Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

TEST REPORT DOCUMENT

Numerical Linear Algebra meets Machine Learning

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1 Overview

In this last section of our project, we wanted to get our project ready for usage by others. Therefore we first took a look at all the things we wanted to get finished before the project is being closed. After we got a list of tasks together, we created issues on GitHub together with a detailed descriptions on what needs to be done. This didn't just include bugs, but we also wanted to increase test coverage, remove code issues and set up some necessary things like a Wiki and documentation. After we created this issues, everybody could assign himself the issues he wanted to take care of. While doing so we also discovered some bugs. For these bugs we either created a issue or directly fixed them and wrote them into the bugs-report-table.

2 Stats

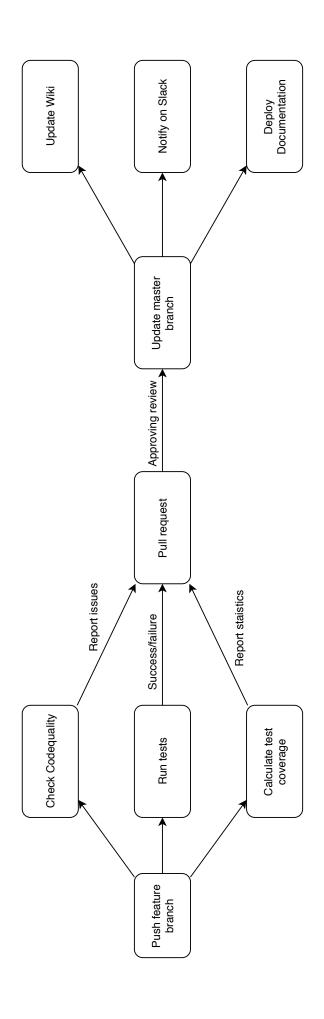
Lines of Code:
Python: C++:
others:
Test Coverage:
Number of unit tests:
Number of integration tests:

3 Continuous Integration

To ensure a high quality on our code, we increased the building process of our code.

When pushing a branch, not just the test are ran on Travis, but also we generate a coverage report that will be sent to CodeClimate. This way you get a small overview on each pull request about the current coverage and the coverage on the newly committed lines. Added to that, you can get a complete overview on the CodeClimate Webpage.

After a successful merge to the master, we also introduced two new deployment steps. The first is that the wiki pages on GitHub are build again in case a change happened on this files. The second step is that we generate a code documentation is generated and uploaded to GitHub pages.



4 Code Documentation

In the first phases we already decided to comment our code with the Doxygen-Syntax. In the implementation phase we took good care in documenting our code properly. The problem now was that everyone would have to generate this documentation for himself, which is a lot of work.

To easy things up, we added a deployment step, which generates this documentation and deploys it to GitHub pages.

This way everybody can have a look at the latest version of the documentation only be opening a link.

5 Wiki

We already collected some documentations for working with our project in the previous phases and decided to make them available in the GitHub wiki. Because the GitHub wiki holds its own GIT structure and we wanted to keep all our files in one place, we decided to integrate the wiki in our build process.

Therefore we created a folder in the projects root which holds all the wiki's entries in markdown files together with an configuration file. This configuration file is used to dynamically generate a sidebar that holds a navigation for the wiki entries. All the contents of this folder together with the generated sidebar are then copied to the wiki's git.

After this is done, the new wiki entries can be found on GitHub.

6 Bugs

Fault Symptom	Reason	Fix
Command line input with	Input string would be split	Changed the parameters of
more than one space be-	into a string list which	the string-split function for
tween arguments resulted	had empty elements that	the expected behavior (re-
in program crash	caused problems	move spaces)
A corrupted configuration	Errors that are thrown	Opening config file now
file caused the program to	while opening the file were	happens in a try-except
crash	not caught	block and errors are re-
		ported to user (no crash)
Labeling or collection on	The operating system was	Current operating system
operating systems other	not checked when using the	is checked at start of mod-
than linux resulted in	labeling or collecting mod-	ule and wrong operating
crashes	ule	systems are reported to
		user
Changing the size of the	User entered size parame-	Removed static size dec-
collected matrices was not	ter was not used in collec-	laration and started using
possible	tor	the size input parameter
Default parameters are not	The configuration file had	The configuration file got
correctly passed to the	a wrong format and could	restructured and has it's
modules	not be read properly	default keys for each mod-
		ule
When not entering any-	The command parser tried	Added extra check to pre-
thing, the program crashes	to access a element in an	vent the invalid operation
	empty array	and displaying error mes-
		sage if check fails
Passing a not regular ma-	The regularity was not	We added the regularity
trix to the classifier causes	checked on the received	check to the classifier and
in unexpected behavior	matrix in the classifier	a failure is reported to the
		screen is this check fails
Trying to open a not exist-	The errors when opening a	The loader now catches all
ing file in the loader results	file where not caught prop-	errors and raises a IOEx-
in a crash	erly	ception that can be caught
		when using the loader
Using the ssget module	The ssget tool has some	The standard and error
prints unwanted messages	command line output itself	output off ssget are now
to the command line	that is printed to the com-	redirected to null so they
	mand line	do not write to standard
		out
The labeling module was	The accuracy to which the	The accuracy was set down
performing unexpected	solvers try to solve the ma-	to a more realistic value
	trices was to high	

7 Challenges

Even though we already had some unit tests after the implementation phase, it was not that easy to get the coverage as high as it is now.

Where it was quite easy to write tests against the view and the controller, we had a hard time doing the same for the modules. This was because we had a lot of dependencies to other libraries or even environments that we could not automate. One example is that we can only use the labeling module on a system where Ginkgo is properly installed. Theoretically it would be possible to install this in the build process of Travis but our supervisors decided that this would be taking to much time and is not necessary. If we now wanted to test the labeling module, we always had to mock the Ginkgo library. Similar problems we had in the collector which had the dependency to the ssget library. This library was easier to set up and was also installed in the build process, so it is possible to write tests against it, but you still end up with more integration tests than unit tests. Another problem concerning the testing was the fact, that most of the modules directly access the memory instead of returning something. This way you could not just assert something of the returning object but you had to mock the file system and assert calls to this.

Finally the last big problem is the whole structure of the machine learning it self. That is, because a big problems of the neural networks is the fact, that you don't have any guaranty on how well it will perform. There is always a big improbability factor in the learning and the classification process. Knowing that, it is difficult to test the process of learning and classification because it will not always perform as expected. You could only assert that the results will be in a certain range, which you would have to define with some heuristics. If you now have this heuristics, the next problem comes up. To get a good result on the training process you need to use a big data set which will result in very slow test suites which in turn will result in a generally slower workflow.

This reasons together show the big difficulty of using normal testing and development methods with new technologies like the neural networks.

8 Glossary

Glossary

CodeClimate A tool that monitors statistics about your code like coverage and displays it on each pull request on GitHub.

Doxygen A tool which uses you comments in the code to generate a documentation of the code.

Ginkgo The ginkgo library is a c++ library which among other things enables an user to solve a linear system with a specified iterative solver and preconditioner. We will be using this library to solve our systems..

GIT A version control system that can be used for tracking changes in a code repository.

GitHub A web based hosting service for the versioning control system GIT.

GitHub pages A web storage hosted by GitHub where you get a personal domain for your GitHub repository.

integration test A test that covers a interaction with the system that contains many modules.

operating system A system software that manages computer hardware and software resources.

ssget A library by the Ginkgo group which lets you download matrices from the suite sparse matrix collection.

Travis A tool for continuous integration that is easy to integrate with GitHub.

unit test A test that only covers one public function and should try to find bugs in this function.