

1. Which of the following is a back-end technology?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ HTML
- ☐ CSS
- ☒ Web API
- ☐ Browser

✓ Correct

A web API is a back-end technology.

2. What quality makes it possible for you to run JavaScript applications without compiling?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ The language syntax resembles Java.
- ☐ All modern browsers support JavaScript.
- ☐ You can use a text editor to develop JavaScript applications.
- ☒ JavaScript is an interpreted language.

✓ Correct

JavaScript is an interpreted language, and you do not need to compile JavaScript applications before running them.

3. Which of the following applications intercepts the call when JavaScript sends a web service request to the Node.js server?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ REST Web Service
- ☐ CSS
- ☐ Enterprise Java
- ☐ JSON

✓ Correct

On the server, a Representational State Transfer (REST) web service intercepts the call.

4. Which of the following is a difference between ES and CommonJS modules?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ CommonJS module files use a .mjs extension whereas ES modules use .js
- ☐ CommonJS is a JavaScript language whereas ES is a module specification
- ☐ CommonJS modules are written in JavaScript whereas ES modules are not
- ☒ ES modules use the `import()` statement whereas CommonJS modules use `require()`.

✓ Correct

ES modules use the `import()` statement whereas CommonJS modules use `require()`.

5. How do you handle operation results with Node.js?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ Write callback functions to handle results when the operations complete
- ☐ Create an instance of a web server application
- ☐ Specify a relative path to the Node.js script from the module directory
- ☐ Use blocking on asynchronous I/O operations

✓ **Correct**

Instead of blocking on I/O operations, you write asynchronous callback functions to handle results when they complete.

6. What do you use the `http.createServer` function for?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ To develop an anonymous function to handle requests and responses
- ☐ To specify a main script for your module
- ☐ To import a Node.js module
- ☒ To create an instance of a web server

✓ **Correct**

You use the `http.createServer` function to create an instance of a web server application.

7. Which core Node.js module can be used for input and output (I/O)?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ util
- ☐ URL
- ☐ http
- ☒ fs

✓ Correct

The fs module is used to read and write from external sources.

8. Which is an aspect of Node Package Manager (NPM)?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ It manages the versioning of source code
- ☐ It writes metadata to a package.json file
- ☒ It functions as a command line interface for installing packages
- ☐ It creates a package.json file in the project's root directory

✓ Correct

NPM functions as a command line interface for installing packages.

9. What do you use the require function for?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ To create an instance of a web server
- ☐ To specify a main script for your module
- ☐ To develop an anonymous function to handle requests and responses
- ☒ To import a Node.js module

✓ Correct

You can use the require function to import a Node.js module.

10. What happens when a module does not have a package.json file?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ There is no module manifest.
- ☐ The require statement assumes that scripts have a file extension of .js.
- ☐ The relative path to the Node.js script changes to an absolute path from the module directory.
- ☒ Node.js assumes that the main class is named index.js.

✓ Correct

If a module does not have a package.json file, Node.js assumes that the main class is named index.js.