00054 @param points the points for which the covariance is taken
00055 @param meanx
                      the mean value of all x coordinates in points
00056 @param meany
                      the mean value of all y coordinates in points
00057 */
00058 double covariance(std::vector<std::pair<double, double» const &points, double meanx, double meany);
00059
00060 /
00061 Calculates the slope and y intercept of the line of best fit for the data
00062 @param points the points for the data
00063 */
00064 std::pair<double, double> calculate_linear_regression(std::vector<std::pair<double, double» const
      &points);
00065
00066 double estimate path length(const std::vector<point t> &points);
```

6.31 moving average.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <vector>
00003
00008 class Filter
00009 {
00010 public:
00011
      virtual void add_entry(double n) = 0;
00012
      virtual double get_value() const = 0;
00013 };
00014
00027 class MovingAverage : public Filter
00028 {
00029 public:
00030
00031
       * Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value
00032
00033
        * @param buffer_size
                            The size of the buffer. The number of samples that constitute a valid
     reading
00034
00035
       MovingAverage(int buffer_size);
00036
       00037
00038
00039
      * @param starting_value The value that the average will be before any data is added
00040
00041
       MovingAverage(int buffer_size, double starting_value);
00042
00043
00044
       * Add a reading to the buffer
00045
       * Before:
00046
       * [ 1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2
00047
00048
       * After:
       * [ 2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16
00049
00050
00051
       \star @param n the sample that will be added to the moving average.
00052
00053
       void add_entry(double n);
00054
00059
       double get value() const;
00060
00065
       int get_size() const;
00066
00067 private:
                               // index of the next value to be overridden
00068
       int buffer_index;
       std::vector<double> buffer; // all current data readings we've taken
00069
00070
                               // the current value of the data
       double current avg;
00071 };
00072
00085 class ExponentialMovingAverage : public Filter
00086 (
00087 public:
00088
00089
       * Create a moving average calculator with 0 as the default value
00090
       00091
     reading
00092
00093
       ExponentialMovingAverage(int buffer size);
      00095
00096
00097
      * @param starting_value The value that the average will be before any data is added
00098
00099
       ExponentialMovingAverage(int buffer_size, double starting_value);
00100
00101
00102
       * Add a reading to the buffer
       * Before:
00103
       * [ 1 1 2 2 3 3] => 2
00104
00105
00106
       * After:
00107
       * [ 2 1 2 2 3 3] => 2.16
00108
00109
       \star @param n the sample that will be added to the moving average.
00110
00111
       void add entry(double n);
00112
00117
       double get_value();
00118
00123
       int get_size();
00124
00125 private:
```

6.32 pure_pursuit.h

```
00126 int buffer_index; // index of the next value to be overridden 00127 std::vector<double> buffer; // all current data readings we've taken 00128 double current_avg; // the current value of the data 00129 };
```

6.32 pure_pursuit.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00003 #include <vector>
00004 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h" 00005 #include "../core/include/utils/vector2d.h"
00006 #include "vex.h"
00008 using namespace vex;
00009
00010 namespace PurePursuit {
      class Path
00014
00015
00016
          public:
00022
            Path(std::vector<point_t> points, double radius);
00023
00027
            std::vector<point_t> get_points();
00028
00032
            double get radius();
00033
00037
            bool is_valid();
00038
00039
00040
            std::vector<point_t> points;
00041
            double radius:
00042
            bool valid;
00043
00048
        struct spline
00049
00050
          double a, b, c, d, x_start, x_end;
00051
00052
          double getY(double x) {
00053
            return a * pow((x - x_start), 3) + b * pow((x - x_start), 2) + c * (x - x_start) + d;
00054
00055
00060
        struct hermite_point
00061
00062
          double x;
00063
          double y;
00064
          double dir;
00065
          double mag;
00066
00067
          point_t getPoint() const {
00068
            return {x, y};
00069
00070
00071
          Vector2D getTangent() const {
00072
            return Vector2D(dir, mag);
00073
00074
00075
00080
        extern std::vector<point_t> line_circle_intersections(point_t center, double r, point_t point1,
      point_t point2);
00084
        extern point_t get_lookahead(const std::vector<point_t> &path, pose_t robot_loc, double radius);
00085
00089
        extern std::vector<point_t> inject_path(const std::vector<point_t> &path, double spacing);
00090
00102
        extern std::vector<point_t> smooth_path(const std::vector<point_t> &path, double weight_data, double
      weight_smooth, double tolerance);
00103
00104
        extern std::vector<point_t> smooth_path_cubic(const std::vector<point_t> &path, double res);
00105
00114
        extern std::vector<point t> smooth path hermite(const std::vector<hermite point> &path, double
00115
00126
        extern double estimate_remaining_dist(const std::vector<point_t> &path, pose_t robot_pose, double
      radius);
00127
00128 }
```

6.33 serializer.h

00001 #pragma once

```
00002 #include <algorithm>
00003 #include <map>
00004 #include <string>
00005 #include <vector>
00006 #include <stdio.h>
00007 #include <vex.h>
00010 const char serialization_separator = '$';
00012 const std::size_t MAX_FILE_SIZE = 4096;
00013
00015 class Serializer
00016 {
00017 private:
00018
          bool flush_always;
00019
          std::string filename;
00020
          std::map<std::string, int> ints;
00021
          std::map<std::string, bool> bools;
          std::map<std::string, double> doubles;
std::map<std::string, std::string> strings;
00022
00023
00024
00026
          bool read_from_disk();
00027
00028 public:
00030
          ~Serializer()
00031
          {
00032
              save_to_disk();
00033
              printf("Saving %s\n", filename.c_str());
00034
              fflush(stdout);
00035
          }
00036
          explicit Serializer(const std::string &filename, bool flush_always = true) :
00040
     flush_always(flush_always), filename(filename), ints({}), bools({}), doubles({}), strings({})
00041
00042
00043
              read_from_disk();
          }
00044
00045
00047
          void save_to_disk() const;
00048
00050
00054
          void set_int(const std::string &name, int i);
00055
00059
          void set bool(const std::string &name, bool b);
00060
00064
          void set_double(const std::string &name, double d);
00065
00069
          void set_string(const std::string &name, std::string str);
00070
00073
00078
          int int or(const std::string &name, int otherwise);
00079
00084
          bool bool_or(const std::string &name, bool otherwise);
00085
00090
          double double_or(const std::string &name, double otherwise);
00091
00096
          std::string string or (const std::string &name, std::string otherwise);
00097 };
```

6.34 vector2d.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003
00004 #include <cmath>
00005 #include "../core/include/utils/geometry.h"
00006
00007 #ifndef PI
00008 #define PI 3.141592654
00009 #endif
00015 class Vector2D
00016 {
00017 public:
00024
          Vector2D(double dir, double mag);
00025
00031
          Vector2D(point_t p);
00032
00040
          double get_dir() const;
00041
00045
          double get_mag() const;
00046
00050
          double get_x() const;
00051
00055
          double get_y() const;
```

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