Bootstrap Integration



Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

In this lab, you will practice integrating bootstrap into django templates.

Learning Objectives

Integrate Bootstrap front-end library into your Django templates

Working with files in Cloud IDE

If you are new to Cloud IDE, this section will show you how to create and edit files, which are part of your project, in Cloud IDE.

To view your files and directories inside Cloud IDE, click on this files icon to reveal it.



Click on New, and then New Terminal.



This will open a new terminal where you can run your commands.



Concepts covered in the lab

- 1. Bootstrap: A popular open-source framework that provides a set of CSS and JavaScript components for building responsive and mobile-first web applications.
- 2. Template: A Django-specific file that defines the structure and presentation of a web page. It typically contains a mixture of HTML, CSS, and Django template language code.
- 3. Django template language: A specialized template language provided by Django that allows dynamic content rendering, looping, conditional statements, and more.
- 4. Bootstrap Components: Pre-designed UI elements provided by Bootstrap, such as buttons, forms, navigation bars, and modals, that can be easily integrated into web pages.
- 5. Bootstrap Grid System: A responsive layout system provided by Bootstrap that divides the page into a grid of rows and columns, allowing for easy alignment and arrangement of content.

Import an onlinecourse App Template and Database

If the terminal was not open, go to Terminal > New Terminal and make sure your current Theia directory is /home/project.

- Run the following command-lines to download a code template for this lab
- 1. wget "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-CD0251EN-SkillsMetwork/labs/n5_django_advanced/lab3_template.zip"
 2. unzlp lab3_template.zip
 3. rm lab3_template.zip

Copied! Executed!

Your Django project should look like the following:



- · cd to the project folder:
- 1. 1
- cd lab3_template

Copied! Executed!

- Install these must-have packages and setup the environment.

- 1. pip install --upgrade distro-info 2. pip3 install --upgrade pip==23,2.1 3. pip install virtualenv 4. virtualenv djangoenv 5. source djangoenv/bin/activate

Copied! Executed!

- Install the necessary Python packages.
- 1. 1
- 1. pip install -r requirements.txt Copied! Executed!

The requirements.txt contains all necessary Python packages for you to run this lab.

Next activate the models for an onlinecourse app.

- Perform migrations to create necessary tables:
- 1. 1
- 1. python3 manage.py makemigrations

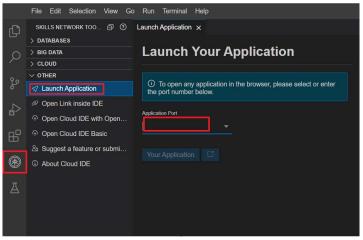
Copied! Executed!

- and run migration to activate models for the onlinecourse app.
- 1. 1 1. python3 manage.py migrate
- Copied! Executed!

Now let's test the imported onlinecourse app.

- Start the development server:
- 1. 1
- 1. python3 manage.py runserver Copied! Executed!

. Click on the Skills Network button on the left, it will open the "Skills Network Toolbox". Then click the Other then Launch Application. From there you should be able to enter the port 8800 and launch.



When the browser tab opens, add the /onlinecourse path and your full URL should look like the following

https://userid-8000.theiadocker-1.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/onlinecourse

Now you should see the onlinecourse app started, and all the pages are rendered from unpolished Django templates without any CSS.

In this lab, you will be learning how to use Bootstrap to stylize those pages.

Integrate Bootstrap

Adding a minimal Bootstrap CSS file to a Django template is actually very easy.

Open onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse/course_list.html, link a Bootstrap CSS file bootstrap.min.css to deado...</ri>
//heado element
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
5. 6
6. 6
2. (% load static %)
3. dlink rel="stylosheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
4. deado
4. deato deado
5. (% load static %)
6. 6
6. (% load static %)
6. (% load sta

Here we used maxcan CDN (Content Distribution Network) for delivering bootstrap.min.css file to our templates. In addition to maxcan, there are many other popular CDNs you may use such as StackPath.

Repeat the above steps to update the <head> of all template files in onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse folder.

Create a Navigation Bar

The first UI improvement is adding a navigation bar to help users accessing information in our app.

Open onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse/course_list.html, and add an empty light themed navigation bar cnav>with a navigation bar header (as the app brand):

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
7. 7
7. 7
1. Cave 'class='marker nebar-light bg-light';
2. 'cdv' class='container=fluid'';
3. 'cdv' class='navbar-header';
4. 'ca 'class='navbar-header';
5. 'c/dv'
6. 'class='navbar-header';
7. 
CopiedT
```

The content <div> of the navigation bar <nav> uses a .container-fluid Bootstrap CSS class to make sure the bar content takes the full width of the page.

Then we added a <di>> with .navbar-header class to define header with a simple link styled with .navbar-brand to highlight the app name.

Refresh the main course list page and you should see a light theme navigation bar with a header called Online Course.

Next, let's move the user sign-in and sign-up area to the navigation bar.

- Remove the existing list of user authentication related elements such as user name and password input fields.
- Under div class="navbar-header">, add a new list styled with classes nav navbar-nav navbar-right to create a navigation bar item and be aligned to the right.

• Ur 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4 5. 5 6. 6 7. 7 7. 7 8. 8 9. 9 10. 10 11. 11 12. 12 13. 13 14. 14 15. 15 16. 16 17. 17

```
1. Ol class-'nav navbar-nav navbar-night'>
2. (% if user.is_unitenticated %)
3. (% if user.is_unitenticated %)
4. (a class-'btn thin' herf-'m'; ({ user.first_name }))({{ user.username }}))</a>
5. (a class-'btn bin-link' herf-'m'; ({ url 'onlinecourse:logout' %)'>logout</a>
6. (/l)
7. (% else %)
4. (a class-'btn bin-link' herf-'m'; ({ url 'onlinecourse:login' %)' method-'post''}
7. (% else %)
                                                                                                          Copied!
The completed <nav> HTML element should look like the following code snippet:
               1. cnav class="navbar navbar-light bg-light">
2. cdfv class="container-light">
3. cdfv class="container-light">
3. cdfv class="navbar-light">
4. class="navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navbar-navb
                                                                                                                                                                > 
a class="btn btn-link" href="#"\{{ user.first_name }}({{ user.username }})\//a>
<a class="btn btn-link" href="{% url 'onlinecourse:logout' %}">logout</a>
                                                                                                                                                         form class="form-inline" action="(% unl 'onlinecourse:login' %)" method="post">
(% cord_town %)
(% cord_town %)
(*Cord_town %)
Copied!
Refresh the page and you should see a nice navigation bar with user login and registration elements integrated.
```

Online Course user1 Login Online Course John(user123) Log

Coding Practice: Create Navigation Bar for All Templates

Copy/paste the navigation bar your created in the previous step to course_detail.html, user_login.html, user_registration.html.

- For all templates other than the course list template, change the navigation bar header link pointing to Online Course, i.e., page generated by popular_course_list
- ▼ Click here to see solution
- 1. Online Course

Copied!

Stylize Login and Registration Pages

Next, let's stylize the login and registration pages.

- Open the onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse/user_login.html, find the root <div> with comment <!--Style root div with .container class --> and stylize it:
- 1. <div class="container">
- Copied!

Bootstrap .container class adds some paddings to the <div>.

- Find the second level <div> element with comment <!--Style second div with .form-group class --> and stylize it:

1. 1

```
1. <div class="form-group">
 Copied!
Bootstrap . form-group class builds the structure for a form.

    Find two <input> elements with comment <!--Style input with .form-control class --> and stylize it with:

         1. <input ... class = "form-control" ...>
Copied!
Bootstrap .form-control class stylizes the elements in a form.
              • Find a <div>> with comment <|--5tyle the message paragraph with .alert and .alert-marning class -->. This <div>> is designed to show warning messages such as user already exists or user password is not correct. Stylize it with:
            1. 1
          1. <div class="alert alert-warning">
Copied1
              • Find the submit <button> with comment <!--Style button with .btn and .btn-primary class -->. Stylize it with
              1. 1
          1. <button class="btn btn-primary" ... >
Copied!
 Once you have stylized above elements, the login form should look like the following:
          10. 460m action="(% unl 'onlinecourse:login' %)" method="post">
1. (form action="(% unl 'onlinecourse:login' %)" method="post">
2. (% csrf-token %)
3. (div class="containen"> <!--Style root div with .containen class -->
4. (abble_form)
5. (div.class="form=group"> <!--Style second div with .form=group class -->
6. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
6. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
6. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
7. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
8. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
8. (dabel_form="osmname"> clobuser Names(/bv/label)>
8. (dabel_form="osmname"> close="osmname"> close="osmnam
   9. cisput id="psi" class = "form-control" type="password" placeholder="Enter Password: "name="psi" required <!--51
. (ds)
Copied!
```

Next, let's go to https://userid-8000.theiadocker-1.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/onlinecourse/login and check the result:

and your login page should look like the following:

Login

User Name

user1

Password

......

Login

Coding Practice: Stylize the Registration Page

- Stylize the user_registration.html by following the examples in user_login.html page and the comments in the template.
- ▼ Click here to see solution

about:blank

```
1. <form action="(% url 'onlinecourse:registration' %)" method="post">
2. <div class="container"> <|--Style root div with .container class -->
3. {% csf token %}
4. <hl>5ign Up</hl>
    Copied!
```

Stylize the Course List using Card and CardDeck classes

Next, let's stylize the main content of course list page

For the course list, we want to organize each course as a card with an image, title, and description and put them onto a card deck.

Open onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse/course_list.html, find the content root level <div> with comment <!--Style root div with .container class -->

1. <div class="container">

Copied!

• Find the second level card deck <div> with comment <!--Style second div with .card-deck class --> and stylize it with:

1. <div class="card-deck">

Copied!

• Find the third level card <div> with comment <!--Style third level div with .card class --> and stylize it with:

1. <div class="card" ... > Copied!

• Find card image <image> with comment <!--Style card image with .card-ing-left class --> and stylize it with:

1.

Copied!

• Find the card body <div> class with comment <!--Style root div with .card-body and .bg-light class --> and stylize it with:

1. <div class="card-body bg-light">

Copied!

• Find the card title <n5> and with comment <1--5tyle h5 with .card-title and span with .text-success class --> and stylize them with:

1. <h5 class="card-title">

Copied!

• Find the card text with comment <|--Style card description with .card-text class --> and stylize it with:

1.

Copied!

• Find the enrollment submission button <input> with comment <!--Style Enroll button with .btn and .btn-primary <lass --> and stylize it with:

1. <input class="btn btn-primary" >

Copied!

Now your course list is stylized into a course card deck

about:blank

```
8. (atV Lisse' Cara-stops | 19. (cor. | 11. (cor. | 11. (cor. | 12. (cor. | 12
Copied!
Let's open https://userid-8900.theiadocker-1.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/onlinecourse and check the fully stylized course card deck page:
          Online Course
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   user5
                                                                                    django
                                                                                               Introduction to Django, 11 enrolled
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Introduction to Python, 3 enrolled
                                                                                               Django is a high-level Python Web framework that encourages rapid
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Python is an interpreted, high-level and general-purpose
                                                                                               development and clean, pragmatic design. Built by experienced
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               programming language. Python's design philosophy emphasizes code
                                                                                               developers, it takes care of much of the hassle of Web development,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                readability with its notable use of significant whitespace.
                                                                                               so you can focus on writing your app without needing to reinvent the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Enroll
                                                                                               wheel. It's free and open source.
```

Coding Practice: Stylize Course Details Page

Enroll

 Stylize onlinecourse/templates/onlinecourse/course_details.html by making each lesson as a card and the lesson list as a vertical card column.

```
▼ Click here to see solution
```

Copied!

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 6
6. 6
7. 7. 7
8. 8
8. 9
10. 10
11. 11
11. 11
1. (dy class="container") (!-$tylize the root div with .container class ->
2. oth2([course.name | )
2. 1. (dy class="container") (!-$tylize the second level card columns div with .card-columns-vertical class-->
3. oth2([course.name | )
3. (div class="card-columns-text[car]") (!-$tylize the second level card columns div with .card-columns-vertical class-->
4. (% for lesson in course.lesson, set.all %)
5. cdiv class="card-columns-text[car]") (!-stylize the first level lesson header div with .card-header class-->
7. cdiv class="card-columns-text[card-toth]") (!-stylize the fifth level lesson content div with .card-body class-->
7. cdiv class="card-tothy") ([lesson.content]) (/div cl->tylize the fifth level lesson content div with .card-body class-->
9. (% tearfor %)
```

The stylized lesson columns should look like the following:

about:blank 7/8

Introduction to Django

Lesson 1: Django ORM
Django ORM maps models and tables

Lesson 2: Django View

Django View accepts HTTP request and returns HTTP response

Lesson 3: Django template

Django template presents data

Summary

During this lab, you have gained hands-on experience in incorporating Bootstrap into your Django templates. You have also familiarized yourself with various frequently used Bootstrap CSS classes like .nav, .container, .card-deck, .card, and more.

Author(s)

Yan Luo

Changelog

Date	version	Changed by	Change Description
14-Dec-2020	1.0	Yan Luo	Initial version created
5-Jul-2023	1.1	K Sundararajan	Updated instructions and copyright year as 2023
11-Jul-2023	1.2	Pallavi Rai	Updated instructions based on SME review
26-Jul-2023	1.3	K Sundararajan	Updates done as per OA review

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about:blank 8/8